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# GLOSSARY AND INDEX

OF THE

# PAHLAVI TEXTS OF THE BOOK OF ARDA VIRAF.

THE TALE OF

## GOSHT-I FRYANO, THE HADOKHT NASK,

AND

TO SOME EXTRACTS FROM THE DIN-KARD AND NIRANGISTAN;

PREPARED FROM

DESTUR HOSHANGJI JAMASPJI ASA'S GLOSSARY TO THE ARDA VIRAF NAMAK, AND FROM THE ORIGINAL TEXTS, WITH NOTES ON PAHLAVI GRAMMAR

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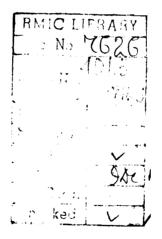
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### Abreviations.

ıbst. - abstract. icc. - accusative case. idi. - adjective, or adiectival. idv. - adverb, or adverbial. ınc. P. - ancient Persian of cunciform inscriptions. aph. - aphel form of verb. Ar. -- Arabic. As. - Assyrian. aux. - auxiliary verb, AV. - Arda Vîrâf.  $B_{\bullet} - MS_{\bullet}B_{\bullet}$  of  $AV_{\bullet}$ Bund. - Bundehesh, page and line of Westergaard. caus. - causal form. Chald. - Chaldee. Ch. Pahl. - Chaldeo-Pahlavî of inscriptions. ciph. - cipher. comp. - comparative, or compare. cond. - conditional mood. conj. - conjunction, or conjunctive mood. const. - construct form. ord. - crude form of verb. Dåd. b. Dåd. - the book of Dadar bin Dad-dukht.

dat. - dative case. denom. - denominative verb. [Dest.] — appended to remarks by Destur Hoshangji. Dk. - Dîn-kard, page and line as detailed above. DMG. - Zeitschrift der Deutschen Morgenländischen Gesellschaft. emph. - emphatic form. Eth. - Ethiopic. F. - feminine gender. fr. - from. fut. - future tense. Gâth. - Gâtha dialect. gen. - genitive case. GF. - Gosht-i Fryano. Glos - Glossarv. Gr. - Greek. Gram. - Grammar. Guj. — Gujarâti. II.6, H17, H18 - Dr. Haug's MSS. Nos. 6, 17, 18. hiph. - hiphil form of the verb. Hn. - Hådokht Nask. Huz. - Huzvaresh. hyb. - hybrid.

imper. - imperative mood.

inf. - infinitive mood. ins. - inscriptions. inst, - instrumental case. interj. - interjection. interrog. - interrogative. introd. - introduction. K<sub>20</sub>, K<sub>26</sub> — Kopenhagen MSS. Nos. 20, 26. Kn. - Kâr-nâmak-i Ardakhshîr Pâpakân, L<sub>15</sub> - London MS, No. 15. Lat. - Latin. lin. - line. lit. - literally. loc. - locative case. m. - masculine gender. Mkh. — Mainyô-i khard, ch, and sent, of West, N. - Nîrangistân, page and line as detailed above. N. - MS. N. of AV. n. - neuter gender. nom, - nominative case. N. R. - Naksh-i Rustam. num. - numeral. opp. - opposite. ord. - ordinal. P. - MS. P. of AV. p. - page.

impf. - imperfect tense.

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# Pahl. — Pahlvía. part. — participle. pas. — passive.

patron. - patronymical.

Pâz. - Pâzand.

perf. - perfect tense.

Pers. — Persian.

pers. - person.

pi. — piel form of the verb.

pl. - plural number.

pos. - possessive.

postp. -- postposition.

p. p. - past participle.

pref. - prefix.

prep. - preposition.

pres. - present tense.

#### Abreviations.

pret. — preterit tense.

priv. - privative.

pr. n. - proper name.

pron. - pronoun.

pr. p. — present participle.

rel. - relative.

s. - substantive.

Sans. - Sanskrit.

Sas. — Sasanian Pahlavî

of inscriptions.

Sg. - Shikand-gumanî.

sing. — singular number.Sp. — Spiegel's edition.

suff. - suffix.

sup. - superlative.

syn. - synonym.

Syr. - Syriac.

Tal. Jer. — Jerusalem

Talmud.

term. - termination.

trad. - traditionally, or

traditional.

v. - verb.

var. - variant.

ved. -- vedic.

Vend. - Vendidad, We-

stergaard's edition, un-

less otherwise stated.

Yas. - Yasna, Westerg. etc.

Yt. — Yasht, Wester-

gaard.

Z. - Zand, i. c. Avesta.

### Preface.

This glossary contains all the Pahlavî words which are found in the Book of Ardâ Vîrâf and the two other texts which have been appended to it, viz. Gôsht-i Fryânô and Hâdôkht Nask. Besides I thought it desirable to add all those Pahlavî words which occur in extracts from the Dîn-kard and Nîrangistân which have been inserted in my former works on Pahlavî. The glossary is, in its present form, principally the work of Dr. West who made, however, very largely use of the valuable index glossary which had been prepared by Destur Hoshangji Jamaspji to his MS. of the Ardâ Vîrâf. My own share in this work has been considerably less than it was in the former publications, since I found it this time advisable to confine it only to a thorough revision and correction and the addition of occasional remarks which might seem to be to the point.

As this glossary is intended to be of some use to readers of other Pahlavî texts, the words are arranged in the alphabetical order of the original Pahlavî letters, and without regard to the transliteration, or any discritical marks; so that the glossary can be easily consulted by those who read the words differently, or are uncertain about their pronunciation; while an alphabetical index of the transliterations is appended to the glossary, for the convenience of those who may find it difficult to read the Pahlavî letters without pronouncing them.

The alphabetical order which has been adopted, is based upon that of the Persian alphabet, so that the fourteen distinctiverbal roots,

s follows:

Pâz. words which have not been found written in Pahlavî characters. In all cases where the Huz. synonym of a Pâz. word, or the Pâz. synonym of a Huz. word, is known, it is appended to the etymological remarks.

The numeral ciphers are arranged in the alphabetical order of the letters which they most nearly resemble in form. Most of the suffixes which are of frequent occurrence, will be found entered in alphabetical order. And many of the various readings of the texts, which are likely to be useful to the Pahlavî student, have been added to the glossary.

A few Avesta words, which occur in AV. and in the Pahlavi text of IIn., are entered in the glossary, in order to complete the index, and have the letter Z. prefixed to them.

The notes on Pahlavî grammar which have been added at my request by Dr. West will, in connection with my Essay on the Pahlavî language, serve as an introduction into the grammatical study of this remarkable idiom. An exhaustive and complete Pahlavî grammar is still a great desideratum; but before we shall possess fresh and reliable copies of the numerous Pahlavî inscriptions to be found in Persia, and a trustworthy translation of the Dîn-kard which is the largest and most important Pahlavî work in existence, it will be hardly possible to compile such a one as might be calculated to satisfy all reasonable demands. However if Pahlavî studies should be, meanwhile, furthered by the present work in connection with the text volume, we should find in this success an ample reward for our pains and labours.

Munich, 3d October 1874.

ع  $\hat{a}$ , h, kh, or initial a, is the first letter of the Pahlavî alphabet, and the usual equivalent of Sas. الله Pers. I, I, s, خ, Z. س, س, and Chald. 8, 7, 7. When final, it is written is and when it stands for final h, or kh, it often becomes y. When not final, it is always joined to the succeeding letter; and if that letter be 1, 1, L, S, w, w, q, q, q, f, 1, s, or , the form of the w remains unaltered, as in the compounds w am, w an, w 111, etc.; but if the succeeding letter be so, vo, a, or s, the last turn of the is nearly always enlarged, so as to form the compounds ש, איש, ווא is nearly always enlarged, so as to form the compounds ய and மு; and a similar enlargement often takes place before e and in some MSS.; the letters وي are also often condensed into ي. In some MSS, a diacritical dot is written over a ש, which indicates that it has the sound of kh. It may be noticed that the compounds and we can also be read as compounds of s, or s, and we, we; so that some words beginning with ya, will be found under this letter It also appears that " is used, in a few common words, as a substitute for  $S_z$ , or  $S_z$ , see the remarks on  $S_z$ .

u-, a privative particle, equivalent to the English un-, in-, dis-, non-, often prefixed to substantives and adjectives, to form adjectives. Before a vowel, and usually before عن s, it becomes به عس-. Z. عن, إلى ; Sans. a-, an-; Gr. a-, ar-.

u is also sometimes used for 2 in 2000 and עלם 2000. עני 2 in 200 and עלם 2000. ייני, or ייני, -ih, suf. of pres. 2d sing. of verbs (see אוני), or ייני, hômanih); also written ביי -ih, or ייני, yih. Pers.

- Z. -hi.

H, or 2, (Pâz. dô, or du) AV. 79, 4. GF. 2, 65, 68. 3, 64. Dk. 150, 2. num. ciph. two; see also put kolâ II. This cipher is sometimes written u, or conditions, and its tail is occasionally reversed in MSS. It is often used to represent the compound is ib, gab, in printed texts, and cannot be distinguished from that compound in some MSS. For its ordinal form fix IIâm, see the next word to

אָט akh (trad. khâ) AV. 2, 10, 13. GF. 3, 6, 15. s. a brother. Heb. אָר, Chald. אָר, Syr. בּוֹל, Ar. בּּבּּדׁ, As. akhu; Pâz. syn. בּעוֹל brâd.

איני - $y\hat{\imath}h$ , suf. of pres.  $2^d$  sing. of verbs (see אינא, hômany $\hat{\imath}h$ ). Comp. u -ih.

אוניטט hishtanŏ, v. to leave, to drop, to hang; past part. פּטט hisht, AV. 70,2.; pret. פּטט hisht, AV. 29,2. Pers. מּגַיּהֹדָה, or אָנוּאָרָן, Iluz. syn. אַרּוּאָרָן shebkûntanŏ.

າວ a variant of ຊາບາ yasht in some MSS. It also stands for hât, ງເພ hâtŏ, 'a section', Z. ງວຸມພູນ.

ארנים akhtman (trad. khâtman) AV. 2, 1, 9, 10, 13. GF. 3, 36, 47. s. a sister; pl. ארנים akhtmanân, AV. 2, 2, 32, 31, 36. 3, 5. Heb. הווה אונים מארנים מארנ

كار khâr, AV. 70, 2. s. a thorn, a spine, a priekle. Pers. خار.

עארע yashar (trad. ahl, âhl; âhar, or har) Huz. syn. for Z. ash, asha, ashc, or ashi; see ארערעניע yasharâish, אול yasharâbŏ and יאָרעע fravyashar. Heb. ייִשר יארייי.

**Law** akhar, AV. 1, 3, 19, 28, 33, 36, 42. 2, 17, 20-22, 24, 20. 3, 8, 12, 16, 17, 18. 4, 6. 5, 1, 6. 7, 1. 10, 8, 11. 11, 1, 13. 16, 1. 17, 10, 13, 27. 18, 1. 53, 1, 8. 54, 2. 68, 14, 20, 22. 101, 1, 27. GF. 1, 7, 11, 20, 21, 27, 28. 3, 0, 63.

4, 1, 27. Hn. 1, 13, 35. adv. after, afterwards, then; AV. 28, 2. behind; ב באנץ akhar min AV. 1, 12. 4, 34. 10, 6. GF. 3, 84. Hn. 1, 18. 2, 3, 38, 39. Dk. 152, 2. later than, after; ב באנץ akharich min, Dk. 145, 4. also after, see באנץ akharich; באנץ paran akhar, AV. 29, 6. in the end, at last; באנץ באנץ min akhar, AV. 16, 7, 6. after; AV. 49, 8. 50, 8. from behind; AV. 53, 11. behind, in the rear. Sas. 28 אמרור וופא. Ar. באור Chald. אַרור אַרור, Ar. באַרור וופא. Chald. אַרור אַרור אַרור וופא. Ar. באַרור וופא. Chald. אַרור וויפא אַרור וופא אַרור וופא. Ar. באַרור וופא אַרור וופא אַרור ווויפא אַרור וופא אַרור וופא אַרור וופא אַרור ווויפא אַרור וווייפא אַרור וווייפא

ישלעובטע yasharâish (trad. ahlâish) AV. 101, 15, 16. IIn. 1, 2, 6, 36. s. righteousness, piety, holiness; אילעובטע yasharâish stâyad, AV. 101, 21. IIn. 1, 13, 18, 23, 28, 33. אילעובטע yasharâish stâyâd, IIn. 1, 1. praises righteousness, that is, recites the Ashemvohu formula. IIuz. אינע yashar + suf. שפט -âish, see Pahl.-Pâz. Glos. p. 52-55; Z. syn. פעט , בעניים אוניים אינעריים אינעריים

Akharman, AV. 5, 11, 13, 17, 13, 18, 53, 1, 68, 13. GF. 3, 75. 4, 11, 14, 26. pr. n. the evil spirit, the devil, the anrô maingush of the Avesta, and opponent of Aûharmazd, according to Vend. and later writings; but the original doctrine of the Gâthas appears to have been that Ahura-mazda created two spirits, speûtô-maingu and anhrômaingu, from whom all the good and evil in the universe have respectively proceeded; see Yas. 30, 45. Sas. 22089 Akharmani; Pers. Daga, or Jachar, or

heresy, heterodoxy. Afray yasharmôk + abst. suf. 49 -ih.

yasharûb, Dk. 144, 4. see μλων.

איני yasharûbö (trad. ahlôb) AV. 1, 1. 3, 9. 4, 27, 31. 7, 9. 10, 3. 17, 3. 21, 5. 41, 8. 55, 7. 67, 6. 76, 7, 9. 78, 6. 80, 5. 81, 5. 84, 4. 89, 5. 93, 4. 95, 4. 101, 5. GF. 2, 34, 35. 3, 14, 62. Hn. 1, 1, 12, 17, 22, 27, 32, 37. 2, 1, 2, 18, 21, 24, 29, 33, 31, 35, 39. 3, 3, 17. adj. righteous, pious, religious, holy; see sakar-yasharûbö and yasharûbö. Pl. used as a s. yasharûbö and yasharûbö. AV. 1, 40. 3, 11. 7, 2. 8, 2. 11, 2, 11. 15, 21. 52, 6, 7. 68, 24. Hn. 1, 9. yasharûbûn, AV. 1, 40. 3, 11. 7, 2. 8, 2. 11, 2, 11. 5, 7, 12. 9, 3. 15, 13. the pious; strict Mazdayasnians. Comp. yasharûbötar, GF. 3, 55, 62. more righteous, more pious. Z. yasharûbötar, ashôk, or yashar being substituted for the Z. yashar shôk, or yashar ashôk, or yashar ashôk.

almsgiving, charity. yasharûbö-dâd, AV. 17, 19. GF. 2, 46. s. a pious gift, almsgiving, charity. yasharûbö + prê dâd (p. p. of nprê dâdanō, I.); Pâz. syn. ashôdâd.

איני yasharûvö, GF. 3, 14. in K 20, a variant of איני yasharûbö. פאלעט akharîch, Hn. 2, 32. adv. with conj. afterwards also; likewise written איני akharich. ב איני akhar + פּי -ich; Pâz. syn. pasi-cha.

אני אין אין khâstanŏ, v. to rise, to get up; pret. אין אין khâst in אין עובער אָר madam khâst, AV. 3, 3. rose up, arose. Pers. בֹּוֹשׁׁדִּי, אוּניאַז, אַץ kimûnastanŏ.

سمو khâk, GF. 3, 11. s. earth, dust, soil. Pers. خاك ; Huz. syn. مان afrâ.

الم الموريم khâkistar, AV. 27, 2. 55, 1. s. ashes. Pers. خاكستر. بين الم المشر. pw hâm, Dk. 144, 7. adj. all, the whole of; see مينه hamâk. Pers. مد.

Z. سوس ahmâi, AV. 4, 11, pron. dat. sing. to this, to him.

יטאן ahû, AV. 101, 5. איני ahvô, GF. 5, 5, 5, 4. Hn. 1, 4. s. life, living existence, the world; a spiritual protector, or guardian angel. Z. nom. אנשש, loc. באינישא.

עשע hân, AV. 78, 7. 89, 10. אין hânŏ, 68, 23. 69, 9. 83, 5. Dk. 144, 9. pron. other, another; see א han. Pâz. han, Z. עוֹננע ; or these words may be read akhar and akharan, and compared with Heb. אַחַר and Chald.

www.khân, AV. 93, 5. s. a caravanserai, a dharmsálâ, or lodging place for travellers. Pers. خاری.

שעשע ahvân, AV. 10, 4. 15, 21. Hn. 1, 35 a. 2, 6, 11, 17, 36. 3, 36. אין שעשע ahvânŏ, Hn. 3, 5. s. existence, world. Z. שנשאל; perhaps a pl. of שנשאל ahû.

Region hâvisht, s. a pupil, a disciple, a follower; pl. ազայար hâvishtân, Dk. 145, 4. Z. ազայաստաս.

איטאני khânak, AV. 2,11. s. a house, a dwelling, a residence, a habitation; איט שיין מאנגן âvân khânakŏ, Dk. 152,1. a court-house, a tribunal; or the passage may be read: âvân âhankŏ kardanŏ 'instituting a tribunal'. Pers. خانه.

ahankõ, Dk. 145, 5. s. a design, a purpose, an intention, an institution, a custom, a rule. Pers. آهنگ

אין און Ahû-ver, or Ahan vair, Hn. 1, 7. N. 77, 12. the yathâ-ahû-vairyô formula; see אַראַרוּפוּלעפ yat-ahûk-vêryôk. Z. אָשׁרוּפוּלען. בּאָרָאָרָוּ

even, still also, as yet. அமும் hâvand (Z. acc. දേറുല്ലാ) பர் பார்க்கி பார்க்கி பார்க்கி மார்க்கி மார

איאינע khânîk, AV. 15, 12. 58, 5. s. a spring, a fountain. Pers. خانی.
אונטטיע dkhêzîḍanŏ, v. to rise, to arise, to get up; pret. 3d sing.
איישיע âkhêzîḍ, AV. 3, 3.; crd. פיטיע âkhêz, see יביענעט rist-âkhêz
and פיביענעט rîst-âkhêz. Pers. خيريدن.

after .... This cipher is sometimes used, in printed texts, for the compound .... ab.

ענ בּ abû, AV. 65, 4, 8, 9. s. a father. Heb. אָב, Chald. אָב, emph. אָב, Syr. בְּיֹן; Ar. פֿוּן; As. abu; Pâz. syn. pid.

wed fly abûrd-farmân, swed fly abûrd-farmânö, AV. 99, 9. adj. intolerant of commands, disobedient. Priv. a a- + fly bûrd (p. p. of 1964) bûrdanö) + wed farmân.

သမှာဗိုဗ ကြို့မှ abûrḍ-farmânîh, AV. 63, 7. s. disobedience, non-compliance. မှာဗြဲဗ ကြို့မှ abûrḍ-farmân + abst. suf. မ -îh.

مان abûdar, AV. 42, 5-7. GF. 3, 31. s. a father. مان abû, for الله abû, + أه -dar (term. of Pers. پدر); Pâz. syn. pidar.

or by) thee. Pers. anc. P. -taiy. All the pronominal suffixes in Pahlavî, though usually attached to some particle which begins a clause in a sentence, are also found occasionally to begin a clause unattached, when no particle is used.

\*\* hat (trad. at) AV. 1, 40. GF. 1, 13. 2, 31. 3, 20, 54, 55, 68, 71, 75, 76. 4, 2, 9, 15. Hn. 2, 36. conj. if. Sas. (S hat; Pâz. syn. )30 agar.

whose inf. suf. is new âdano; also of conj. 3d sing. of all verbs.

 (Behrâm), the most sacred fire; פי מאָנטי âtâshich, Hn. 2, 29. the fire also.
Pl. ישאָענטי âtâshân, AV. 14, 12. Pers. آتش, Z. nom. ישאָענטיש;
Huz. syn. ולעב nûrâ and ילנים (trad.) nagalyâ.

or through) thee; if thy, or thee. we hat + pron. suf. or -at of 2d pers. sing.

for, by, or through) you; if your, or you. For hat + pron. suf.  $\mu \phi$  - $t \hat{a} n$  of  $2^{d}$  pers. pl.

Atarô, s. and pr. n. the angel of fire, Fire, sacred fire; which Atarô, Frôbâg, AV. 1, 21. If Atarô Frôbâg, AV. 1, 28. the fire of Frôbâg, an ancient sacred fire removed, by king Vishtâsp, from the mountain Gadman-hômand in Khvârizem, to the mountain Rôshan in Kâbulistân, see Bund p. 41; If Atarô Atarô yêdatô, AV. 3, 10. 4, 5, 2, 6. 6, 3, 4. 7, 4, 5. 8, 3, 4. 9, 5, 6. 10, 6, 9, 11. 11, 10, 13. 13, 4. 16, 1, 6. 17, 3, 4. 18, 1, 14. 19, 4, 6. 20, 21, 25-30, 32-35, 38,39, 42, 45-47, 51, 52, 58, 59, 61, 62, 74, 75, 84, 86, 93-96, 4. 22-24, 31, 36, 37, 40, 41, 43, 44, 50, 60, 63,66, 70, 76, 77, 80, 81, 85, 87-89, 5. 48, 49, 67, 71, 73, 78, 6. 53, 1, 6, 8, 10. 55-57, 72, 82, 83, 90-92, 97, 98, 3. 64, 65, 69, 79, 7. 99, 8. 101, 1. Âtarô the angel, the angel of fire, whose name is given to the ninth month and ninth day of each month in the Pârsî year. Pl. Physic âtarôân, AV. 14, 12. the sacred fires. Z. nom. acc. pl.

ישאון -âdanë, inf. suf. of verbs whose Pers. equivalent ends in \_\_.

לני, בין אלמים Atarô-pâd, AV. 1, 16. אניטוונט Atôrô-pâtô, Dk. 144, 6. 145, 6. 152, 2. pr. n. (the fire-protected) a Pârsî man's name in former times; Âtarô-pâd-i Mârspendân was a celebrated destur and prime minister of Shahpûhar-i Λûharmazdân (Shapur II. AD. 309-379). Z. nom. אויסענו אויסענו אייסענו אויסענו אויסענו אייסענו אייסענו אויסענו אייסענו אייסענו

سياكو الهون Atarô-Frôbâg, see الهون Atarô.

ئوس av, AV. 10, 12, 14. s. water; pl. به avan, AV. 14, 12. الهوي avan, N. 76, 2, 3. Pers. آو, آب, anc. P. api, Z. Sans. ap; Huz. syn. بار maya.

ون هتر AV. 6, s. 95, 7. s. avarice, covetousness, greediness. Pers. آز

w af- (trad. av-) conj. also, and; an inseparable particle to which the pron. suffixes are affixed, as entered below in alphabetical order; it may be distinguished from the prep. w az-, by its always commencing a clause in the sentence. Sas. ዓህ af-, Heb. Chald. אַ Syr. בּהָּ; Pâz. va-.

ש מב, prep. from; occasionally substituted for the Huz. ה min Pahlavî, but oftener with pron. suffixes affixed, as entered below in alphabetical order. Pers. א Pâz. ezh, anc. P. hachâ, Z. ששמש ; Huz. syn. ה min.

mote from the zodiacal signs (New akhtar) which are supposed to protect the good creation (see Mkh. 8, 18, 21.); comp. Melecute apakhtartar, AV. 17, 24. more northern. II.) s. a planet; pl. planets apakhtarân, Hn. 3, 18. the planets, which are said to be malevolent creatures of Akharman (see Mkh. 12, 7, 10). Z. Dugowen.

സ്രയ മ്മമ്d, IIn. 2, 23. adj. noble, generous, liberal. Pers. ടിറ്റ്, ്. ചറച്ചട്ട്

அவருவரும் apâḍakhshahîh, AV. 55, 7. misrule, anarchy. Priv. ப a- + ஆவருவரும் pâḍakhshahîh.

שעקשע âvâdân, AV. 15, 11. adj. cultivated, inhabited, prosperous. Pers. آرادان, or آرادان.

שניש avadanîh, AV. 15, 12. s. cultivation, population, prosperity. איניט avadan + abst. suf. שי -îh; Pers. آبادانی

שנישט âvâdîh, AV. 14, 16. Hn. 1, 2, 6, 36. s. welfare, prosperity; blessing, benediction; אול און און אין מערטע âvâdîh vazlûnö, AV. 101, 22. go in happiness, go and prosper. Pers. אוֹל + abst. suf. שי -îh.

سوس avâz, adv. back, backwards, behind, again; see the following.
Pers. باز, or باز, Z. سهس; Huz. syn. كسوناً lakhvâr.

119 ww  $avaz-k\hat{u}n$ , AV. 17, 12. adj. with deficient buttocks, flat-buttocked, lean-hipped. ww  $avaz + 114 k\hat{u}n$ .

שוש hazâr, AV. 54, 3. num. a thousand; generally expressed by the cipher 2. Pers. אין, Z. שונוער, Sans. sahasra.

سولارا به المورون avârûn, AV. 62, 6. 71, 8 101, 19. المحلور avârûn, AV. 17, 18. 47, 7. adj. improper, irregular, unnatural, wrong; opp. of المحلوب به الم

שעלן, איש avârûnyîsh, AV. 60, 6. adv. improperly, wrongly. מעלן avârûn + adv. suf. אין אין -yîsh.

cohabiting. Now avaran-marzishnik, AV. 95, 7. adj. unlawfully cohabiting. Avaran + mode marzishn + adj. suf.  $\omega$  ik. As this compound is already an adj. without the suffix, it is probable that the adj. suf.  $\omega$  -ik is substituted for the abst. suf.  $\omega$  -ih, and the compound is intended for a substantive, like the following.

ພາກອີດ ກຸງການ avārūnŏ-marzishnīh, AV. 88, 6. s. unlawful, or unnatural cohabitation; illicit intercourse. ກຸງການ avārūnŏ + ກຸງຄົດ marzishn + abst. suf. ພຸ -îh.

avâkîh, AV. 5, 2. Dk. 144, 3. s. assistance, aid, help, cooperation. ابا, با avâk (Pers. بابا, or آوا + abst. suf. عن -îh; comp.

Z. avanh and Pers. باك

eighth month and tenth day of each month in the Pârsî year.

به نوم dvân, Dk. 152, 1. s. a palace, a court, a council, a tribunal. Pers. ايوان.

عبر avarîk, AV. 3, 11. 5, 4. 6, 12. 7, 9. 8, 6. 11, 2, 3, 15, 16. 12, 3, 5. 13, 5. 14, 4. 17, 17. 19, 3. 25, 6. 30, 5. 36, 3. 37, 3. 38, 2. 53, 4. 55, 1. 58, 5. 60, 8. 65, 3. 69, 4. 80, 6. 81, 2. 89, 3. 98, 6. 101, 15. GF. 2, 61. Hn. 2, 23. Dk. 144, 3. 149, 4. 151, 1, 7. adj. other, the remaining, the rest of; avarîkich, Dk. 151, 8. and other. Z. بروس , Sans. apara. This adj. always precedes its substantive.

שעבנאים avâyast, s. see past part. of איניאט avâyastanõ.

אורניים שובניים avâyastanŏ, v. to be necessary, to be requisite, to be wanted; past part. used as a s. אורניים avâyast, GF. 3,75. Hn. 2,5,10. what is wanted, a desire, a wish; pret. avâyast, AV. 49,9.; pres. 3d sing. (nearly always connected with an linf.!, or a contracted inf.\*, with the meaning of the auxiliary 'must') מעניים avâyad, AV. 1,23. 23,9.\* 39,6. 46,7.\* 55,9. 64,13. 77,10. 99,11. אורניים avâyâd, AV. 68,21\*. Pers. יוביידים.

אפטענע avâyishnîk, AV. 22,3. adj. requisite, suitable, desirable, seemly; comp. מעניסש avâyishnîktar, AV. 4,20. IIn. 2,23,24,30. — avây (crd. of אינים avâyastanŏ) + abst. suf. שע -ishn + adj. suf. ש -ik.

שנש azvar, AV. 12, 3, 5. 31, 3. 93, 2. Hn. 1, 34. adv. and prep. above, aloft, over; sup. אול משרעה azvartûm, AV. 14, 7. uppermost, suppremest. Pers. יל, or יל, און אין אין 'above'.

หางแอบ affûntano (trad. apapûnatan) v. to cook, to boil, to stew; pret. คุมอบ affûnd, AV. 22, 3.; pres. 3d pl. วิทูอบ affûnd, AV. 60, 2. Heb. กรุห, Chald. กรุห, Syr. เว้า; Pâz. syn. หญาย pôkhtan.

68, 11, 19. GF. 1, 10. 2, 6. 3, 15, 89, 46. 4, 17. Hn. 2, 29-31. conj. with suf.

<sup>\*</sup> The contracted inf. may be taken as the p. p. if avayad, or avayêd, be taken as a substantive meaning 'what is requisite, a necessity'.

also (or and) of (to, for, by, or through) thee; also thy, or thec. w af-+ pron. suf. • -at of 2d pers. sing.; Pâz. vat.

thee. w az + pron. suf. ~ -at of 24 pers. sing.; Huz. syn. ~ minat.

שאיטער apatîyârak, or apaitîyârak, AV. 10, 4. adj. unopposed, undisturbed, unmolested, unafflicted. Priv. ש a- + איני patîyârak.

عَرِينَ مَهُمُ عَلَى مَا مُورِيدُ مَا مُورِيدُ مَا مُؤَدِّدُ مَا مُؤَدِّدً مُورِيدُ مُؤَدِّدًا مُؤْدِدًا مُؤْدِدًا مُؤَدِّدًا مُؤْدِدًا مُؤْدًا مُودًا مُؤْدًا مُؤْدًا م

คราคง avitakht, AV. 77, 2. in B.  $H_{18}$ ,  $K_{20}$ ,  $P_{**}$ , a variant of ครายง avitakht; see คราคงง avitakht.

جارت haftûm, AV. 3, 2. GF. 2, 37. num. seventh; sometimes expressed by the ciphers  $\frac{2}{3}$ . Pers. مُغْمَد.

שני afrâ (trad. avrâ) AV. 101, 20. שני afrayâ, or afrâk, AV. 27, 2, 6. s. dust, earth, soil, rubbish. Chald. אָבְּאָ, or אָפָּר, emph. אִקְפָּע; Heb. אָפָּאָ, Syr. בּבּבּׁי, וּבִּבּ', וּבִּבּ'; Ar. בּּבּׁבּׁה, בּבּבּׁה.

afrâyâ, or afrâih, AV. 101, 20. s. see the preceding, or it may be 'dustiness, earthiness, state of dust'. Probably عام afrâ + abst. suf. عن -îh.

אומים âzardanö, v. to injure, to harass, to distress, to trouble, to molest; past part. שי âzard, AV. 69, 10. 76, 0. 82, 5.; pret. מול, אומים, AV. 58, 6. 72, 5, 7. Pers. آزاريدن, or آزاريدن.

âzarm, GF. 3, 34. s. respect, reverence, honor, favor. Pers.

afravâft, AV. 17, 21. adj. unpleasing, disagreeable, blameable, unpraised; unobservant of rites and ceremonies, unholy; explained by אונים מונים saryâ dâsht 'considered bad', and translated by Sans. aprasârita, but the reading of the word requires confirmation. Priv. ש מ- + ששיאון fravâft (p. p. of אונים) אונים fravâftanō).

שרשים afravâftîk, adj. see the preceding. Comp. ארשים של afravâftîktar, AV. 17, 21. — מלשים afravâftîktar, AV. 17, 21. — מלשים afravâft + adj. suf. ש -îk. This form requires confirmation, and  $\Pi_{17}$  omits  $\omega$  -îk.

مون على afrank, adj. ornamented, decorated, adorned; see ماه الفرنگ hû-afrank. Pers. افرنگ

אורסים khefrûntanö (trad. azrûnatan, or avrûnatan) v. to dig, to excavate, to extract, to scoop out, to root out, to demolish, to penetrate, to furrow, to rake; past part. אורסים khefrûnd, AV. 23, 3. 55, 5. 79, 2. 95, 1.; pret. אורסים khefrûnd, AV. 44, 2. 19, 3. 50, 2. 59, 2. 78, 2. 87, 3. 99, 5.; pres. 1st sing. אורסים khefrûnam, AV. 87, 3. Heb. אורסים, Syr. בּבֹיב, Ar. בּבֹב; Pâz. syn. אורסים kandan.

ש מוב של מוב afzâr, Dk. 149, 3. 151, 7. s. a tool, an implement, a weapon', arms, equipment, means, appliances, resources; see שיש בער בינות איינות איינות איינות בינות מוב בינ

afzâr-hômand, adj. possessing means, appliances, or resources; competent, skilful, clever. Pl. used as a s. μολωνω ω afzâr-hômandân, AV. 1, s. — Υων ω afzâr + pos. suf. 3 ω hômand.

means, skill-produced, material-fashioned. In sw ufzar + p. p. of barchinidano.

დონა afzāyad, pres. 3d sing. of ეადა afzūdanš.

ัชย afzud, p. p. of กุครีย afzūdano.

JuSev dv-zôhar, N. 76, 6. s. the zôr water, water consecrated and made into holy-water.  $v \cdot dv + \int u \int z \partial h dr$ .

אורינט afzūḍanŏ, or אוריט afzuḍanŏ, v. to increase, to augment, to abound, to enlarge, to swell, to add, to exceed; past part. אינ afzuḍ, see אין שוּש gôhar-afzuḍ; pres. 3d sing. שוריש afzūyaḍ, AV. 16, s.; fut. 3d sing. עוב שלענא barā afzāyaḍ, IIn. 1, s. Pers. וייל פרט ויילים.

שאוכף afzûnîk, IIn. 1,1. 2,1. adj. abounding, excelling, overflowing, bountiful, munificent; sup. אונגאון afzûnîktûm, AV. 101, 13. Pers. יב -îk.

المولى وي وي معلى وي معلى معلى معلى معلى معلى معلى وي معلى معلى وي معلى معلى وي معلى معلى وي معلى وي

s. scripture, the sacred writings of the Parsis in their original language, and hence applied to the language itself, which is commonly, but erroneously, called Zend; any quotation, or text, from the same scriptures; also written שבנושל avistâk. Pers. إنستا, or إنستا; Z. â + vista, 'known'; see Pahl.-Pâz. Glos. p. 78—81.

ລາມຄົ້ນອກຄຸ້ນ avaspārishnīk, Dk. 150, s. adj. delivered, consigned, intrusted to. ໃນອາຍຸນ avaspār (crd. of ທຸກປົ້ນຄຸນຄຸ້ນ avaspārdanš) + abst. suf. ງພຸ -ishn + adj. suf. ນ -îk.

افسر afsar, GF. 2, 13. s. a crown, a diadem. Pers. افسر

past part. وعن afsurdano, v. to cool, to chill, to freeze, to extinguish; past part. وعن afsurd, AV. 55, 5. GF. 3, 10. وعن العن afsurd, GF. 3, 17. cooled down, chilled; pres. 3d sing. وعندون afsured, GF. 3, 20. Pers. افسردن, or افسردن,

שעליאון avasrūḍanŏ, v. to recite, to repeat, to intone; past part. שעליאון avasrūḍ, GF. 5, 3. Z. ava, or apa, + srūta; Pers. שתנטיט.

من afsôs, AV. 100, 2. Hn. 2, 28. s. ridicule, derision, contempt. Pers. افسوس

afsôskaryîsh, AV. 100, 5. adv. derisively, mockingly, contemptuously. -you afsôs + adj. suf. 3, -kar + adj. suf. -yish.

ארקטש avî-gâmân, AV. 13, 9. adj. undoubting, undoubtful, unsceptical, unhesitating; comp. איל מער מעניים מעזי-gâmântar, AV. 1,29. Priv. שני מעז + איל gâmân; Pers. بيڭمان.

ဆမ္မာမှာ avi-gûmânîh, AV. 1, 2. s. undoubtfulness, faith. မှာမှာဖော avi-gûmân + abst. suf. မှာ -ih.

اپیری apiyûn, AV. 84, 5. s. opium. Gr. ὅπιον; Pers. اپیری, افیری, ابیری, افیری, افیری, Ar. افیری, Heb. Tal. Jer. بیری, Syr. أُجِتْم, Sans. aphena; but the word seems foreign to all these languages, although it can be etymologically explained in Greek.

\*\* ufash (trad. avash) AY. 1, 82, 83, 91, 5. 2, 31. 3, 22. 4, 1, 3, 12, 16, 18, 23. 10, 38, 81, 85, 88, 7. 11, 2, 8, 10. 15, 6, 14. 17, 6, 12. 19, 8. 23, 3, 8. 24, 3, 7. 28, 2. 29, 46, 62, 84, 6. 36, 40, 3, 7. 44, 65, 70, 3. 60, 2, 7. 63, 7, 8. 64, 3, 9, 13. 67, 3-5, 10. 68, 4. 78, 8, 9. 79, 4-6, 9. 96, 6, 7. 101, 13. GF. 1, 8-6, 8, 16, 22. 2, 5, 9, 41, 42, 15-18, 61. 3, 6, 7, 11, 47, 48, 56, 62, 70, 73, 75, 78, 79, 94. 4, 7, 11, 27. Hn. 2, 3, 5, 7, 12, 23, 24, 35, 37. 3, 3, 34. conj. with suf. also (or and) of (to, for, by, or through) him (her, or it); also (or and) his (her, its, him, or it); and thereby. • af- + pron. suf. • ash of 3d pers. sing.; Sas. 2243 afash; Pâz. vash.

azash, AV. 4, 14, 36. 7, 2. 12, 12, 15. 14, 12. 15, 19, 22. 33, 6. 70, 2. 81, 7. 101, 16. GF. 1, 5. 2, 5. prep. with suf. from (with, by, or through) him (her, or it); therefrom, thereby, therewith. as az + pron. suf. as h of 3d pers. sing.; Huz. syn. is the correct reading of this word.

4 (trad. avshân) AV. 1, 21, 28-30. 2, 3, 30. 3, 6, 20, 23. 6, 12. 7, 3, 5, 8. 8, 41, 55, 99, 7. 11, 14. 13, 4, 6. 14, 5, 17. 15, 12. 37, 88, 3. 54, 9. 65, 75, 6. 69, 4, 6. 73, 5, 8. 74, 2. 76, 4, 8, 9. 77, 80, 4. 89, 7, 9. GF. 2, 14, 87. IIn. 2, 28. γωω afshânŏ, GF. 3, 50. conj. with suf. also (or and) of (to, for, by, or through) them; also (or and) their, or them. ω af- + pron. suf. γω -shân of 3<sup>4</sup> pres. pl.; Pâz. vashã.

or through) them. was + pron. suf. prop. with suf. from (with, by, or through) them. was + pron. suf. prop. shân of 3ª pres. pl.; Huz. syn. prof. minshân. Perhaps afshân may be the correct reading in both places.

אינטשט afshândanö, or אינטשט afshândanö, v. to scatter, to disperse, to sprinkle, to shed, to sow; past part. אינטשט afshând, AV. 96, 6. Pers. افشاندن; Huz. syn. אינטשט peskhûntanö and אינטשט peskhûntanö.

المون ڤَvíkhtanŏ, v. to hang, to suspend; past part. ويعدّن ڤvíkht, AV. 26, 67, 77, 88, 2. 79, 3. 80, 1. Pers. آوينځتن.

**69** afam (trad. avam) AV. 4, 9. 5, 9, 78, 5. 6, 2, 3. 7, 77, 80, 81, 85, 87-89, 4. 8, 58, 84, 86, 94-96, 2. 10, 10, 11, 7, 15, 16. 12, 1, 5-7, 10, 11, 13, 14, 17-19. 13, 1, 3, 12. 14, 1-3, 6, 7, 10, 11, 13, 14, 18, 19, 21. 15, 1, 8, 9, 15-18, 21. 16, 2, 5. 47, 1-3. 18, 6, 11, 14. 19, 22-24, 31, 36, 37, 40, 41, 43, 44, 50, 60, 63, 70, 73, 76, 1, 4. 20, 21, 25-30, 32-35, 38, 39, 42, 45-47, 51, 52, 59, 61, 62, 66, 74, 75, 93, 1, 3. 48, 49, 65, 67, 69, 71, 1, 5. 53, 79, 99, 6. 54, 1. 55, 56, 82, 83, 90-92, 97, 98, 2. 57, 72, 1, 2. 61, 1, 6. 68, 1, 6-8. 101, 11, 12. GF. 2, 13, 16. conj. with suf. also (or and) of (to, for, by, or through) me; also (or and) my, or me. **w** af- + pron. suf. **c** -am of 1st pers. sing.; Sas. **Day** afam; Pâz. vaêm.

of (to, for, by, or through) us; also (or and) our, or us. w uf-+
pron. suf. wf -mân of 1st pers. pl.

المَّانِ الْمُونَ مُعْدَنَ اللهُ ال

ipammûntanö, II.) אָרָכּט sôchrûntanö, or אָרָכּט shôchrûntanö. In Zand there are two roots bar, the one signifying 'to bring', Skr. bhri the other 'to take off' Skr. hri; see Zand-Pahl. Glos. s. v. bareta pag. 107.

أردر azûrîh, or azvarîh, AV. 55, 7. 91, 6. s. covetousness, greediness, avariciousness. أورد azûr (Pers. آزري) + abst. suf. عن -îh.

apâstano, AV. 64, s. 78, 7, s. adj. pregnant, going with child, big with young. Pers. آبستني. See Pahl.-Pâz. Glos. p. 67-68.

איני מּלְרָנוּס מּלְרָיּהוּ מּלְרָיהוּ מּלְרְיהוּ מּלְיהוּ מּלְרְיהוּ מּבּייה מּבּיים מּיים מּבּיים מּייבוּ מּייים מּבּיים מּייבוּ מּייים מּבּיים מּייבוּיים מּיים מּבּיים מּבּיים מּיים מּבּיים מּישְיים מּיים מּיים מּיים מּייבים מּיים מּיים מּיים מּיים מּייים מּייים מּיים מּייים מּיים מּיים מּיים מּייים מּייים מּיים מּיים מּיים מּיים מּייים מּיי

stantives and adjectives to form adjectives, and equivalent to the English un-, in-, dis-, non-, -less, without. Pers. , anc. P. Z. Sans. vi.

غون afd, Dk. 144, 3. s. a wonder, a marvel, a prodigy, a miracle; pl. من afdîhâ, Dk. 141, 9. Pers. افديدن; Pâz. awad, Mkh. 1, 10.

الم عن avî-bar, AV. 49, s. adj. unfruitful, unproductive, fruitless.

Priv. عن avî- بيبر bar; Pers. بيبر.

שבּנוּנוּ avî-bûn, AV. 49, s. adj. without foundation, unsupported, unsettled, useless. Priv. ש avî - + א bûn.

adj. undistressed, unannoyed, untroubled, unharmed. Priv. 200 avî- + bêsh.

ער מינים מיני-bîm, adj. unalarmed, undismayed, unterrified, fearless; unendangered. Comp. איני מינים מיני-bîmtar, GF. 2, 54. Priv. שני מיני- bîm.

שנאשש ávítakht, AV. 77, 2. in  $\Pi_6$ , a variant of שנאש ávíkht; perhaps the past part. of אוניים avítakhtanŏ, v. to melt, to liquify, to flow forth. Z. vi + tach, Pers.  $\dot{z}$ .

weżak, or avêzak, AV. 11, a. adj. pure, unsullied, unmixed; uncorrupted. Pers. ويثر , ويثر , ويثر , ويثر , ويثر , ويثر .

அதல், or ஆழ்ல் avêjakîh, or avêzakîh, AV. 1,2. s. purity, immaculateness. அல் avêjak + abst. suf. ஆ -îh.

சமூர் avĉjakyîsh, or avĉzakyîsh, Dk. 150, 4. adv. purely, uncorruptedly. அலை avĉjak + adv. suf. ஆர -yîsh.

less, without a motive. Priv. 30 avi- + pg chim.

**b**w avír, AV. 14, 6, 13, 21. 15, 8, 15. adv. much, very, exceedingly. Pâz. avîr.

الله عنزr, I.) adv. AV. 2, 11. 93, 2. below; II.) prep. AV. 7, 3. 34, 7. عنوان عنزr-i, AV. 53, 2, 3, 63, 3. 64, 4. 75, 1. GF. 1, 15, 17. under, below, beneath. Pers. المعربة, Z. المعربة, Z. المعربة, Z. المعربة, En AV. 7, 3. the correct reading may be avir.

שפלים avirân, AV. 1, 6. 15, 11. adj. uninhabited, depopulated, de-solate, desert. Pers. , ويران, or

ງລູປຸລູພຸ, or ງຸດປຸລຸພຸ, apîrûzkar, AV. 17,15. adj. unsuccessful, unfortunate. Priv. ມ a- + ງຸດປຸລຸພ pîrûzkar. avî-sûd, AV. 40, 6. adj. unprofitable, uscless, disadvantageous, depreciating. Priv. ວັນ avî- + ເກັນ sûd.'

ש afdih, Dk. 145, s. s. wonderfulness, miraculousness, marvellousness, a miracle. So afd + abst. suf. -ih.

அமூலை afdîha, pl. of ம் afd.

ງພວບ avî-jâmak, AV. 89, s. adj. unclothed, without clothes, garmentless. Priv. ວັນ avî- + ງະພຸງ jâmak.

קינים afdûm, Hn. 1, 33. adj. last, final, ultimate, concluding. Pers. אַבּבּים, Z. שופאָפּאָה; adopted in Chald. in the form מופּאָק; Pâz. syn. קינים pasûm.

שין מיני-vanās, AV. 55, 7. GF. 1, 8. adj. sinless, guiltless, faultless, innocent; comp. אוועט- avanās. Priv. שעועט- avî- + מוועט- vanās; Pers. بيڭناه.

של (trad. ar) AV. 1, 38. 2, 6, 8. 16, 11. 53, 7, 9. 101, 16. GF. 1, 8. 3, 78. Hn. 2, 3, 37. adv. used with the imper. as a prohibitive, 'dont, not, nor'; sometimes with the pres., 'lest, nay but', as in של al hat, GF. 3, 75. 'nay but if, peradventure, perhaps'. Heb. Chald. אַ As. ul; Pâz. syn. ma, or של mâ.

ساكس kharâj, AV. 49, 9. s. tribute, a tax, a toll. Ar. عَرَاجَ .

תלענפאן ârâstanŏ, v. to adorn, to embellish, to decorate, to ornament, to arrange; past part. על ערפא ârâst, AV. 6?, 6. Pers. קֿרְשׁבּׁשׁ, ג. â + râd (Sans. râdh).

ארמונים khrafstar, AV. 14, 11. 17, 18, 12. 25, 32, 47, 2. s. a noxious creature; any hurtful animal, reptile, or insect, whether beast of prey, or vermin, said to have been produced by Akharman for injuring the creatures and creation of Aûharmazd. Pl. אלונים khrafstarân, AV. 24, 37, 89, 3. 29, 34, 81, 2. 69, 4. אלונים khrafstarîhâ, AV. 60, s. Z. אלונים אלו

أري khrafstôr, AV. 47,2.; pl. الم khrafstôrûn, AV.

89,3. Lhrafstôrîhâ, AV. 60,8. in H6 and K26, variants of the preceding.

الله khirad; GF. 3, 94. s. wisdom, intellect, sagacity, judgment, understanding. Pers. خبری, Z. کالمان کا

עלקע Ardâ, AV. 4, 4, 5, 4, 5, 10, 7, 11, 8, 11. pr. n. a Persian title which commences many ancient Persian names of celebrated men, and appears to mean 'rightcous, perfect, or eminent'; here it is applied to Vîrâf, and in H1s to Zaratûsht, see note to AV. 101, 8-13. Pers. אונים וויים ו

\_ மலுழிய arad-khâdâî, Hn. 3, 39. adj. uncontrolled by a master, not submissive to control, insubordinate. Priv. ப a- + அலுழி rad-khûdâi; %. பிற்பத்தில் பிற்ற பி

ركس ماره من Ardâ-Vîrâf, GF. 6, 1, 4. pr. n. the book, or narrative, of Ardâ-Vîrâf. See ماره ماره ماره ماره ماره ماره ماره الماره المار

The final we may be variously explained: either as  $\hat{a}$  and  $\hat{a}$ . The final we may be variously explained: either as  $\hat{a}$  and  $\hat{a}$ , the idhâfat  $\hat{a}$  i connecting the two names put in apposition; or as  $\hat{a}y$ , for  $\hat{a}k$ , the  $\hat{a}k$  being the usual final after  $\hat{a}\hat{a}$ ; or merely as a substitution of the  $\hat{a}$ . We also for the Pahl. We are

າມຄຸນລຸຄົມ aratêshtâr, s. a warrior, a soldier; an individual of the second class, or caste, of the Mazdayasnian community; pl. ພາມຄຸນລຸຄົມ aratêshtârân, AV. 14, τ. Z. nom. pl. ຊົ່ງພາຄຸມພຸມພຸມ ໄດ້ມີ, Pers. ໄດ້ແກ້ວເຂົ້າ ເຂົ້າ ເຂ

من arj, GF. 4, 4-6, 11-13. Hn. 1, 16, 26. s. value, worth, price. Pers. وهن , or ارج ; Z. nom. عرائي ; Huz. syn. وهن , or وي , kasp.

ஹாவ் Arjāsp, Dk. 149, 4. அறைவ் Arjāspō, Dk. 149, 1. pr n.

a Turanian king who was an opponent of وبويوه هي Kai-Vishtasp.
Pers. ارجاسب, Z. nom. كيسي ، يعربي .

שלים שלים arjân, adj. deserving, meriting, worthy; see שלים arjân. Pers. ונילוי; either the erd. of a v. אנילוים arjânîdanö = Pers. ונילוים, or the pr. p. of אנילוים arjâdanö.

שנים arjânîk, AV. 4,30. Hn. 2,30. adj. worthy, meritorious, deserving, estimable; pl. used as a s. שלשנים arjânîkân, AV. 17,19. 68,6,10. 89,7. GF. 3,97. the worthy. Comp. להשנים, or להשנים, arjânîktar, AV. 4,30. Hn. 2,30. — שלש arjân + adj. suf. ש -îk.

urjîḍanö, v. to be worth, to be valued at; pres. 3ª sing. مريدن arjêḍ, IIu. 1, هريدن, Z. arej, Sans. arh 'to be worthy'.

אורניסן khalclûntanö (trad. ararûnatan, or alalûnatan), or misenji khalclûnastanö (trad. ararûnastan, or alalûnastan) v. to wash, to bathe, to perform ablution; past part. אורניס khalclûnast, AV. 38, 7.; pret. עניי אורניס khalclûnd, AV. 58, 5., עניי אורניס barâ khalclûnd, AV. 2, 25. Chald. אורניס shûstanö, whose term. אורניס stanö is sometimes adopted by its Huz. equivalent.

ars, AV. 16, 7, s. s. a tear, weeping. Pers. ارس, Sans. asru.

المن kharish, s. a butt for ridicule, a laughing-stock; see مان المن المعدل المن المناه المن

سلم وروب arashkôîh, or arashkunîh, AV. 55, 7. s. envy, jealousy, malice, spite. Pers. رشك, or رشك, (Z. nom. عرشكول), or perhaps رشكين, or رشكين, + abst. suf. عن -îh.

arshûkht, Hn. 1, 7. p. p. rightly spoken, properly uttered, correctly recited. Z. לولايا على ماليان على المالية على المالية على المالية على المالية ا

אלפיקפל Alaksandar, Dk. 150, 6. אלפינכבר Alaksagdar, AV. 1, 4, 8. pr. n. Alexander the great, called Arasangar in Mkh. 8, 29. Gr. אליביער Pers. שאייט, or שאייט,

אומין khelmûntanö (trad. armûnatan) v. to sleep, to lie down, to repose; past part. אולם khelmûnd, AV. 2,31. 69,9. 85, 7.; fut. 3d sing. פּוֹלָם שׁן barâ khelmûnêd, Hn. 1,10,23. Heb. לַבְּלָם, Chald. אַלָּבּ, Ar. בּבֹב; Pâz. syn. אַרְאָשׁן, Ar. אַרָּבּ, Syr.

שניש khelmûnishnîh, see ועב ש barâ-khelmûnishnîh. ورب barâ-khelmûnishnîh. لال khrûs, GF. 2, 25. 8. cock, a male fowl. Pers. خروس

עלט arûs, Hn. 2, 23. adj. shining, fair, white. Z. יעלעטעט; ved. Sans. arusha, 'reddish'; Pâz. alôs, Mkh. 61, 10.

שלפנט harvisp, Hn. 1, 2, 6, 36. 2, 6. 3, 5. adj. all, every; see שלפנט harvisp. Pers. ב (anc. P. haruva, Z. שעלונע אוא אויין, איין אויין (anc. P. vispa, Sans. visva).

whole of. This variant of whole of. This variant of whole of the letters jet in harvisp has probably originated from the junction of the letters jet in harvispô which is a common form of the word in some MSS.

hu-rôst, AV. 4,18. in all but H17, a variant of hu-rôst.

سال الله harvisp, AV. 15, 21. in IIs, a variant of الله harvisp.

Arâm, Dk. 151, s. pr. n. the eastern, or Greek, empire of the Romans; Roumania, Rumelia; the Greeks having succumbed to the Romans, the name of Rome was applied, by Persians of the Sasanian and later times, to ancient Greece. Lat. Roma, Pers. Ar.

مرائی Arûmâyîk, AV. 1, 8. see عدماتی Arûmâk. Pers. رمائی Arûmâyîk, AV. 1, 4. a variant of the preceding.

Arûmâk, adj. Roumanian, Grecian, Greek; pl. used as a 7,626.

8. ພຸດມຽົມ Arûmâkân, Dk. 150, 6. — ຽົມ Arûm + adj. suf. ງມ -âk. ອາວຸໂມ harvîsp, a variant of ຢຸລາໂມ harvisp in: ຂອນຢ ອາວຸໂມ harvîsp - pêsîd, AV. 14, 8. 15, 21. all - embroidered, all-bedecked; and ງຕອງໂມ harvîsp - shikûftak, AV. 15, 21. all - admired.

argônd, AV. 18, 6. adj. greedy, voracious; fretful, raging, angry. Pers. ارغنده; Z. ereghand.

עָסִים âs, AV. 2, 22, 29, 31. 3, 19. 27, 6. s. wine. Comp. Heb. עָסִים, Chald. עָסִים 'juice of the grape'; Pâz. syn. עָסִים mâi.

ucious, AV. 101, 5. adj. quiet, comfortable, easy, courtcous, gracious; comp. مان âsântar, AV. 4,14. GF. 2,52,54. Pers. آسان

ىلىدىسى, or مىندىسى,  $\hat{a}s\hat{a}n\hat{i}h$ , AV. 3, 11. 4, 12, 36. 5, 7. Hn. 2, 6. s. repose, comfort, case, peace, quiet. معرب  $\hat{a}s\hat{a}n$  + abst. suf. عن - $\hat{i}h$ .

שנא aîyy- appears to be a Huz. form of אנ ay-, equivalent to

an initial Pers. \_\_\_, in a few Pahl. words; it may be explained as a modification of the Pâz. سوم aê, or of the Huz. khadi-i-I, wy khadû-l (Pers. يكى), or khadûk; but its transliteration is still uncertain. It is classed alphabetically as asb, which it closely resembles in form; see the following words.

אויי מיטאפער aîyyâd-kâr, Dk. 150, s. s. a memorandum, a memorial, a record, a register. Pers. בادکار, or يادکار.

າງເຂົ້າການ aîŋŋâḍîniḍanŏ, v. to remember, to recollect, to commemorate; pret. ຂອງຊາວາມ aîŋyâḍîniḍ, AV. 2, 28. Denom. fr. ຂອງພາ aiŋyâḍ (Pers. دياد).

שעעשלע aîyyârîh, GF. 1, 1. 3, 85, 94. s. friendship, fondness, favor, assistance, help. מיא aîyyâr + abst. suf. ש -îh.

aspanj, AV. 17, 10. 93, 5. s. a lodging, a resting-place, a serai. Pers. سِينم, or سِينم; comp. Lat. hospitium.

ait; v. s. pres. 3d sing. is, it is, there is. Pers. هست, or عسان; anc. P. astiy, Z. معنى, Sans. asti; Huz. syn. هندي. عند مندن.

אונאסאוי astâdanö (trad. estâdan) v. to stand, to stay, to remain, to stop; also wriettn אניאסיט istâdanö; past part. used as an adj.

אריין astâḍak in אריים אונים lâtâ-astâḍak. Pers. ווידורים מונים וויין, anc. P. %. stâ, Sans. shṭhâ; Huz. syn. אוניין yekavî-mûnâdanö.

پُاستُنخوان .astukhvân, AV. 75, 2. s. a bone, a skeleton. Pers سربجوسوس or شُتخوان.

3 ຄົນເອງມ ast-hômand, AV. 101, 5. IIn. 2, 3, 36. adj. furnished with material existences, provided with bodies, supplied with creatures, corporeal, material; pl. ມຊົງຄົນເອງມ ast-hômandân, IIn. 1, 2,1. — ງອງມ ast (Z. ທຸມມ) + pos. suf. 3 ຄົນ hômand; Z. ທຸມມາງວາມ.

אינואר (P), or astishn (trad. estashn) AV. 18, s. s. existence (?), standing, remaining, stay, endurance, continuance. אינו שנין ואינוען ואייין ואינוען ואינען ואינוען ואינוען ואינען ואינוען ואינוען ואינוען ואינוען

astôbân, AV. 68, 9, 13. ענאפוןשען astôbân, AV. 12, 8. adj. strong, firm, secure, steadfast, constant, faithful. Pers. أستوان, Z. ستوان.

שנים אומים khadítuní-hastanŏ, Dk. 144, ε. v. to be seen, to be observed, to be perceived, to be beheld; אונים שוא frâz khadítunî-hastanŏ, what is forth to be observed, an exhibition, a manifestation. — אונים khadítun (erd. of אונים khadítûntanŏ) + abst. suf. ביל + אונים hastanŏ (Pers. פיים). These words can also be read frâz hastŏî-hastanŏ, 'to be in existence, to occur', or frâz hast nishastanŏ, 'being up and subsiding, rising and setting'.

barâ khadîtund, Dk. 152, 5.; pret. Physips khadîtûnd, AV. 3, 8, 8, 8, 24, 28. 3, 5.

16, 19. GF. 3, 36.; pres. 1st sing. Grant astûnam, AV. 4, 18. V. to see, to observe, to perceive, to behold, to look; past part. Physips khadîtûnd, AV. 3, 5, 14. 4, 9, 13, 22. 6, 2. 11, 4, 15. 12, 1, 7, 11, 14, 18. 13, 1. 14, 1, 3, 7, 11, 14, 19. 15, 1, 9, 16, 18, 21. 16, 2. 17, 2, 11-13. 18, 3, 4, 6. 19-52, 54-56, 58, 59, 61-92, 94-98, 100, 1. 99, 1, 3. GF. 3, 74. Hn. 2, 6, 24, 28. 3, 5. Physips barâ khadîtund, Dk. 152, 5.; pret. Physips khadîtûnd, AV. 3, 8. 17, 16, 19. GF. 3, 36.; pres. 1st sing. Physips khadîtûnam, AV. 7, 8, 2. 93.;

pres. 3d sing. Physips khaditūnėd, AV. 64, 13. GF. 2, 41, 42, 18.; pres. 2d pl. Physips khaditūnėd, AV. 10, 5.; pres. 3d pl. Ingos khaditūnėd, AV. 10, 5.; pres. 3d pl. Ingos khaditūnėd, AV. 54, 7. Heb. Ingo, Chald. Ingo, or Ing., Syr. i.; Páz. syn. 1823 dūdanö. This verb is sometimes written 19819 su khazitūntanö, which corresponds exactly with the Semitic equivalents quoted above, and its alteration into 19819 su khaditūntanö arises from the common Pahl. interchange of S z and 3 d. The meaning of the Sas. 23[27] astūndī, N. R. ins. lin. 21, is too doubtful to allow of its identification with this verb.

אניפיקעים astinidanö, Dk. 151, 11. v. to make stand, to establish, to confirm, to steady, to fix, to settle. Caus. of איניפיעים astadanö; Pers. אַבּיבוּנְבּיבּים, or אַבּיבוּנְבּיבּים.

ளும் asp, AV. 101, 20. GF. 2, 10. s. a horse; see வூல் asp.

asazâk, AV. 18, 13. adj. unworthy, undeserved, unmerited, incongruous, incompatible, inconsistent. Priv. u a- + 4ugy sazâk.

**13.3** asar, AV. 101, 3. 11n. 2, 31. 3, 33. adj. unlimited, boundless, eternal. Priv. aa + bs sar.

עמרטע asryâ, GF. 2, 76. num. ten; generally expressed by the cipher שנאלים with a circumflex, which is here classed with the letter א גע אייר איין. Chald. אָטָרָא Syr. אָמָרָא, As. f. 'isriti, Ar. אָמָרָה , אַמָּה ; Paz. syn. יש, or , or , dah.

אים מבלקוסןן asrûntanö, or אים מבלקוסןן asrûnastanö, v. to bind, to tie, to fasten, to close, to shut, to confine, to captivate; past part. מער מבלקוסן asrûnd, AV. 73, s., עות מבלקוסן

barâ asrûnast, IIn. 2, 28. shut up, אַבּר וּשׁ pûmman asrûnd, AV. 75, 5. muzzled. Heb. אָבָר, Chald. אָבָר, Syr. בּבּר, Ar. אָבּר; Pâz. syn. אַבּר bastanŏ, whose term. אַבּר -stanŏ is often adopted by its IIuz. equivalent.

مدون شعاب, آسياب âsyâv, AV. 44, 3. s. a mill-stone, a mill. Pers. آسياب, آسياب

אינישט, or אינישט, âsmân, AV. 14, 5. 72, 6. GF. 2, 10, 61. IIn. 1, 36. s. the sky, the firmament, the heavens; the 27th day of each Parsi month. Pers. آسمان, anc. P. acc. asmânam, Z. acc. נאשרשה; IIuz. syn. פאָטי shemayâ, or ייישט shemayâ.

עטא ayîn, איניה ayînö, s. custom, usage, a habit, a rule; see bazak-âyînö. Pers. ענען גען, Z. ענען 'a way', Sans. ayana.

with suf. then of (to, for, by, or through) thee; then thy, or thee. adin + pron. suf. & -at of 2d pers. sing.

ဂျောလမ âyîntûm, sec ဂျောလမာရွှာ bazak-âyîntûm.

שטקט adinash (trad. aigish) GF. 2, 6. 3, 21, 36, 74. adv. with suf. then of (to, for, by, or through) him (her, or it); then his (her, it, or him); then so. שנא adin + pron. suf. ש -ash of 3d pers. sing.

שניא adinshân (trad. aigishân) AV. 2, 4. GF. 3, 59. adv. with suf. then of (to, for, by, or through) them; then their, or them. שניא adin + pron. suf. שניא -shân of 3d pers. pl.

476. adinam (trad. aigim) AV. 1, 38. 55, 56, 58, 77-92, 94-98, 100, 1. 99, 3. GF. 1, 19, 26. 3, 54, 76. adv. with suf. then of (to, for, by, or

through) me; then my, or me. adin + pron. suf. -am of 1st pers. sing.

מפאקן adînö and âyînö, see מפאן adîn and âyîn.

שנוקע asinin, AV. 70, 78, 2. in K20, a variant of usinin.

עמפט  $as\hat{e}j$ , AV. 10, 4. adj. imperishable, indestructible, incorruptible, untroubled. Priv. א a - + b  $s\hat{e}j$ ; Z. שנאטע אינטשע.

ລໍຮົງພຽກການ aséj-hômand, Hn. 2, 36. adj. see the preceding. ຄວາມ aséj + pos. suf. ລໍຮົງພ hômand; Z. acc. ເຊຍາຄວາມຄຸ້ງ ແລະ ເຄືອນ ການ ຄວາມຄວາມ.

ည်သညာ။ aigivisrêm, N. 126, 3. a variant of ခြဲသပိုသမျှသ။ agipirûsrem.

ودوست . asim, AV. 101, 20. s. silver. Pers سيم ; Huz. syn. ودوست , kaspû.

שנישש asimin, adj. made of silver, silvered, silvery; שנישש שניים מאויים מאויי

שנבען asinin, AV. 51, 2. in K26, a variant of שנבען asinin.

שניקוט Dk. 152, 6. = מפטונט agdinôth שניטון משניאלה akdinôth, s. evil religion, heterodoxy, infidelity, irreligion, (in the phrase: 'they should not allow the infidelity of anyone whatever'). איניטון משניאלים (often written מפטונים akdinô, "איניטון איניטון בער און איניטון איני

שנבען asinin, AV. 51, 2. 67, 5, 4. 70, 2. 71, 4. 78, 2. 79, 5. 85, 2. 87, 2, 3. 99, 5. אינעט asinin, AV. 62, 2. adj. made of iron. Pers. آهنين. Z. سردسوبهسي

unattached pron. suf. him, his, her, it, its; of (to, for, by, or through) him, her, or it. Pers. غشے; anc. P. acc. -shim, gen. -shaiy: As. m. -su, f. -sa. See the remarks on عد عدد عدد الله عدد عدد عدد الله ع

khayâ (trad. adâ) GF. 2, 26. Hn. 1, 10, 33. s. life, vitality.

Heb. הַּיָּה; Chald. הַיָּהְיּ 'living'; Syr. הַבְּּגָּ, הַּבְּּרָ, 'living'; Ar. בֹּבֵבּ ; Pâz. syn. אָם jân.

שניש ashân, Hn. 2, 28. שניש ashânŏ, Dk. 145, 9. unattached pron. suf. them, their; of (to, for, by, or through) them. שניש -ash + pl. suf. אי -ân. See the remarks on אי at.

Ashtad, AV. 5, 3. pr. n. a female yazad, or angel, who is said to promote, increase, and utilize, the settlements, or colonies, of mankind in the world; her name is given to the 26th day of each Parsi month. Pers. کشتار Z. gen. کوسویکی.

שניש hashtih, GF. 2, 74. s. an octade, an assemblage of eight. We hasht + abst. suf. ש -îh. The Pâz. hashtdah, 'eighteen', is similarly written.

שיטשש âshtih, s. concord, peace, harmony; see אפעששש anâshtîh. Pers. آشتى, Z. שיטששש.

புகுல்  $ad\hat{a}dy\hat{s}h$ , AV. 16, 8, 11. 23, 6. 30, 6. 74, 6. 77, 7. adv. unlawfully, unjustly, irreligiously. Priv. a = + புகுல்  $d\hat{a}dy\hat{s}h$ .

சிலைய hashtûm, GF. ?, ப. num. eighth; sometimes expressed by the ciphers சியய் . — கூறு hasht + ord. suf. சி -ûm; Pers. டிக்க, கி. படுவை, Sans. ashtama).

אורטט ayâftanö, v. to obtain, to acquire, to get; to discover, to find; past part. אורטט ayâftô in אורטע בענים barâ ayâftô, N. 77, 1. procured. Pers. בוֹנִינ, Z. â + ap, Sans. ap.

ا سويد hîkhar, AV. 38, 5. 41, 7. 49, 2. s. any waste, or impure, matter

separated from the living bodies of mankind, or dogs, such as saliva, skin, hair, nail-parings, etc.; bodily refuse. Z. به وي بالله ; Pâz. hîhar, or hihar; Pers. هر a pustule'.

سى معال ashgahân, AV. 32, 1, 5. adj. lazy, slothful, indolent. Pers. اژهى مارڭى , اژگىلى, اژگهاى اژگى , اژگىلى , اژگهاى

ي شكار بالم شكار ashkarak, بالم بوسلوم ashkarako, Dk. 144,4. adj. evident, manifest, clear, open, public. Pers. الشكار آشكار آشكار آشكار.

עט- פעשע Áshkânân, Dk. 150, 4. pr. n. pl. the Ashkânians, or Arsacidan dynasty of Persian kings. Pers. آشكانيان.

אנים אוויפטון hashkekhûnâḍanŏ, or אייבער hashkekhûnanŏt (trad. ashkahûnatan) v. to obtain, to get, to acquire, to find; past part. אייבער hashkekhûnâḍ, GF. 2,13. Chald. aph. אַיבער אָּיָה Syr. aph. בּיבער אָיָה אָרָה אָרְ

א kheshm, AV. 91,6. s. anger, rage, wrath, fury, indignation; see אונים khêshm.

Z. **Green** ashem, Hn. 1, 11, 13. s. n. nom. truth, piety, righteousness; the first word of the sacred ashem-vohû formula of the Parsis; yasharûîsh in Pahlavî.

ashem-vohûk, Hn. 1, 3, 9, 16, 18, 23, 26, 28, 33, 35a, 38a. s. the sacred formula which is most frequently recited by the Parsis; it is so called from its first two words, and is as follows:

Ashem vohû vahishten astî, ushtû astî; ushtû ahmûi hyad ushûi vahishtûi ashem. This formula may be translated thus:

'Righteousness is the best good,

a blessing it is; a blessing be to that

شوب âshûp, AV. 1,12. s. confusion, tumult, disorder, discord, disturbance. Pers. آشوب.

ינישליש âshûftkârîh, Dk. 450, 6. s. disturbance, turbulence, rioting, devastation, ravages. א מעליש âshûft (Pers. א בעל א -îh. 7,626

പ്രോഗം ashnuvêd, pres. 3d sing. of വ്യാഗ്രം ashnûdanö. ട്വില്യാം ashnûvand, pres. 3d pl. of വ്യാസം ashnûdanö.

ງມ -âk, adj. suf. affixed to crude verbs to form adjectives with the meaning of present participles; see ງມອງ bûrzâk, ງມຸບາງ tûkhshâk, ງມຸງ rûbâk, ງມຸງ sazâk, ງມຸຊາບ sôjâk, ງມຸງເວີ dânâk, etc. Sometimes affixed to substantives. Pers.

الموسلا  $ak\hat{a}r$ , GF. 4, 18, 27. adj. inactive, ineffective, inefficient, inoperative, inert, impotent, powerless, useless, extinct. Priv. ع a-+ مولا kar.

שפעט âkâs, AV. 101, 20. adj. aware, intelligent, acquainted, knowing, attentive; see מֿתו שפעט dînô-âkâs. Pers. هَا كُاءَ.

شوسون عن âkâsîh, AV. 1, 24. Dk. 145, 7. 151, s. s. intelligence, at-

tention, understanding, knowledge; see - tars-âkâsîh. — tars-âkâsîh. + abst. suf. - îh; Pers. عالم المراب ا

יי מוערט מּגּעני âkâsyîsh, Dk. 149, 6. adv. intelligently, attentively, judiciously. שניעט âkâs + adv. suf. -yīsh.

uncoveting. Priv. ه موجود سره و بالم الموجود سره و المرادة بالمرة المرادة بالمردة المردة الم

مه akaraz, AV. 4, 22. 11, 4. 17, 2, 13. 18, 4. 32, 5. 53, 9. 54, 4. 70, 7. GF. 2, 32, 36. 3, 4, 48. Hu. 2, 21, 24. 3, 20. adv. ever, always, perpetually, continually; always used with a negative, except in the translations from the Avesta. Comp. Pers.

ענעקוש akdînôih, or akdênôih, see ענעקוש.

ه هاه ه akankhtanö, v. to hook, to suspend, to hang; past part. اکوج آ رُفیج akankht, AV. 24, 2. 37, 2. Comp. Pers. آکوج آ رُفیج ، آگوج ، اگوج ، گوج ، گوج ، اگوج ، گوج ، گوج ، اگوج ، گوج ، گوج ، گوج ، اگوج ، گوج ، گ

مورسلو کی مارسلو پر اسلام akunârak, adj. unlimited, boundless, infinite; علی مارسلو های مارسلو های

אף אוניפאן akôraz, AV. 11, 4. in K20, K26; a variant of אף מון מון akûstanő, v. to tie, to bind, to fasten, to chain, to fetter; past part. אוניפאן akûst, AV. 69, 3. 74, 1. Comp. Pers. אוניפאן, 'bound', or 'לשודע' 'to seize'.

יסי מליים מ

p. 8, 3.) and is read vayô (Z. לשננג), being a synonym of Pers. טח; but as this latter word also means 'a moment, or period of time' (in and and and and and and compared with Chald. ינהן), it is possible that און may likewise be read vayô when it means 'time'. The word און 'time' may, however, be connected with the Huz. און vidanâ 'time', in which case it should be read vidan, and compared with Chald.

س am, AV. 65, 4, 8, 9. 78, 4. s. a mother. Heb. Chald. الله Syr. كار As. ummu, Ar. أما or أما .

שי ham, AV. 52, 7. IIn. 3, 3. adj. and adv. the same, equally, alike, likewise, together, mutual, (for compounds see in alphabetical order). Pers. בא, Z. באש, בשני, or באש, or באש, anc. P. hama; Sans. sam, or sama.

see 3 marand, AV. 4, 7. 5, 3. adj. strong, powerful, mighty; see 3 marand. The reduplication of the medial w a appears unnecessary.

99, 5. 32, 34, 45, 47, 2. 54, 4. 60, 7. 68, 15. 101, 15, 24, 25. GF. 2, 12, 67. 3, 21, 64. 4, 1, 15, 18, 22. 5, 6. Hn. 1, 2, 6. Dk. 150, 1, 12. 151, 11, 13. 152, 1, 3. adj. all, every, the whole. Pers. x.s., anc. P. hama, Z. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_, Sans. sama. Often substituted for \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ hamâî in K20, as in AV. 7, 2. 15, 19. 3. 20-22, 2. etc.

այիս գոր hamâk-khvârîh, AV. 10, 1. 15, 21. adj. all-glorious, all-radiant. գոր hamâk + ամար khvârîh.

դարա humânak, AV. 36, 3. in H6, K26, K26; GF. 2, 55. in K26; a variant of դարաքա hûmânak.

விக்கும் amahraspend (trad. amhűspend) s.; pl. நடுவதைய am-ahraspendân, AV. 3, s. அருளையு amahraspendânö, Dk. 444, 2. the

ameshaspends, or archangels; variants of ameshospend and meshospendan. The medial w is probably merely a miswriting of meshospendan, although common in many MSS.

որար amavand, AV. 12,4. IIn. 2,28. adj. strong, powerful, mighty; see 3րար amavand. Z. acc. գլտարույագու

power, might. Spup amâvandîh, AV. 12, 15. 14, s. 15, 13. Hn. 1, s. s. strength, power, might.

- μυβλημμ amávandyísh, AV. 15, 20. in K20, adv. strongly, powerfully, mightily; substituted for μυβλημο hômandyísh. λημμ amávand + adv. suf. μυβλημο -yísh.

אַר ham-aêtûn, GF. 2, 15. adv. in like manner, so also, for the same reason. שור ham + אינונים aêtûn; Pers מבגענים.

ham-budík, Dk. 144, 1. adj. coexistent, simultaneous, in-herent. به ham + م bud (Pers. بنر, or بر) + adj. suf. ع-îk. Neither the reading, nor the meaning, is quite certain.

κτρ humat, adj. used as a s. what is well-thought, a good thought; see κτιορ dûsh-humat. A variant of κτρ hûmat.

(to, for, by, or through) thee; when (as, or though) thee, amat + pron. suf. ~ -at of 2d pers. sing.

though even. Rep amat + q -ich.

The matchan, AV. 2, 4. 4, 9. 12, 16. 14, 15, 20. 15, is. 17, 2. GF. 2, 12, 13. 3, 44, 51. IIn. 2, 28, 32. Invocum amatchano, GF. 3, 58, 58, 88. adv. with suf. when (as, or though) of (to, for, by, or through) them; when (as, or though) their, or them. The amat + pron. suf. pro-shan of 3d pers. pl.

when (as, or though) of (to, for, by, or through) me; when (as, or though) my, or me. Rumant + pron. suf. G-am of 1st pers. sing.

adv. with suf. when (as, or though) of (to, for, by, or through) us; when, (as, or though) our, or us. Ry umat + pron. suf. put -mân of 1st pers. pl.

+ c -ich.

pust ham-zamân, pust ham-zamânö, in the adv. phrase no pust pavan ham-zamân, GF. 1, 13. 3, 81, 85. pust no pavan ham-zamânö, GF. 3, 60, 61, 68, 83. 4, 2, 9, 19, 27. at the same time, at once, immediately, simultaneously. pham + pust zamân.

αcquiescent. Ψ ham + ωρο dina; Paz. syn. μητηγεύψ ham-dadistan.

າງວົນ ham-dinô, or ham-dênô, AV. 101, 18. of the same religion, having the same form of worship. ພ ham + ງາວົ dinô; Z. . ຊີເພຍຍ -ພາງປະຊຸມອຸງ.

ທາງເປັນ p. Dk. 151, s-o. probably for ກາງກອງບຸກ ham-yaît-yuntanö, s. bringing together, combination, union. p. ham + - ອາວ ກອງ yaîtyûntanö.

ພາຍາເບລົ້າ ham-dâdistân, AV. 2, 20. ກາງເຄາເບລິ້າ ham-dâdistânö, N. 78, 9. adj. of the same opinion, unanimous, acquiescent, consenting. ມາ ham + ພາຍາເຄວີ dâdistân; Huz. syn. ພາລົ້າ ham-dinâ.

cence, concurrence, consent. when the ham-dadistân + abst. suf. - ih.

ameshôspend, AV. 58, 6. s. an ameshâspend, immortal benefactor, or archangel; one of the seven principal good spirits whose

chief duty is the preservation of the universe, and whose names are:

— μέρμμ Λûharmazd (who being the creator, is usually mentioned separately from the other six), έρμη Vohûman, τουμφω Ardavahisht (Z. asha vahishta), γρητου Shatvêrô; τοθρίωυ Spendarmad, τουμφ Horvadad, and τοι μ Amerôdad; see Διωρφω ameshôspend and Δημομφω amahraspend. Pl. μόρωμομ ameshôspendân, AV. 3, 21. 5, 11. 11, 2, 15. GF. 2, 59. 4, 25. γρόρωμομ ameshôspendânö, GF. 1, 25. Z. nom. acc. pl. — μομείων . εμμοίω; Pâz. ameshâspend; Pers. υπωλικό, οτ υπωλικό.

இறையு ameshôspend, AV. 11, 1. GF. 2, 78. s. see the preceding; pl. அப்பையு ameshôspendán, AV. 3, 21. 5, 10, 12. 101, 8. GF. 2, 55, 57. அப்பையு ameshôspendánö; GF. 1, 18, 19.

hamak, see bar-hamak.

ארשי שׁ מּמּמּגּאוּל amūkhtanŏ, v. to teach, to instruct, to learn; past part. פּט שְּ מּמּמּגּאוּל AV. 68,19. see also שִּ שִּ אַ אַ גּאָמּף -âmūkht and פּט מְלְיט מּלְילֹ dūsh-âmūkht. Pers. וֹסְבְּבֹּבׁה ; Iluz. syn. אוויסון alpūntanŏ.

الم الم hamvar, AV. 38, 6. adv. at all times, always, constantly, continually. Pers. هموار , or هموار .

الموزاندن مار amūzānidano, AV. 68, 24. v. to make teach, or learn; to teach. Pers. آموزاندن , or آموزاندن.

(erd. of Pers. مرزيك ) + abst. suf. -ishn; Pers. آمرزيك ) - أمرزيك )

forgiving, merciful. Comp. In description of the de

of a forgiver, more merciful, more compassionate. From المُرزيدن شسَنَاء amūrzīdano (Pers. آمُرزيدن).

yôn, s. every kind, all sorts, everything; and hamô-kunich, Dk. 150, s. every kind also. hamô (Pers. a., xa, 'all', anc. P. hama, Z. Lew, Sans. sama) + 19 kun (= 19 gûn, 'kind, sort'). The same word might be taken as an adj. 'of the same kind, alike, similar', but it must be a s. in Dk. 150, 5, 12. as it is followed by an idhâfat; and the Pâz. hamôîn appears to be merely a misreading of it.

אר Amerôdad, AV. 3, 21. 23, 6, 8. 72, 5. GF. 6, 1. Hn. 1, 13. pr. n, the ameshåspend, or archangel, who is said to have special charge of vegetation, and is styled har-hômandtar, 'the more fruitful', as he supplies herds of cattle (H6 extra fol. 10-11); his name is applied to the fifth month and seventh day of each month in the Parsi year.

Z. nom. du. שמשע 'immortality', Pâz. Amerdâd, امرداد,

אשרי אווו. IIn. 1, 35a. s. pl. the departed souls whose sins and good works have been exactly equal, and who are supposed to remain stationary, till the day of judgment, in an intermediate place between heaven and hell; the term hamîstakân, 'the stationary', is also applied to the locality itself in some cases. when ham istakân is itself in some cases. when ham istakân is itself in some cases. when ham istakân is itself in some cases. when ham is itself in some cases. It has itself in some cases. It has it has itself in some cases. It has itself in some cases. It has it has it has it has it has it has itself in some cases. It has i

مبود hamishak, adv. always, ever, continually, perpetually, constantly. Pers. عميشه

ατο γωμ hamîshak-sôj, AV. 2, 32. adj. ever-burning. γωμμ hamîshak + ατο sôj.

אין ועסן ham-yekavîmûnâd, AV. 6, 2. adj. standing fogether; in the adv. phrase שונון ועסן pavan ham-yekavîmûnâd, in the

արկա ham-damân, GF. 3, s1. յամա ham-damânö, GF. 3, s8. in K20. variants of աչար ham-zamân and յամա հատ-zamânö.

אַשְעוּ hamînô, N. 77, יו. 126, ה. s. summer; the summer time, the hot season. Z. שנים, or בונה אינונים אינונ

אַשְעוּף ham-gûnak, AV. 2, 23. GF. 3, 76. adj. and adv. of a like kind, similar, alike, such; so, accordingly; אַשְעוּף אָשָּ pavan ham-gûnak, AV. 101, 25. in such a mode, in like manner, similarly. אָשָּ ham + אַיף gûnak; Sas. 23{2>05 ham-gûnakî.

 $\mu$  an-, a privative particle used for  $\mu$ -a before vowels and  $\mu$  s. Z. -  $\{\mu$ , Sans. an-, Gr.  $\alpha$ r-.

w an, pron, that, that one, those; he, she, it, him, her, they, them; see 12 w anicho and 1 w ano.

inanimate objects, and with adjectives used as substantives; it is also added to the pron. suffixes to form their plurals. Sas. عن -ân, Pers. من \_\_\_\_, As. emph. pl. suf. -ânu, -âni, -âna. The suf. عن -îhâ is also used to form the pl. of a few nouns.

ա -ân, ya -ânŏ, patron. suf. affixed to proper names to form patronymical adjectives; see արքատ Aûharmazdân, յասաքատ Aûharmazdakânŏ, յաստա Pâpakânŏ, ազայայի S Zaratûhashtân, անյապան Mârspendân, յասագայ Vishtâspânŏ, etc.

أرب hû-, adv. pref. well, good, right, proper, opp. of مرب dûsh-;

see compounds in alphabetical order. Anc. P. u-, Z. به Sans. su-, Gr. sv-. Sometimes ما لا لا khūp (Pers. خوب) is substituted for this prefix.

שני anâ, or hanâ, IIn. 2, 21, 27, 32. 3, 20. Dk. 145, 3. pron. this; used as interj. GF. 3, 82. Hn. 2, 26. this is it! lo! behold!; in AV. 54, 10. שני anâ may be substituted for ש aê. or khad, 'one', or it may mean 'time, period' (see the next word); שני anâ rât, AV. 68, 6. on account of this, for this reason, because; שני pavan anâ, AV. 53, 5. 54, 8. 64, 10. in this way, thus, because; שני בא בא anâ, Hn. 2, 28. appears to stand for בא בא בא akât, 'another', comp. א בא בא בא המח, IIn. 2, 20. Z. inst. sing. m. n. שני, or שני, but as it is a Huz. word, whose Pâz, syn. is ē, it is probably Semitic, comp. Heb. Chald. הוא יהוא להבי, יהוא יהוא מוף 'this, these, there! lo! behold!'; Heb. הוא יהוא 'behold!'; Syr. בא באר ביה. — שוא anâ, 'this', and ש aê, or khad, 'one', being both expressed by the Pâz. syn. ē, are sometimes confounded by the writers of MSS.

שעש and, GF. 1, 2. s. time, period, occasion. Ar. אָנָה; comp. Heb. Chald. עונָה, Chald. עונָה 'stated period (for cohabitation)'. This word can hardly be a miswriting of שעש anbâm, or ישעש vidanâ, as it occurs also in Dk., see H<sub>130</sub>, p. 343, 14, 15.

a variant of سربو IIn. 1, 28. in K20.

سرس khvap, or khvab, IIn. 1,10,23,28. s. sleep, slumber. Pers. مراب, or خوار, Z. سرس Sans. svapna. The final stands for either w, or س.

كبريد لامريد لامريد لامريد khvâhar, s. a sister; pl. مريد khvâharân, AV. 2, 11.
Pers. خواهز, or خواهز, Z. acc. وإسريسه, Sans. svasri.

ີ່ ກັບບານ khvahênd, pres. 3d pl. of ທຸງຄາມານ khvastano.

ກາຄວາງຄວາມ hankhetûnâḍanŏ, or ກາຄງຖອນພ hankhetûntanŏ (trad anâtûnatan) v. to put, to place, to set, to deposit, to lay; past part. ຕາງຄວາມ hankhetûnâḍ, AV. 1, 7. 10, 12. 94, 1. ຄວາງຄວາມ ຜູ້ madam hankhetûnâḍ, AV. 31, 2. placed upon, laid upon, ຖວາງຄວາມ ຜູ້ yîn hankhetûnâḍ, AV. 31, 2. placed upon, laid upon, ຖວາງຄວາມ ຜູ້ yîn hankhetûnâḍ, AV. 34, 7. put in, introduced, fixed; pret. ຄວາງຄວາມ hankhetûnâḍ, AV. 10, 9, 14.; pres. 1st sing. ອາງຄວາມ ພາຍ frâz hankhetûnam, AV. 7-10, 1. I put forth, I stretch forth; pres. 3d sing. ຄວາງຄວາມ hankhetûnâḍ, GF. 2, 20, 22. 3, 39, 40.; pres. 3d pl. ລາງຄວາມ hankhetûnd, AV. 51, 1. 85, 3. Sas. [2[55]5]5 hankhetûn, Heb. hiph. ກາລຸກ 'thrust down', Chald. aph. ກາລຸກ, Syr. aph. ໂລ້ງ; Pâz. syn. ກາຄâḍanŏ, whose term. ກາຊວ -âḍanŏ is often adopted by its Huz. equivalent.

າງວັນພາ hû-afrank, AV. 14, s. adj. well-ornamented, well-decorated, much adorned. ພາ hû- + ງວັນ afrank.

און און און khvâr, GF. 2, 42, 48. adj. I.) easy, facile, comfortable; see אין אויף dûsh-khvâr. II.) (sometimes) radiant, glorious. Comp. אין אויף khvârtar, AV. 6, 8. 16, 10. I. Pers. خوار. II. Z. און אויף.

אינטשעטער khvârîh, s. I.) ease, comfort; see אינטשעטער dûsh-khvârîh. II.) AV. 5, ז. radiance, glory; see אינטשעטער hamûk-khvârîh and howarîh. אינטשעטער dûsh-khvârîh. אינטשעטער dûsh-khvârîh. אינטשעטער dûsh-khvârîh. אינטשעטער dûsh-khvârîh. אינטשעטער

אין אויף khvâryîsh, AV. 5, 2. 16, 4. 18, 14. adv. I.) easily, comfortably. II.) radiantly, gloriously. אין khvâr + adv. suf. אין -yîsh.

שעובטעט anâsânîh, Hn. 3, 5. s. disquietude, uneasiness, discomfort. Priv. או an- + שו âsânîh.

יות anâst, AV. 40, 55, 6. 90, 97, 4. GF. 3, 29. s. dispraise, irreverence, profanity. Priv. א מח- + א מניפאר âst (Pers. آست, or آست, or יףraise'); comp. Z. שנישאוש. This word is usually associated with some other noun meaning 'falsehood', and it can itself be read arâst, 'untrue', but in that ease, it would be properly an adj.

բայար khvást, p. p. of յրթայար khvástanö.

ໃນງອງມາພຸ khvástár, s. a demander, an entreater, a petitioner, a suitor, an applicant; pl. ພາມງອງມາພຸ khvástárán, AV. 91, s. see also ພາມງອງມາພຸ ມີຊຸ vajír-khvástárán. From ກາງອງມາພຸ khvástanő; Pers. ລ້ວງພາກັນ.

169/1691m anastaréto, see 169/1691m anoastaréto.

אינונאס און אינונאס khvåstanö, v. to wish, to will, to desire, to want, to require, to demand, to summon, to solicit, to beg, to petition, to entreat, to implore; past part. אינונאס khvåst, AV. 1, 21.; pres. 3d pl. אינונאס khvåhênd, IIn. 2, 35. Pers. خواستن bavîhûnastanö.

profanely; pl. used as a s. which resum anast-gubishnan, AV. 90,4. irreverent speakers. Tempo anast + may gubishnan.

ארנים anashtih, AV. 1, 10. s. discord, strife, enmity. Priv. w an- + אונים ashtih.

anak, GF. 3, 63. adj. evil, vile, wicked, mischievous. Comp. Pers. ناك 'adulterated, polluted'.

عرسوس anâkîh, AV. 5, 8, 10. 16, 12. 17, 2, 8, 9. 31, 3. 55, 1. 61, 7. 68, 21. GF. 2, 9. IIn. 3, 36. s. evil, harm, mischief, brutality, torment, distress, misfortune; see بورد مرسوس  $p\hat{u}r$ -anâkîh and برد مرسوس  $p\hat{u}r$ -anâkîh. مرسوس  $p\hat{u}r$ - $p\hat{u}r$ -

λυριο ομμο anak-kardar, AV. 1, s. adj. evil-doing, mischief-causing, devastating. 

ομμο anak+λνομο kardar.

مرس anâmurz, AV. 28, 6. adj. unforgiving, pitiless, unmerciful. Priv. به ماريدن amurz (erd. of Pers. آمريدن).

איש anâmûrz, AV. 28, 6. in II17, a variant of the preceding.

שנשקש Aûharmazd (trad. Anhômâ) AV. 3, 21. 4, 35. 5, 10, 12. 10, 6, 11. 11, 2, 6. 12, 4, 8. 13, 5. 17, 13. 98, 6. 100, 8. 101, 3, 4, 7, 10, 12. GF. 2, 17, 20, 23, 26, 55, 57. 4, 19, 25. IIn. 1, 1, 3, 12, 17, 22, 27, 32, 37. 2, 1, 3, 5, 10, 29, 32, 37. 3, 3, 4. Dk. 150, 2. pr. n. the creator of all good, who permits the existence of evil, produced by the influence of the evil spirit, Akharman, for only a limited period; he is also considered the chief of the ameshaspends, or archangels, and is styled house dadartar, the more creative' (Ha extra fol. 11); his name is applied to the planet Jupiter, and to the first day of each Parsi month, while the 8th, 15th, and 23d days of the month are dedicated to him as the creative being. Also the name of several kings of the Sasanian dynasty, and still common among the Parsis. שמשקשונ աթթ. Aûharmazd-i khûdâî, GF. 3, 72, 79, 85. - աթթ. - ագրթ Aûharmazd khûdûî, AV. 3, s. Aûharmazd the ruler, or lord; שמש שני אוני אין אוייני אייני dâdâr Aûharmazd, AV. 17, 7. 61, 6. 101, 13, 26. the creator Aûharmazd. Sas. 7350282 Aûharmazdî, anc. P. Aûramazdâ, Z. inst. ענשולע. , مورمزن , أرمز , أرمز , اورمزن , Pers. اورمزن , اورمزن , nom. ahurô mazdâo, عرمز , هرمز , هرمز , or غرمز ; comp. Sans. asura, which in the Veda is an epithet applied to the gods. The final -w is either a contraction of

and successful and su

μυτομο Aûharmazdân, Dk. 151, 13. ημυτομο Aûharmazdânö, Dk. 144, 8. patron. adj. the Aûharmazdan; the son, or descendant, of Aûharmazd. — τρομο Aûharmazd + patron. suf. μ -ân.

ຂອບົ້ວມຽນພຸນ Aûharmazd-dâḍ, IIn. 1,6,36. ກອງບົ້ວມຽນພຸນ Aûharmazd mazd-dâtô, AV. 4,7. adj. created by Aûharmazd. ມວງພຸນ Aûharmazd + ຊອບົ dâḍ (p.p. of ກຸຊອບົ dâḍanŏ, II.), Z. ມດພອງມຽມຮຸ.

1)μομεγυρυ Aûharmazdakânö, GF. 6, 4. adj. a variant of γυρεγυρυ Aûharmazdân.

Aûharmazd-ôm, IIn. 1,5. the Pâz. equivalent of the Huz. Εξην μεργγν Αûharmazd hômanam, AV. 101,7. (I who) am Aûharmazd.

CF anaûmêd, GF. 4, 23. Hn. 3, 4. adj. hopeless, desponding, despairing. Priv. μ an- + εεξμ aûmêd.

אין אין אין אין אין אין khvahîshn, AV. 53, 6. s. wishing, begging, a request, an entreaty, a petition. אין אין khvah (crd. of אין khvâstanŏ) + abst. suf. אין אין הואס אין אין אין הואס, or בֿרָאָּשִׁ.

3 μ μοωμ khvahíshn-hômand, IIn. 3, 35. adj. desire-supplied, wishful, concupiscent. μωμω khvahíshn + pos. suf. 3 μ hômand.

אין אין אינובאין khvahîshnmand, IIn. 2, 35. adj. a variant of the preceding. אין khvahîshn + pos. suf. 36 -mand.

tempered.  $\mu h\hat{u}$ -khîm, AV. 85, 6. adj. well-disposed, good-natured, good-tempered.  $\mu h\hat{u}$ - +  $\mu u$  khîm; Pâz.  $h\hat{u}$ -hîm.

مرس anbâr, AV. 31, 7. s. a heap, a collection, a store, a stock.

Pers. انباز, Z. ويبار, Z. ويبار, Z. ويبار

anbâm, AV. 1, 25. 15, 6. s. time, period, age, season;

מוֹלֶם anbâm anbâm, Dk. 141, 5. various times. Comp. Heb. עוֹלֶם, Chald. בְּלֵבֶּם, Syr. בְּלֵבֵּם, see Pahl.-Pâz. Glos. p. 61; but it is not certain that it is a Semitic word, as it may be merely a variant of שנש ב שנש hangâm.

שנטע aûbash, AV. 67, 7. 68, 24. GF. 3, 4. prep. with suf. to (unto, for, before, or concerning) him, her, or it. אונצטני (ערנוג) + pron. suf. ש-ash of 3d pers. sing.; Pâz. havash.

written مراويد khûbîh, AV. 4,12. s. goodness, pleasantness, enjoyment; دخوبی.

erudite; pl. used as a s. אונטען khûb-dân, Dk. 144,1. Pers. בֹּרָיִי + אָשָׁ dân (crd. of אַמְנָאָשָׁהְ dânistanŏ). This reading is doubtful, as the form cited may be a miswriting of אונטענען hû-gûbishnân, 'the well-speaking'.

אַרָּטּ, AV. 15, 21. אַרָּטּ, AV. 3, 19. 1, 25. 3אַרָּשּׁ אַרּ  $b\hat{o}d$ , IIn. 2, 20, 26, 27. adj. well-smelling, sweet-scented, perfumed, fragrant, savory; comp. אָרָשָּׁיִשְּׁ אַרְּ-bôdtar, IIn. 2, 21.; sup. Are super hâ-bôdtâm, IIn. 2, 20. -- אי hâ- + אַרָּ bô, אַרָּ bôi, or 3אַרָ bôd; 2. אַרַשּׁרָשָּׁרָּ אַרָּ bôd.

مراوی  $h\hat{a}$ - $b\hat{o}\hat{i}\hat{i}h$ , AV.  $\tilde{o}$ ,  $\tau$ . s. sweet scent, perfume, fragrance, مرازد  $h\hat{a}$ - $b\hat{o}\hat{i}$  + abst. suf. بو -ih.

الم المروة المرابق ال

good government. ພາ hit- + ພາກແລກສາຍ pådakhshåhih.

முயு அமை  $kh\hat{u}p$ - $\hat{a}m\hat{u}kht$ , Hn. 2,39. adj. well-instructed, well-informed. அமை  $kh\hat{u}p$  + மூயு  $\hat{a}m\hat{u}kht$  (p. p. of நுமையு  $\hat{a}m\hat{u}kht$ anő.)

λουμ khûptar, comp. of eyu khûp.

າງຕາກອອງພ aûftînîdanö, v. to make fall, to throw down; fut. 3<sup>4</sup> pl. ອົງກຸດອງພ ພາງ barâ aûftînand, AV. 2, 12. Caus. of ກຸດວາດອງພ aûftâdanö.

المون المون

عربي Hû-parsh, GF. 3, 36, 40, 47, 49, 53, 60, 61. pr. n. the sister of Gôsht-i Fryânô, and wife of Akht the sorcerer. Pârsî هرورش, or هرورش, or but this reading wants confirmation, and perhaps  $H\hat{u}$ -fryâ, 'the well-beloved', would be preferable.

ravado, Dk. 145, ε. variants of the following. μ hû- + κλυ fravado.

vardő, Dk. 144, 6. adj. having an excellent fravashi, spiritual counterpart, or guardian angel; a term of respect applied to deceased persons; blessed. whi-+ plant fravard.

າງການຍຸພ aûpastano, v. to fall, to drop; past part. ການອຸພ aûpast,

AV. 93, 1.; pret. renew aûpast, AV. 43, 2.\* See meren aûstâ-danö; and perhaps this verb, which is also traditionally pronounced hûpastan, might be better read aûstâdanö; Isuz. syn. mestân-astanö, or nestânîdanö.

ejy khûp-kard, AV. 14, s. adj. well-made, well-constructed. By  $kh\hat{u}p + p_{19}$  kard (p. p. of 19019 kardanő).

คายาย  $h\hat{u}$ - $p\hat{o}kht$ , AV. 3, 19. adj. well-cooked. พ  $h\hat{u}$ - + คาย  $p\hat{o}kht$  (p. p. of กุระบุย  $p\hat{o}kht$ anö).

Prey) ej khûp-vastard, AV. 14, 20. adj. well-clothed, well-draped, well-carpeted. ej khûp + Aren vastard (p. p. of inform) vastardanö).

personal pron.); see μανω ων khûd-pêdák. Pers. Ξ, Ζ. ζωμν, Sans. svatas.

-μομ khûdâ, AV. 1,13. s. a ruler, a sovereign, a monarch, a lord, a master; see -μομφ raḍ-khûdâ; pl. μυρμ khûdâân, sec -909 μυρμ kadak-khûdâân. Pers. ω΄. More commonly written -μομ khûdâî.

3 μομομο khûdâ-hômand, AV. 1, 20. adj. having a master, subdued, loyal, obedient. μομο khûdâ + pos. suf. 3 μομο hômand.

λωμω khūdāîh, AV. 1,6. s. rule, sovereignty, monarchy, empire, lordship; see κhūdāyîh. — ωρω khūdā + abst. suf. - ih.

Sewupp Artakhshatar, see Sewuppp Artôkhshatar.

<sup>\*</sup> This sentence may be more literally translated: 'who fell at the feet of several children, and ever screamed'.

այեւ արև Artakhshatarán, see յայեւ արկա Arčtakhshataránő. արաթա khûdáyán, pl. of արթա khûdái.

سموسو  $h\hat{u}$ - $t\hat{a}k$ , AV. 55, s. adj. well-flowing, quick-running, rapid.  $t\hat{u}k$  (Z. مسوسے; Pers. تکیدن, crd. of تکیدن; comp. تاختن

سوس khûdâî, AV. 3, s. GF. 3, 34, 72, 79, 85. s. an autocrat, a ruler, a sovereign, a monarch, a lord, a master; see المرابع rad-khûdâî and المرابع arad-khûdâî; pl. אָשָּטְשְׁשָּׁ khûdâyân, AV. 12, 14. 14, 19. 99, 9, 10. see also שְּטַשְׁשִׁשׁ אָפָע kadak-khûdâyân. Pers. خندای , Z. المرابع. Sometimes written المرابع khûdâ.

يرم سوس , or برم برم , khûdâyîh, AV. 7, s. Dk. 144, s, 10. 145, 4. s. rule, sovereignty, monarchy, empire, reign, lordship; see برم برم يا لله لله khûdâîh. — باله khûdâîh. — باله khûdâîh. — باله khûdâîh. فدائي -îh; Pers. فدائي .

၅။၉၁၅ ဇာမှာ  $kh\hat{u}d$  –  $p\hat{c}d\hat{a}k$ , GF. 2, 40. adj. self-evident. ဇာမှာ  $kh\hat{u}d$  + နာမှာများ  $p\hat{c}d\hat{a}k$ .

אפןעטקא Artôkhshatar, Dk. 150, 11. pr. n. the first king of the Sasanian dynasty, who reigned A.D. 226-240; also written ארנטשטע Artakhshatar, ארנטשטע and ארנאאראהאלא ארנערטע Artakhshatar, or Ardakhshâtr; other kings of the same dynasty, as well as some of the Achæmenians, bore the same name. Sas. 2722 ארנטשטע Artakhshatar, anc. P. Artakhshathrâ (Z. arcta + khshathra), Pers. אנטשטע, Gr. ארנטשטע,

+ pat. The reading is uncertain.

ໃນວຸນ hû-chîhar, adj. well-faced, handsome, beautiful; comp.

1 μυς hû-chîhartar, ΑΥ. 4, 22. — μ hû- + λυς chîhar.

-υομος μ hû-chashmyîsh, AV. 91, 5. adv. with a kind eye, with a good aspect, favorably, propitiously, indulgently. μ hû- + μος chashm + adv. suf. -υο -yîsh.

μ ânichŏ, Dk. 152, 4. pron. with conj. those also, them also,  $\hat{a}n + 1$  $\alpha$  -ichŏ.

שלש avlā, AV. 3,15. 4,2. in K20, substituted for אול avlā, AV. 3,15. 4,2. in K20, substituted for אול מער fratām; adj. first, primary. Chald. אַוּלְאָא, אַרְלָא, Ar. בּבּרָלָּ, צַבָּרָּ, צַבָּרָּ, צַבָּרָּ, Pâz. syn.

خررى khûrdîk, AV. 3, 19. s. broth, soup. Pers. خررى . The form of the word is that of an adj. from hhûrd (Pers. خرره 'meat') meaning 'belonging to, or extracted from, meat, or food'.

ير المادي الماد

خرم khûram, AV. 3, 4, 5. adj. joyful, glad, chcerful, delighted; comp. مخرم khûramtar, AV. 4, 14. Pers. خرم, or خرم; Z. hu + ram.

لله khûramîh, AV. 5, 7. s. joyfulness, gladness, cheerfulness, delight. المناس khûram + abst. suf. عن -îh; Pers. خرّمي.

المورد من المورد المور

אין אינענו אינעמח, AV. 26, 33, 63, 79, 2. 81, 97, 1. Dk. 149, 4. 150, 7. און אינענו אינעמחס, AV. 90, 96, 1. GF. 3, 30. s. the tongue; a language, speech. Z. ינישור אינער, אינען, אייען, אינען, אינען

של בלען aûzayerînô, N. 77, s. s. the Uzayêirina Gâh, or period of the day, which lasts from 3 P. M. till dusk. Z. ענגנאנלגןעב.

א שענאס khûst, GF. 1,3,8. s. a beaten road, a trodden track, a highway. Pers. خوست

אינאסעש aûstâḍ, GF. 6, 5. s. a teacher, a preceptor, a tutor, a master. Pers. استاد, or استاد.

عبري مثانة aûsturdak, AV. 47, 2. p. p. used as adj. shaven, shaved. Pers. استره عنداً.

אוור האניפאן שניפאן און hûstovûr, or aûstovûr, ailj. strong, firm, secure, steadfast, constant, faithful, trusty; pl. used as a s. אינפאן און hûstovûrûn, AV. 15, 16. Pers. איז שני אוור אינין, or איז איינין, perhaps איינין אינין, אוויין אוור אוויין, (Sans. sthûvara).

אין אין אין hûstóbûr, or aûstóbûr, GF. 2,61. adj. see the preceding. Huz. syn. אולים sharirû.

aûsturdak. AV. 47, 2. in K20, a variant of grant of grant

ورس = سرق which see in alphabetical order.

புறைய ansipâs, AV. 61, 6. adj. unthankful, ungrateful. Priv. ய an- + புறை sipâs.

سود الله hû-srôb, adj. well-famed, well spoken of, of good repute,

שמטע = שמנטע, which see in alphabetical order.

sikâl. Perhaps مو المؤلفة sikâl. Perhaps مو المثانية المثلاث المثلاث

an offering up with prayer, or consecration, probably of food to some spiritual being; the word occurs several times in the Nîrangistân, but without explanation, and is occasionally written without explanation, and is occasionally written and is occasionally written and is occasionally written.

າງເວົ້າພ hû-dînô, Hn. 2, 25, 27, 38. adj. of good religion, ritualistic, religious, godly. ພ hû- + ງາຕົ dinô; Z. ພາໃນພຸຊາຍ.

שנט khûsh, AV. 2, 26. adj. and adv. pleasant, agreeable, delightful, sweet, good, well; עני אי khûsh va basim, AV. 3, 18. well and good. Pers. בֹּתָה, or בֹּהָה; comp. Z. nom. בֹּלָה; Huz. syn. שני basîm.

אינט hûsh, GF. 3, 84. s. the understanding, intellect, sense, consciousness. Pers. אפיים, or משונ , צ. משונ .

مون «iôsh, GF. 4,23. s. destruction, ruin, perdition, death. Z. بعد المنطق بعد بالمناء بالمناء بالمناء والمناء بالمناء بالمنا

אפטטשש Dk. 151, s. for אפטטשש andâkhtană, v. to collect, to accumulate, to amass, to gather together; see אויעסאן andôkhtană; (this Pahl. verb has rarely the meaning of Pers. انداختن). Pers.

עטיינש aûshbûm (trad. hôshbûm) AV. 4,15. Hn. 2,18. 3,17. 8. daybreak, the dawn. Z. (Sans. usha) + (Pers. بام).

אונטיט andakhtanö, v. to throw, to cast, to hurl; pret. מענטיש andakht, AV. 49,3. The MSS. have אונטיט (for אונטיט (for אונטיט (for אונטיט), and the text can be read andakhtand, afshân, etc. Pers. ויטובידיע.

collection of metrical verses (Yas. 43-46), so called from its beginning with the word ushtâ. Z. אנאסאנענטנט.

າງພວຍວ່າ andâzishnŏ, Dk. 144, າ. s. a conjecture, an estimate, an opinion. ອວງພ andâz (crd. of ງງຊອຍວົງພ andâzídanŏ) + abst. suf. - ishnŏ.

andâzak, AV. 27, 5. s. a measuring rod, a linear measure, a measure of length. Pers. اندازه.

אוניבטיש andâziḍanŏ, v. to put together, to conjecture, to estimate, to compute, to calculate, to measure, to weigh; comp. אוניבטיש andâziḍ, AV. 5, s. Pers. וויבוניבטיש.

سن مngârdanö, v. to enumerate, to recount, to repeat, to relate; pret. سن مngârd, AV. 3,21.; pres. 3<sup>d</sup> pl. مرقد مngârd, AV. 15,14. Pers. انگاریدن; Z. haňkere, Sans. saňskri.

אינטרט hûshyâryîsh, AV. 2, 31. adv. consciously, intelligently, whilst conscious. א אינטרטר hûshyâr (Pers. هٔ شیار , or هٔ شیار) + adv. suf. אינטר -yîsh.

سوب وي khûshkîh, AV. 18, 3. s. dryness, drought. مون وي khûshk با abst. suf. ب خشكي -îh; Pers. خشكي.

hangâm, AV. 15, 3. N. 76, 3. 77, 6. 126, 3. s. time, period,

season, hour. Pers. מוללום, or انگام; Pâz. ôgām; comp. Z. בענים, יwinter'; Huz. syn. שנטפר anbâm, which may, however, be merely a variant produced by writing שוש for שונש.

שלש andâm, AV. 19, 65, 88, 3. 30, 45, 2. 58, 5. s. a part of the body, a limb, a member. Pers. اندام, Z. שעש ; Iluz. syn. שעש ; hanâm, or anâm, which is probably a mere variant.

שנים מוגאים מוג

بومبرام khūshnūd, AV. 70, 1. adj. contented, satisfied, acquiescent, pleased. Pers. خشنود, خوشنود.

φυμογω khûshnûḍíh, AV. 13, s. s. contentment, satisfaction, acquiescence, pleasure. برهبره khûshnûḍ + abst. suf. ب -îh; Pers. منودى, or خوشنودى.

بن  $kh\hat{u}k$ , GF. 2, 49, 51. s. a pig, a hog, a sow. Pers. خوك, Z. Sans. sûkara. This word must not be confounded with the similarly-written بن  $kh\hat{u}k = \text{Pers}$ . خود 'a sister'.

שפונטיינ  $h\hat{u}$ - $k\hat{u}nishn$ , Hn. 2, 25, 27, 38. adj. well-doing, well-acting, well-performing, doing good deeds. או  $h\hat{u}$ - + און און  $k\hat{u}nishn$ ; Z. syn.

الم hôm, IIn. 1,18. s. the name of a plant, brought from Persia, whose juice, extracted by bruising it in a mortar and called

parāhôm, is tasted, as an essential rite, in the most solemn re'igious ceremonies of the Parsis; the Brahmans use another plant, with the equivalent name sôma, for a similar purpose. The word به hôm is also applied to the juice itself, and to a yazad, or angel, supposed to preside over it. Z. به Pers. معرم, Sans. soma.

(1) Hûm, or 2ûm, GF. 2, 17. 3, 92. num. second. II, or 2, + ord. suf. 41 -ûm.

hômâstö (trad. hûmast) N. 78, 1. s. (probably) some portion of a religious ritual, or ceremony. This word occurs frequently in N. and its meaning seems to be defined in the following passage  $(\mathrm{H_8},\ \mathrm{fol.}\ 54\ \mathrm{h})$ : ironth iron — ironi, that iron if iron there are (some) who utter part of a Yasht, that is, there are (some who) utter a hômâst'; one hômâst of the Visparad, one of the Hâdôkht, and two, ten and twelve hômâst (אָנטוּטָאָן), or are likewise mentioned. In the Pahl translation of Yasht 11,18. (L12, fol. 112 b) the first Yasht is said to be the Nâvar (); the uppermost, the Visparad; the middle, one hômâst of the Hâdôkht; the foremost, twelve hômâst (אייט און). In the Pahl.-Pâz. Glos. p. 23, the name of the 20th Nask is given as multiplet Rungu, which may be 'the twelve hômâsts of the Hâdôkht', as the name dvâzdahômâst does not occur in the list of the Nasks given in the Dîn-kard, although it is substituted for dâmdâd in some later lists (see Pahl,-Pâz. Glos. p. 108). In a Pâz. Rivâyat, copied by Pêshôtan bin Frêdûn in A.Y. 1020 (Ls, fol. 72b), the words buni humâst, 'the beginning of the homast', have had a Pers. gloss (struck out by a later hand) as یعنی بعد از یسنم و چو جای که هومنام اورداتنام میخوانند: follows that is, after the Yesnim (yêsnim, Yas. 21) and just the place where they recite the Hômanam-ûzdatanam' (haomanam uzdatanam, Visp. 10, which follows Yas. 21 in the Vendidâd-sâdah); from this it would appear that Visp. 10 is the beginning of the hômâst of the Visparad. Perhaps بر استا من dsto (Pers. آستا, or آستا, 'praise').

שקשנע hūmānāk, AV. 8, 7. 9, 4. 15, 19. 19, 48, 70, 2. 36, 43, 44, 3. GF. 2, 55, 57-61. s. often used as adv. a likeness, a resemblance; in appearance, like, alike, resembling. Pers. סוט, משטעןש., Z. שוט, אינטערש, משטעןש., Sans. upamāna.

سريس N. 77, 2. probably a miswriting of سري hômanâê.

for hôman, crude form of the verb 'to be, to exist', used for for hômanam\* in Hn. 2, 27. Pres. 1st sing. For hômanam, AV. 4, 5, 24, 25. 17, 14, 15. 18, 10. 54, 8. 101, 7. GF. 3, 62, 78. Hn. 2, 25. am, I am; (used as an aux. to form a perf.) AV. 4, 7, 8, 28-32. 5, 54, 2. 6, 19, 20, 1. 10, 8. 11, 4, 15. 12, 1, 9. 16, 1, 2. 17, 1, 21-24. 18, 2, 5. 53, 5, 11. 68, 6. 78, 8. 101, 10. GF. 2, 11. 3, 62. Hn. 2, 30, 31. have, I have; (to form a pas. pres.) AV. 4, 28-32. 11, 14. 17, 21-24. 68, 18. GF. 3, 78. Hn. 2, 30, 31. am, I am. Pres. 2<sup>d</sup> sing. If hômanih, AV. 17, 13. GF. 2, 9, 10. (in AV. 12, 5. In hômanih, AV. 4, 22. art, thou art; (used as an aux. to form a perf.) If hômanih, AV. 4, 4. 10, 8, 4. 11, 8, 9. If hômanih, AV. 4, 68, 13, 19. GF. 4, 25. If hômanih, AV. 3, 6. If hômanih, AV. 68, 13, 19. GF. 4, 25. If hômanih, AV. 3, 6. If hômanih, AV. 4, 27, 10. Homanih, AV. 4, 28, 36. If hômanih, AV. 4, 29, 35. 3, 34. If hômanih, AV. 4, 26. If hômanih, AV. 4, 27, 38. If hômanih, AV. 4, 3, 68. If hômanih, AV. 4, 28. If hômanih, AV. 4, 3, 68. If hômanih, AV. 4, 28. If hômanih, AV. 4, 4. 10, 8, 4. 11, 8, 9. If hômanih, AV. 4, 4. 10, 8, 4. 11, 8, 9. If hômanih, AV. 4, 4. 10, 8, 4. 11, 8, 9. If hômanih, AV. 68, 13, 19. GF. 4, 25. If hômanih, AV. 3, 68. If hômanih, AV. 4, 4. 10, 8, 4. 11, 8, 9. If hômanih, AV. 4, 4. 10, 8, 4. 11, 8, 9. If hômanih, AV. 68, 13, 19. GF. 4, 25. If hômanih, AV. 3, 68. If hômanih, AV. 4, 4. 10, 8, 4. 11, 8, 9. If hômanih, AV. 4, 4. 10, 8, 4. 11, 8, 9. If hômanih, AV. 4, 4. 10, 8, 4. 11, 8, 9. If hômanih, AV. 4, 4. 10, 8, 4. 11, 8, 9. If hômanih, AV. 4, 4. 10, 8, 4. 11, 8, 9. If hômanih, AV. 4, 4. 10, 8, 4. 11, 8, 9. If hômanih, AV. 4, 4. 10, 8, 4. 11, 8, 9. If hômanih, AV. 4, 4. 10, 8, 4. 11, 8, 9. If hômanih, AV. 4, 4. 10, 8, 4. 11, 8, 9. If hômanih, AV. 4, 4. 10, 8, 4. 11, 8, 9. If hômanih, AV. 4, 4. 10, 8, 4. 11, 8, 9. If hômanih, AV. 4, 4. 10, 8, 4. 11, 8, 9. If hômanih, AV. 4, 4. 10, 8, 4. 11, 8, 9. If hômanih, AV. 4, 4. 10, 8, 4. 11, 8, 9. If hômanih, AV. 4, 4. 10, 8, 4. 11, 8, 9. If hômanih,

<sup>\*</sup> In translations from the Avesta for, 1600, or 6600, is sometimes 18ed to express azem, 'I', as in Hn. 2, 25. Vend. 2, 15, 93. 19, 39. 22, 2, 21, 24, 34, 29. Yt. 1, 6. etc., and occasionally where azem does not occur, as in Vend. 18, 19.; but t is doubtful if any instances of these words being clearly used as pronouns can be quoted from pure Pahlavi works. The most usual form in old MSS. is

the 2d sing, appear to be used quite indiscriminately, thus K 20 substitutes in AV. 10, 3, 4. 11, 8, 9. GF. 2, 10. 3, 21. and for y in GF. 3, 63. 4, 17., w for y in AV. 3, 6. and for y in AV. 4, 22., and or س in Hn. 2, 24, 35.; it may also be remarked that the suf. است ש, סר, ש, or ש, of the cond. can hardly be distinguished from that of the 2d sing., unless the nom. be in the 1st, or 3d, person. Pres. 3d sing. Pres. 3d sing. Pres. 3d hômand, Hn. 1, 35a, 38a. 10 hômanto, N. 78, 7, 8. is, there is, be there, if there be; this form is that of the pret., or p. p., but it appears to be used as a substitute either for gen ait at the beginning of a phrase and often in a cond. sense, or for שניש ושא yekavîmûnêd as an aux. forming the perf.; the form whomaned, which might be expected to represent the 3d sing., is usually confined to the 24 pl. in old MSS. Pres. 1st pl. pro hômanêm, AV. 2, 9, 10. are, we are. Pres. 3d pl. 3 hômand, AV. 1, 25. 6, 2, 3. 7, 4, 6. 8, 13, 47, 61, 74, 75, 3. 9, 5, 7. 16, 5, 9. 42, 2, 5. 66, 77, 4. 99, 6. GF. 1, 18, 25. 2, 61. 3, 75. N. 78, 8. are, they are; (used as an aux. to form a perf.) AV. 1, 2, 14, 18-20, 29, 33, 2, 2, 4-7, 20, 33, 34, 3, 47, 5, 4, 2, 5, 9, 3, 13, 5, 9, 11, 14, 2015, 10, 20. 16, 3, 4. 20, 2. 32, 74, 1. 41, 6, s. 42, 6. 49, 55, s. 61, 6, 7. 69, 9. 70, 7. 75, 1, 2. 99, 4, 9, 10. GF. 3, 49. 4, 25, 26. have, they have; (to form a pas. pres.) AV. 1, 28. Hn. 2, 28. are, they are; 3, 6 hômanand, AV. 37, 4, 6. are, they are; (used as an aux. to form a perf.) Dk. 149, 6. have, they have; this form is also used as a pos. suf. as detailed below. Conj. 3<sup>4</sup> sing. سركوس hômanâd, GF. 3, 71. would be. Cond. سركوني \* hômanâc, GF. 3, 21. would be; (used as an aux.) شركة hômanâc, AV. 68, 20. سركيس hômanâê, N. 77, 2. had, would have, might have. Hôman is used for hôvan (v and m being indistinguishable in Assyrian), Chald, pres. part. m. pl. מָלֵין from אַדְיָּהְ Syr. בַּסֹה fr. מֹסׁה; see Haug's Essay on Pahlavî, p. 98-99. Sas. 728 hôman or hôvan; Pâz. syn. 1st sing. w am, or hom 61 - -ôm; 2d sing. w -- ih (trad. haé); 3d sing. hast, or ast; 1st pl. p - -êm; 2d pl. se - -ēd; 3d pl. 3w hand, or and, (trad. hend).

<sup>\*</sup> This is erroneously read hômanih in the text.

אני khelmû, (trad. hûman) a proposed reading of אָרָאָ AV. 3, 3. s. a dream, a vision, a trance, a sleep. Heb. חֲלָבָּוּא, חֵלֶּם, Chald. חֶלֶבְּיִא, אַרֶּלָּהָא, Ar. בּבּבּיי, or בּבּבּיי.

իմ-minishn. — ա իմ- + ան minishn. In. 2,25. adj. see հայարգա

wo u hômandân, pl. of pos. suf. 3 μο hômand, see μο μο ω στάν-hômandân and μο μο μογομα ast-hômandân.

hômanởih, or hômônîh, AV. 68, 13. in He, K20, and AV. 68, 19. in He, a variant of بركان hômanîh, pres. 24 sing. of بركان hôman.

they hômanăam, or hômônam, AV. 10, s. in H<sub>6</sub>, K<sub>20</sub>, K<sub>26</sub>, a variant of the hômanam, pres. 1st sing. of the hôman.

hômand, I.) pres. 3d pl. of بر hôman. II.) pos. suf. meaning 'they have, that have, having', added to substantives to form possessive adjectives, and is usually written separately when the substantive is long; see אין אינא פאר מאר מאלא מין apatiyârak-hômand, בעלענאר אין afzâr-hômand, âfwreyn ast-hômand. âfyneyn asej-hômand. Allan 3 fgw akâmak-hômand. 3 fgw wucyw khvahishn-hômand, 3 fgwycyw khûdû-hômand, â wyc patiyârak-hômand, â wyc rayê-hômand, 3,600 yo gadman-homand, 3,600000 séj-hómand, 3,600 yoyu6 mânishn-hômand, 3ff w cytyf mâyûrad-hômand. 3ff w 1994yf mâyavatô-hômand, and ລີ້ ພຸກະ yöspend-hómand; in the 1st, 4th, and 5th of these instances, the suf. δ hômand appears to be added to an adi, and to have the meaning 'that are, being', but it is more correct, in such cases, to assume that the priv.  $\boldsymbol{u}$  a- has been prefixed to a pos. adj. formed from a s. by adding the pos. suf.; for the pl. אילאיניין hômandân, see the 2ª and 3ª of the adjectives quoted above; and for the comp. hômandtar, see the Sth and 11th. This pos. suf. appears to be identical with the Huz, verbal form, and traces of it are still preserved in such Pers. adj. as برومند, although it has generally been replaced in Persian by its Pâz. syn. 36 -mand. see Haug's Essay

on Pahl. p. 116; whether the resemblance between the Huz. suf. 3, hômand and the Pâz. 3, -mand be anything more than accidental, remains to be investigated.

سري أو المُورِي hômandih, see تَرْسِري وَيْ gar-hômandih. Pos. suf. عري أو المركبة والمركبة أوليد hômand + abst. suf. عن -îh.

and who see who see who see râmishn-hômandyîsh and who see who see who see râmishn-hômandyîsh râmishn-hômandyîsh and who see which who see which who see which who see which who see

μομέρω hû-mînishn, or hû-maînishn, Hn. 2, 27, 38. adj. well-thinking, right-minded, having good thoughts; see μομέρω hû-minishn. — hu - + μομέ mînishn; Z. syn. ξεμέρω.

whân, AV. 73, 2. 80, 2. المراه المرا

אינ (trad. ô) Hn. 1, 12, 17, 22, 32, prep. to, unto, towards, for; substituted for און ral in AV. 5, 7. by K20, and in Hn. 1, 37. by H6. — Z. אונגע ; Huz. syn. און val and אפן ghal.

אין מוס, substituted for s sak in AV. 12, 7. by H17, pron. that, those. Pers. אָן, anc. P. inst. anâ, Z. inst. ווּגעש: Huz. syn. אָל, or ssk and אַל dak.

אוןעט avanâs, N. 78, 6. adj. sinless, gniltless, innocent, unoffending, faultless; comp. אוןעט avanâslar, Av. 1, 32. Priv. או און עיטוועט avanâslar, vanâs.

ງຄົງຄົງພາພ anöâstarêtô, N. 78, s. for ງຄົງຄົງພາພ anâstarêtô, adj. undejected, unconfounded, uninjured, unharmed, unhurt. Z. ຊີທູເງີ້ພຸດພາພາ.

אוןעטע hû-vakhsh, N. 76, s. אוןעטען hû-vakhshû, N. 76, s. sunrise. Z. שורים פועליטאַע . אָפּי

אונטקנ khûrsvand, GF. 2,54. for אונטקנ khûrsand, adj. content, contented, satisfied, pleased. Pers. בׁרַעשוֹני, or בֹּרַעשוֹני.

שנט anôsh, AV. 10, 5. adj. used as s. what is deathless, immortality, or some food, or drink, producing immortality. Z. ענעלישער.

yy khûnö, see yy khûn.

Horvadad (tead. Khôndad and Awerdâd) AV. 3, 21, 23, 6, 8. 58, 6, 72, 5. Hn. 1, 13, pr. n. the ameshâspend, or archangel, who is said to have special charge of water, and is styled by a charbtar, 'the more exuberant', as he supplies plenty and prosperity (H6 extra fol. 10-11); his name is applied to the third month and sixth day of each

month in the Parsi year. Z. gen. לענישישי 'completeness'; Pâz. Khordâd, خررداد, or Awerdâd, ارداد.

ngueze out, to bruise out; past part used as adj. κυμο hûnîd, Hn. 1,18. — Z. hu, Sans. shu.

און און און און און Khranîras, Hn. 1, 31. Dk. 144, 7. 149, 5. pr. n. the central countries best known to the Mazdayasnians are said to be situated; it is supposed to be as large as the other six kêshvars united. Z. און גרושטע.

אין און און Dk. 151, 7. for אין אין Hindûkânŏ (pl. of אין Hindûk) the Hindus, the Indians; (used for) India, Hindûstân.

ארכשען angapînŏ, GF. 3, 24, 31. s. honey. Pers. انگُنبيس; Huz. syn. مرت الله dûbshayû.

whavid, I.) AV. 10, 7, 10, 12. GF. 3, 89, 91. adj. green, unripe, undried, damp. humid, wet. II.) GF. 3, 39. s. green grass, or corn vegetation. Pers. خبيك, or خبيك.

مروم khunid, GF. 2, 34. s. approbation, celebrity, fame. Pers.

ינים אונים אונים

khavítûnastanő (trad. anítûnastan) v. to know, to

understand, to comprehend, to be aware of, to acknowledge; past part. אוויסטון אייסטון אייסטון אייסטון אייסטון אייסטון אייסטון אוויסטון אייסטון אייסט

andarz, AV. 2, 22. s. a last will, or testament, a precept, admonition, instruction. Pers. اندرز

andarvái, AV. 6, 12. 15, 20. 26, 2. 28, 1. s. the atmosphere, the air, the firmament, space. Comp. Pers. اندرای 'suspended'.

אול און andarûn, adv. inside, within; comp. אול מול andarûntar, AV. 53, 11. further in. Pers. ועשראורעה, Sans. antara.

שאָפּעלנ, and P. antar, Z. שִּאָפָעל, Sans. antar, Lat. inter. The final single the adj. suf. 3 -ak, or a miswriting of the idhafat if in the former case, the word is an adj. andarak, 'inner'; in the latter, it is a s. andar-i, 'the inside of'.

אינפטר khvėsh, substituted for nafshman in AV. 34, 7. by II6, II17, pron. one's own, his own, her own, (or with any other personal pron.). Pers. خویش, comp. Z. inst.

אונטטאן אונטטאן khvêsh tanû, substituted for אונטטאן nafshman tanû in AV. 89, 6. by all MSS. except K20, pron. one's own body, one's self, himself, herself, etc. אבָנָה khvêsh + אויס tanû; l'ers. בֹנָהְהֹדִי.

meruja angîkhtanë, v. to excite, to provoke, to rouse, to extract, to produce, to occasion; pres. 3d sing. انگینځتن angêzêd, GF. 2,31.

Pers. انگینځتن; comp. Z. vij, p. p. vikhta.

אינטיינט khvėshkâr, GF. 2, 61. adj. self-employed, industrious, diligent, busy, occupied. אינטייkhvėsh + kar.

بود , or موثو, andak, GF. 2, 27, 29, 31. adj. little, minute, small, few. Pers. اندن ا

angun (trad. awā, or avīn) AV. 2, 4, 13. 28, 6. adj. and adv. see yangun, whose final y is omitted 8 times out of 49 occurrences of the word in H6, see various readings of AV. 17, 11. 29, 3. 55, 9. 64, 69, 6. 70, 88, 4. 97, 98, 2.

מענעס andôkht, AV. 63, s. p.p. used as s. what is collected, a collection, a store, a hoard, gain, profit. Past part. of אוֹעָטאָן andôkhtanŏ; Pers. اندرخته.

אורעישאון andokhtano, v. to collect, to accumulate, to acquire, to amass, to gain; past part. שנשטשא andôkht, GF. 2,61.; see אינטישאוא andôkhtanô. Pers. וندرختن.

سرتروس hû-gûbishn, or hû-gôbishn, Hn. 1, r5, p7, p8. adj. well-speaking, speaking good words. به المام p4 پن p4 پن

hû-gŷshîḍakö, Dk. 144, s. adj. well-heard, well listened to, well understood, well examined. به المناب yūshīḍakö (p. p. of Pers. جُوشيدن, Z. gûshta, Sans. ghushṭa),

אַעְעָ Hindûk, adj. Ilindu, Indian; pl. used as a s. אין איין אין Hindûkânŏ, see אין איין איין איין איין, anc. P. Hindu, Z. איין איין, Sans. Sindhu, 'India'.

אף מונים מו

انگیریدن. .angêzîdanö, v. sce אېڌىرى سرقوي angîkhtanö. Pers سرقوي

שני מפֿי, or hī, AV. 17, 25. Hn. 2, 21. 3, 20. pron. this; sometimes written , and in Bund. 3, 19. K20 substitutes . Pâz. ē; if the word be Aryan, it may be compared with Pers. أيرا 'these', أيرا 'these', أيرا 'Sans. esha, ayam, etc.; if it be Semitic, it may be compared with Heb. הקאי הוא Chald. הקאי הוא but it seems to be the Pâz. of Huz. שעש hanâ, (Pahl.-Pàz. Glos. 18, 8).

appended to a s., as in AV. 36, 2. IIn. 1, 9, 16, 18. 2, 24. N. 78, 8., as a substitute for I, or I, the idhâfat of unity, and it is sometimes written w, the last letter being circumflexed in N., so as to confirm the reading khad;  $310^{\circ}$  unde-chand, AV. 25, 65, 1. many a one, several, see  $310^{\circ}$  and  $310^{\circ}$ ; which is also occasionally appended to the fut. and p. p. in N., and seems to

give a conditional meaning to the verb. Pers. ב; this word may be compared with Z. עסאַנענע, or with Chald. אין Syr. אין; in Pâz. it is read ē, like the pron. שני and שני and שני II.) occasionally used for the cipher שנו, or 3, in the compounds אין 300 and שני 3000.

سـ -îh, suf. of pres. 2<sup>d</sup> sing. of verbs (see مركب hômanîh); usually written ب -îh. Comp. سـ -ih.

 $a\hat{e}$ , or  $h\hat{i}$ , IIn. 2, 24. pron. this; generally written above).

αέ, or khad, N. 78, s. num. (appended to s.) one; see ω αέ, or khad. This reading is uncertain.

HII, or 3, (Pâz. se, or sê) AV. 1, 34. 2, 29. 4, 9, 12. 6, 9. 17, 2. 18, 11. GF. 2, 51, 65, 69. 3, 64, 83, 84, 97. 4, 2, 8, 26. 5, 3. num. ciph. three; من من المنابع المنابع

ענע V, or 5, (Paz. paňj, paňch, or paňzh) GF. 2, 51, 65, 72. num. ciph. five; see אין איז XV. — III + II; it is also sometimes written אין, or III + II, II is also panch.

עעיען  $V\hat{u}m$ , or  $5\hat{u}m$ , num. fifth; עעיען XX va  $V\hat{u}m$ , GF. 3, 17. twenty-fifth,  $25^{th}$ . עעיע V+ ord. suf.  $\epsilon_1$  - $\hat{u}m$ ; Pâz. syn. Figu  $panch\hat{u}m$ .

رس VI, or 6, (Pâz. shash) GF. 2, 65, 72. 3, 64. N. 78, 8. num. ciph. six; see سرسلک دن سرس ICCLXVI. — سرسلک دن الله علی shash.

DCCCC, or 900, (Pâz. nuh raz) GF. 2, 11. num. ciph. nine hundred. IN  $\times$  5 C, or 100; Pâz. syn. rey pu nâv sad.

ور سرس 9000 (Pâz. nuh ragh) AV. 18, 54, 11. num. ciph. nine thousand. سرس  $IX \times Q$  M, or 1000; Pâz. syr. اس س المعرفة  $IX \times Q$  M

كر سرس DC, or 600, (Pâz. shash raz) GF. 6, 1. num. ciph. six hundred سرس  $VI \times S$  C, or 100; Pâz. syn. ورق  $VI \times S$  shash sad.

 $\mathcal{L}_{\mathcal{A}}$   $\mathcal{L}_{\mathcal{A}}$ 

next after the words beginning with yy.

פש מוֹנ (trad. hêd) AV. 2, 22. 9, 16, 22, 52, 7. 10, 14. 11, 6. 54, 4. 101, 12, 15. GF. 1, 9, 24. 2, 22, 44, 55, 57, 50-61. 3, 73, 79, 82, 91. Hn. 2, 3, 58. אפש מוֹנס, GF. 2, 19, 59. v. s. 3d pers. is, it is, there is, there are, are, be it, be there, if there be; אר פש מוֹנ מוֹני מוֹני

שפש aitih, AV. 5, 11. s. existence, being, reality, continuance, permanence. או ait + abst. suf. ש -îh; Pâz. syn. אונאפער hastîh; comp. however, Syr. בול 'eternal'.

jen aîtö, see en aît.

المون عثلث المون المون عثلث المون ا

אופארים aityūntano, or haityūntano, (trad. âidgūnatan) v. to bring, to fetch, to convey; to cause, to produce; pres. 3d pl. אַרָּטָּע aityūnd, AV. 80, 2. Heb. hiph. אַרָּטָּ, Chald. aph. קֿיִנְי, Syr. aph. אַרֹּיָ, Ar. אַרָּיָ, Pâz. syn. אַרָּטָּע מוּנוֹּמַמוּס.

الله hich, AV. 2; 36. 4, 22. 32, 5. 101, 16. adj. (generally used with a negative) any. Pers. هيچ ; probably a compound of عدد , hî, or khad + عراد -ich.

າງວານ híchíh, GF. 3, s4. s. anything. ອຸນ hích + abst. suf. ອຸ -íh.

ayazishnih, GF. 5, 4. s. non-worship, non-performance of religious ceremonies, neglect of religious duties. Priv. u = a - + y which in this compound is an adj. 'non-worshiping', also occurs in Dk. as a variant of the s. yazishn, and must then be read atzishn.

عروا عود مؤد الله عود الله عو

 $\hat{\beta}$  هوه ayazand, AV. 18, 2. adj. uninjured, unhurt, undamaged. Priv.  $a-+\hat{\beta}$  وع(2v, i+jan), z=-i

ענלען Aîrân, AV. 1, 4, 5, 0, 10, 12. Dk. 145, 4. 150, 6. pr. n. the Aryan dand, Iran, Persia. Pers. ايران, Pâz. Ērā; Sas. (צרצע), or אונרען, Aîrân; anc. P. Ariya, Z. ערוען.

ארטא aĉrpat-zâd, GF. 6, 2. in K20 (see note) adj. priestborn, of a priestly family, of priestly descent. אושא aĉrpat + אינא aĉrpat + אינא aĉrpat + אינאל באלא במאל (p. p. of אינארא במאל zâd (p. p. of אינארא במאל באלארא).

15  $\frac{1}{2}$  CCCo, or 3000, AV. 1, 2. num. ciph. three hundred. we III  $\frac{1}{2}$  S C, or 100; it is doubtful whether the final  $\frac{1}{2}$  be part of the ord. suf.  $\frac{1}{2}$  - $\frac{1}{2}$ m, or the conj.  $\frac{1}{2}$  va indicating that some additional ciphers have been omitted.

עבל שי airîh, Dk. 151, 7. s. mankind, the human race. ענל air (Z. ענל - ih.

adrôgîh, Dk. 144,1. s. non-falsity, free lom from falsehood, abstinence from deceit. Priv. ש מ- + 303 drôg (Pers. צׁרָפָשׁ, Z. + abst. suf. ש - îh; but both the reading and meaning want confirmation.

תבלבטיפאן aîrishtô, Dk. 145,2. adj. uninjured, unimpaired, undeteriorated, irrefragable, unimpeachable. Z. שנראטיבאט.

עכטקוט agdînôih, or agdênôih, see ענפעונער.

aigh (trad. aigh) conj. and adv. I.) thus, that; used after verbs and adj. of speaking, thinking, seeing, showing, knowing, etc., and before the detail of what is spoken, thought, etc.; thus it is used after: שנשטו akâs ychcvūntano, 'to be aware', in AV. 101, 20.; וויסוון

andeshidano, 'to think', in GF. 3, 4, 44, 53, 70, 75.; 11016 et farmudano, 'to order', in AV. 2, 23. 3, 18, 22. 4, 2.: العرب المعالية pasnkhô dâdanŏ, to answer', in AV. 1, 24.; me pûrsîdano, to ask', in AV. 4, 22. 6, 8, 3, 7, 4, 9, 5, etc.; Augyst pêdâk, 'declared', in GF, 3, 66, Hn, 1, 2,; நாற்கும் அவே pêtkham shedûntanë, 'to send a message', in GF. ال باراجار المراجار باراجار ب tano, 'to posses, to consider', in AV. 54, 8, 64, 10.; menidano, 'to think', in AV. 18, 10.; אַרָּאָן בּיִשְּׁן râng kardană and אָרָאָן ניאָן אָן מעני váng vâdânlanô, 'to make an outery', in AV, 23, 2, 54, 11, 80, 3, 87, 8. GF. 3, 62.; المجام drâidano, 'to shout', in GF. 1, 3. 4, 11, 12, 14.; المجال GF. 3, 62.; المجال شائل المجال المجا yemalelûntanő, 'to say', in AV. 1, 1, 2, 8, 6, 5, 8, 8, 5, 9, 7, 10, 3, 12, etc.; ກາວ p dûyîdanê, or dvâdanê, 'to shout', in Hn. 3, 37.; and ກາວຢູ່ yûftano, 'to say', in AV. 1, 31, 38. 2, 18, 22. 3, 6, 8, 13, 15. etc. II.) that, so that, as, (at the beginning of a phrase) AV. 1, 25. 3, 16. 54, 10. GF. 2, 5, 6, 9, 15, 41, 47. 3, 6, 15, 39, 44, 51, 75. Hn. 2, 18. Hl.) that is, i. e., that is to say, (before a gloss, or explanation of a preceding word, or phrase) AV. 4, 11, 18. 17, 12, 21. Hn. 1, 4, 14. 2, 5, 23, 25, 28, 30, 31, 37, 39, 3, 4. IV.) than (sometimes used after a comp. instead of  $\mathcal{L}$  min) GF. 2, 17. 4, 16, 22. (also when the comp. suf. is omitted) AV. 6, 9. GF. 2, 4, 29. Hn. 4, 38a. V.) where, that, AV. 7, 8, 1. GF. 1, 18. Hn. 2, 4, 33. 2 rof v tamman aigh, AV. 9, 1. 17, 5. GF. 3, 39, 40. there where. VI.) that, who, which, (as a relative, instead of i, but rarely) (GF. 1, 4. AV. 86, 3. VII.) where? what? (interrog.) Hn. 2, 2, 7, 12. 3, 2, 20. 2 f min aigh, Hn. 2, 21. N. 76, 2. بن على بالكرية from where? from what? whence? سوم كا val aigh, IIn. 3, 4. to what? to where? whither? - Sas. איך aik, Heb. Chald. איך איך, Syr. بأن, Ar. زُرِّخ, Pâz. syn. (very rare in Pahl.) ku. This word is also written w, or w, ai.

(that is, or that) of (to, for, by, or through) thee; thus (that is, or

that) thy, or thee.  $\frac{\partial}{\partial t} = ai \int h + pron. suf. \sim -at of 2d pers. sing.; Pâz. syn. <math>kut$ .

aighash (trad. aghash) AV. 4, 19. 11, 11. Hn. 1, 6, 15. 2, 2, 23, 35, 37. 3, 2. conj. or adv. with suf. thus (that is, or that) of (to, for, by, or through) him, her, or it; thus (that is, or that) his, her, its, him, or it. من aigh + pron. suf. من -ash of 3d pers. sing.; Paz. syn. kush.

suf. thus (that is, or that) of (to, for, by, or through) them; thus (that is, or that) their, or them. an aigh + pron. suf. production of 3d pers. pl.; Pâz. syn. kushã,

with suf. thus (that is, or that) of (to, for, by, or through) me; thus (that is, or that) my, or me. with a aight + pron. suf. & -am of 1st pers. sing.; Pâz. syn. kum.

thus (that is, or that) of (to, for, by, or through) us; thus (that is, or that) our, or us. 

aigh + pron. suf. 

-mân of 1st pers. pl.; Pâz. syn. kumâ.

μυ khim, s. nature, disposition, temper; see μυμυ hû-khim and τουρν dûsh-khim. Pers. خیم.

which derivation is however scarcely tenable; and both the second and fifth letters are usually circumflexed.

אוניים אפירון איניין אפירון איניין אוניים אוניים אוניים איניין אוניים אוניים איניין איניין איניין אוניים אפירון איניין איניין אוניים א

my, or fr, khadû, num. one; a contraction of my khadûk, used in some of the following compounds.

كيرس scâr. Dk. 450, 6. probably for كيرس ascâr, s. a horseman, a cavalier, a rider, a trooper, cavalry. Pers. سُواره or سوار ,اسور ,اسور ,اسور ,اسور ,

אין אין אין khadû-bâr, AV. 1, 1. 22, 7. s. often used as adv. one time, a single time; once, once upon a time. אין khadû + אין bâr; Pers. אין.

eyy agûf (trad. adûp, or adôv) AV. 1, 26, 27. 6, 12. GF. 3, 52, 68. eyy khadûf, AV. 48, 7. GF. 1, 13. 2, 2, 27. Hn. 1, 9. conj. or. See Pahl-Pâz.-Glos. p. 48-49; the Huz. 32 khad is often substituted for the cy. Destur Peshotan (Gram. p. 382) suggests Z. yad vâ (Vend. 17,8). Pâz. syn. ayâo.

איאשע khadû-têk, AV. 46, 7. adv. single, alone, solely, only. Pers. (the Huz. אין khadû being substitued for يكتا).

1984, Dk. 144, 3. probably a miswriting of 1944 khadûînakö.

khad, or the cipher y I, or I , when affixed to a s. as the idhafat of unity; 310 600 910 AV. 1, 10. 29, 5. 310 600 990 khadûk levatman tanid, AV. 1, 12. 2 9 yy for levalman khadûk dadigar. GF. 3, 34. one with the other, with one another; 3, 5 AV. 25, 2. أَرُو عَهُمْ khadûk min tanid, AV. 30, 2. one from the other; عراق Sie 16, 3, khadûk val valman tanid, AV. 54, 7. one unto the other; YY AV. 1, 32. Jyg khadûk-I, AV. 1, 34. only one, a single one, one only, Pers. الم ينكي: XXX va khadák, OF. 3, so. thirty-Eth. akhadu; the final a k may be either the usual final guttural after a vowel, or that of Paz. yak. As all the other numerals, from 'two' to 'ten', are Semitic, it would be strange it the num. 'one' were not so also; otherwise, by altering the trad, pronunciation to aêvak, the word might be traced to Z. العام ; on Pahl. coins, this num. occurs in forms like שונה, שונה, שונה, and שונה, comparable with khadûk, and in forms like גשנוג and אובס, comparable with accok; see Mordtmana's essays in DMG.

א פאפענטי khadûkânakîh, AV. 13, s. s. unanimity, conformity, harmony, concord. Pâz. eugânaî, Pers. באונא (the Huz. גאונא).

applied to those who carry the dead in an unlawful manner, or without attending to all the proper observances, see AV. p. 177, note 2.—

5 W khadûk + bar (Pers. 72, erd. of man bûrdanö).

1970 khadûkŏ, see yyy khadûk.

Grand khadûkûm, substituted for 2 for khadûk in GF. 3, so. by  $K_{20}$ , num. first. 2 for khadûk + ord. suf. -2 for khadûk

جَنِينَ ( Pâz. syn. بِنِي chashm. Heb. Chald. إِيَّ Syr. جَنِيْ ( Pâz. syn. جَنِيْنَ ;

אָטְעָלְעָלְּאָרָ khadûiṇak (trad. adûdûk, or adûdunak) AV. 1,15. 2,36. 18,1. 36,2. 101,10. אָטָלָּ AV. 18,3. אַטְעָלָּ khadûinakö, AV. 1,22. Dk. 144,9. 145, 149,3. s. a mode, a manner, a degree, a kind, a sort, a fashion, a form; comp. אָטְעָלְּאָרָ khadûinö. Pl. עַעָּעָטָּעָ khadûinakihû, AV. 28,6. Pers. آيين (the Huz. אָע khadû being substituted for آيين ainak.

IV, or A, (Páz. chihâr, or chahâr) GF. 2, 51, 65, 76. 3, 64. num, ciph, four, Pâz. syn. Lyg chahâr.

שנישני VII, or 7, (Pâz. haft) AV. 1, 29, 2, 1, 2, 11, 18, 32. GF. 1, 2, 2, 65. num. ciph. seven; also sometimes written שנישי . -- שנישו IV. + שני haft..

עני ענו איי VIIûm, or 7ûm, num. seventh: איי ענוען איי איי א XX va VIIûm, GF. 3, 35. twenty-seventh, 27th. עניעני VII + ord. suf. \$\varphi\$1
-ûm; Pâz. syn. איי איי א haftûm.

שעשע VIII, or 8, (Pâz. hasht) GF. 2,65,74. num. ciph. eight.
שע ווע און IV; Pâz. syn. שעט hasht.

 $\mathcal{L}_{III}$  سرسرو VIII or Sum, num. eighth;  $\mathcal{L}_{III}$  wu  $\mathcal{L}_{III}$   $\mathcal{L}_{IIII}$   $\mathcal{L}_{III}$   $\mathcal$ 

 $\underbrace{\text{Fl. iV}}{\text{im}}, \text{ or } \text{Iim}, \text{ num. fourth};$   $\underbrace{\text{Fl. in}}{\text{iv}} \overset{\text{f. iv}}{\text{iv}} \overset{\text{f. iv}}{\text{iv}} \text{iv} \overset{\text{f. iv}}{\text{iv}} \text{iv}$  IV + ord. suf. Fl. iv syn.  $\underbrace{\text{Fl. iv}}{\text{iv}} \overset{\text{f. iv}}{\text{chah}} \overset{\text{f. iv}}{\text{iv}} \text{iv}$   $\overset{\text{f. iv}}{\text{iv}} \overset{\text{f. iv}}{\text{iv}} \overset{\text{f. iv}}{\text{iv}} \text{iv}$   $\overset{\text{f. iv}}{\text{iv}} \overset{\text{f. iv}}{\text{$ 

## $\int_{-}^{-}b$ .

equivarent of Sas. , Pers. , Z. , and Chald. z; it also often stands for the final ) in Z. ). Its form remains unaltered in all situations, as it does not join a succeeding letter; but it sometimes interchanges with 1 v (as in 319 for 319), and this letter, like Pers. , , and 3, occasionally (though very rarely) joins a succeeding letter and becomes 3 or 3; in this way, probably, the b in 119 os shebkûn, 11996 mekablûn, has become the 3 d in 119 os shedkûn, 11996 mekablûn, has become the 3 d in 119 os shedkûn, 11996 mekadlûn (which are instances in which both forms occur), as well as in other words, of which only the form with 3 d is extant, such as habldâ, 'milk'; 1195 zednun, 'buy'; hab dâr, 'a time' (see ) we dânar); 11956 mezadnun, 's.ll'; 11952 yezderûn, 'drive'; and you yûdân, 'young'. The final 3 d in 391 neked, may also have arisen from a diminutive final

I, for this cipher see under 3 y, the last letter of the alphabet. In some MSS., I and its compounds w II, w III and IV, can hardly be distinguished from b and its compounds ab ad ad adb.

bakht, AV. 1, s. in all MSS. except II17, a variant of bakht.

bâhar, AV. 31, 7. 39, 5. s. a portion, a slare, a part, a lot, a division. Pers. جهر, or هجي, The word bahâr, 'spring', is similarly written.

پېدرو bâharvar, adj. used as s. one who bears a share, a sharer, a partner, a shareholder; pl. ه بهرهون bâharvarân, AV. 39,5. Pers.

يري bakht, s. fate, destiny, fortune, luck; see بريغت saryâ-bakht. Pers. بيخت ; Huz. syn. بنخت ; gadman.

MSS., except II17, conj. 3d sing. of men bûdanö.

باز, باز, باز, باز, باز, الانتقاء sans. bâhu. السركان, Sans. bâhu.

الله bâr, AV. 1,43. Hn. 1,4,10. s. a time, an occasion, an opportunity, a repetition; see بار khadâ-bâr. Pers. بار, Sans. vâra. See the remarks on مار dânar.

ليل bar, AV. 77, 7. s. a load, a burden, a weight. Pers. بار, Z. bar 'to carry', Sans. bhara.

שלש, or שלש, bâlâi, AV. 12, 12. adj. high, lofty, tall, elevated; asmân bâlâi, AV. 14, 5. sky-high; שנש מוש kôf bâlâi,

AV. 18, 12. mountain-high; in both which cases bâlâî is an adv. 'above'.

Pers. بالا , ٪. بالا , ٪. بالا

ינול אווי, bâlist, AV. 9, 2. adj. highest, loftiest, supremest, pre-eminent; pl. used as a s. שלפאטן bâlistân, AV. 9, 2. Z. שלפאטן (the Pers. bâl- being substituted for the Z. — אוויל אווין, as in the preceding word).

لولوس المال المال

العلوس bâlină, AV. 4, 9. 17, 5. s. a summit, the crown of the head.

Comp. Pers. برار ع مع المعالم العلام المعالم الم

א שטה bâs'ı, substituted for אונטש yehevânâsh, in GF. 3,18. by II.6, L15, imper. 24 sing. of אואָסן bâdanö.

يان bâmîk, AV. 14, 11, 20, 15, 16, 21. adj. brilliant, splendid, magnificent, beautiful. Z. بام; comp. Pers بام

שוופטי bânâkîh, see אפון אפין kadak-bânûkîh.

babâîhich, IIn. 2, 28. s. with conj. the gateway also, even the entrance; the phrase 'and even their gateways were made trees', is not unlike the English university slang phrase 'sporting the oak'.

babâ + abst. suf. w -îh + conj. a -ich.

لاكور bavrak, AV. 98, 5. s. an otter, a beaver. Z. العكور; Lit-thuanian bebrus, 'a beaver', Old Selavonic bebru, bobru, Lat. fiber, the same; comp. Pers. بُبر 'a wild animal like a cat', Sans. babbru 'an ichneumon'. In Vend. it is called udra upâpa 'water-otter' XIII, 16, 51. XV, 1.

عرب bazak, ابري bazakő, AV. 87, 6. s. a crime, a sin. Pers. جرب , Sas. عرب bachak.

שרשתן bazak-âyîn, אוים bazak-âyîn, AV. 17, 15. adj. sinaccustomed, sinful. iniquitous, criminal, vicious, noxious; sup. אוים בער מין bazak-âyîntûm, AV. 17, 12. — אוים bazak + שים âyîn.

ان المعرول bazakar, AV. 85, 7. a contraction, or miswriting, of المعرول bazak-kar.

المجادة المجا

199 bazakő, see 99 bazak.

bur, AV. 15, 6, 12. Iln. 1, 2. s. fruit, produce, resul, effect, improvement, profit, advantage; see عند avi-bur. Pers. بر

م الله bar, AV. 15, 7. s. (perhaps) an eminence, a district, a tract, a domain, an enclosure. Pers. ب. Z. علامات.

J bar = I bûr, erd. of 1989 bûrdanő, see Igy khadûkbar, I prod pêtkhambar, Igorê dátóbar, Ilauf mûsrabar, Igês môzdôbar, and Igropê dastô! ar. brâd, AV. 2, 9. GF. 3, 9. s. a brother. Pâz, brâd; Huz, syn. w akh.

النجال brâdar, GF. 3, 54. s. a brother. Pers. برادر, anc. P. Z. brâtar, Sans. bhrâtri, Lat. frater.

barûzishak, AV. 12, 2. 14, 20. 15, 7. adj. decorated, embellished, ornameuted, adorned, beautiful; sup. ه المعلى barûzishak-tûm, AV. 12, 2. Pers. برايش + adj. suf. ع -ak; comp. Z. برايش, Sans. bhrûjishnu.

adornment. مرس barázishakîh, AV. 14, 12. s. decoration, embellishment, adornment. barázishak + abst. suf. عن -îh.

bar-hamak, AV. 14, 7. adj. associated, combined, mingled, together. Pers. برهم + adj. suf. ع -ak.

שלים burzidano, or אָפּט bûrzidano, v. to elevate, to exalt, to ennoble; pres. 3d sing. burzêd, AV. 12,4. Comp. Pers. ילני, 'exalted', ייני, 'exalted', ייני, 'grandeur'; Z. barez, Sans. barh.

baresôm-chínŏ, GF. 4, 27. adj. baresôm-gathering, for cutting the baresôm; corrupted into paresôm-chínŏ in K20 by joining the w and f. — find baresôm + 149 chínŏ (crd. of 11899 chídanŏ).

שנים לשני burishno, GF. 2, 08. s. bearing, carriage, conduct, conveyance, exhalation. או bur = און bûr (crd. of און bûrdano) + abst. suf.

moaning, groaning. baram (comp. Pers. برم 'expectation', yriet') + pr. p. suf.  $\mu$  -ân; the pr. p. of a verb haramidanö, which may be an imitative form like Pers. بالمليدي.

baramvand, AV. 42, 2. adj. lamentable, mournful, pitcous, woeful. baram (see the preceding) + pos. suf. 311 -vand.

Brôhach, GF. 6, 6. pr. n. Bhrôch, or Broach, a city in Gujarât on the northern bank of the river Narmada, or Nerbudda; it contains a considerable number of Parsis among its inhabitants. Pers.

3) buland, AV. 12, 4. see 3 by bûland.

past part. poly burid, AV. 81, 1.

barijan, AV. 63, 2, 3. المن barijano, AV. 93, 5. s. a baking pan, a portable stove, an oven. Pers. برين , درين, ويجن, or بريخن, sans. bhrijjana.

bazankarîh, AV. 81, 7. s. injuriousness, harmfulness, mischief, destructiveness. Pers. بزن, or نخوند, + adj. suf. المحافظة بن - kar + abst. suf. على -îh.

bast, substituted for was asrund in AV. 17, 20. by K20. Pers.

ישדים, anc. P. p. p. basta, Z. p. p. תומסעה; Huz. syn. און מוני מון, as-rantano, or אוניסאון asranastano.

ענטע bisraya, AV. 38, 39, 59, 2. 81, 3. 83, 4. Hn. 1, 10. s. flesh, meat. Heb. בְּשֶׁרְ, Chald. בְּשֵׁרָא or בִּשֶּׁרָב. Syr. (בַּבּב; Pâz. syn. שָּשָׁר gâsht.

שנטיבט basimih, AV. 5, 7. s. pleasure, agrceableness, delight-fulness, happiness. עשט basim + abst. suf. ישנטיבט היה יה ביי basim + abst. suf. ישנטיבט היה יה ביי היא basim + abst. suf. ישנטיבט היא basim + abst. suf. ישנטיבט היא basim + abst. suf. ישנטיבט היא היא מעטיבט היא basim + abst. suf. ישנטיבט היא היא מעטיבט הי

1) bô, AV. 2, 26. 4, 16. 8. a scent; see 3) bôi, 3) bod and hâ-bô. Pers. ... Probably 3) bô-i should be read bòd-i, the dhâfat being understood.

but, unless, yet. II.) adv. GF. 2, 6, 3, 55. Hn. 3, 3, besides, moreover, only, indeed; & who barâ min, IIn. 1, 10, 31, 38. Dk. 144, 3. apart from, besides, away from, without. III.) prep. (before a s.) AV. 68, 23. besides, except. IV.) adv. or prep. prefixed to verbs: 1.) giving a fut. signification to the pres. AV. 1, 25. 2, 12, 15, 18, 19, 22. etc. see here afaûdanö, here avaspârdanö, here who khavítûnastanö, here who tukhshidanö, here sûdanö, here verbsidanö, here sûdanö, here verbsidanö, here sûdanö, here sûdûntanö, here sûdûntano, here

and 11011109 ketrûntanö, 1101109 sarîtûntanö, 1101149 vâdûntanö, mensen neflunastano, menon vadakhtano, meson vadirdano, ndua vajardano, mondo si vaslantano, monfero vashtamantano, ทองเลา vashaftano, การบาบอาล yelibanastano, การบา อาล yekavimanadano, 11011 p yemaleuntano, 110111 p yemalelantano, 1101112p yemitûntanö, and אַבּענְאָן gansegûntanö; sometimes the v. s. is understood, as in GF. 3.54. 2.) giving a somewhat intensive signification to all tenses, so as to imply a greater completeness of action, and generally equivalent to 'forth, out, outright, quite, away, along, on, over, up, down, etc.'; thus it is used with the pres. in AV. 2, 32, 4, 17, 16, 7, 8, etc. (in which case, it is often difficult to distinguish it from the fat.), with the imper. in AV. 1, 31, 32, 5, 7, 6, 8, etc., with the pret. in AV. 1, 1, 8, 9, 15. 2, 25-27, 36. etc., with the past part. in AV. 1, 17, 34. 2, 31. 17, 20. etc., with the same in a perf. in AV. 1, 33, 2, 7, 5, 2, 10, 3, etc., with the same in a pas. pres. in GF. 3, 17. Hn. 1, 15., with the inf. in AV. 16, 9. GF. 3, 2,, and with a verbal s. as entered in alphabetical order, see μρου afeurdano, אופער און און khaletântano אופער און און בארואון בערואון און מויים מפרער מויים מויים מויים מויים מי pardano, newy boyinidano, new Lyo pahrikhtano, nege tajidanő, nous rikhtanő, nongod ramtûntanő, nous zádanő, neldos sektetántano neono sákhtano, neoos séjidano, neony-o yehabûnâdanő, nyngy gâtûntanő, ngya-ô dâshtanő, ngya-o shikastano, 1101110 yehevûntano, 1101140 40 yaityûntano, 110119-00 shedkûntanë, 11819e, ketrûn'anë, 11819 kardanë, 1186 madanë, Melyly vadantano, mercel radakhtano, mole radardano, meloe vadirdano, mon vajardano, mega vajidano, med varzidano, Mend S, vaztantano, more vashtamantano, more vashtano, Men on nishastano, mangan neksantano, maki numadano, -more ທາຍ yet bûnastano, ກອນໃຊ້ drâidano, ກອບວ gashtano, ກອນ ຊານ yekavîmûnûdanő, 11611 L gemalelantanő, 116111 L gemalelântanő, 11604 gûftanő, nel yanscyûntanő, and nej 323 yedrûntanő. The negative  $bar\hat{a}$  intervenes between  $bar\hat{a}$  and the verb, as in AV. 2, 36. 18, 11. GF. 3, 53, 89. 4, 18., and sometimes other adverbs do the same, as in Hn. 2, 36.; the object also intervenes occasionally, as in AV. 2, 18. GF. 3, 47. 4, 19. Hn. 1, 35a., especially if it be a dat. form after the prep.  $bar\hat{a}$ , as in AV. 1, 2, 15. 47, 60, 6. GF. 4, 26. Sas.  $bar\hat{a}$ , Chald. Syp., Syr.  $b\hat{c}$  (Pers.  $b\hat{c}$ ).

אוני שלאופארטון barâ-khelmûnishnîh, IIn. 1, 23. s. going off to sleep, sinking into repose, dozing. און barâ + און barâ + אולטון khelmûn (erd. of און און barâ + און barâ-khelmûnishnîh, IIn. 1, 23. s. going off to sleep, sinking into repose, dozing. און barâ-khelmûnishnîh, IIn. 1, 23. s. going off to sleep, sinking into repose, dozing. און barâ-khelmûnishnîh, IIn. 1, 23. s. going off to sleep, sinking into repose, dozing. און barâ-khelmûnishnîh, IIn. 1, 23. s. going off to sleep, sinking into repose, dozing. און barâ-khelmûnishnîh, IIn. 1, 23. s. going off to sleep, sinking into repose, dozing.

serve, to save, to deliver, to rescue, to release, to escape, to be free from; past part used as adj. bûkht, or bôkht, Dk. 145, 2. safe, secure. Sas. 1823 bûkht and 21882 bûkhtakî, Z. buj, Sans bhuj.

ם אונים אונים של שונים barâ-vadirishnîh, IIn. 2, 38, 39. s. a passing away, a departure, a decease. און barâ + און vadîr (crd. of און vadîr (crd. of און vadîr dirdanő) + abst. suf. און -ishu, to which compound adj. is added the abst. suf. און -îh.

שנים ולאַטאנט barâ-varḍishnîh, Hn. 2, 3, 37. s. a turning away, a departure, a desertion, a dismissal. עניב barâ + איני barâ + עניב ולאַטאנא varḍishn, to which compound adj. is added the abst. suf. איני -îh.

برب, or بروب, comp. Z. ubda, 'woven', Sans. uptâ, Gr. igos. The root is Z. Sans. vap 'to weave'; Anglo-Saxon wefan.

benafshman, AV. 1, 11. 31, 95, 7. 46, 6, 7. GF. 3, 55. 4, 16. pron. self, one's self, myself, himself, herself, etc. (according to the person

referred to). Sas. روّبه و المنظمة به المنظمة المنظمة و المنظمة المنظ

אורטן bûdanö, substituted for אורטן שפאני yehevûntanö in GF. 3, 52. by H6, L15, v. to be, to exist, to become; prot. אורט bûd, GF. 3, 10. was; pros. 3d sing. אורט bêd, substituted for אורט yehevûnêd in Hn. 1, 15. by H6; imper. 2d sing. אורט bâsh, substituted for אורטים yehevûnêsh in GF. 3, 18. by H6, L15; conj. 3d sing. אורטים bâd, substituted for שפארטים yehevûnâd in AV. 3, 13. by all MSS. except H17. Pers. אורטים, anc. P. Z. bû, Sans. bhû; Huz. syn. אורטים yehevûntanö.

אורטן bûrdâr, s a supporter, an upholder, a promoter, a partisan; pl. phirdârân, AV. 1, אינון bûrdârânö, AV. 11, a. From אינון bûrdanö; Pers. בֿרָכוּן, Z. nom. בּרָכוּן.

ມາ ມາ ມາຄົ້າ bûrdûrîh, s. support, endurance, tolerance; see ພຣີຍ ມາຄົ້າ farmûn-bûrdûrîh. — ໃນຄົ້າງ bûrdûr + abst. suf. ມ -îh.

to convey, to bring; pret. bird, substituted for yedrand, in Hn. 2, 34. by H<sub>6</sub>; crd. bar, or bur, see yetkhambar. Pers. έ, anc. P. Z. bar, Sans. bhri and hri; Huz. syn. 1923 yedrantanö.

שלא שליג (crd. of אינל bûrzidanö) + adj. suf. של -âk; comp. Pers. אינל, or יָּרֵל, 'splendor', יִּרֶל 'grandeur'.

bûrzishath, AV. 12, 6, 10, 17, 19. 13, 12. 14, 2, 6, 10, 18, 21. 15, 8, 17. in II17, a miswriting of bûrzishaik.

hedy bûrzîdanő, v. see hed burzîdanő; erd. di bûrz, see the preceding words.

3 און, or אולן, bûland, AV. 12, 18. 14, 1. IIn. 2, 23. adj. high, lofty, tall; see און, buland. Comp. לענט bûlandtar, GF. 2, 17. Pers. אונט, berezand.

bûlandîh, AV. 14,12. s. height, loftiness, sublimity, exaltation, grandeur. غلناني bûland + abst. suf. عنداني -îh; Pers. ندندي.

אונים שון bûridanö, GF. 2, 30. v. to cut, to sever; see אונים burî-danö. Pers. ג', Z. bar; Huz. syn. ארנים pcskûntanö.

barâ boyînîd, AV. 2, 26. perfumed thoroughly, fumigated. Denom. fr. 31, bôî.

. فَتْمُ or رُفُش رَبُش bûsh, AV. 54, s. s. a horse's mane. Pers. بُش بُش وُبُش أَنْ وَالْ

a request, a demand, a petition. Past part. of אינויאנין bacihûnastanö; Pâz. syn. אינויאנין khvâst.

11 bûn, AV. 54, 3. GF. 5, 4. Hu. 1, 2. s. a foundation, a basis, an

origin, a beginning (opp. of دوي منه) rôcshman and sar, 'the head, or end'), an extremity, an end; see אינט avî-b.ip. Pers. ילנט. אינט, or ילנט. It is probably connected with Sans. budhna, 'bottom, depth'.

າງຄອງງາວງາງ bavvíhûnastanŏ, AV. 1, 23. in IIs, a common variant of ກາວງາງວາງ bavihûnastanŏ; past part. ກອງງາວງາງ bavvíhûnast, GF. 1, 4, 22. in IIs, K23, ກອງງາງວາງ bavvíhûnóst, AV. 65, 9. in IIc.

bûndak, AV. 18, 54, 11. adj. ful<sup>1</sup>, complete, perfect, finished. Comp. Pers. بندِش 'included', بندِش 'termination'; Huz. syn. محصر tamâm.

שנו bôndak, GF. 3, 34. 6, 2, 5. adj. used as s. one who is bound, a bondman, a slave, a servant, a domestic; in Hn. 2, 2s. it translates the Z. acc. pl. שלמעות, and is explained by אונים shedayā-zakîh, 'demon worship', signifying, possibly, a slave of his passions; see אונים bandak. Pl. אונים bôndakîhâ, GF. 5, 1. in K20, a variant of שנים bandakîhâ. Pers. אונים, anc. P. bandaka.

שׁנָבּפּטָּ bûndakîh, AV. 1,2. s. fulfilment, a completion, a termination, an end. און bûndak + abst. suf. איי -îh.

غير المرازق عن المرازق bôd, Hn. 2,18. s. a scent, an odor, a fragrance; see مرازق hû-

3) bôd, IIn. 2, 3, 37. s. consciousness, sense, perception; according to Dâd. b. Dâd. it communicates impressions from the spiritual world to hâsh, 'the understanding', which passes them on to the body; 3) bôd also quits the body during sleep, whilst איניי hâsh does so only during severe sickness. Z. אוב אונייים.

يند , band, AV. 68, 3. s. a tie, a knot, a band, a belt. Pers. بند, Z. سيوس, Sans. bandha.

سررويد bôiih, see سررويد hû-bôiih.

bûyishnîh, see yeoyy oye frâz-bûyishnîh.

אוש bandak, adj. used as s. a slave, a servant; see אוש bôndak. Pl. אושטע bandakîhû, GF. 5,1. Pers. אייטא, anc. P. bandaka.

مارو على bôi-vajarâk, AV. 2, 32. adj. scent-diffusing, fumigating.

bôi + عالم vajarâk.

pres.  $3^{\mathbf{d}}$  sing. of  $\mathbf{y}$  substituted for respectively  $\mathbf{y}$  the  $\mathbf{$ 

م الحران , or الحران , bîrûn, AV. 19, 29, 2. 41, 8. المحرب , or الحران , bîrûn, AV. 60, 3. GF. 4, 15. adv. outside, out, without, forth. Pers. بيرون , Sas. 2/2/23 bîrûnî.

إدوسرو bigânak, see ادوسرو.

אָנְטַרּ אָאָן bɛ̂shiḍanŏ, v. to distress, to afflict, to trouble, to vex; past part. בָּטַר אָלָּט bɛ̂shiḍ, AV. 65, s. Z. dbish, Sans. dvish 'to hate'.

אר אוניסטא של bêshînîdanŏ, v. see the preceding; past part. שניטאש bêshînîd, AV. 65, s. in K20. Denom. fr. לעטא bêsh.

ינבעקף, סר אביען, or און, bigânak, AV. 95, 7. adj. strange, alien, unfamiliar, outside the family circle, unrelated. Pers. بيڭانىغ; Huz. var. אינאון bitânak.

ين bim, AV. 53, s. s. fear, terror, dread, risk, danger; see مودي avî-bim. Pers. بيم, Z. bî 'to fear', Sans. bhima.

1941 bimgun, or bimkun, adj. a variant of 11941 bimkûn, or 1441 bimgûn; comp. Joseph bimguntar, or bimkuntar, AV. 18, 6.

pp, or pp, bimgin, AV. 54, 55, 1. 99, 101, 2. Hn. 2, 37. adj. fearful, terrible, frightful, awful. p bim + adj. suf. 119 kin, or 19 gûn; Pàz. bimgin, or bimgin.

արբ bimginih, AV. 5, s. 54, s. s. fearfulness, frightfulness, awfulness. թբ bimgin + abst. suf. ա -îh.

الم bêvar, GF. 1, 2. Hn. 1, 10, 26. num. a myriad, ten thousand; sometimes expressed by the ciphers على 10,000. Z. والمعارد المراجعة المر

بيدي bînîk, IIn. 2, 21. s. the nose; see بينى vînîk. Pers. بينى.

## p, f, or v.

often contracted into  $\boldsymbol{w}$ ,  $\boldsymbol{\delta}$ ,  $\boldsymbol{e}$ , and  $\boldsymbol{e}\boldsymbol{o}$ , which are identical with the compounds aj, ij, sj, and sij, of the fifth letter  $\boldsymbol{e}, j$ ; in hurriedly written MSS, the letters  $\boldsymbol{j}\boldsymbol{g}$  may also occasionally be found united, and converted into  $\boldsymbol{e}\boldsymbol{e}$ , which miswriting may perhaps explain the origin of  $\boldsymbol{e}\boldsymbol{e}\boldsymbol{g}$ , which miswriting  $\boldsymbol{e}$  and  $\boldsymbol{e}$  arcispo.

שני pâ, substituted for לנל ragelman in AV. 76, 2. by K20, 8. a leg from the knee downwards, a toot; generally written שני, or נשני, pâi. Pers. לג; Huz. syn. ללל ragelman.

אינאָשעל ענאָשע pâhrikhtár, AV. 13, 11. s. an abstainer, a refrainer, a restrainer; a preserver. From אינעטעשע pâhrikhtanŏ.

אינים אינים אינים אוני אינים אינים אונים אונים אונים אינים אינים

eminent, pre-eminent, exalted, perfect. This word appears to be the Huz. form of Pâz. באספן, or באספן, which is occasionally substituted for it (the Huz. אוני באספן, or באספן, which is occasionally substituted for it (the Huz. אוני באספן, or באספן, which is occasionally substituted for it (the Huz. אוני באספן, or באספן, whose term. באספים אוני אוני באספן, whose term. באספים אוני אוני באספן, whose term. באספים אוני אוני אוני באספן, or שוני באספן, be identical with the remaining Pahl. אוני באספן, האיים, or האיים, 'good', as the Pahl. אוני באספן באספים אוני באספן אוני באספן אוני אוני באספן באספן אוני באספן אוני באספן באספן

ຍາງທີ່ ເພາະ ເພາະ ຄຸ້າ abstinence, forbearance; heed, care; ຄາວການຄຸ້າ

pâhrîj kard, Hn. 2, 99. taken care of, tended. Crd. of العرب المعالم pâhrîkhtaně; Pers. پرهير.

ون المراكي pâhrêjêd, imper. 24 pl. of المودالي pâhrîkhtanö. عن pâhrîkhtanö.

ביישניש pâhnâi, or pâhnâk, adj. wide, broad; see שאישש pahnâi; בּיישניש pâhnâi – vâdûnd, AV. 21, 2. they widen out, they flay. Pers. נָבָּאָגוֹ, Z. בָּיָשָּׁישׁם.

עיט pâd, p. p. of אוניט pâdanŏ, see פּיָטאוניט Átarô-pâd. Pers. בו

າເປັນຄວາຍ pâdakhshah, or pâitikhshâ, I.) GF. 2, 10. adj. ruling over, sovereign, overpowering, predominant, prevailing, empowered, authorized, permitted, allowable, proper. II.) AV. 68, 15. GF. 3, 92, 94. s. a ruler, a sovereign, a monarch, a king. Pers. κώλι, κώλι, είναι, είναι,

ப்பு நிற்ற நிற்

אינטארטש pâḍakhshahih, or pâitikhshâih, AV. 68, 15. in K20, IIn. 2, 5. s. see the preceding. אינטארטש pâḍakhshah + abst. suf. יין -îh.

shah I. and II.; pl. pådakhshåi, see ապարթը pådakhshåyån, AV. 12, 14. sovereigns, monarchs, kings.

שנאישטש. pādāshn, AV. 5, 12. in He, H17, K26, a variant of pādadahishn. Pers. پاداشي.

20, 21, 25, 27, 29, 51, 59, 62, 86, 93, 94, 96, 3. 22, 24, 41, 43, 44, 63, 70, 88, 4. 23, 4, 9. 28, 3, 6. 39, 65, 69, c. 40, 7. 48, 49, 71, 73, 78, 5. 54, 9. 55, 1, 2, 9. 61, 6, 10, 13. 68, 18. 72, 90-92, 97, 98, 2. 77, 10. 89, 4, 11, 99, 2, 7, 11. GF. 4, 22. 8. punishment, chastisement, retribution, (especially) the punishment of the wicked after death and before the resurrection. Z. بادنر, or بادنر, or بادنر, or بادنر,

າບຄວາຍ pâdîyâvîh, or pâitiyâpîh, AV. 101, 23. s. see the following.

שני pâdyâvîh, or pâityâvîh, AV. 1, 26. s. ablution; the performance of שני pâdyâv, or washing the hands, arms, face, and feet, whilst repeating a religious formula, and in preparation for prayer, see AV. p. 148, note. על pâdyâv (Pers. پادیاب, Z. paiti + ap) + abst. suf.

ກາເບຍ pâdanŏ, v. to protect, to guard, to shelter, to screen, to shield, to preserve; past part. ເບຍ pâd, see ເບຍກາເບ Átarŏ-pâd; ກາເບຍ pâtô, see ການອາກາເບ Átôrô-pâtô. Anc. P. Z. Sans. pâ, p.p. pâta (Pers. ເມ່ງ); Huz. syn. ກາງ ໂຄງ netrântanŏ.

Pâpakânö, AV. 1,7. Dk. 150,11. patron. adj. the Pâpakân; of, belonging to, or descended from, Pâpak, the grandfather of Artakhshatar, or Ardakhshîr, the founder of the Sasanian dynasty, A.D. 226; in Kn. it is stated that Artakhshatar was the son of Sâsân and Pâpak's daughter, but was adopted by his grandfather who had no son,

which accounts for his being called the son of Papak in the Sas. ins. Papak (Pers. بابك, Sas. 27 ΔΔΑ Papaki, Gr. Παπακος) + patron. suf. γω - ánö.

بارسی Pârsîk, GF. 6,1. adj. Parsi, Persian. Pers. بارسی, or

وسلام پاره pârak, AV. 79, ه. (F. 3, 34. s. a bribe. Pers. پاره, Z. پاره 'a debt'.

وسوب pâs, AV. 2, 33. s. a watch, a guard, a defence, a protection. Pers. ياس

קשנטקט pâyînak, adj. inferior, subordinate; pl. used as a s. pâyînakân, GF. 2, 50. subordinates, assistants, ministers. pâyîn (Pers. پایین, or پایین, 'the bottom') + adj. suf. -ak.

pane pâyân, றூபை pâyânŏ, pl. of டிய pâî.

קשטשט (perhaps) vahishûm, or vâshûm, substituted for איטישטעט (pahlûm in IIn. 1, יוֹם. by IIa, adj. see איטישטעט pâhlûm.

ياك pâk, substituted for بويد dakyâ in AV. 101, 25. by H6, adj. clean, clear, pure, perfect. Pers. چاك comp. Sans. pâraka, 'a purifier'; Huz. syn. عوب dakyâ.

ياكي pâkih, AV. 101, 23. s. cleanliness, purity, perfection. باكن pák + abst. suf. عو -ih; Pers. پاكني.

אַנעני pânâk, s. a refuge, a shelter, a protection; see אָנעני pânâk as explained by  $H_{18}$ , but the reading kabed-pahaâk is more probable; see also אָנעי panâh and אָנעי panâhk. Pers. בּּוֹלּג; comp. Z. pâ 'to protect', Sans. pâna 'protecting'.

ອມນອງ pahnâk, adj. wide, broad; see ມານອງ pahnâi and ລົງຈ ອມນອງ kabed-pahnâk. Pers. ເມຊະ, Z. ມາໃນອີນອາ.

שעונטע pânâkîh, AV. 2, 36. 5, 3. (IF. 1, 25, 26. s. protection, defence, guard; אָם שעונטע pânâkîh kard, AV. 17, 17. protected, defended. אויים pânâk - abst. suf. איי -îh.

ապատ pahnâi, or pahnâk, AV. 5, 1. adj. wide, broad; see pâhnâi and pahnâk.

وسي fakhîz, AV. 52, 2. s. a spur. Pers. فخير

يايه pâyak, AV. 7,1,6. 8,1,5. 9,7. s. a footing, a basis; a step, a degree, a rank; a track, a pathway. Pers. پايد

முறை  $p\hat{a}\hat{c}$ , GF. 3, 38. s. a foot; a variant of அது, or மூது,  $p\hat{a}i$ , the Z.  $\omega$   $\hat{c}$  being substituted for the Pahl.  $\hat{s}$   $\hat{t}$ .

3 μης γληγω patiyârak-hômand, or paitiyârak-hômand, IIn. 2,36. adj. opposed, molested, afflicted, miserable; comp. γελική γληγωυ patiyârak-hômandtar, IIn. 3,36. — γληγωυ patiyârak + pos. suf. 3 μην hômand.

ישניאר, or paitish, AV. 68, 18. Dk. 145, 7. prep. with suf. in (on, upon, by, through, into, to, or for) him, her, or it; therein, thereon, thereupon, thereby, thereto; און העניאר הענ

າເຄຍງຄອ patkáftanő, or paitikáftanő, v. to strike upon, to beat about, to embroil, to disturb; see ກາຍງາຄອ patkáftanő; past part. ຂອງຄອ patkáft, AV. 29,5. — ຂອ pat- (Z. ເຊນພອ) + ກາຄອງ káftanő (comp. Pers. کاریکن 'to disturb').

אפשע patkâr, or paitikâr, AV. 1, 12. Dk. 144, 7. s. a dispute, a contest, a quarrel, contention, dissension, strife. Pers. پَيَكَار, or پَيَكَار; X. يَكِيكُار; Sans. pratikâra, 'revenge'.

אַרְעּעלער patkârdâr, or paitikârdâr, adj. strife-maintaining, disputing, contending, dissenting; pl. used as a s. patkârdâr-ânŏ, Dk. 144, s. disputants, dissenters. אַר patkâr + אַר dâr (crd. of אַרָּטָּטִישׁ dâshtanŏ).

קשפע patkârak, or paitikârak, adj. disputing, contesting, quarreling, contending, litigating; pl. used as a s. אַרָּעלען patkârakânö, Dk. 152, 1. disputants, litigants. אַרָּענע patkâr + adj. suf. אַרָּענּג -ak.

າງຕອງຈຸດຍ patkâftanö, or paitikâftanö, v. to strike against, to beat upon, to dash about, to embroil, to disturb; sce ກຸດພາງຄອ patkâftanö; past part. ຕອງຈຸດຍ patkâft, AV. 66, c. 89, :: — ලຍ pat- (Z. ງຸດພາງ) kâftanö.

ທຸກຄານ padmâyînîdanö, v. to cause to measure, to force to measure; pres. 3ª pl. ວັງເມາເຄຍ padmâyînd, AV. 27, 2. Caus. of ທຸກຄານ padmûdanö.

אילריטן padmânak, or paitimânak, AV. 67, 9. 80, 3, 6. s. a measure, a linear measure, a measuring rod. Pers. בעבונא, Z. אַבוויט, א. אַבוויא + mâ (Sans. mâ).

າງເບາສົດຍ padmûkhtanő, or páitimûkhtanő, v. to put on, to wear, to dress in, to clothe one's self in; pret. ເບາສົດຍ padmûkht, AV. 2,25.; pres. 1st sing. ອາຊຸດຄອ padmûjôm, GF. 3,97. ½. p. p. ພວນເພາຍ, Sans. p. p. pratimukta.

ງທຸດ padmūdano or paitimūdano, v. to measure; pres. 3<sup>d</sup> pl. 3 μγερη padmūgend, AV. 96, 2. Pers. يَيبودن, Ζ. γουνη + mā (p.p. μους; Sans. mā, p.p. mila); Huz. syn. μους kîtûntano.

1940 g feeg padműjishnő, or paitiműjishnő, AV. 68, 17. s. clothing, dress, covering. α feeg padműj (crd. of ηγεντενή padműkhtanő) + abst. suf. 1940 -ishuő.

AV. 2, 25. 13, 2. 14, 14. GF. 3, 44, 51, 57. s. elothing, clothes, dress, coverng; pl. μης κυ padmůjanŏân, AV. 12, 9. Z. paiti + much, Sans, prati + much.

אונפאן padvastano, or pailivastano, v. to join, to connect, to unite, to adhere; past part. אָבּפֿשִיהט padvast, AV. 17,12. Pers. גֻּבּפֿשִיהט, anc. P. patiy + p.p. basta, Z. אַנּפּאָט + p.p. שניאָר אַ.

າງຄອງກອນ padvandidano, or pailicandidano, v. see the preceding; past part. ງຄອງກອນ padvandido, GF. 5,1. Comp. Pers. پَيوَدُدُن Z. paiti + band (Sans. bandh).

بندرفتاری padiraftûrîh, or paitiraftûrîh, AV. 17,19. s. reception, admittance, acceptance, entertainment. المحطوم padiraftûr (fr. المحطوم padiraftanč) + abst. suf. بندرفتاری -îh; Pets. پذرفتاری .

padirak, or paitirak, I.) s. a meeting, an encounter; كر الم ral padirak, AV. 4, 10, 2. 17, 10. to a meeting, to the front, forwards. II.) adv. AV. 3, s. 10, c. meeting, face to face, opposite, advancing, forwards. Pers. پذيرا or پذيرا . paiti + ar (Sans. ri, or ri).

an edition, a complete copy. Comp. Pers. پچوو, or پچوو, 'a translation'; Z. upa + chi, 'to collect'; Sans. upachita, 'collected'.

אפטטאט farhâkhtanö, v. to extol, to commend; to excel; (or) to prepare, to perfect, to educate, to tame, to civilize; past part. אַנטטאט farhâkhtö, Dk. 149, s. Pers. فرهنځتن, or فرهنځتن.

ولان المعربي farâkhtak, or farhakhtak, GF. 3, ss. p. p. used as adj. extolled, excellent, perfect; (or) tamed, trained, broken in, tractable; (or perhaps) swift, fleet. Pers. فراخ نواخ 'swift' and فراخ 'travelling fast'.

words, of excellent speech. %. שונגל . אין פון אייטישט frâ-hûkht, AV. 13, 1. Hn. 2, 39. adj. speaking very good

prosperity, comfort, happiness: see عامل farukhûth. II.) AV. 15, 21. width, breadth, amplitude, largeness, openness, space. Pers. فركنى

المرس المرس

paráhôm, GF. 2, 12, 44. IIn. 1, 18. s. that juice of the find hôm plant, which is among the two preparations of the juice taking place at the Izeshne ceremony squeezed for the first time, and tasted by the performing priest. Z. \_uclustime.

שלישיש frâ-hûmat, AV. 13, 1. IIn. 2, 19. adj. thinking very good thoughts, of excellent thoughts. Z. שונה . באוויסע . באוויסע . באוויסע.

ງວາການໃນ frâ-hûvarsht, AV. 13,1. Hn. 2,39. adj. doing very good actions, of excellent deeds. Z. ພຸດພຸປົມການ . ຊີວາພາໃຊ້.

الماريود furhâng, Dk. 149, s. s. knowledge, learning, science, wisdom.

Pers. جرهنگ

שלאפן frârûn, AV. 101, 19. GF. 2, 64. אלשלפן frârûn, AV. 4, 35. IIn. 1, 7. 2, 32. adj. proper, regular, orderly, right, honest, excellent; opp. of אים מעלקים avârûn. ('omp. לפרוסל frârûntar, AV. 1, 20. Z. בילונפט 'regular order'.

priety, regularity, rectitude, virtue, honesty, excellence. بالمائل frârûn + abst. suf. عن -îh.

າຕາວົງພູບາງອ frâyîshmô-dấtỏ, N. 76, s. s. a forth-going, an onward progress, a withdrawal, a setting; see ງຊາວົງພູບາງຄຸກ hâ-frâishmô-dấtỏ. Z. ລຸດລາມງ . ຊີເພນູພາງ .

farukhû, GF. 1, 1. adj. prosperous, happy, fortunate. Pers.

المرسي farakhûîh, AV. 2,19. s. prosperity, happiness, felicity; see بالمان إلى المان إلى المان المان

ששל fráyar, N. 78, 3, 4. s. the first half of the day, the forenoon; see Z.-Pahl. Glos. p. 42, 75. Z. אנגעל + גַּלעב.

Representation of this adj. is 'of very evil good words'; if this combination be considered too far-fetched, this adj. can

be read  $fr\hat{a}$ - $d\hat{u}sh$ - $a\hat{o}kht$ , and the word 'good' dispensed with, but the following adj. cannot be treated so.

ຂບໃນບວກີ frâ-dâsh-hâvarsht, IIn. 3, 39. ອຸບໃນພວກີ ອຸ frâya-dâsh-hâvarsht in K20, adj. doing very evil deeds, of villanous actions. 7. ພຸດພາກາປາງ . ຊາມາໃຊ້.

ישניש, or שנישט, farpîh, AV. 4, 28. adj. fat, stout, plump, robust, flourishing; comp. אלנטעה farpahîtar, AV. 4, 28. Pers. פֿרָנָאַ. This word appears to be a mistranslation of אלנטעה. This word appears to be a mistranslation of אלנטעה. (corhaps by reading שלישיש) in IIn. 2, 30. where it is translated by שלישיש fravâft.

جَرِهِ اللهِ اللهُ اللهِ الله

ي farjám, Dk. 144, 10. s. an end, a conclusion, a termination. Pers. غرجام; Z. fra + jam (Sans. gam) 'to come, or go'.

நகுரும் விரு விரும் வி

nrede frajastano, v. to accomplish, to complete, to finish, to conclude; past part. rede frajast, AV. 101, 29. GF. 5, 5, 6, 1, 4. IIn. 3, 40. Perhaps a corruption of frayastano, Z. sra + â + ap; comp. Sans. prâpta and samapta.

petent, to be accomplished, to be elever; past part. used as adj. ورها frasâkht, AV. 3, 23. Comp. Pers. ساختى; Z. fra + sach, 'to learn'; Sans. pra + s'ak.

وي frasp, AV. 2, 11. s. a lintel, a joist, a girder, a beam; see ورسيب فرسيب frasîpö; pl. هرسيب فرسب fraspân, AV. 2, 12. Pers. فراسب

שניאסטש parastishn, AV. 13, 6. s. service, homage, veneration, worship, adoration. און parast (crd. of און parastidano) + abst. suf. שי -ishn; Pers. בעשבה .

worship, to pray to, to adore; past part. ما parastid, AV. 14,19. 68, 11. Pers. پرستیدن.

שר שור אוניאנאטן parastishn, AV. 17, 16. see שוריים parastishn.

وره و المعنون frasipŏ, AV. 19,2. s. a joist, a beam, a girder; see والعدود frasp. Pers. فرسيب.

العالی parish, adj. careless, neglecting, remiss, deranging, disturbing; see پرش dûd-parish. Comp. Pers. پرش 'agitation'; فرش 'confused, weary'; فریش بریش, بریش, 'confused, dispersed'; فریش, برویش, 'negligence'. Both reading and meaning want confirmation.

المراق parsh, frash, or fryâ, see مواقع الشاء الشاء الشاء الشاء الشاء المناقع المناقع

אינטישט pardâkhtanö, v. to complete, to perfect; to consume, to exhaust, to empty; to remove, to withhold; past part. pardâkht, AV. 89,6. Pers. پردختن, or پردختن.

ورس fryâd, AV. 1, 27. GF. 2, 5. s. help, assistance, aid, succour, relief. Comp. Pers. فريادرسي; perhaps from the caus. of Z. frî

(Sans. pri) 'to love'. This word seems to differ from Pers. فرياه in not having the meaning 'complaint', and the passage in GF. 2, 5. would be better translated: 'meets not there (in heaven) with assistance therefrom'; for tamman means technically 'the other world', and cannot properly refer to this one.

الم المون ا

promoter, a stimulator; אולים בּטָרָשִּת frêh-dâḍâr, AV. 5, a. s. a furtherer, a forwarder, a promoter, a stimulator; שליש בּטָרָשָּע frêh-dáḍâr-i gêhân, 'promoter of the world', is an epithet of פּטָרָפָטָש Ashtâḍ and other yazads, equivalent to Z. במַנִּשִּי אַ שּׁנְעַרָּטִישָּׁ . בּשָׁשַשׁוּ

lasting, or permanent; the perpetuation, re-organization, re-establishment, or re-animation (of the world and creation), which is to take place before and during the resurrection; the millenium. Z. . Land

איט frashn and Fryân, a variant of איט frashno and Fryânô, see notes to GF. 1, 1, 5.

שליט farmân, Dk. 151, 1. איל farmânö, s. an order, a command, a mandate, a bidding, a direction; see איל מוני abûrd-farmânö. Pers. פֿרָסוֹט. anc. P. framânâ.

mands, obedience, submission, compliance. برمانبرداری farmân + فرمانبرداری bûrdârîh; Pers. فرمانبرداری

சிமுக்கு farmânih, sec அரச்ச சிமு abârd-farmânih.

າງຕາຄົນ farmūdano, AV. 3, 17, 67, 8, v. to order, to command, to bid, to direct, to appoint; past part. ຊາຄົນ farmūd, AV. 3, 22, 1,1, 11,10, 14, 3, 76, 77, 7.; pret. ຊາຄົນ farmūd, AV. 2, 23, 3, 18, 67, 8, GF. 1, 21, 28, 3, 9, 19ເຄັນ farmūdŏ, Dk. 150, 3, 10, 151, 10. Pers. ອ້າວເຄັນ, Sas. p. p. ຄົນປ່ວວຊາ framāt, Z. fra + mā (Sans. mā) 'to measure'.

newed fravaftano, v. I.) (trad. franaftan) to diffuse, to distribute, to circulate, to move about, to traverse, to wander over; past part.

to set forward, to advance, to prefer, to esteem, to respect, to revere; past part, used as adj. raváft, Hn. 2, 30, see Pahl-Pâz. Glos. p. 116; comp. raváftar, Hn. 2, 30. Z. fra + vap (Sans. vap) 'to strew'; comp. Z. 3600. I bless', and Sans. nirvapanti 'they offer, or set apart as an offering', see Haug's Aitareya Brâhmanam, vol. H. p. 2.

אָטָשָטָּט franâmishu, אָשָשָטּט franâmishuö, IIn. 1, 1. s. salutation, homage, veneration, a blessing, an invocation. שֵׁשְׁטּ franâm (crd. of אַשְּיָבּשָּטְ franâmiḍanö, Z. fra + nam, comp. Pers. בּוֹאֵגֵנֵנֵי and Sans. praṇâma) + abst. suf. שִּי -ishu.

ກາສາສັນ frôpatîdanő, v. to fall upon, to assail, to encounter, to attempt, to practice, to continue; pres. 3d sing. ອາຍານ frôpatêd, Hn. 1, 1. Z. fra + pat (Sans. pat, Pers. ອາເມີນ ) to fall.

and אללם fravardo; see אלפיט hû-fravad. Comp. Pers. פֿרָפָנינייט for פֿרָפָנייט.

piring, decease, death. An frod + be mir (crd. of mar-

 $dan\ddot{o}$ ) + abst. suf.  $dan\ddot{o}$  -ishn, to which compound adj. is added the abst. suf. -ih.

אל של parrardano, v. to nourish, to cherish, to rear, to feed; past part. אָל אָם parvard, AV. 15.1. Pers. געפענטט, or געפענטט, or געפענטט; Z. fra + var (Sans. vri) 'to protect'.

שלפס Parvíz, GF. 2, 00. pr. n. the third lunar mansion, the Pleiades. Pers. אָרָט, אָרָפָנָט, אָרָפָ, סר אָרָט, אָרָפָנָט, אָרָפָנָט.

ໄມ້ຕອງໄປ friftar, AV. 47, 5. adj. deceiving, deluding, deceitful, beguiling. From ທະຍາໄປ fr. ftanö. The form of the word is that of a s., but it can hardly be translated as such, without altering the text.

artfully, cunningly. ງອງ friftâryîsh, AV. 55, s. adv. deceitfully, deceptively, artfully, cunningly. ງອງ friftâr + adv. suf. ພຸພຸ - jish. As the text stands, this word can hardly be taken as friftârihâ, the pl. of a s. friftâr.

palidih, AV. 20, 2. s. impurity, uncleanness, pollution, nastiness, filth. Pers. يليدي.

يال عالي parîk, s. a malevolent fairy, a witch, a sorceress; pl. برى parîkân, GF. 4, مال وسرادوسه parîkân, GF. 5, ه. Pers. پرى برى

اله pargandak, Dk. 150, 12. ه pargandakö, Dk. 151, s. p. p. used as adj. scattered, dispersed, dissipated. Pers. پرکنده پرگنده pôrgandak.

של בנוסון של בווסל pezkântanö, v. to scatter, to disperse, to sprinkle, to shed, to sow; pres. 1st sing. או בין ארא pezkânam, AV. 96, 6.; pres. 3d pl. בווסל pezkânad, AV. 96, 2. Chald. בווסל pezkânad, AV. 96, 3d pl. Ar. בווסל pezkânad, AV. 96, 2d pl. Ar. בווסל pezkânad, AV. 96, 3d pl. Ar. בווסל pez

يي pazd, AV. 40,7. s. frost, hoar-frost, sleet, ice. Pers. پير, or پيرم.

pasâkhtô, Dk. 145, a. p. p. used as s. what is performed, a performance, an achievement, an exploit. Past part. of സ്റ്റോജ pasâkhtanö.

prepare, to accomplish, to effect. to complete; past part, see the preceding; pret. بالمختى pasākhtō, Dk. 152, a. Pers. بالماخت 'to make', پاساخت 'ready prepared'; probably Z. upu (or paiti) + such 'to pass away'.

אוניטשט pasakhtanë, v. see the preceding; past part. אוניטשט pasakhtë, probable reading of אוניטשט Dk. 149, 2. Comp. Pers. געשבאט 'prepared'.

pasakhô, AV. 4, 23. GF. 1, 13. 3, 73, 76, 79, 82. 4, 2, 14. 17, 26. Iln. 2, 25. المحلى pasakhvô, GF. 4, 26. in all three MSS. s. an answer, a reply. Pers. پاست , Z. paiti + sanh (Gâth. saq) 'to inform', Sans. prati + s'âs.

Pasukhôîh, IIn. 1, a. 12, 17, 22, 27, 57. அறு pasukhvôîh, IIn. 1, 32, also 12, 17, 22 in K20, and 37 in II6. s. a replication, a rejoinder, a response, an answer, a reply; see முற் dâd-pasukhôîh. — அறை pasukhô + abst. suf. முற்பி.

אָרָפּאָשׁ pcstân, AV. 24, 2. in K20, K26, and 59, 2. in K20, a variant of μγειμα pĉstân.

ې pasijak, AV. 15, ه. 19وي pasijakŏ, AV. 2, 26. adj. prepared, cquipped, furnished with, decked with. Comp. Pers. بسيج پلس, پسيجيدن, بسيجيدن, بسيجيدن, بسيجيدن.

ກາງຂອ peskûntanö, v. to cut, to sever, to cut off, out, or away, to gash, to lacerate, to bite off, out, or away; past part. ອາງລອ peskûnd, AV. 57, 76, 96, 97, 1. 67, s. 79, 2.; pret. ອາງລອ peskûnd, AV. 62, 2, 89, s. Heb. pi. ລອຸຈຸ, Chald. ລອຸຈຸ, ຈຸກຸຊຸ, ເຄັ້າ. Syr. ເຄັ້າ. Pâz. syn. ທິດປຸງ bûrîdanö.

ששט pasin, AV. 6, 6, 11. אבט pasinö, AV. 5, 11. 61, 7. GF. 4, 19. adj. aftermost, latest, last, final, ultimate, future; (always in the phrase) אונ פעט אוני tanû pasinö, the future, or final, body which the soul will assume at the time of the resurrection. Pers.

wide-mouthed; uncovered, exposed, bare. Pe.s. گشاده, or مخشاده Both reading and meaning want confirmation, as it is doubtful whether an initial y can be read v; comp. ومن vashad. It may perhaps be

intended as a syn. of Z. תכלפ Pahl. אבלפ , see Vend. 7, 2. 8, 71. 9, 20. and comp. מיינונג argond.

morse, contrition, regret. Pers. پشیمانی. s. repeutance, penitence, re-

يناه panāh, AV. 17, 1. s. a refuge, a shelter, a protection; see pânāk. Pers. پناه; comp. Z. pâ 'to protect', Sans. pâna 'protecting'.

արտանինի, GF. 1<sub>2,10</sub>. s. protection, defence, support, favor, patronage. ազգայա panâh + abst. suf. ար -îh.

વૃત્રાણ panāhk, a variant of ત્રાણા panāh; see વૃત્રાણાણા Mitrôpanāhk.

אין אין pôkhtanŏ, v. to cook, to boil, to stew; past part. אין שועשף pôkht, see ייניאל, Z. Sans. pach; Huz. syn. אָבְּבֹּבְּיִל, Z. Sans. pach; Huz. syn.

າການ-ພາການ ພາຍ frâz khadîtunî - hastanŏ, see ການງ-ພາກະນຸມ khadîtunî-hastanŏ.

אַנעס שוּט fraz-pestan, AV. 4,19. adj. high-breasted, with prominent breasts. שוּט fraz+ אַנעט שַנעט pestan.

אפיטוט frâztar, AV. 16, 1. 18, 5. adv. comp. of שוט frâz; used as adj. Hn. 2, 11. upper, superior, exalted, eminent, prominent. Z.

frazium, sup. of whe fraz used as adj. upmost, topmost,

supreme; comp. Ջաճյասյա fráztúmtar, Hn. 2, 31. uppermost, supremer, still higher; Z. ചിത . Լաման .

שויש פאוף fráz-jánúk, AV. 17, 12. adj. with knees curved outwards, bandy-legged. Z. gcn. לעפאן על אין ארלא, Sans. prajnu.

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pûdak, AV. 17, 12, 15, 47, 2, adj. rotten, decayed, putrid. Pers. عندودة; Z. pû, 'to be putrid'; Sans. pûy, 'to stink', pûta, 'stinking'.

ארים panch, GF. 2, 71. num. five; often expressed by the ciphers שעש. Pers. אינא, Z. שושאמע, Sans. pancha; Huz. syr. אינאטרטיב. khóm yā, or אינאטרטיב khómshyā.

بنجه panjāh, AV. 28,2. nem. fifty; often expressed by the siph r عن, or منجه، P. rs. البنجة, ينجع, ينجع, ينجع, ينجعه, Sans. panchāsat.

جاري panchûm, GF. 2, 27. num. fifth; sometimes expressed by the ciphers جرير بر الله panch + ord. s f. جاري بيجام. — جامير panch + ord. s f. جامير بر الله عليه بينجام.

າມຕອງໃປ, or າມຕອງໄປ, pûlcâdino, GF. 3, 28, 30. adj. made of.

steel. وفولاد من بالده بولاد, or يالده بولاد) + adj. suf. jy -ino.

بورسون pûr-anâkîh, AV. 54, 1. 99, 2. adj. full of evil, harmful, very mischievous. المون pûr + موروب anâkîh.

per her pûr-pîm, AV. 1, 20. adj. full of fear, fearful, timid, apprehensive. He pûr + per pîm. Both reading and meaning want confirmation.

າເບ ໂລຍ pûr-gadman, AV. 7, s. 15, 21. adj. full of glory, all-radiant, perfectly splendid. ໂລຍ pûr + ເບ gadman; Huz. hyb. for Z.

אַנְעְעָשָׁ pôrgandakyîsh, Dk. 150, 7. adv. dispersedly, in a sent-tered state, confusedly. אור אַפּוּלעע pôrgandak (= אור אַנע אינע porgandak) + adv. suf. אינע אינאראַנע.

אָרָ farzand, AV. 22, 3. 91, 1. s. offspring, progeny, a child, a son; see פֿרָעָם fardand. Pers. פֿרָעָט , Z. בֿרָעָט , Z. בֿרָעָט . The pl. is written אָרָע אָרָע farzandân.

جي póst, AV. 21, 39, 59, 85, 2. s. the skin, a hide, a coating; pl. پرست pôstiha, AV. 1, 7. hides. Pers. پرست, Z. پرست.

pôsht, s. I.) AV. 40, 2, 3. 49, 4. 77, 1, 3. 89, 3. GF. 3, 64. the back, the hinder part. II.) GF. 3, 85. backing, support, reinforcement. Pers. يششي, Z. يشتو, Sans. prishtha.

pavan, prep. AV. 1, 0, 7, 16, 21. 2, 33, 36. 4, 2, 13-15, 18, 22, 26, 35. 5, 5, 8, 10, etc. in; AV. 1, 26, 4, 16, 18, 8, 22, 2, 73, 3, 74, 2, etc. into; AV. 1, 37. 2, 21, 26, 31. 4, 9, 31. 5, 2. 7, 1. 9, 1, 3. 14, 20. etc. on, upon; AV. 1, 4, 7, 28, 43. 2, 26, 30, 32. 4, 7. 5, 2. 6, 8. 7, 9, 1. 11, 2. 12, 18. etc. with; AV. 4, 33 7, 9. 8, 6. 17, 25. 19, 2. 23, 7. 77, 8. 86, 2. 98, 4. etc. through; AV. 18, 7. 24, 67, 2. 69, 3. 74, 1. 75, 2. 79, 3. 82, 5. 94, 1. 96, 2. etc. by; AV. 4, 18. 6, 11. 28, 33, 46, 60, 6. 68, 4, 15. 85, 6. 97, 4. etc. among; AV. 1, 3, 14, 29. 13, 9. 56, 4. 61, 7. 100, 4. of, about, as to; AV. 15, 3, 5. 27, 75, 6. GF. 5, 1. IIn. 1, 35a. 2, 18. 3, 17. at; AV. 1, 82. 67, 7. for; AV. 20, 5. 76, 6. during; (sometimes used adverbially before a s., or inf.) AV. 4,18. 13,1. 17, 73, 7. Hn. 2, 39. as; (or before an adj.) GF. 2, 37. 3, 59, 80. Hn. 2, 21. 3, 20. as, as though, as it were; (or before a pron.) שول pavan anâ, AV. 53, 5. 54, 8. 64, 10. about this, as though this, thus, عورا كرد pavan zak-i, AV. 2, 21, 11, 1, as to that which is, as regards what is, as that which is. Sometimes with a s. it forms an adj. or adv. phrase, to which the comp. suf. can be added, as Joyogw 118 paran râmishntar, GF. 2,52,51. with more pleasure, more pleasurably, ರೀಸಲ್ 118 pavan mîzaktar, GF. 2, 62, 64. with more flavor, more palatable. Other phrases are און אור pavan akhar, AV. 29, 6. in the end, at last; און שון pavan akvin, AV. 66, 6. און שון pavan akvino, AV. 68, 4. at once, in union, together, in company; with new paran ham-zamân, GF. 1, 13. 3, 81, 85. He pavan ham-zamânŏ, GF. 3, 60, 61, ده, هن. 4, 2, 9, 19, 27. at the same time, at once, immediately; المراد pavan pîramûn-i, AV. 2,31. in the circuit of, around: and pavanich, Un. 2, 16. Dk. 145, 8. also by, likewise in, even through; פון לב שניעה Pavan zak khadûinak, AV. 18,4. of that kind; to such a degree; THE pavan miyân-i, AV. 91, 4. in the midst of, among, between; 

though near, in the vicinity of, into the presence of, near to, close to;

yo no pavan yin, AV. 5, 12, 13. in the midst of, within. S. s. 229

pavan; it appears to be a compound of two Semitic prep. of nearly
the same meaning, of pa (Heb. Chald. 3, Syr. 5, Ar. 5, or 5)

and youn (comp. Ar. 5, As. ina); Pâz. syn. (not used in Pahl.) pa.

அது pûrs, crd. and imper. 2d sing. of நடிக்கும் pûrsidano.

ים און שנויטין pûrsishn, AV. 3, 17. s. an inquiry, a question, an interrogation. אין בייטין -pûrs (crd. of און בייטין pûrsûdanö) + abst. su<sup>r</sup>. אין ishn; Pers. בֹייִישִׁיהיי.

אנטייטיין pûrsishnîh, see און שון און און מארטיין און מייטיין און מייטיין און און מייטיין און און און און און א

ngestion, to demand, to interrogate, to consult, to resort to; past part. மூறுவு pârsid, AV. 6, 8, 13, 17, 20, 21, 25-30, 32-35, 38, 39, 42, 15-47, 51, 52, 58, 59, 61, 62, 66, 74, 75, 84, 86, 93-98, 3. 7, 19, 22-24, 31, 36, 37, 40, 41, 43, 44, 50, 60, 63, 70, 73, 77, 80, 81, 85, 87-89, 4. 9, 16, 48, 49, 65, 67, 69, 71, 78, 5. 55-57, 72, 82, 83, 90-92, 97, 98, 2. 64, 79, 99, 6. 76, 4, 8. GF. 1, 5. 2, 14. Hn. 2, 24. அறை pârsidö, GF. 4, 17.; piet. மூறுவு pârsid, AV. 4, 21. GF. 2, 1, 17, 20, 23, 27, 32, 37, 41, 49, 52, 55, 62, 55. 3, 1, 12, 17, 22, 35, 41, 64, 86, 89, 92, 95. 4, 1, 5, 6, 26. Hn. 1, 2, 1.; pres. 1st sing. மறுவு pârsid, GF. 1, 12, 3. மறுவு pârsid, GF. 4, 2.; pres. 2d sing. மறுவு pârsid, GF. 1, 10, 20, 27.; pres. 3d pl. இறுவு pârsēnd, AV. 40, 2. GF. 3, 66. 4, 7. Hn. 2, 35. 3, 84.; imper. 2d sing. மறுவு pârs, GF. 4, 3.; imper. 2d pl. மறுவு pârsêd, Hn. 2, 3, 37. Pers. மறுவு pârs, GF. 4, 3.; imper. 2d pl. மறுவு pârsêd, Hn. 2, 3, 37. Pers. மறுவு pârs, CP. pars, Z. peres, Sans, pracheth.

ு ஆயிற pûrsakih, -s e ஆயிறு ham-pûrsakih, and — ஆமி ஆயிற dûsh-ham-pûrsakih.

pelag, (trad. pang) AV. 22, 7. adj. half. Chald. المُورِّدُة, Syr. المُورِّدُة, Pâz. syn. بِهُ ním, or nêm.

ລົກາຍ fardand, GF. 3, 31. s. offspring, a child, a son; see ລີ້ Sje farzand. The pl. is written ກາວກຳຄຸ fardandan.

ງມາຕາຢ pêdâk, or paîtiâk, GF. 3,66. Hn. 1, 2, 6. adj. evident, manifest, clear, apparent, published, doclared, revealed; see ງມາຕາຍ khûd-pêdâk. Pers. إيَيكا; Sas. كَاكِلا patyâk, or paityâk.

ມຸກຄອນ ງມຊອຍ pêdâk-râyînîshnih, Dk. 144, 3. s. a public promulgation, a manifesto, a proclamation ງມຊອຍ pêdâk + ກົມ râ-yîn (crd. of ງງຊອງໄປ râyînîdanŏ) + abst. suf. ງພຸ -ishn, to which compound adj. is added the abst. suf. ງພຸ -îh.

அவருது, நாறு அவருது, pêdákíh, or paitiákíh, AV. 1,15. IIn. 1,2,36. s. a manifestation, a publication, a promulgation, a declaration, a revelation. அதுது pêdâk + abst. suf. அ -ih.

சமுரும் Dk. 144, 5. a miswriting of புரும் pêdákih-i.

אורטיש, pêdâkî-hastanő, Dk. 145, ז. v. to be evident, to be manifest, to be published. אין אינט אינען אייען אינען אייען אינען אינען אינען אינען אינען אינען איייען אינען אינען אינען אייען אייע

pêtkham, or paîtikham (trad. pêdâm) AV. 1, 41. GF. 1, 11, 16. 3, 72. s. a message, a mission, an embassy, a commission, an errand. Pers. پَيغام, or پَيغام; Z. paiti + gam 'to go' (the. P. patiy + gam, Sans. prati + gam). This word has been adopted in Heb. Chald. in the form هِبِهِا

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אינטערטע pêtitîkîh, or paîtitîkîh, AV. 65, s. s. forgiveness, a pardon, absolution, remission. איני אינטער pêtit (Pers. גידיב, Z. גידיב, 'made to fall') + adj. suf. בול + abst. suf. שני אינטער איני אינער אינער איני אינער איניער אינער אינער איני אינער איניער איניער אינער איניער איניער איניער איניער איניער איניער איניער אינער איניער אייער איניער אייער איניער א

بيدل, or المحين, pîl, GF. 1, 3, 8. 2, 49, 51. s. an elephant. Pers. ليدل, Sans. pîlu; adopted by the Semitic languages in Chald. פָּילָא, פִּיל, Syr. نَصْنَة, Ar. فِيبِل: Iluz. syn. الله bânbarbîtâ. Its original form appears to have been preserved in the Assyrian al-ap in the 3d epigraph to the inscription on the black obelise of Nimrud (Layard, inscriptions in the cunciform character pag. 98 III). That an elephant was among the objects of tribute which Salmanassar II, the contemporary of Jehu, King of Israel, received from various countries, follows from the circumstance that the figure of an elephant is found on the base reliefs of the obelise. Of all the names mentioned, only al-up may signify the elephant; it has the addition: sa nahari Sakena 'of the river Sakeya' whence follows that this river was regarded as the home of the alap. It cannot be ascertained which river might be understood by it, perhaps the Indus which could be regarded as the river of the Sakas a people living far to the east of the Assyrians; they are known in the Persian inscriptions of Darius and in the epic poems of India. No doubt the Hebrew word הַבְּים in יַשְּנָהָבִּים 'ivory' (lit. tooth of habbim) is identical with alap, as it is clearly a contraction of halb = hal-ab; this is the same as the Greek  $\partial \lambda \partial \alpha g$ . In the Egyptian  $\partial u$ 'elephant' and 'ivory' and in the Latin ebur, the first part al, hal is omitted. In all probability the word is of Indian origin; the nearest approach is Sans, ibha 'elephant' which already occurs in this meaning in the Rigveda. The meaning of 'servants, dependants, household, family' ascribed to it by the St. Peterburg Sanscrit Dictionary and copied by Monier Williams in his Dictionary is a mere guess which may hold good in some passages whereas in others it is wholly unsuitable.

يدوبو pîrâyishn,-AV. 73, 7. s. an ornament, a decoration, an adornment, an embellishment. Pers. پيرايش.

ທີ່ວອ piramûn, s. a circuit, a circumference, a border, a margin, the environs; ງເຄື່ອຍ ກຸຍ pavan piramûn-i, AV. 2, 84. on the margin

of, round about, around. Pers. پيرامن, or پيرامن, This word is also written بعطن pirâmûn.

عدل و pirūz, AV. 101, 28. adj. victorious, conquering, triumphant, successful. Pers. پيروز, or فياروز; Z. عالي العالم.

Ighthat pîrûzkar, AV. 1, 21. 4, 6, 25. 6, 3. 18, 14. IIn. 2, 26, 27. adj. see the preceding. Aby pîrûz + adj. suf. Ighthat word is often written baybay.

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שָרָפָּאָבּמוּ, AV. 4, 19. 24, 44, 59, 62, 78, 84, 2. 76, 95, 1. 87, 8. III. 2, 23. אָרָפָאָבּאָ pêstânô, AV. 94, 1. s. a woman's breast, the bosom, a nipple; see שְרָפָאָבּאָ pestân and שְרָבָּאָבּאָ פּעָרָפָאָבּאָ pestân and שָרָבָּאָבּאָ פּעָרָפָאָבּאָ אָרָפָּאָבּאָ, Sans. stana.

hroider, to bedeck; past part. പ്രാച്ച , or പ്രാച്ച , pêsûd, see ബ്രാപ്പ് , see ബ്രാപ്പ് , see ബ്രാപ്പ് , ഉച്ച , pêsûd, see ബ്രാപ്പ് , പ്രാച്ച , pêsûd, see ബ്രാപ്പ് , പ്രാച്ച , pêsûd, പ്രാച്ച , pêsûd, പ്രാച്ച , pêsûd, and പ്രാച്ച , gohar-pêsûd; പ്രപ്രാച , pêsûdő, Dk. 149, 2. may perhaps be better read പ്രാച്ച pasakhtő. Comp. Pers. إلى المناهدة , cmbroidery; , cmbroidery; رام , cmbroidery , cmbroidery; رام , cmbroidery , cmbroidery; رام , cmbroidery , cm

שנטי pêsh, AV. 101, 1. prep. before, in front, in the presence; (here it follows the s.). Pers. پيش, anc. P. patish, Z. אָנוּנּטּנּטּג, syn. איל אוניים levîn.

ب مان المحرية pêshih, AV. 11, 7. s. the front, the presence. بان pêsh + abst. suf. بان -ih.

pishak, AV. 38, 7. s. a trade, a profession, a calling, an occupation, a habit, a custom. Pers. پيشم , ٪. بيشم.

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த்கியிற்கி, or هدوسره மூக்கியிற்கி, or principal; pl. هدوسره மூக்கியிற்கி, or principal; pl. هدوسره preshupayan, or preshupakan,  $\Lambda V$ . 11, 3, 16. Pers. پیشوا.

אַרְעָּטְעָּטְ pɛ̂shimâr, adj. used as s. one who relates beforehand, a complainant, a plaintiff, a prosecutor; opp. of אָבְּישָׁ שְּׁבְּישׁ pasimâr; pl. שׁבְּישְׁעָנְטְ pɛ̂shimârân, AV. 91, ה. -- עָבְּישׁ pɛ̂shi (for שָּׁבּשׁ pɛ̂shi (for שִּׁבּשׁ pɛ̂shi (for שִּׁבּשׁ pɛ̂sh) + אַבָּ mâr (Z. mar 'to repeat', Sans. smṛi 'to remember'; comp. Pers. במענים מבּיבּשׁענים pɛ̂shmâr.

ארשיטטאפן Pêshyôtunû, GF. 6, 5. pr. n. of a Parsi man. Z. . באינפי

pe pîm, s. see p bîm; pe pûr-pîm, AV. 1, 20. fearful, apprehensive. Both reading and meaning are doubtful, as the word is written pe padam in H<sub>6</sub>, and fear' is elsewhere always written bîm; whilst pe stands for pêm (Z. — "wowe" 'milk'.

يون payûsh, AV. 17, 20. 55, 1. s. avarice, covetousness, cupidity, greediness. Pers. پَيوش and پَيوش.

## $\boldsymbol{\varphi}$ , $\boldsymbol{\mathcal{R}}$ , t, or d.

ve t, or d, is the fourth letter of the Pahlavi alphabet, and the usual equivalent of Sas. (7), Pers. ..., Z. ve, ve, d, and Chald. n, ve; it also often corresponds to a medial, or final, Pers. ..., and sometimes to a final Sas. 3, and in such cases it is represented by d. It never joins a succeeding letter, and its form is very slightly altered when it is joined by a preceding letter, as in the compounds; ve at, hat, kht, ve rd, ld, ve ad, ve st, ve sht, dad, gad, yat, ve mad, ve dad, id, etc. Diacritical marks are occasionally used with this letter, such as ve, or ve with a circumflex, or a single dot, above it, to indicate d, and two dots to indicate t.

 $rac{r}{r}$  -t, or -d, suf. of past part. and pret. of verbs whose inf. suf. is  $rac{r}{r}$  -tuno.

through) thee; it is usually affixed to an adv., or conj., at the beginning of a clause in the sentence (see we hatat, we afat, who adinat, was amatat, repe aighat, repe chiganat, which manat, and repe manat), or to a prep. in the middle of a clause (see we azat); but when the clause has no initial adv., or conj., the sufficient the clause in the unattached form wat, as in In. 2,30., or it follows the initial words, as in In. 2,20.; and in the latter case, the vowel is sometimes not expressed, but the form wat is retained, though unattached, as occurs frequently in the gifts of the thirty Yazads'. Pers. Anc. P. -taiy.

عن tâkht-gâh, AV. 2, 26. s. a throne-place, a divan, a dais, a couch. Pers. تُأه + عندت + عit + aut +

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من وه tâvak, AV. 94,1. s. a frying-pan, a baking-pan. Pers. تاوه, تابع, or تابع, or تابع.

לים târ, AV. 16, 2. adj. dark, gloomy, obscure; sup. אינ târtûm, AV. 54, 1. Pers. גוֹן.

مولاد târîk, AV. 18, 7. 55, 1. 99, 2. 101, 2. IIn. 2, 87. adj. dark, gloomy, obscure; used as s. اتاریک pavan târîk, AV. 2, 33. in the dark. Pers. تاریک.

مولادي خوب  $t\hat{a}rik\hat{\imath}h$ , AV. 5, s. 18, 7. 54, 9. 67, 2. 68, 23. IIn. 3, 33. s. darkness, gloom, obscurity. مولاد  $t\hat{a}rik$  + abst. suf. وب -ih; Pers. تاریکی.

אושים tukhshidanö, v. to strive, to endeavour, to struggle, to labor; usually written אושים tûkhshûdanö; fut. 3a sing. בוע שי barâ tukhshêd, AV. 18, s. Comp. Pers. משים 'vigo.'; anc. P. takhsh 'to form', (Z. tash, Sans. taksh).

קשע tâk, see איס איס hâ-tâk and און אין khadâ-tâk; also a s. meaning 'a fibre, a twig' (Pers. בֿוֹש).

ששי  $-t\hat{a}n$ , אשי  $-t\hat{a}n\delta$ , pron. suf. of  $2^d$  pers. pl. you, your, of (to, for, by, or through) you; it is probably used in the same manner as the sing. suf.  $\varphi$  -at, but examples are rare (see بالله hattân). Pers.  $\varphi$  -at + pl. suf.  $\varphi$  -an.

אָרָנוּשָּאָן tebrûnastanö, v. to break, to shatter, to ruin, to destroy; past part. און איי tebrûnast, AV. און איי tebrûnast, AV. און איי tebrûnast, AV. און איי ניאָל tebrûnast, AV. און איי ניאָל פּרָרָאָרָן פּרָרָאָרָן פּרָרָאָרָן אַרָּרָיּאָרָן אַרָרָאָרָן פּרָרָאָרָן אַרָּרָאָרָן אַרָּרָאָרָן אַרָּרָאָרָן פּרָרָאָרָן אַרָּרָאָרָן אַרָּרָאָרָן אַרָּרָאָרָן אַרָּרָאָרָן אַרָּרָרָאָרָן אַרָּרָאָרָן אַרְרָאָרָן אַרְרָאָרָן אַרְרָאָרָן אַרְרָאָרָן אַרְרָאָרָן אַרְרָאָרָן אַרְרָאָרָן אָרָרָין אָרָרָאָרָן אָרָרָין אָרָרָין אָרָרָין אָרָרָין אָרָרָין אָרָרָין אָרָרָין אָרָרְיּיִין אָרָרָין אָרָרְיִין אָרָרָין אָרָין אָרָרָין אָרָרָין אָרָרָין אָרָרָין אָרָרָין אָרָרָין אָרָרָין אָרָרָין אָרָין אָין אָרָין אָרָין אָרָין אָרָין אָרָין אָיין אָרָין א

ພາຍາ ເພາຍາ adj. spoiled, injured, ruined, destroyed; sometimes written ພາຍາ ເຄົາ ເພົ້າ ເພົ້າ ເພື່ອ ພາຍາ ພາຍາ ເພົ້າ ເພື່ອ ພາຍາ ເພົ້າ ເພື່ອ ພາຍາ ເພື່ອ ເພື່ອ

ed, made away with. Pers. تَوه, or تَوا, تبع, or تَوا; comp. Sans. tup, tuph, tub and tubh, 'to hurt'.

אָרָם tajūdanŏ, v. to flow out, to issue, to discharge, to extract; pret. פּבָּף שׁשְׁ barâ tajūd, AV. 10, 14. discharged out, exuded. Pers. تريدن, %. tach.

temptuous, disdainful: (1) tar kard, AV. 68, 10. acted insolently to, despised; (2) tar minid, AV. 26, 62, 5. thought contemptuously of, scorned, despised. Comp. Pers. 3 'impudent', Z. 66, 20, 5. trî 'to overcome'.

ישלים -tar, comp. suf. used with all adjectives (see ארן אינען אי

مران و tarâzûk, AV. 5, 5. s. a balance, scales for weighing. Pers. ترازع; Huz. syn. براست على المارية بالمارة بالمارة بالمارة المارة بالمارة بالمارة

past part. populo tarázínídano, v. to weigh, to equalize, to measure; past part. populo tarázíníd, AV. 49, 7. Denom. fr. plo taráz (= 4) populo tarázík).

שלים tarbā (trad. talbā) GF. 3, או. s. fat, grease, tallow. Chald. אַקרָהָּ, Syr. בּוּלֵי: Pâz. syn. אָפּרָ píh.

ק telatâk, AV. 1, 34, 48. num. three; often written שור לפונגיין telatâ, and usually expressed by the cipher ש. Chald. אָלָהָא, Syr. אָבֹבֹיל, Ar. בُבֹנֵי Pâz. syn. (rare) אוני אוֹ (also 'thirty').

அற்று tars-ákâsíh, AV. 13, s. s. a consciousness of fear,

tarîh, AV. 23, s. s. insolonce, contempt, scorn, disdain. In tar + abst. suf. -ih.

instead of frage chahârûm, to translate Z. of (Sans. turîya, turya, or târya), and its first syllable of tas may perhaps be some corruption and misreading of the Z., to which the ord. suf. fram is added.

עניף tasht, s. a basin, a dish, a saucer, a cup; עניף אָצָיף tasht tasht, AV. 20, 2. various dishes, cups and cups, cup after cup. Pers. בشت, Z. באנים עניף.

y -tak, or -dak, 19γ -takŏ, or -dakŏ, suf. of past part. when used as an adjective, or substantive; see 3 -ak. Probably p. p. suf. γ -t, or -d, + adj. suf. 3 -ak. Pers. \*\* -, or \*Δ...

used for 'the other world, or heaven', as in GF. 2, 5.; and reforman aigh, AV. 9, 1. 17, 5. GF. 3, 39, 40. there where; refor for min tamman, AV. 16, 1. from there, thence; refor all val tamman, AV. 4, 8. 9, 1. GF. 1, 4. to that place, thither. Sas. AD tamman, Hob. Dy', Chald. Per. Syr. 25, Ar. 55; Pâz. syn. ânô.

לשוש tanâpûhar, (trad. tanâvanâr) AV. 22, 7. s. a sin which prevents the sinner from passing over the Chinvat bridge [Dest.]; a heinous, or mortal, sin, for which a penalty of 300 stirs of four dirams each (about 129 pounds sterling) is allotted in the Pahlavî Rivâyat. Pers. בולני, Z. אשר, it also translates Z. אשר, באלונט.

may have been joined and converted into **w**, in the same manner as Srôsh-yasharûbö has been occasionally converted into אלטעטרלען.

קענטשן tûkhshâk, AV. 13, 10. Dk. 152, 6. adj. diligent, energetic, industrious, strenuous, persevering; pl. used a s. אַרְטָטְשָּׁרְעָּ tûkhshâ-kân, see אַרְטָשְׁישָׁ hû-tûkhshâk. — שַטּוּ tûkhsh (crd. of אַרְשָּׁשִׁישׁיִּ hû-tûkhshâk. — שַטּייִ tûkhshiḍanö) + adj. snf. אַר -ák; Pers. בּבּבּהׁ

արցալայա tûkhshûkîh, GF. 2, 64. s. diligence, energy, industry, exertion, perseverance. արալայա tûkhshûk + abst. suf. ար -îh.

بوس بالله tûkhshîdanő, v. to strive, to endeavour, to persevere, to labor; pres. 1st sing. مرسوم tûkhsham, Dk. 152, 6. Comp. Pers. 'vigor'; ane. P. takhsh, 'to form, to fashion' (Z. tash, Sans. taksh).

بر ده بازی tôhik, GF. 2, 36. adj. vacant, empty, void. Pers. قهی, or عزین بازی و tôhik, GF. 2, 36. adj. vacant, empty, void.

tâbân, AV. 16, 4. GF. 1, 6. 3, 7. المُعْرَانِ tâbânŏ, AV. 16, 9. GF. 1, 20, 27. 2, 39. 3, 10, 15, 71. 4, 21. adj. able, capable, competent, fit; (generally accompanying an inf., which it mostly follows, with the meanings) is able, can, is possible. Pers. قران, Z. tavan.

an inf.); pret. remple tûbûnast, AV. 49,4. remple tûbûnûst sub-

الماريم  $t\hat{u}b\hat{a}n\,k$ , GF. 2, 34. adj. effective, competent, powerful, wealthy. الله  $t\hat{u}b\hat{a}n\,+$  adj. suf.  $\omega$  -ik.

Joseph Tosar, Dk. 150, 12, 13. pr. n. a priest who collected the fragments of the sacred writings of the Mazdayasnian religion which were extant in the time of Ardakhshîr Pâpakân.

קונים -tûm, sup. suf. used with all adjectives (see קרשון שוּלים מּבּי מּבּימוּ וּלֹמוֹת אַנְישׁי שׁנְישׁ שׁנְישׁ שׁנְישׁי שׁנְישׁי שׁנְישׁי שׁנְישׁי שׁנִי שׁנִישׁ וּשׁי מּבּימוּלוֹת , פּרּפּישׁי מּבימוּלוֹת , בּיֹשׁי מּבימוּלוֹת , בּיִּשׁי בּישׁי מּבימוּלוֹת , בּיִּשׁי מּבימוּלוֹת , בּיִּשׁי בּישׁי , צ. בּיבֹּי , צ. בּיבּנְיּשׁי , צ. בּיבּנְיּשׁי , צ. בּיבּנְיּשׁי , צומה -tâm, Lat. -timus.

שנא tômík, AV. 53, 11. 54, 4, 9. adj. dark, gloomy, obscure; sup. באור ליינים ליינים

196 tanû, AV. 2, 25. 3, 1, 2. 4, 9. 19, 5, 8. 20, 21, 27-30, 33, 37, 38, 45, 46, 52, 58, 59, 62, 66, 3. 22, 23, 31, 40, 41, 43, 44, 50, 63, 79, 81, 88, 4. 24, 3, 4, 7. 32, 47, 55, 70, 72, 85, 87, 91, 92, 2. 34, 2, 3, 7. 36, 3, 4. 48, 49, 71, 78, 99, 5. 51, 2, 3. 57, 1. 60, 2, 4, 7. 64, 6. 68, 15, 16. 69, 10. 86, 2, 3. 101, 11, 20. GF. 2, 12, 75. 4, 27. Hn. 1, 10. 2, 23, 37. 3, 37. s. the body, the person; μου σηφ tanû-i nafshman, AV. 34, 7. 38, 5. 81, 3. 89, 8. Hn. 2, 18. β, 17. Hr. 1, 10. 2, 23, 37. 3, 37. s. the body, or self; see also μου σηφ tanû-i pasîn and γουρ γηφ tanû-drûst. Pl. μηφ tanûân, AV. 25, 93, 3. 80, 4. 97, 98, 2. Hn. 1, 10. Pers. τ. Σ. Σ. Σμφ, Sans. tanu and tanû.

ends in יבים, or -dano, inf. suf. of verbs whose Pers. equivalent ends in יבים, or יבים, and of Huz. verbs whose Pers. form ends in יבים, or יבים, and occasionally of those whose Pers. form ends in יבים, or יבים. Anc. P. tanaiy.

בין לינים ל

אור פעען אוף tanû pasînö, in K20, a variant of אור פעען tanû-i pasînö, the idhâfat being understood.

اورو tanûr, AV. 85, 3. 93, 5. s. an oven, a portable stove. Pers. وَمَدُورُ , or مُعَارِّمُ لَدُ , Z. مُعَارِّمُ , Heb. Chald. مَنْورُ , كَتْمُورُ , Ar. يَتَمُّورُ ,

المان tanûthû, AV. 18,10. 51, s. adj. single, alone, solitary, apart. Pers. لننا

יל אונים אוף tanû-drûst, AV. 2, 18. adj. sound in body, healthy, vigorous. אוני tanû + אונים drûst; Pers. בּגוֹלְיֵשׁבּי.

omp. النك tang, AV. 18, 9. adj. narrow, contracted, close, confined;

too, again also; see e310 tunidich. - 310 ta vid + a -ich.

مادّی tangîh, AV. 5, s. 18, s. 101, 16. s. narrowness, confinement, difficulty, adversity. خنگی tang + abst. suf. وبد -ih. Pers. دنگی.

2,42,48. adv. with conj. secondly too, again also; see en tanidich. — 3pe tanid + en -îch.

ەر , or قر , tag, GF. 2,10. adj. strong, powerful, sturdy, brave; sup. جاموں tagtûm, GF. 2,10. Pers. تنگ , ٪. sup. سابل پادىدەبد

ງມຊາງ ຍາ tiz-sójâk, AV. 55,  $\iota$ . adj. sharp-burning, brisk-burning, blazing. ຍາ tiz+ ງມຊາງ sójâk.

ארטיסי Tishtar, GF. 3, 33. pr. n. a yazad, or angel, who personifies the star, or constellation, which is the eastern leader of the stars against the planet Tîr, or Mercury, and brings rain upon the earth (see Bund. 7, 6. 12, 18-19. 17, 4-6. 63, 19-20.); this star is usually identified with Sirius. Z. שנשיסוננים.

פּטָרטָר, or אָבְּטָרטָר, tishgâ, GF. 2, 13, 51, 75. num. nine; usually expressed by the ciphers שעשה. Heb. אַשְשָה, Chald. אַשֶּקה, Cyr. אַצַע, צַּיבּג; Pâz. syn. (rare) אָשִר nâv (trad. nuh).

مول ماريس الله tîshn, AV. 89, 9. s. thirst. Pers. يَش, Z. بيش, Sans. trishnd.

א א כטאָק tishnak, AV. 75, 6. 89, 8. 95, 2, 6. adj. thirsty; pl. used as a s. א אָנָטאָנְאָ tishnakân, AV. 3, 16. the thirsty. א ביטאָ tishn + adj. suf. א -ak; Pers. בּהֹהֹא, Sans. nom. tṛishnak.

ארטענטיב, or אָכָטענטיב, tishnakih, AV. 23, 89, 2. s. thirstiness, thirst. אָבָטענטיב tishnak + abst. suf. יַבּהוֹלֹב,

## $\mathfrak{A}, \mathfrak{C}, \mathfrak{C}, \mathfrak{c}, \mathfrak{c}, \mathfrak{d}, \mathfrak{f}, \mathfrak{s}, \mathfrak{d}, \mathfrak{p}, \mathfrak{or} \mathfrak{f}.$

vanich, α-ως mayâich, αης mûnich, α-ων napîkîhâich, α΄ς vadich, ων gabrâich, and ας vadich; it is occasionally written μα -ichŏ, and often e -ich which indicates the existence of the vowel i which is also often used in Pâz. (see Mkh. glos. p. 47). Anc. P. -châ, Z. -ων (Gâth. -ων), Sans. -cha, Lat. -que. In some cases it is doubtful whether σα, or σα, be -ich + the idhâfat σ i, or the pron. -chî (Z. -chî), but the latter is almost always expressed by the Huz. - πaman. Owing to the resemblance between the Pâz. conj. cha and pron. chi, the Huz. syn. - πaman of the latter, is often substituted for the former in some MSS.

عرب châh, AV. 18, 6. 51, 3. s. a well, a pit. Pers. امره کای, Z. loc.

אַטער chahâr-pâî, AV. 45, 1. adj. used as s. what has four feet, a fourfooted animal, a quadruped; pl. אָטער chahâr-pâyânĕ, AV. 30, 5. — אין chahâr + ישט pâi; Pers. چهارپا.

τρλαγα chahârûm, AV. 10, 1. 17, 28. GF. 2, 23. num. fourth; sometimes expressed by the cipher  $\underbrace{}_{\text{cipher}}$  -  $\underbrace{}_{\text{chahâr}}$  + ord. suf.  $\underbrace{}_{\text{chahâr}}$  -  $\underbrace{}_{\text{chahâr}}$  -

ي معمرا châdûr, GF. 3, 56. s. a veil, a mantle, a covering. Pers.

يه chârak, AV. 1, 23. s. a remedy, succour, help, an expedient, means, a method, a mode. Pers. چاره, or چاره.

າງຄວາມຊ châshtanŏ, v. to impart, to revéal, to tell, to teach; pret. ອານຸຊ châsht, AV. 12, s. Z. chash, Sans. chaksh.

ໃນທະງະພຸດ châshîdâr, s. a teacher, an instructor, a preceptor;

אב chabun, s. property, wealth, treasure; also written אבן chabûn and אפן chapûn. Comp. אפן chabuntar, GF.2, 54. probably for the adv. phrase אפן אפן pavan chabuntar, with more wealth. Heb. אפן אפן.

ארנישן בי charâitîk, Hn. 2, 24. s. an unmarried woman, a damsel; pl. אין בי charâitîkân, Hn. 2, 24. Z. אין שנישן ; comp. Sans. charî, 'a young woman'.

charbtar, GF. 3,25. in K20, a variant of look charptar.

وام charp, adj. fat, unctuous, soft, smooth, mild, agreeable; comp. اجرب charptar, GF. 3, 25, 32. Pers. چرب.

μλα charanâm, see μλαμολω srôshô-charanâm.

through) thee; as thy, or thee. In chiyan + pron. suf. chiyan + pron. suf.

as of (to, for, by, or through) him, her, or it; as his, her, its, him, or it.

1704 chigûn + pron. suf. - -ash of 3d pers. sing.

AV. 3, 5. adv. with suf. as of (to, for, by, or through) them; as their, or them. For chiyûn + pron. suf. www -shân of  $3^d$  pers. pl.

אַטָּע chihar, s. the face, the countenance, the aspect, the appearance; see אַבָּע hû-chihar. Pers. אָבֶּאָ, יִּבֶּאָּ, סִיּגּאָּ, סִיּגּאָנְיּ, סִיּגּאָרָ.

27. GF. 3, 64. s. the eye. Pers. چشم, Z. nom. שנטשטע, Sans. chakshus; Huz. syn. γεν αίνημα.

comp. I chashmakish, adv. gleamingly, radiantly, resplendently; comp. I chashmakishtar, AV. 4, 31. — 3462 chashmak + adv. suf. 49 -ish (= 400 -yish).

radiant, resplendent; pl. used as a s. Maying eyes, glancing, gleaming, radiant, resplendent; pl. used as a s. Maying chashmakan, AV. 4, 31. the brilliant, the illustrious. For chashm + adj. suf. 3 -ak.

ראמנים בי ארשים בי Chakât-i Dâîtîh, AV. 53,2. בי ארשים בי ארשים בי ארשים בי בי ארשים בי ארשי

19 -icho, conj. also; an occasional variant of e -ich, see 19 anicho.

haps be substituted for  $\int because it is preceded by <math>\underline{2}$ , but the reading is doubtful, as it may be  $dr\hat{o}ghj\hat{o}$ , a more variant of  $dr\hat{o}j\hat{o}$ .

to convulse; pres. 3d pl. אונארני jundinand, AV. 53, 5. Caus. of Pers. אונארני, Z. yuz. In this word, an original py bin has probably become successively py vin and yo din, as mentioned in the remarks upon b.

أي chind, AV. 82, 1. (a doubtful reading) p. p. of a v. pia chindan, 'to pluck', (of the same form as pig kandan, piws mandan, and pign nikandan, see Pahl.-Pâz. Glos. 14, 1, 3. 16, 3.) comp. Pers. چيندن 'gleaning'; or for âpa chind, or âpa chinand, pres. 3<sup>d</sup> pl. of nivea chidană; or it may be merely the adj. âpa chand.

N. 78, 7. 2, -ichō-i, Dk. 152, 4. conj. with idhâfat; also which is. In some cases, it is merely a variant of a -ich; and may occasionally be the Pâz. substitute (Pers. ) for the Huz.

שנעת chibâ, AV. 10, 7, 9, 10, 12, 14. 54, 4. s. fire-wood, chips of wood, sticks; also written בנשע chipâ. Comp. Chald. צִיבָן; Pâz. syn. hêzam.

nges chidano, GF. 2, 30. v. to collect, to gather, to pluck, to pick; crd. με chino, see μετω baresôm-chino; pres. 3<sup>d</sup> pl. 31g chind, AV. 82, 1. (a doubtful reading). Pers. εμές, Ζ. Sans. chi; Huz. syn. μετω α chedrûntano\* and μετω πεσαλκτύπταπο.\*

لم chir, GF. 2, 9. adj. valiant, courageous, triumphant, victorious.

Pers. چير

μα chim, AV. 68, 19. s. a meaning, a reason, a cause; see μυυ avî-chim. Pers. ς.

pa chînă, crd. of mea chidană.

reging Chinûvat, AV. 3, 17, 1. 4, 7. 5, 1, 2. 53, 2, 3. pr. n. ('gathering') the bridge to which departed souls are said to come, on the third\*\* morning after death, where their actions during life are weighed, and over which only the souls of the pious find width enough to pass upwards into heaven, while those of the wicked are led downwards into hell; it is supposed to stand on the mountain where their actions during life are weighed, and over which only the souls of the pious find width enough to pass upwards into heaven, while those of the wicked are led downwards into hell; it is supposed to stand on the mountain where their actions during life are weighed, and over which only the souls of the pious find width enough to pass upwards into hell; it is supposed to stand on the mountain where their actions during life are weighed, and over which only the souls of the pious find width enough to pass upwards into heaven, while those of the wicked are led downwards into hell; it is supposed to stand on the mountain where the pass of the pious find width enough to pass upwards into hell; it is supposed to stand on the mountain where the pass of the pious find width enough to pass upwards into hell; it is supposed to stand on the mountain where the pass of the pious find width enough to pass upwards into hell; it is supposed to stand on the mountain where the pass of the pious find width enough to pass upwards into hell; it is supposed to stand on the mountain where the pass of the pious find width enough to pass upwards into hell; it is supposed to stand on the mountain where the pass of the pious find width enough to pass upwards into hell; it is supposed to stand on the mountain where the pass of the pious find width enough to pass of the pious find width enough to pass upwards into help the pass of the pious find width enough to pass upwards into help the pass of the pious find width enough to p

## 1, 1, r, or 1, and 1 1.

<sup>\*</sup> Compare Chald. דְנֵך.

<sup>\*\*</sup> That is, the fourth day, inclusive of the day of death, see Mkh. 2, 115, 161.

is added. When not final, it is always joined to the succeeding letter, but undergoes very little change of form, as in the compounds: rt, r

10 (trad. ra) AV. 1, 39, 40, 42. 4, 2, 3, 5, 6, 24, 25, 28, 29.  $\overline{5}$ , 2, 4-6. 10, 6, 8, 12, 14. 11, 2, 8, 13. 16, 18, 1. 17, 14, 15, 21, 26.  $\overline{53}$ , 1, 2, 8, 11.  $\overline{68}$ , 5, 6, 15-17. 100, 8, 4.  $\overline{101}$ , 7, 8, 10, 18, 25. (FF. 1, 11, 18-20, 25-2:. 2, 9, 11, 15. 3, 3, 8, 16, 36, 43, 47, 53-55, 62, 70, 75, 76, 78, 97. 4, 1, 2, 14-18, 26. 6, 2, 5. Hn. 1, 5. 2, 26, 30, 32. pron. 1, me, my, mine. Sas. 2)  $\overline{n}$ , Heb. Chald.  $\frac{1}{2}$  'to me', Syr.  $\frac{1}{2}$ , Ar.  $\underline{\zeta}$ ; Pâz. syn.  $\underline{\zeta}$  man. With regard to AV. 1, 39, 42. see the remarks on  $\frac{1}{2}$  var.

س اله. not, no, neither, nor; the negative used before all forms of the verb except the imper., as with the inf. in AV. 68, 24., with the past part. in AV. 4, 13. 4, 22. 7, 7. 8, 5. 17, 11, 13. 18, 4. 20, 5. et.. with the pret. in AV. 2, 36. 4, 4. 32, 5. 49, 4. 67, 8. 68, 23. etc., with the pres. in AV. 15, 22. 18, 9. 48, 3. 53, 9. 54, 3, 4, 7, 11. 64, 13. etc., with the fut. (when it always intervenes between new barâ and the verb) in AV, 18, 11. GF, 3, 53, 89. 4, 18.; (in compound tenses, if precedes the p.p. and not the aux.) as in the perf. in AV. 11, 4, 68, 19, 70, 7, 78, 8, (4F. 2,46., the pas. pres. in AV. 7, s. 68, 18. GF. 2,45. and the pas. pret. in AV. 17, 2. GF. 2, 46.; sometimes the verb is understood, as in AV. 78, 7., in which case it is usually the v. s. 4s, are, etc., as in AV, 46, 5. 101, 15. GF. 3, 3, 5, 34, 43, 45. 4, 20.; wy ayûf lâ, AV. 1, 27. or not; עאַען אַ lâ khadûînö, GF. 3, 66. 4, 7. not the custom, unusual; של AV. 16, 4. GF. 1, 6. 3, 7. 114 là tùbânö, AV. 16, 9. GF. 1, 20, 27. 2, 39. 3, 10, 15, 71. 4, 21. unable, cannot, impracticable; rest. 3, 7, 10, 16. neither — nor; 4 la nadūk, GF. 2, 6. unvirtuous, immoral. Sas. 1a, 11eb. 85. Chald. 85. Syr. 1, Ar. 9, As. la, ul; Pâz. syn. (not used in Pahl.) nê.

rayê-hômand-tôkhmak, IIn. 2,23. adj. of glorious origin, of illustrious race. Z. مربي (the Huz. pos. suf. عربي hômand being substituted for the Z. suf. مربيع) -vant) + علي و tókhmak.

רשפט râḍih, AV. 89, 7. s. liberality, bountifulness, charity, generosity, benevolence. שנאף יוא râḍ + abst. suf. שנאף -îh; Z. שנאף.

ארנים (אורטים) rehatûnastanő, AV. 64, 11. v. to run, to rush, to trot, to gallop; pres. 3d sing. ירובט rehatûnêd, AV. 64, 10. Chald. אורים איז ייין; Pâz. syn. אורים למציון davîdanő, according to the Pahl.-Pâz. Glos., but this is rare in Pahl., whereas the Pâz. אורים לעול מייין dûbârastanő is common, and its term. אורים -stanő accounts for that of this Huz. equivalent.

לעלים lâlâ, AV. 11, 1, 85, 86, 2. Hn. 1, 28. 2, 21. 3, 20. adv. up, aloft, on high. Chald. לְעֵילָא; Pâz. syn. אין hûl.

יושר ופּשְטְשְּעָט (געב ופּשְטָשְעָט lâtā-nipîmishnîh, IIn. 1, 23. s. starting up, arousing; the translation of Z. אוויס (געפּראנישטּ), but both reading and meaning are uncertain. The latter word may be easily read ûpayamishnîh, comp. Z. upa + yam; or it may stand for עפּיראָט ûzyamishnîh.

mode, a manner. Pers. 31.

مروج والماء المروع والماء الماء المروع والماء والم

- ráyínishníh, see - այպույած գութթ pêdâk-râyínishníh.

אפטיפאן râyînîdanö, v. to impel, to advance, to expedite, to continue, to conclude; past part. עטקפא rayînîd, AV. 3, 20. Comp. Pers. رُوانيدن and رُوانيدن.

ראָר שּבּשׁ Râm, pr. n. a yazad, or angel, who is also called עאָר שּבּשׁר Râm, pr. n. a yazad, or angel, who is also called עאָר שׁר אַיייני שּבּשׁר Vâyô-i shapîr, 'the good flyer', and whose name is given to the 21st day of each Parsi month; it is also adopted as a Parsi man's name in GF. 6,5. Pers. אוֹר, אוֹרי, אוֹר, א

עני lakhmâ (trad. lâmâ) AV. 48, 3. אָלֶהָם lakhmayâ, or lakhmâk, AV. 100, 3. s. bread, food. Heb. לֶּהֶם, Chald. אָלָהָא, Syr. בּשׁבּא, Ar. פּֿשׁלּאוֹ; Pâz. syn. אָשׁן nân.

المعنى  $R\hat{a}m$ - $y\hat{a}r$ , GF. 6, 5. pr. n. 'friend of Râm', a Parsi man's name in the 13th century  $\Lambda$ . D. =  $p\hat{a}$   $R\hat{a}m$  + 1- $y\hat{a}r$ .

râmishn-hômandyîsh, AV. 15, 20. adv. agreeably, pleasantly, delightfully. بالم المراق المراق

לען רשׁתו (see אַרָּט rân, AV. 48, וויין רשׁתו (see אַרָּט rânô -varḍin) s. the thigh. Pers. וויין, Z. וויין.

المرا الحوام rukhö, s. a crown, a coronet; see the remarks on المرا الحوام ranô-vardin. Pers.

المرا الحام rano-vardin, AV. 14, 2. المارا الحام rano-vardino,

AV. 12, 16. s. greaves, breeches, trowsers. און rânô (see אוֹן) + vardin; comp. Z. און שווים and Pers. ולבעט. It may however be read rukhö va vardin (or vartir) 'coronets and crowns'.

רעב rabâ, AV. 8, 2. 14, 20. Dk. 145, 8. adj. great, large, immense, grand, magnificent. Sas. אול rabâ, Heb. רב Chald. אול אין, Syr. אבר, אול אין, Ar. און, As. rabu; Paz. syn. אול vazury.

אונים אונים

ארפים אורים אורים

lipamman (trad. rapmaman) AV. 3, 13. 10, 7, 9. 101, 5. 8.

a servant, an attendant, a minister, a helper, a supplier. It is supposed to be the crd. of not lipammuntano, 'to bring', corrupted from libavvūn, a precative form of the pael of Heb. Niz 'to come', meaning 'let them bring'; Paz. syn. rahik.

perged rapitvin, perged rapitûvin, adj. noontide, mid-day, meridional, southern; comp. ໄຕບອງເປົ້າ rapitvintar, Hn. 2, 19. – ງເວຍໄ ໂຕບອງ rapitûvintar, AV. 4, 17. Z. ພາງວຍປຣ່ວງ 'the early afternoon'.

ສາງທາດອນ rapitvinötarik, adj. further south, very southerly, southernmost; pl. used as a s. (in the gen.) rapitvinötarikân, IIn. 2, 19. the southerners. ງາງເຄື່ອງ rapitvinö (a variant of rapitvin) + comp. suf. ໃຈ -tar + adj. suf. ນ -ik.

rad, بها ratû, s. a chief, a principal, a head, a master. Pers. يرم, Z. بها.

သက္မောင္ပါ rad-khûdâ, AV. 13, 1. သာကူမွာ rad-khûdâî, IIn. 2, 39. adj. controlled by a master, submissive to control, tractable, docile; see သာကူများ arad-khûdâî. – မြာ rad + သက္ကာ khûdâ; Z. သါဗ်ားသည်ကော်),

10, 51, 87, 80, 10, 51, 10, 52, 53, 71, 87, 80, 99, 11. Hn. 2, 36. adv. here, in this place; sometimes used for 'this world', as in GF. 2, 34.; For a min latamman, AV. 53, 9. from here, hence; world by val latamman, AV. 8, 6. to this place, hither. As this is the opp. of for tamman, it is perhaps a contraction of for a lâ tamman, 'not there'; Chald. 1277, Syr. 57., 'thither', if repeated, may have the meaning of 'hither and thither', or 'here and there'.

ratû-franâmishníh, N. 76, 2. 77, 5. 126, 2. s. homage, or invocation, of the heads of the creation. γρο ratû + μομγου franâmishn + abst. suf. το -îh; Z. syn. το γρομίο.

lajan, AV. 65, 2. s. mud, mire, dirt. Pers. الجم, or ملكة,

الرويك larzidano, v. to tremble, to shake, to shudder, to quake, to shiver, to stagger; fut. 3d sing. رويد barâ larzêd, AV. 18, s. Pers. الرويدي.

S) C, or 100, (trad. raz) num. ciph. a hundred; generally with ciphers prefixed, as Sh 100, Hn. 1, 10, 16.; Sh, or Sh, 200; Sh, or Sh, 200; Sh, or Sh, 200; Sh, or Sh, 200; or كاس , 300; etc. see كاس , 300, المرابع (rarely used in Pahl.) sad.

,51 see ,51m.

رسوست , In. 1, 31. s. a car, a carriage, a chariot. Z. سواست), Sans. ratha.

rasat, AV. 44, 3. s. a cap, a skull-cap, a head-dress. Ar. عَنْ الْعَامَ . For other readings of the same letters see المعالمة rostano and listano.

ຍ-ບາງອງ rist-âkhêz, AV. 5,11. GF. 4,19. see ຍາບາງອງ າist-âkhêz.

rost, AV. 70, 2.

listano, v. to lick, see المربيع lishtano; pret. المربع listano, v. to lick, see المربع lishtano; pret. المربع listano, v. 63, 2. Pers. ليسيدن السيدن المستدن بالسيدن المستدن المستدن

المدي (crd. of المديمة) rasishnö, Iln. 1, 10. s. arrival, approach, coming, attainment. (crd. of ميس المديمة) rasidanö) + abst. suf. عبر المديمة -ishnö; Pers. رسيش.

ארפאסן rasidano, v. to arrive, to reach, to attain, to come; to happen, to occur; pres. lst sing. ארשטלים rasidôm, AV.9,1. Pers. رسيدان, anc. P. ras, Z. râs; Huz. syn. ארשאסן

resh-kharish, AV. 100, 2. s. mockery, banter, derision, ridicule. بن resh (Pers. رش, or رش, 'a beard') + بن s kharish (رش, or خریش, 'a butt'); comp. خریش خندی میریش خندی and خریش خندی.

المون rîkhtanŏ, Dk. 145, c. v. to pour, to spill, to diffuse, to flow, to disperse; past part. ون المنظم rîkht, AV. 1, 16. المنطق المنظم rîkhtô, N. 77, 2.; pres. 3ª pl. عبل rêjênd, AV. 22, 2. عبل barû rêjênd, AV. 16, s. they pour out, or shed. Pers. ريختي, Z. Sans. rich.

ول M, or 1000, (trad. ragh) num. ciph. a thousand; generally with ciphers prefixe l, as على 1000, AV. 31, a. Iln. 1, 10, 21.; على, or على, or على, or على, or على, or على, 3000; etc. sec على سرس لا 9000 and على 10,000. Pâz. syn. العام 10,000.

| lak (trad. rak) AV. 3, 6, 13. 4, 4, 22, 24-26, 33, 34. 5, 7. 10, 3, 7, 9, 12, 14. 11, 8. 12, 5. 17, 13-16, 18-20, 25. 53, 9. 68, 5, 10, 15-17. 101, 5, 14, 22. GF. 1, 10, 12, 20, 27. 2, 9. 3, 3-7, 15, 19-21, 36, 43, 44, 47, 63, 78, 85, 95. 4, 1, 2, 14, 16, 17, 22, 25. Hn. 1, 2. 2, 24-29, 32, 36. pron. thou, thee, thy, thine; see 24 lakich. Heb. Chald.  $\frac{1}{12}$  'to thee', Syr.  $\frac{1}{12}$ , Ar.  $\frac{1}{12}$ ; Pâz. syn. (rare in Pahl.) 10  $t\hat{u}$  (trad.  $th\hat{o}$ ).

 NXX va khadûk, GF. 3, 89. thirty-first, 31st. — ) (for ) XX + X; Pâz. syn. (rare in Pahl.) w si.

לבות (trad. rakûm) AV. 1, 31, 32, 39. 2, 8, 15, 18. 3, 8. 16, 11, 12. 101, 23. GF. 1, 17. 2, 15. pron. ye, you, your, yours. Heb. בּבָּי 'to you', Chald. אָלָבוּם', Ar. בּבּב', Ar. אָלָבוּם', Pâz. syn. אָלָבוּם shûmâ.

 $A = \sum_{i=1}^{n} XXX\hat{a}m, GF. 3, s6.$  num. thirtieth,  $30^{th}$ ;  $A = \sum_{i=1}^{n} XXX\hat{a}m$  khadâkâm, GF. 3, s9. in K20, a variant of  $20^{th}$ ;  $A = \sum_{i=1}^{n} XXX$  va khadâkâm, GF. 3, s9. in K20, a variant of  $20^{th}$ ;  $A = \sum_{i=1}^{n} XXX$  va khadâkâm, GF. 3, s9. in K20, a variant of  $20^{th}$ ;  $A = \sum_{i=1}^{n} XXX$  va khadâkâm, GF. 3, s9. in K20, a variant of  $20^{th}$ ;  $20^$ 

also. All lakich, AV. 3, 13. pron. with conj. thou too, thee even, thine also. All lak + e -ich.

சூர் ramîh, see சூர்சும் dûsh-ramîh.

بره المحل ramak, Hn. 1, 31. s. a herd, a flock, a froop, a company. Pers. رمک, or مدر

ravákh, see այսրբանի հû-ravákh-minishnih.

יל אָנענּ rûbâk, AV. 1, 1. 47, 7. 101, 18. adj. going, progressive, continuous, current. אריינים איני איניים איני

rûbûk-dahishnih, IIn. 1, 4. s. a causing of progress,

a giving currency, continuation, circulation, propagation. רענע râbâk + câdahishn, to which compound adj. is added the abst. suf. איני ביין -îh.

pl. used as a s. אינענטש rûbânîk, adj. relating to the human soul, spiritual, ghostly; pl. used as a s. יענענטש rûbânîkgân, AV. 2, 22, 28. the shades, or departed souls, or any rites connected with them. אינענטש rûbân + adj. suf. ש -îk.

rāpō, Dk. 150, 6. s. plundering, pillage, spoliation, depredation. Comp. Pers. رُبودن, 'to plunder'. This requires confirmation, as it may also be taken as 'marching, foot-soldiers, infantry',

if it be compared with Pers. رَويدن 'going', وَوَنده 'a traveller', and رَوَنده or رَفتن 'to go, to walk'.

من المورد المور

 $r\hat{u}dik$ , s. an intestine, a gut, entrails, bowels; pl.  $r\hat{u}dik\hat{u}n$ ,  $\Lambda V. 84, 2., o:$  مود  $r\hat{u}dik\hat{u}n$ ,  $\Lambda V. 84, 2., o:$  مود  $r\hat{u}dik\hat{u}n$ , n in  $H_6$ ,  $K_{20}$ . Pers. رود ارد کانی, عرب, or رود کانی.

Pers. Pos. AV. 16, a. s. trouble, difficulty, toil, vexation, grief.

ranjak, AV. 16, 5. adj. troubled, harassed, vexed, distressed, afflicted. A ranj + adj. suf. 3 -ak.

קאותף rôchanâk, AV. 7, 2. adj. or s. light, brilliant, luminous, glittering, bright; (or) brilliance, splendor, glitter. Pers. روشنا, 'splendor', or תבלאוננישע, 'bright'; Z. תבלאוננישע, Sans. rochana, 'splendid'.

المجان rôjoîh, GF. 3, 31. s. competence, fortune, prosperity, luck.

Pers. روزی Perhaps ranjoih (= مرون ranjakih) 'affliction, anguish, sickness', may be a better reading.

مدهد من rûspîk, AV. 81, 6. s. a courtezan, a prostitute, a harlot, an adulteress. Pers. روسپی

Rûstâm, GF. 6, 2, 5. pr. n. an ancient Persian hero whose name is still commonly adopted among the Parsis. Pers. رستم, or

part. جوبي randidano, v. to scrape, to rake, to rasp, to grate; past part. جوبي randid, AV. 79, 4. 99, 3.; pret. جوبي randid, AV. 87, 2. Pers. رنديدن.

rûyîn, AV. 60, 2. 79, 4. adj. made of brass, brazen, bronze. Pers. رويين, or رويين,

rôshan, I.) AV. 4, 20. 11, 9. 12, 4. Hn. 2, 23. المن rôshanô, GF. 2, 58, 67. adj. light, bright, clear, brilliant, luminous, splendid, radiant, resplendent, illumined; used as adv. in AV. 3, 24. clearly, lucidly; comp. مراكب من rôshantar, AV. 11, 4. II.) AV. 7, 2, 3. 9, 2. 10, 1. 15, 21. s. light,

רטיעט, or אין, rôshanîh, AV. 5, 8, 7. 9, 4. 12, 11, 12. 101, 3, 11.

IIn. 1, 36, 2, 34. לפיע ריים אין rôshanôîh, IIn. 2, 34. in K20, s. light, brightness, brilliance, splendor, radiance; often written לפיע ריים אין rôshanîk. – אין ריים אין יוֹים יוֹים.

rôshanî, AV. 9, 4. may be a variant of רְּטִּשְנָטְּ rôshanîh, as 3 -î is occasionally used for ייי -îh in some MSS.; but this word should probably be read rôhan-i, and change places with רְּטִּינְיִלְּ

ר אָרְעָע rôshanîk, I.) AV. 14, 1. 15, 7. adj. see אָרָט rôshan I. 11.) AV. 12, 3, 16, 18. 15, 19, 20. s. see אָרָט rôshan II. — אָרָט rôshan + adj. suf. שּ -ik which is sometimes substituted for the abst. suf. פּרָב -ik.

لَّهُمْ الْمُعْمَى الْمُعْمِى الْمُعْمِى الْمُعْمِى الْمُعْمِعِيمِ الْمُعْمِى الْمُعْمِى الْمُعْمِى الْمُعْمِى الْمُعْمِى الْمُعْمِى الْمُعْمِى الْمُعْمِى الْمُعْمِعِيمِ الْمُعْمِى الْمُعْمِمِي الْمُعْمِى الْمُعْمِمِ الْمُعْمِى الْمُعْمِمِ الْمُعْمِمِمِ الْمُعْمِمِ الْمُعْمِمِ الْمُعْمِمِ الْمُعْمِمِ الْمُعْمِمِ الْمُعْمِمِ الْمُعْمِمِ الْمُعْ

אָל װְאָל rûn, אָל rûnŏ, AV. 4, 17. s. a side, a direction, a quarter; comp. אָלעלון avârûn and אָלעלן frârûn.

rûi, Dk. 144, 6. 3 rûd, AV. 64, 4, 11. 76, 3. s. brass, bronze, probably some compound metal more fusible than ordinary brass, as it is usually mentioned as being melted; see rû. Pers. روید (روید روید), or comp. Z. rudh, 'to flow'.

3)  $r\hat{o}d$ , AV. 57, 4. 58, 5. 64, 5, 12. 73, 7. ك  $r\hat{o}d$ , AV. 77, 87, 2. s. the face, the countenance, the cheeks. Pers. روى, or روى; Huz. syn. جوبه مسومه موجه مسومه موجه

b) lôît, GF. 1, 9. 3, 58. 160) lôîto, Dk. 151, 3. N. 78, 7. neg. v. 8. 3d pers. is not, it is not, there is not, are not, there are not;

and they have not. (2) for — problem amatshano — levatman lott, GF. 3, 58. when it is not with them, when they are without, when they have not. Chald, 172, Syr. 1.22; Paz. syr. 1931 nist.

الموري  $l \delta i t_i h$ , AV. 5, 11. s. non-existence, unreality, nullity, nothingness, annihilation, destruction. ومن  $l \delta i t$  + abst. suf. عن -i h: Pâz. syp. ادروي n stih.

רפטען rôcshman, AV. 2, 25. 17, 6. 31, 47, 2. 36, 2. 57, 1. 58, 5. GF. 3, 64. Hn. 2, 1, 18. 3, 17. N. 77, 12. 78, 4. 8. the head, the top; an extremity, an end (opp. of m ban, 'the beginning'). Heb. אראים, Chald. אראים, Syr. בּיֹל, Ar. ban, ban ar.

ארפשען rôdishnö, s. growth, increase, development; sec אין ריפשען hu-rôdishnö. -- אין rôd (crd. of אין rôdidanö) + abst. suf. אין -ishnö.

וות אונים, אוני

ل XX, or 20, (trad. re) GF. 3, 1, 12, 17, 22, 35, 41, 64. num. ciph. twenty. Paz. syn. روس vist.

part. بن rid, AV. 61,2.; pret. بن rid, AV. 71,3.; بولان rid, AV. 98,1. voided on, or out. Pers. ريدن; comp. Z. iri, Ṣans. ri and rich.

3pe) rêjênd, pres. 3ª pl. of new rikhtanö.

ا الأولى الكراية, AV. 4, a. Hn. 2, 2, 12, 16, 18. 3, 2, 5, 17. N. 78, 7. 126, 5. الأولى الأولى الكراية, AV. 4, a. Hn. 2, a, 12, 16, 18. 3, 2, 5, 17. N. 78, 7. 126, 5. الكراية الأولى الكراية الكراية

ragelman, AV. 25, 31, 43, 67, 2. 32, 6. 60, 8. 64, 4. 65, 69, 76, 79, 3. 74, 77, 1. GF. 2, 17. 3, 36, 36, 39, 40, 64. (25) ragelman, AV. 1, 36. 32, 2. 48, 4. 60, 89, 3. s. a foot, a leg below the knee; שונים ראשונים ראשונ

פאניארטים אינאל-âkhêz, AV. 61, 7. s. the dead-arising, the resurrection of the dead; see פאניארטיל rist-âkhêz. -- איניים איני

موروبه المرابع المرابع المربع المربع

ונאסאון lishtano, or liyadano, v. to lick, to chew, to masticate;

see إلى النام الن

دي د ríshak, AV. 34, c. s. the hair of the body. Pers. ديشي.

الموسوم réshkun, AV. 99, 2. الموسوم réshkûn, IIn. 2, 3, 37. adj. wound-causing, hurtful, wounding, painful. الموسد rêsh II. + adj. suf. على الموسوم kun, or 119 kûn.

بن rím, AV. 20, 22, 38, 73, 80, 2. s. impurity, filth, dirt, dross. Pers. ريم), or م

روب بن rímaníh, AV. 3ĩ, 7. 38, 41, 49, 2. 58, 5. 70, 3. impurity, pollution, corruption, filthiness, nastiness. بن المنابق ال

te-denman (trad. rayôman) IIn. 1,35a,58a. 2,37. pron. to this one, this one's, (but also used as a nom.) this one, this, he (and probably used also for the 1st and 2d pers.). Chald. \(\frac{1}{2} + \)7.

## 5 .

S z is the seventh letter of the Pahlavî alphabet, and the usual equivalent of Sas. I, Pers. j, Z. j, and Chald. 1; in some words, it interchanges with a y and 3 d, as in 1902 S zektelûn = 1902 yektelûn, 1912 S zekavîmûn = 1912 yekavîmûn, a S zak = 33 dak, who zamân = wê damân, ween S zimastân = ween dimastân, a S zamîk = aê damîk, etc.

zyash, or zish, AV. 4, 13, 16. 17, 11. 89, 8. rel. with suf. see zyash; zyash; a -- i zyash, AV. 401, 18. which — that by him, which — and which by him, which as by him (this double relative is used when a parenthetical phrase, relating to the antecedent, is inserted between the rel. and v.; see Mkh. 27, 42. 55, 5.). 2 zy-+ pron. suf. -ash of 3d pers. sing.; Pâz. syn. yash.

كويد عيد على المحافظة على المحافظة على المحافظة على المحافظة على المحافظة المحافظة

עשן syashân, אישן בyashânö, variants of בפוץ בyashân.

روس عمار الله الله عمار ا

كسريه ورم zahabáân-kard, AV. 14, s. perhaps for الرسيم ورم

zahabûîn-kard, adj. golden-made, inlaid with gold, made of gold.

S zahabûîn + κις kard (p. p. of 19κις kardanő).

عرايع عمامة كرايع عمامة عمامة

υμο S zahabîn, AV. 2, 29. a variant of μημο S zahabâin.

zakham, μυ S zakhêm, variants of μυ S zakham, see note on AV. 5, 13.

Jugo zadár, AV. 28, 6. s. a beater, a smiter, a destroyer. From zadanő; anc. P. nom. jatá.

vanquish, to destroy; past part. A zad, AV. 48, 7. 69, 2., A yo yin zad, AV. 67, 4. driven into; erd. 12 zan, see 129) drôgh-zan. Pers. 3, Sas. p. p. 205 zati, anc. P. Z. jan, p. p. μουμ; Sans. ħan, p. p. hata; Huz. syn. 11011324 & makhitûntanö.

bring forth; pret. Sa pl. 3d pl. 2erkhûnd, GF. 2, 49, 51. Heb.

2 sard, AV. 5, 5, 47, 2. GF. 2, 12. adj. yellow, sallow. Pers. 3), Z. Juck, Sans. harita, 'greenish yellow'.

evenne 5 Zaratūhashi, AV. 1, 1. 3, 9. 11, 3. 16. 12, 8. 101, 18. Hn. 1, 1, 3, 7, 12, 17, 22, 27, 32, 37. 2, 1. 3, 3, 17. 18 Hull Saratûhashtar. Hn. 1, 9. Dk. 144, 1, 145, 1, 4, 150, 1, pr. n. the great teacher and propagator of the Mazdayasnian religion, who was the son of Pourushaspa, and lived in the time of king Vishtasp, perhaps about B. C. 2300 (see Haug's 'Lecture on an original speech of Zoroaster'); he is often called Zarathushtra Spitâma in the Avesta (Pahl. אונטאר מפאישען אל Zaratûhasht-i Spîtâmân, or സാധ്യൻ 🎜 ന്നുത്ത Spîtâmân Zaratûhasht), probably from his ancestor Spitâma, in the Linth generation; his ancestry is traced, in Bund. 79, 5-10, back to Manôshchihar, in the fourteenth generation. One, or more, later reformers of the religion have probably also borne the name, or title, Zarathushtra. Pers. وَرُتُسُت رارنشت , زارکشت or زارنشت , زارنهٔ این از برکشت , زارکشت , زارنشت رازنشت Zûrâducht (?), "א. אולעם אויט אין אינטראר (יין various explanations of this name have been proposed (see Haug's Gathas II. p. 245-16.), but none are very satisfactory.

thushtran; of, belonging to, or descended from, Zarathushtra. Zaratûhasht + patron. suf. w -ân.

Reciped S Zaratûsht, people S Zaratûshtar, variants of Reciped S Zaratûhasht, which are generally used in K20.

zarcmâyô, Hn. 2, 38. adj. an epithet of the oil, or liquor, tasted by the souls of the pious on their arrival in heaven; its meaning is doubtful, but seems to be connected with the green, or golden,

במרות, AV. 5, 5. אלין במרות, AV. 12, 16. adj. golden, made of gold; אלין פול במרות-pêsîd, AV. 12, 9. 13, 2. gold-embroidered; אלין פוס במרות-kard, AV. 9, 3. אלין פוס במרות ב

\$\,\ or \$\,\$\,\ zak, \text{ pron. (used absolutely) sing. GF. 2, 19, 20, 22, 25, 39, 44. 3, 91. Hn. 2, 36. Dk. 144, 2. that one, he, she, it, him, her, (after a s. in gen.) GF. 2, 54, 64. 3, 36, 94.; pl. AV. 11, 4. 16, 10. GF. 3, 58. those, they, them; 3ak-i, sing. AV. 2, 15, 24. 4, 2, 6, 10, 11, 18, 21-23, 35. 5, 9. 6, s. 8, 2. etc. that which is, that of, he (or she) who is, he (or she) who; pl. AV. 9, 3. 12, 7, 14, 18. 14, 7, 11, 14, 19. 15, 1, 18. etc. those who (or which) are, those of, they who; so zak zyash, AV. 17, 11. Hn. 2, 6. 3, 5. that which by him (her, or it); (used adjectively) sing. AV. 1, 4, 20, 36, 40. 2, 12, 17, 31. 3, 3, 4, 9, 16, 17, 21. etc. that, the; pl. 35 & akhar min zak, AV. 1, 12. 10, 6. Dk. 145, 4. after that, afterwards; 3c ak and, AV. 4, 12. Hn. 1, 10. 2, 6. 3, 5. that much, so much, as much; 35 & min zak, GF. 1, 15. Hn. 2, 36. from that cause, because; 2 3 3, vad zak amat, AV. 1,16. until the time when. Sas. كَا تَ عَمْدِ، Heb. اَبَّة، Chald. إِنَّة، Ar. ذَاكَ ; Pâz. syn. مِنْ أَنْ وَالْكَ . Ar. كَانَ

دسے کے عملاءً, AV. 1, 19. Hn. 1, 11, 16, 21, 26, 350. Dk. 151, 2. محد عملاء ع

zak anâ, Hn. 2, 28. It appears to be a compound of على عملا, 'that', and على عدُ, or khad, 'one'; and if so, it should be read zak-aê; comp. معلى kadarchâi.

جم کوی zakich, AV. 38, 5. Iln. 3, 21. Dk. 150, 12. pron. with conj. that also, those too; see عمل zakich. — عمل zak + a -ich; Pâz. syn. جم شمنده.

عد علا على على على الله على على الله ع

that also, that even, those too; see  $z \le zakich$ . —  $z \le zakich$ .

zamân, AV. 2, 15. γως zamânŏ, GF. 4, 21. s. a time, a period,

a season; also written pur damân; pur no pavan ham-zamân.

GF. 1, 12. 3, 81, 85. pur no pavan ham-zamânŏ, GF. 3, 60, 61, 68, 83. 4, 2, 9, 19, 27. at the same time, at once, immediately; pur dis dêr zamân, AV. 17, 26. Hr. 2, 36. pur dis dêr zamânŏ, Hr. 2, 32. a long time, a long while. Heb. pr. Chald. pr. Syr. \_\_\_\_, Ar. \_\_\_\_, Ethiop. zaman; it appears, however; to have been originally a foreign word in the Semitic languages.

**ျား** င်ငင် နှင့်မှာ အကျောင်းမှာ အကြားမှာ အကျားမှာ အကျားမှာ အကျားမှာ အကျားမှာ အကျားမှာ အကျားမှာ အကြားမှာ အကျောင်း

كويد عمسنلا, AV. 14, 15, 17, 41, 49, 7, 53, 3, 5, 72, 5, 76, 9, GF. 2, 10, 3, 32, 4, 4, 11, 8, the earth, the ground, land, a country, a region; also written مع المعاملة عمل and يرمين and يرمين, Z. 685, ved. Sans. jam; Huz. syn. عداؤها artâ.

San, substituted for روم nėshman in AV. 24, 6. by K20, 8. a woman, a wife. Pers. ن بن , Z. بري Sans. jani; Huz. syn. روم nėshman.

אַעל zôhar, N. 78, 1, 2. s. water consecrated by prayers and coremonies, holy-water; see אַבְלּטּליני מֹע âv-zôhar and אָל zôr. צ. בּלָטּליני, comp. Sans. hotrâ.

Ja charp-zûvûnih.

كوباح يَّ عَوْمَ يَّهِ عَمْ يَوْمَ يَّهُ عَمْ يَوْمَ يَّهُ عَمْ يَوْمَ يَّهُ عَمْ يَوْمَ يَّهُ عَمْ يَوْمُ لِم يها الله عند الله

Jens zófar, AV. 18, c. the jaws, the mouth; a variant of Jens zafar. Or it may be the preceding, used as a s. meaning 'depth'.

ورد بالم بالم ي بالم

**λρ** zâr, AV. 33, 5, 40, 55, 6, 90, 4. GF. 3, 29, 8, a lie, a falsehood, a fiction, an untruth. Ar. 3, 5,

λρ zôr, N. 77, 3. s. holy-water; a variant of λωρ zôhar. A similar word λρ zâr means 'strength, power, force' (Pers. κ), anc. P. zara, Ζ. λλις and ελωκως).

သူမှာမှာ တိုင်း တေးမှာမှာမှာ တိုင်း နှင့် ကောင်းမှာမှာမှာ တွင်းမောင်း perjury. ါ $\mathcal{S}$  zar + သမာမှာ gakasih.

36 zand, AV. 1, 7. 2, 32. IIn. 2, 5. Dk. 150, 1, 4. N. 78, 8. s. a commentary, a paraphrase, an explanation, generally applied to the Pahlavî translation of the Avesta. Pers. נלט; צ. zanti in שלענשאס from צ. zan, 'to know', Sans. jnâ, Gr. γrω, Lat. -gno in cognosco, etc. A similarly written word ארב zang means 'the leg' (צ. במון אוווים), Sans. janghâ).

ع کور, or zi, a relative particle (found only in connection with the pron. suffixes); 'that, who, which'. Sas. 2J zi, Heb. آبّ, Chald. آبّ, Syr. غُرْبُ , أَبْ , Ar. آبُونِي ; Paz. syn. y-. This must not be confounded with the similarly written pron. 2S zak = 2S.

by (to, of, for, or through) thee. 3S zy- + pron. suf.  $\varphi$  -at of  $2^d$  pers. sing.; Paz. syn. yat.

syash, or zîsh, Hn. 2, 6, 20. 3, 5, 19. Dk. 144, 7. rel. with suf. which (that, or who) by (to, of, for, or through) him (her, or it); also

written system s

syashân, or zîshân, AV. 16, 4. rel. with suf. which (that, or who) by (to, of, for, or through) them. على zya-+ pron. suf. على -shân of 3<sup>a</sup> pers. pl.; Pâz. syn. yashân.

ين عن المجاد ال

by (to, of, for, or through) me; y > -i zyam, AV. 53, 5. which as by me (see zyash for remarks on the double rel.). zy-+ pron. suf. z-am of 1st pers. sing.; Paz. syn. yam.

אַשְעוּל syamânŏ, or zimânŏ, Dk. 144, 1. rel. with suf. which (that, or who) by (to, of, for, or though) us. איינו באַ sya- + pron. suf. איינו באַניינו באַ

کرسد کی شام کری کری کا کری کی Sinhar, AV. 51, 5. s. an agreement, a covenant, a league, a treaty. Pers. رنهار, or رنهار.

(crd. of 11769) γ zívastanő) + abst. suf. μο -ishn.

20, s; yad, di, gad, gê, jî, etc.

s, is the eighth letter of the Pahlavî alphabet, and the usual equivalent of Sas. 7, Pers. Lw., Z. w, and Chald. D; in some cases, it stands for Z.  $\mathbf{6}$ , and for any compound of  $\mathbf{5}$  y,  $\hat{\imath}$ ,  $\hat{e}$ , d, g, j +  $\mathbf{5}$  y,  $\hat{\imath}$ ,  $\hat{c}$ , d, g, j. When final, it often stands for Pers. final s, and is written  $\mathbf{s}$ , which final form is usually retained even when a suffix is added to the word. When not final, it is always joined to the succeeding letter; and if that letter be u, v, a, or s, the last turn of the s is usually enlarged, as in the compounds בנש (= בנע (= בנע ), קנאַר, פנאַ and נענ = ); while ש + , are written אש, and ש are sometimes used for (3) and (3); the letters (3) sp are also often contracted into ey. This letter and some of its compounds are often and si may be read yi, di, gi, etc.; yash, etc.; did, etc.;  $y\hat{e}z$ , etc.; din, etc.; and das, dig, etc. When so, or stands for s, it is occasionally marked with three diacritical dots, either above, or below, in some MSS.; and when it is a compound of 3 + 3, it is liable to the same diacritical marks as that letter.

(rare in Pahl. and variously written by different authorities) has, form, or have, chihal. It may be here noticed that the Pahl num. ciphers, from 40 to 90, are evidently formed on the principle of adding an additional 3, or loop, for every score (which 3, or loop, may perhaps be merely a shortening of the cipher 1 in 3 20 and 30), while the odd 10 in 30, 50, 70, and 90, is expressed by adding 3 10 to the cipher of the preceding score; these ciphers are written so as

to resemble various letters, and are traditionally pronounced accordingly, as follows:  $30 \ (rak)$ ;  $40 \ (sa)$ ;  $50 \ (sak)$ ;

- cous sakht, AV. 1, 16. p. p. used as a s. what is taught, a statement, a narrative, a tale. Z. saq, or sach.

ي sâkhtanŏ, v. to make, to form, to prepare, to manage; past part. هري sâkht, AV. 76, s. Pers. ساختى.

1 μμω sāhmgūn, or sāhmkūn, AV. 17, 22. in H6, H17 and K26, a variant of μμω sahmgūn; comp. γομμω sāhmgūntar, AV. 17,22. in H6, H17 and K26.

sakht, AV. 15,4 55,1 77,7. GF. 3,80 adj. hard, severe, difficult, firm, strong, violent; (used as a s. for عدي sakhtíh) Hn. 3, 37. Comp. (GF. 4,22. Pers. سخت .

בעקטש sakhtîh, AV. 16, 12. 17, 2, 9. 31, 3. s. hardness, severity, difficulty, distress, strength, violence. מעש sakht + abst. suf. שיביה -îh; Pers. ...

running, or flowing; a stream, a current, a brook. Pres. part. of struntano; Pers. syn. رُول . Or perhaps it may be the crd. form + pl. suf. ש -ân.

to move, to flow, to stream; past part. אוויסט sâtûnd, AV. 55, s.; pret. אוויסט sâtûnd, AV. 12, 47, 2. 64, 4.; pres. 1st sing. אויסט sâtûnam, Hn. 3, 4.; pres. 3d sing. אויסט sâtûnêd, AV. 64, 11. GF. 2, 20, 22. שוויסט גער madam sâtûnêd, Hn. 2, 3, 31. moves on, passes along, travels; pres. 3d pl. אויסט sâtûnd, AV. 12, 16. 15, 7. This verb may be compared with Heb. אייסטר שייסט 'to turn away, to deviate', if it be

and 16, 4., to bear the same relationship to nonges a sazituntano that nonges hadituntano (trad. astunatan) does to nonges hadituntano (trad. astunatan) does to nonges habituntano, namely, that of a corrupt form in common use, to the original and correct word which, in accordance with this view, must be assumed to be nongered with Heb. Ry. Chald. Ry. Syr. 12., it should be read yêzituntano, and nongered should be yêdituntano, or yêgituntano; perhaps, however, these two Pahl. verbs may be better compared with Chald. Ry. which has a secondary meaning 'to walk'; in which case nongered should be read sagituntano.

ົ່ງພາຍ sâstâr, GF. 1, 24. 2, 3, 18, 21, 24, 28, 33, 38, 43, 50, 53, 56, 63, 66. 3, 2, 13, 18-21, 28, 37, 42, 53, 65, 70, 76, 82, 87, 90, 93, 96. s. a dictator, a despot, a tyrant. Z. ໃນຄວາມສາ; Sans. s'âstri 'a ruler'.

comp. sámán, AV. 50, s. s. a boundary-mark. Pers. سامان; comp. Sans. samanta, 'a boundary'.

בשיקוט sahmgûnîh, AV. 5, s. s. terribleness, dreadfulness, frightfulness. בשיקון sahmgûn + abst. suf. שי -îh.

sakhun, AV. 1, 36. 101, 26. GF. 3, 80, 82. دسور sakhûn, AV. 2, 17. GF. 3, 60. s. a word, a saying, a speech, a discourse, a decision,

a narrative, tidings. Pers. האביט, or האבינ; comp. Z. מענשש, Sans. śańsa.

of NII. See under w sh.

يربوس sipâh, GF. 1,2. s. an army, troops, soldiers; see بربوس sipâh. Pers. سية, or سية, Z. برسوسي.

دهسون sipás, AV. 3, 21. s. praise, thanks, thanksgiving, gratitude; see سیاس sipás. Pers. سیاس.

عن spazyîk, AV. 66, 6. adj. slandorous, back-biting, calumnious. عن spazy (Z. عنه عنه عنه عنه عنه به المنافع المنافع المنافع + adj. suf. عنه -ik; comp. Pers. المنافع المنافع

אף אוישאון spôkhtano, v. to thrust, to thrust out, to push aside, to expel, to oust, to remove; past part. מפועא spôkht, AV. 50, 6. Pers. سُپختن, or سُپختن.

ກາວຄົງຄຸນ spûrdidanö, v. to consign to, to subject to, to apply to; pres. 3ª pl. ລົງເຄົ້າຂຸ້ນ spûrdand, AV. 52, 2. Comp. Pers. ພຸ້ມ, X. spar. Perhaps, however, ລົງເຄົ້າຂຸ້ນ should be read spûrd-and, the Pâz. form of ລົງເຄັ້າ ພຸ້ງ ກາວ spûrd hômand, perf. (or pas. pres.) 3ª pl. of ກາວ spûrdanö.

دوائ spûsh, AV. 34, 6. s. seurf, dandruff; (or) lice, vermin. Pers. سپُس, شُپُش, سپُش, مَدْنِس, سپُوسه, سپُش, or شُبُش, or شُبُش, مُدُنِس. گ. عدودهد.

Spen-dâd, GF. 6, 2. in K 20, written קרט אושט Spend-dâd in K5 fol. 326 b, and מפרטים Sped-dâd in K1 fol. 339 b, pr. n. ('bountifully created') a son of Kaî-Vishtâsp, whose name has remained current among the Pârsis, as a man's name, though usually altered into its Pers, variant إسفنديار. Z. שמשע.

pupped Spitâmân, I.) AV. 3, 9. patron. adj. the Spîtâmân, or descendant of Spitâma; an epithet of pupped Saratûhasht, or Zarathushtra, whose ancestor, in the ninth generation, was Spitâma; see pupped Spitâmân. II.) GF. 2,13. pr. n. a man whose nine pious daughters were slain by Akht, the sorcerer. Z. படியல்து, or படியல்து.

Free Special Special (Yas. 47-50) so called from its first two words; its name is applied to the third of the five intercalary days which follow the twelfth month of the Parsi year; also written Free Special and Refine Special Special Special and Refine Special Special And Refine Special Special And Refine Special Special And Special Speci

the 14th letter 3 y, d, etc.

-ast, 1969 -astô, suf. of past part. and pret. of verbs whose inf. suf. is 1969 -astano.

stih, AV. 4, 14, 22. 8, 13, 21, 25-30, 32-35, 38, 39, 45-47, 51, 58, 61, 62, 74, 75, 84, 93, 96, 5. 9, 69, 79, 8. 10, 11, 9. 12, 19, 49, 7. 14, 11, 19.

15, 1. 16, 11. 17, 2, 9, 11. 18, 55-57, 82, 83, 90, 98, 4. 22, 24, 31, 36, 37, 40, 43, 44, 50, 63, 66, 70, 76, 77, 80, 87-89, 94, 6. 65, 8, 9. 101, 14, 21. GF. 2, 2, 4-6, 55, 57. ארפיט stili, AV. 4, 13, 26. 7, 48, 78, 7. 23, 6. 52, 5. 99, 9. Hn. 2, 20. 3, 19, 35. s. the world, the terrestrial creation; pl. ארפיט stilian, AV. 6, 8. 13, 7. 16, 11. 101, 6. worldly existences, earthly creatures. Z. ארפיט ; Pâz. syn. ארפיט אלינו. Dest. prefers reading gêtâ for ארפיט אלינו.

20, 101, 14. in K 20, a variant of μης stih. Z. nom. μομος.

Stâkhar, AV. 1, 7. pr. n. the Persian name of Persepolis. Pers. مِستخر, استِخر, or إستِخر.

stûrak, GF. 2, 60, 61. s. a star, a fixed star, a constellation; see المعنادة star. Pers. بستارة, Z. nom. acc. pl. كاسمتارة.

າງຄວາມເຄົ້າ stâyînîdanö, GF. 2,118. v. to cause to praise, to glorify, to honor. Caus. of ກອງພວງ stâyîdanö.

אַרָּאָט stahambak, AV. 15, 2. אַרְאָט stahambŏ, AV. 2, 16. adj. oppressive, tyrannical, unjust, injurious, violent. אייניט stahamb (Pers. ישָּדֹא ) + adj. suf. א -ak; Pers. ישִּדֹא .

אנטאנט stayishn, AV. 3, 21. 14, 16. 15, 14. 15, 14. 15, 16. stayishnö, AV. 17, 16. s. praise, thanksgiving, benediction. stay (erd. of stayidanö) + abst. suf. su

שאר אר אר אר אר ארנישר שאר stâyishnîh, sce אר ארנישר ארנישר ארנישר ארנישר ארנישר ארנישר אוא yasharâíshstâyishnîh.

Jeen star, AV. 7, 1, 2, 6. 15, 19. s. a fixed star, a constellation; see Jusen starak. Z. Juga.

stared, GF. 2, 7, 8. 3, 83. p. p. used as adj. cast down, confounded, disconcerted, stupefied. Z. \_\_worldows.

און אינארן און אינארן און stardakö, Dk. 145, 7. for און אינארן אייין אינארן אינארייין אינארייין אינארייין איייין אינארייין איייין אינארייין איייין אינארייין איייין איייין איייין איייין איייין איייין איייין איייי

אנטייני star-gûbishnîh, Dk. 151, 5. s. discourse about the stars, astronomy, astrology. אנטיין star + אנטיין gûbishn, to which compound adj. is added the abst. suf.

ליט stôr, AV. 72, 7. 74, 75, 5. 77, 6. GF. 2, 70. s. a beast of burden, draught cattle, a bullock. Pers. אייזע, Z. שישלעב; comp. Sans. sthurin, sthûrin, sthorin, or sthaurin, 'a pack horse'.

אנאפון stavar, AV. 14, 14. adj. thick, large, firm, strong. Pers.
ס איידי, or איידי, איידי, איידי, Sans. sthavira, or sthavara.

k<sub>26</sub> in the second; a variant of stared.

າງເບ diḍanŏ, v. to see; see ກາເລີ diḍanŏ, under the 14th letter y, d, etc.

-astano, inf. suf. of verbs whose Pers. equivalent ends in

sti, or gêti, Dk. 152, s. a variant of either wyey stih, or yey gêtik.

נאסע getik, substituted for נאסע stih in AV. 4, 14, 26. 10, 9. 19, 7. 21, 25-30, 33-35, 5. 22-24, 31, 36, 6. by H<sub>17</sub>, s. the world, the terrestrial creation. Pers. לيتى, Z. שעטש 'a settlement, or fixed dwelling-place'.

אנאר, adj. pointed, peaked, projecting, prominent; אינאר stik-pêstân, Hn. 2, 23. high-bosomed, with prominent breasts. Comp. Pers. אַבּיבּשׁ, or אַבּיבּשׁ, 'a mountain peak'.

المريح sipâh, AV. 99, 10. see مربوي sipâh.

ுயலு sipâs, AV. 14, 16. 15, 14. see பூயலு sipâs and பூயலும் ansipâs.

ສຸມຄຸງ sazûkyîsh, AV. 17, 10. adv. worthily, deservedly, suitably. ສຸມຄຸງ sazûk + adv. suf. ພຸນ -yîsh.

المورس sazâkvâr, GF. 3, 44, 51, 57. adj. worthy, suitable, befitting, seeming. Pers. مراوار.

siparam, AV. 15, 21. s. sweet basil, a scented plant of the same genus (ocymum) as the Indian tulsi. Pers. سِپرغم بِسِپرهم, سِپرغم, بِسِپرغم, بِسِپرغم, بِسِپرغم, اِسِپرغم, اِس

ဇေနာ်)ဗာ Spendarmad, AV. 72, 5. 76, 9. see ဗနာဂိုဗေ Spendarmad.

များမျှေတာ့ Spîtâmân, AV. 11, 3. 101, 18. များမျှမေတာ့ Spîtâmânó, IIn. 1, 9. see မာမူမျှေသ Spîtâmân.

sazidanŏ, v. to be worthy, to be proper, to deserve, to be suitable; pret. بيون sazid, AV. 67, s. بيون sazidŏ, Dk. 149, 4. (usually connected with an inf. and having the meaning of the auxiliary 'ought'). Pers. سريدن, Z. sach.

عدل sar, AV. 44, 3. 57, 4. 64, 3, 5, 12. 79, 5. 81, 2. GF. 3, 56. 5, 1. 8. the head, the top; an extremity, an end (opp. of my bân, 'the beginning'). Pers. مدالد, comp. Sans. s'ira and s'iras.

3  $d\hat{e}r$  and  $d\hat{u}l$ , see  $\frac{1}{2}\hat{3}$   $d\hat{e}r$  and  $\frac{1}{2}\hat{3}$   $d\hat{u}l$ , under the  $14^{th}$  letter y, d, etc. The same letters can also be read  $g\hat{u}l$ , 'clay'; jigar, 'the liver'; and yakar (trad. dagar) 'heavy, dear'.

ຂາມ srâyad, ງຕາມ srâyado, pres. 34 sing. of ງງຕຸລ srâdano.

איני sard, AV. 3, 19. 17, 10. 93, 2. adj. cold, frigid, chilly, cool; comp. איירט sardtar, GF. 3, 1, 4, 5. Pers. בעל אייר איירט. על איירט איירט

عدال sardih, AV. 6, 12. s. coldness, cold, frigidity, chilliness, coolness. عبردى sard + abst. suf. عبردى -ih; Pers. عبردى.

שלפא sarya, AV. 17, 14, 21. 62, 5. GF. 2, 25, 36. adj. bad, evil, vile, wretched, defective; for the comp. form אבינים saritar, see in alphabetical order. Comp. Heb. בעלפא 'sad', Chald. בעלפא 'stinking', Ar. בעלפא 'evil'; Pâz. syn. או vad.

يون موليد الرج sarya-bakht, AV. 1, s. adj. ill-fated, evil-destined, unlucky. عدان sarya برج bakht.

בלטיבט saryâih, AV. 5, s. s. badness, evil, vileness, wretchedness, misfortune. בלפי saryâ + abst. suf. ש -îh; Pâz. syn. שני vadih.

عد الله sarmâl, AV. 15, 4. 18, 40, 3. 55, 1. 89, 2, 9. s. cold, chilliness, coolness. Pers. سرما

ברן אים srób, אין איז sróbô, s. a word, a rumour, a report; see אין אינערן hû-srób. צ. nom. אוויאנגן.

يولوس srûbîn, GF. 2, 23. adj. horny. عدل srûb + adj. suf. ب -în.

אומון אינען איען אינען אינען

called אלטב Srôsh, Hn. 1, 1s. pr. n. a yazad, or angel, who is generally called אלטב Srôsh-i yasharûbö, 'Srôsh the pious, or righteous', AV. 17, 3. 67, 78, 6. 80, 81, 89, 5. 84, 93, 95, 4.; he is said to be the usual messenger from God to man, like the angel Gabriel, פּרִילילו of the Muhammadans, and protects mankind from the demons whom he vanquishes at night [Dest-] For further particulars, see the Srôsh Yasht (Yas. 57),\* and for a similar idea among the Brahmans, see Haug's

<sup>\*</sup> For a trustworthy German translation, see Hübschmann's Avestastudien in the Sitzungsberichte der phil. und hist. Classo der K. bay. Akad. der Wiss. 1872 p. 672-78.

Aitareya Brahmana, vol. I. introd. p. 14-15. The name of this yazad is applied to the 17th day of each Parsi month. Pers. שתכה , Z. 'listening, obedient'; comp. Sans. s'raushat.

Srôsh-yasharûbö, AV. 3, 10. 11, 10, 13. 16, 73, 6. 18, 53, 1. 27, 28, 30, 33, 34, 51, 58, 4. 31, 37, 50, 66, 5. 69, 7. 91, 3. Srôsh-yasharûbö, AV. 4, 5, 2, 6. 6, 8, 3, 4. 7, 4, 5. 9, 5, 6. 13, 17, 20, 21, 25, 26, 29, 32, 35, 38, 39, 42, 45-47, 52, 59, 61, 62, 74, 75, 86, 94, 96, 4. 16, 1. 18, 14. 19, 4, 6. 22-24, 36, 40, 41, 43, 44, 60, 63, 70, 76, 77, 85, 87, 88, 5. 48, 49, 71, 6. 53, 6, 8, 10. 55-57, 72, 82, 83, 90, 92, 97, 98, 3. 64, 65, 79, 7. 99, 8. 101, 1, 27. GF. 2, 25. pr. n. with adj. Srôsh the righteous, or pious; see the preceding. The idhâfat  $\mathbf{z}$  is here understood, as sometimes happens in Pahl. when the phrase is a very common one.

yasharûbö, which occurs thrice in II6, see note to AV. 3,10.; it is evidently produced by improperly joining  $\lambda$  to  $\lambda$  in hasty writing.

אברטיבט Srôsh-yâr, GF. 6, 2. pr. n. 'friend of Srôsh', a Pârsî man's name in the twelfth century A.D. — בליטיב Srôsh +  $\lambda$  yâr.

בר באר ביים ביים אינים אינים

ທຸງ ທະປາທິການ yedrûntanö, see ທຸງ ທຸງ ງວົວ yedrûntanö, under the 14th letter ວ y.

عدلوی saritar, adj. worse, very bad, infamous, evil, vile, wicked; pl. used as a s. عدلوی saritarân, AV. 45, 6. the bad, the wicked. sarî (for عدل saryâ) + comp. suf. کو -tar; Pâz. syn. کور vatar (Pers. بتر).

عدان sarîtarîh, AV. 17, 2. 47, 6. s. infamy, extreme evil,

vileness, wretchedness, misery. دلوج sarítar + abst. suf. ب -îh;
Pâz. syn. دارج vatarîh.

ארנים אויים sarêdak, perhaps for ארנים sardak, s. a kind, a species, a sort; pl. ארנים sârêdakânŏ, Dk. 152, 4. Pers. ארנים, anc. P. tharda, Z. בענן איים.

אוריים sarîtântanö, AV. 63, 7. GF. 3, 58, 59. v. to cohabit, to enjoy sexual intercourse; past part. בופים sarîtând, AV. 71, 8., used as a s. אוריים sarîtând, AV. 70, 7. אוריים sarîtând, AV. 69, 9. cohabitation, רויים jinâk-i sarîtând, AV. 69, 4. the sexual parts. Comp. Chald. אין יים יים 'to stink'; Syr. יים 'to stink', יים 'to be lascivious'; Pâz. syn. אוריים gâdanö.

אר איז sazdgûn, or sazdkûn, AV. 16, 2. adj. grievous, cruel, dreadful. או sazd + adj. suf. אין -gûn.

\$ دوگري sazd, AV. 1,4. s. harshness, cruelty, severity. Comp. Pers. سرگري 'vexation, hardness'.

າກົວ sazdûn, AV. 86, 2. adj. perhaps a variant of ກົວວິນ sazdgûn; or it may be read sizdrô, 'prickly, thorny, spiny', comp. ". ແມ່ນພະນະ.

also written 200, or 200 (trad. 200). See the remarks on 200 10

בני ווו, or 3, a rare form of the cipher in מני in עני in איז in איז וווו מני in איז איז in איז in איז in איז איז in איז

دوس sagûn, pl. of عدي sag.

yadman, AV. 1, 37. 2, 21. 4, 6. 5, 5, 6. 11, 2, 13. 16, 53, 76, 77, 94, 101, 1. 18, 1, 7. 46, 2. 58, 5. 63, 67, 68, 3. GF. 2, 76. 3, 64. s. a hand,

probably including the fore-arm; און yadman nipîk, GF. 6, 2, 5. the handwriting, a manuscript. Sas. אין yadman, Heb. אין, Chald. אין, Syr. אין, Ar. אָב; Pâz. syn. אין dast.

gadman, AV. 3, 10. 5, 3. 12, 18. 14, 12. 101, 28. s. good fortune, prosperity, glory, splendor; see إِنَّ أَنِينَ pûr gadman. Sas. مراكب bakht عمل khôrah.

3 for gadman-hômand, AV. 14, 14. adj. prosperous, glorious, splendid. Gadman + pos. suf. 3 for homand; Pâz. syn. by bakht-hômand.

שוְטּתּע. s. judgment, a decree, a decision, an opinion; see שוְטָּתְע ham-dînâ. Heb. אָדָי, ראה בּיִּלָּי, אַר. אָדָי, אַר. בְּיֵבָּי, Pâz. syn. שוְטָּתְעה dâḍistân.

ארטי sangîh, AV. 91, s. see אונטי sangîh.

לעטבל snêshar, AV. 55, 1. 64, 3. adj. snowing, falling, driving, pelting (as snow, sleet, or hail); used as a s. in IIn. 3, 17. snowing, falling snow. Z. snizh, 'to snow', pres. part. snaêzhiút (see Vend. 6, 74. Sp.). This seems a more probable reading than can be obtained by comparing the word with Pers. يخار, or يخار, 'frozen'.

الرك المراكبين sûkhtanŏ, v. to burn, to flame, to blaze, to glow; pret. وين المراكبين sûkht, AV. 63, 3... المراكب barâ sûkht, AV. 1, s. burnt up; erd. وين المراكب المستهامة hamîshak-sój; pres. 3ª sing. ووين المراكب barâ sôjêd, GF. 3, sı.; fut. 3ª sing. وين المراكب barâ sôjêd, GF. 3, sı.; fut. 3ª sing. وين المراكب المراكبة ال

אָניבּטּעל Savâk, IIn. 2, 19. pr. n. the eastern אָניבּטּעל kêshvar, or region of the earth; usually written אינים. Z. אינים אינים. This word should probably be read jînâk (comp. jînâkân, Hn. 3, 18.) and the meaning of the passage would then be 'from the more southern direction of the directions of places (or of the sides of the place)'.

ອາປຸ sûd, AV. 15, 12. 17, 19. s. profit, gain, advantage, benefit; see ອາປຸຊຸນ avi-sûd. Pers. ພຸ. Z. su, 'to benefit'.

-υρου sūdih, AV. 15, ε. s. profitableness, advantageousness, utility. ομο sūd + abst. suf. -υρο- ih.

द्वार sûj, erd. of ηγενηυ sûkhtunö; see द्वार و hamîshak-súj.

ງມຊາບ sóják, adj. burning, flaming, glowing, ardent; see ຍຸຈຸມຊາບ tîz-sóják. — ຊາບ sój (crd. of ທູຊະນາບ sákhtanő) + adj. suf. ງມ -ák; Pers. اسرزا

var sôjêd, pres. 31 sing. of 117010 sûkhtanö.

وبرالدو salak, GF. 2, 75. s. a hole, an aperture, an opening. Pers.

באנאישנט Sôshâns, N. 77, 12. pr. n. an old commentator on the

Pârsî scriptures, whose opinions are frequently quoted in the Pahl. translations (or Zand) of the Vendidâd and Nîrangistân; sometimes written מנגל הענגאַנע.

أَنْ sardâr, AV. 1, 13. 13, 1, 8. 26, 62, 82, 5. 63, 6. 68, 15. Hn. 2, 39. a leader, a chieftain, a lord, a master, a guardian; pl. مرن sardârân, AV. 14, 19. Pers. سردار.

عن من من sardārih, AV. 7, 9, 89, s. s. leadership, chieftainship, authority, control. عن sardār + abst. suf. عن -îh; Pers. سرداری.

مرى sûk, AV. 78, s. s. a side, a part, a quarter. Pers. سرى, or

1) dînô, or dênô, AV. 1, 1-3, 9, 19, 28, 29. 2, 3, 24, 29, 32, 36. 3, 5, 7, 10, 12, 18. 5, 3. 11, 3, 16. 13, 9. 56, 4. 61, 6. GF. 2, 13. 3, 55. 6, 2, 5. Hn. 1, 8. Dk. 144, 5. 145, 7. 149, 2. 151, 2, 5, 11. 152, 5. 8. religion, form of worship, especially that of the Mazdayasnians which is often called 'the good religion' (AV. 12, 8. 68, 9. 101, 28.), but it also stands for the 'service' of Akharman (AV. 68, 13.); religious practices, either pious conduct (AV. 4, 18, 23, 24. Hn. 2, 22, 25.), or impious conduct (AV. 17, 12.); religious observances, formulary, or ritual (AV. 14, 3.); religious writings, scriptures (AV. 1, 7, 18. GF. 3, 66. Dk. 145, 3, 8.); see 170 μ ham-dinô, 170 μη κάm-dinô and 170 μη dûsh-dinô. Z. μημη, ποπ. acc. pl. (Δυ. 2).

אָרָה Dînô, GF. 6,1. in K20, pr. n. the tenth month and 24th day of each month in the Pârsî year, named from the preceding. Pers. פּבָּט ((כֹּ

עף עפעט אָרָן װפּעט אָרָן מּרְעָּט װּגָּא AV. אָרָן אָרָן acquainted with the religion. אָרָן dînô + עפעט akâs.

אָרָן פּוְנְבּטִיקְנָא ທີ່ dînô-pûrsishnîh, Dk. 149, s. s. religious inquiry. אָרָן dînô + אָרָן פּוּנְבּטִיץ pûrsishn, to which compound adj. is added the abst. suf. אָר -îh.

Dînô-kartô, AV. 1,16. pr. n. 'the deeds, or enacments, of the religion', the name of the largest and most important Pahlavi work in existence, containing a vast amount of miscellaneous information regarding the legends, writings, doctrines, and customs of the Zoroastrian religion; for the traditional account of its compilation and history, see Z.-Pahl. Glos. introd. p. 31-38; the copies now extant seem to have been derived from a MS, copied by Mâhvandâd Naremâhân Vâhrâm Mihrbân at Baghdâd (1966) in the 369th year after the 20th year of Yazdakard, and obtained by him at كرويد والله Khûshkand in Syria (שטקלעפאר Asâristânŏ) from the family of Âtarô-pâd-i Mârspendân\* (see H<sub>13a</sub> p. 423 and Dest. Peshotan's Pahl, Gram, introd. p. 8); in its present state, much of the work appears to consist of a descriptive catalogue of the contents of the original compilation, interspersed with many extracts in detail, and the date of its latest revision must have been subsequent to the Muhammadan conquest of Persia. μο dinô + 1994 kartô (p. p. of 1994 kardanŏ); Dest. Hoshangji prefers the translation 'chapters of religion', but 'chapter, section' is usually written and, or med.

אסקול sông, AV. 41, 3. in all MSS., a variant of אוני sang.

<sup>\*</sup> Probably not the famous prime minister of Shapur II., but one of the later editors of the Din-kard, who lived in the tenth century A.D. according to the following extract from an old Persian Rivâyat (Ls, fol. 142a):

نیز انوشروان آدرباد بن مهرسفند بن اسوهست وهدینان در سال نیز انوشروان آدرباد بن مهرسفند بن اسوهست وهدینان در سال تیراست یزدجرد شهریار بضی از اسرار دین انجه فریضه تر است تیراست یزدجرد شهریار بضی از اسرار دین انجه فریضه تر است الله ناموختن جمع کرد و ازوی این کتاب ساخت the book Din-kard which the desturs of the religion and the ancients have compiled, likewise the blessed Adarbad son of Mahrasfand son of Asavahist (?) of the people of the good religion, in the year three hundred of Yazdajard Shahryar, collected some of the more essential mysteries of the religion as instruction, and of these he formed this book'.

שֹּׁמְנְעּ dinôîk, AV. 2, s2. GF. 4, 27. adj. religious, ceremonial, ritualistic. אָל dînô + adj. suf. ב -îk.

ين sûi, AV. 89, ه. s. hunger. Z. معنون, Sans. kshudh and kshudha.

sang, s. I.) AV. 41, 44, 49, 77, 3. 52, 2. 55, 1. a stone. II.) AV. 27, 5. 67, 9. 80, 6. a weight. Pers. سنگ , Z. asan; comp. anc. P. athañ-gaina, 'masonry'; Huz. syn. موقعد kêpâ.

عدى sag, s. a dog; also written عدى ; pl. دوسر sagân, A.W. 48, s. دوسر sagân, A.V. 84, 2. both substituted for دوسر kalbâân by K20. Pers. سكّ ; Huz. syn. منك , kalbâ.

ວິດໂທຍລະ sêj-hômand, AV. 10, 4. 11, 9. 54, 1. In. 2, 3, 86. adj. see the preceding; comp. ໂຊຍດີນຄວະ sêj-hômandtar, IIn. 3, 86. Z. abl. ຂຸ້ມພູນມູນ ກຸ່ງວາຕົວ:

دون مان stadahum, GF. 2, 65. num. thirteenth; sometimes expressed by the ciphers مسيددهم.

າງຕູຍລ sêjîdanő, v. to continue, to last; pres. 3d sing. ຕູຍລ sêjêd, N. 126, 5., ງຕູຍລຸບ ມັງ barû sêjêdő, N. 76, 5. 77, s. it continues on. Z. sach.

دويل عن sirih, AV. 15, 22. 77, s. s. fuliness, sufficiency, repletion, satiety. Pers. سيرى.

און אין, און אין, סר און אין, scalkûntanö (trad. sîkûnatan) v. to tear, to rend, to lacerate, to gash; past part. אנבפון scalkûnal, AV. 75, 2.

cong-cos sedkûnd, AV. 84, 2.; pret. congs sedkûnd, AV. 76, 2.; pres. 3d sing. congs sedkûnêd, AV. 64, 5.; pres. 3d pl. 3η sedkûnd, AV. 18, 13. 43, 3. 3η sedkûnd, AV. 48, 2. Chald. php. Syr. ci.; Pâz. syn. ης 3 darîdanö.

## \* sh; yû, dû, gû, jû, etc.

equivalent of Sas. 22, Pers.  $\ddot{\omega}$ , Z.  $\dot{\omega}$ ,  $\ddot{\omega}$ , and Chald.  $\dot{w}$ ; it also stands for any compound of  $\dot{\omega}$ ,  $\dot{v}$ ,  $\dot{v}$ ,  $\dot{v}$ ,  $\dot{v}$ ,  $\dot{v}$ , and  $\dot{\omega}$ ,  $\dot{v}$ ,  $\dot{v}$ ,  $\dot{v}$ ,  $\dot{v}$ , and  $\dot{\omega}$ ,  $\dot{v}$ ,  $\dot{v}$ ,  $\dot{v}$ ,  $\dot{v}$ ,  $\dot{v}$ , and  $\dot{\omega}$ ,  $\dot{v}$ ,

for, by, or through) him (her, or it); it is usually affixed to an adv., or conj., at the beginning of a clause in the sentence (see we afash, which adinash, which mamanash, and wife mûnash), or to a prep. in the middle of a clause (see we azash, with aubash, we padash, and wife mûnash); but when the clause has no initial adv., or conj., the suf, occurs in the unattached form wash (see in alphabetical

order), either at the beginning, or in the midst, of the clause; and in such cases, the vowel is sometimes not expressed (see dayêd-ash). Pers. ; anc. P. acc. -shim, gen. -shaiy.

guh, AV. 80, 2. s. human faces, excrement, ordure, night-soil; usually written خوه. Pers. مخرة, or مخرة. The reading is uncertain.

אָט jih, or jeh, AV. 17, 12. s. a harlot, a prostitute; also written אָט jêh. Z. אַטעשע.

NII, or 12, num. ciph. (generally circumflexed) an occasional variant of وي XII, produced by joining the ciphers.

שעש gâh, s. a place, a throne, a seat; see איט פּטיט tákht-gâh; usually written איט gâs. Pers. אל, anc. P. gâthu, Z. אששפר.

-yish (trad. -ihâ) adv. suf. affixed to adjectives, and some substantives, to form adverbs (see -μυ) -μομυ ακhνέκhκατμίκh, -μυ) -μομυ αγεῦκατμίκh, -μυμου ανίbimyish, -μυγου dâdyish, etc.). As. -ish.

but more frequently in later writings (see 40000 afditha, 400) and the plural of a few nouns,

khrafstaríhá, બાગુગા bandakíhá, બાગુજાના pôstíhá, બાગુગાલા dádistáníhá, બાગુગાલા shatrôíhá, બાગુગાના nipíkíhá, and બાગુગાના damíkíhá); in બાગુગા khadúinakihá the suf. seems altered into ay há. Pers. Le...

איני אול shêdayyû, AV. 31, 3. s. pl. devils, demons, fiends; or it may be merely a variant of איני shêdû. Chald. emph. pl. איני ישׁיני shêdû.

sheda (for אנאט sheda-yâzakîh, IIn. 2, 28. 8. see the preceding. - אוני sheda (for אנאט sheda) + geo yâzak (Z. אוני שני in אוני שב in אוני שני -îh.

كالم Shāh pûhar, Dk. 144, s. 151, 13. pr. n. the second, ninth, and eleventh, kings of the Sasanian dynasty bore this name; they were, respectively, Shāh pûhar-i Artakh shatarân who reigned Λ.D. 240-271, Shāh pûhar-i Aûharmazdân who reigned Λ.D. 309-379, and Shāh pûhar-i Shâh pûharân who reigned Λ.D. 383-388. Sas. 22824822 Shah pûharî, Pers.

shâd, AV. 3, 5. adj. glad, pleased, happy, joyful, cheerful. Pers. شاه, Z. عبر (p. p. of shâ).

າງເບເນ shâdîh, AV. 5, 7. 15,16. 101,29. GF. 5, 5. ຊາວ shâdîh, AV. 15, 7. Hn. 3, 40. s. gladness, pleasure, happiness, joy, rejoicing; see ພາເບເນ ໝາງ vîsp-shâdîh. — ຜູ້ shâd + abst. suf. ພ -îh; Pers. ເພີ່ມ, anc. P. shiyâti, Z. ລຸພາພຸບ.

ໂມງຍຸບູດ Shahpûhar, Dk. 151, 4. pr. n. a variant of ໂມງຍຸບູດ Shâhpûhar.

shahih, GF. 3, ss. s. monarchy, sovereignty, royalty. Pers. شهی or شاهی. This reading is uncertain.

שנים -shân, אינים -shânö, pron. suf. of 3ª pers. pl. them, their; of (to, for, by, or through) them; it is usually affixed to an adv., or conj., at the beginning of a clause in the sentence (see אינים afshân, אינים adînshân, or to a prep. in the middle of a clause (see אינים azshân); but when the clause has no initial adv., or conj., the suf. occurs in the unattached form ashân (see in alphabetical order); either at the beginning, or in the midst, of the clause; and in some cases the vowel a a- may be found omitted. Pers. במנו יש -ash + pl. suf. ש -ân.

shânak, AV. 51, 62, 87, 2. 79, 4. 99, 5. s. a comb, a fork, a pitchfork. Pers. شاند.

אַטְשְּטְיּטָ Yadadân-mînishnyîsh, or Yazdân-maînishnyîsh, AV. 101, 25. adv. mindful of God, with attention to God. אָטָשְּ Yadadân + אָטָשְּלָּ mînîshn, to which compound adj. is added the adv. suf. אָטָשִּׁ -yish.

אָט jėh, IIn. 3, פּפּ jeh. Z. אַענישט jeh. Z. אַענישט.

كس XIII, or 13, num. ciph. an occasional variant of NIII; produced by joining the ciphers.

פיעים shibâ, GF. 2, זג. num. seven; often expressed by the ciphers פיעים. אַבְעָה, אָבְעָה, אָבָע, ראַבָּע, Chald. אַבּעָא, יִשְׁבָע, Syr. אַבּע, אַבָע, Ar. אַבּע, אָבָע, ישׁיָבּע, Pâz. syn. פּיע haft.

 AV. 68, 6.; pret. שון שון barâ yehabûnâd, Hn. 2, 33, 34. 3, 33. gave out, sent out, set, און שון שון barâ yehabûnâd, AV. 17, 19. 93, 94, 5, 6. 95, 6. Hn. 2, 28. און און שון אין yehabûnâ, Dk. 151, 1.; pres. 1st sing. און אין yehabûnâm, AV. 87, 8. GF. 2, 46. 3, 76, 97. 4, 17.; pres. 2d sing. שון אין yehabûnâh, GF. 1, 13. 4, 2.; pres. 3d sing. שון אין yehabûnâd, AV. 48, 3. 54, 4. Hn. 2, 15.; pres. 3d pl. און אין barâ yehabûnâd, AV. 27, 38, 41, 2.; fut. 2d pl. שון barâ yehabûnâd, AV. 2, 22. (or perhaps imper. 2d pl. with barâ, 'hand over'); imper. 2d sing. און yehabûn, GF. 3, 73, 79.; imper. 2d pl. שון אין yehabûnâd, AV. 1, 38. Heb. און אין 'Adanö is sometimes adopted by its Huz. equivalent. This verb lis often written with a circumflex over its first letter, in accordance with its traditional pronunciation.

சு shap, or shav, AV. 4, 12. 17, 2. s. a night; pl. மூரு shapân, நிறையு கிறைவர், நிறையு கிறைவர், நிறையு கிறைவர், AV. 2, 35. நிறையு சிறு முற்கு கிறைவர், AV. 2, 32. 3, 2. GF. 3, 84. மூரு நிறையிர் முற்கை கிறைவர், AV. 18, 11. நிறையு நிறையிர் கிறைவர், GF. 3, 83. days and nights. Pers. ்க்க, or திறைவர், anc. P. khshapa; Z. nom. மறுமுதி, Sans. kshapâ; Huz. syn. மிழிழி.

שני שני shapâk, AV. 28, 52, 2, 50, 3, adj. darting, goading, pricking. Comp. Pers. ישל 'jumping', "Z. שני אינען אייען אינען אייען אינען א

يد العمل shapân, s. a shepherd; pl. ويد العمل shapânân, AV. 15, 1. 48, 7. Pers. شمان. It is also the pl. o" ويد العمل shap, 'a night'.

Δομω shapîr, AV. 4, 25. 5, 3. 12, 8. 13, 6. 14, 17. 68, 9. 101, 28. GF. 2, 2, 6, 14, 15, 27, 46, 67, 71, 74. 3, 17, 19, 34, 54, 92. Hn. 1, 11, 16, 21, 26, 31, 36. 2, 26, 27, 29. Dk. 145, 8. N. 77, 1. adj. good, well, excellent, (often used as a comp.) AV. 1, 32. GF. 2, 4, 29. N. 76, 9. better; pl. used as a s. shapîrân, AV. 17, 19. 27, 31, 89, 7. 45, 6. 68, 6, 10. used as an

adj. שַפּר אוּ shapîrânŏ, N. 76, 2. Sas. איַפּרי אָפּריר, Chald. איַפּרי אָפּרי אָפּרי אָניין: Pâz. syn. אָיַבּיּן: Pâz. syn. אָיַבּיּן:

שנטע shapîrîh, AV. 47, 6. 68, 19, 20. s. goodness, good, excellence, virtue. און און shapîr + abst. suf. און -îh; Pâz. syn. שניטין vêhîh.

شفت shafik, AV. 58, 5. adj. dirty, filthy. Comp. Pers. شفت and أَشِر. The sadra, or sacred shirt, of the Parsis is expressed by the same Pahl. letters.

a regulation, an ordinance, a decree, justice. Pers. مای, anc. P. dâta, %. هسمهم.

vi dâd, pro dâtô, p. p. and pret. of pro dâdano.

שניש shitâ, GF. 2, 72. num. six; often expressed by the ciphers שניש . Heb. שִׁשֶּׁי, Chald. רְשֵׁי, אִיִּיר, אַהָּשׁ, Syr. בּבֿ, וְבֶּה, Ar. בַּּיִשׁ, Pâz. syn. שָּשׁשׁ shash.

հարտ dâdâr, AV. 17, 7. 101, 13. հարտ dâdâr, AV. 61, 6. 100, 4. 101, 26. Hn. 1, 2, 1. 's. a creator; the usual title of ապատ Aûharmazd. From դրջան dâdană, II.; Z. voc. քարաց, Pers. ادار.

ໃນຊາດ dâdâr, s. a giver, a granter, a bestower; see ໃນຊາດ ນຸ່ງຢ frêh-dâdâr. From ທູກຄຸດ dâdano, I., Z. nom. acc. pl. ຊີ່ໃນຕຸມ .

າວໂຄເລນີ dâd-parish, GF. 1, 4, 9. adj. negligent of the law, careless of the ordinances, remiss in the observances. ເຂນີ dâd + ນາຍ parish.

שמשש שבשעש dâd-pasukhôth, AV. 26, 5. 63, 6. s. justificatory

reply, vindication, defiance. Refe dâd + pasukhô, to which compound adj. is added the abst. suf. -ih.

אינטופים dádistân, AV. 1, 17. 79, 9. אינטופים dádistânö, N. 78, 8. s. a decree, a sentence, doom, lot, a judgment, a decision, an opinion, law, justice, impartiality; see אינטופים ham-dâdistân. Pl. שוריים dâdistânîhâ, Dk. 145, 2. Pers. دادستان, Pâz. dâĉstã.

-υμγευρου dâdistânîh, AV. 1, 15. s. a code of laws, a judicial code, decisions, opinions. μρευρού dâdistân + abst. suf. -υ -îh, which is, however, perhaps added to the compound adj. μρευρου ρυμανία-dâdistân, 'disagreeing, dissenting', comp. μρευρούμ ham-dâdistânîh.

-ບຸບຄຸດ dâdyîsh, AV. 20, 5. -ບຸບຄຸດ dâdyîsh, AV. 15,5. 101, 24. adv. lawfully, legally, justly, properly, religiously. ເພື່ dâḍ + adv. suf. -ບຸບ -yîsh.

ງເບດີ dâdak, s. an administrator of justice, a judicial officer, a justice of the peace, a police magistrate; pl. ພາງເບດີ dâdakân, AV. 15, 10. Pers. ປວໄວ.

shatman, AV. 69, 4. GF. 2, 17. s. the backside, posteriors, buttocks, the fundament. Heb. المُعْبَة, Syr. مِنْ الْمَاءُ, الْمَاءُ, الْمَاءُ, الْمَاءُ, الْمَاءُ, الْمَاءُ عَلَى اللهُ الل

אפשט yêdatô (trad. jûtan) AV. 5, 3. GF. 3, 33, 72, 77, 78. 8. a spirit who is to be worshiped, or praised; an angel, a yazad, or good spirit; see אוני Atarô yêdatô; (rarely). IIn. 2, 0. God. Pl. see איני yadadân. Pers. ايزن, or ايزن, 'God'; Z. nom. אוניים איניים.

ne dâtô, p. p. of ne dâdano.

Jyper dâtôbar, AV. 91,4. adj. used as s. one who upholds the law, a judge, an administrator of justice; pl. μληγενο dâtôbarân, AV. 1,0. — γενο dâtô (= γενο dâd, 'law') + μαν (crd. of μηλη bûrdanö); Pers. γοιο, σο γίο.

אוניט yâtûk, GF. 3,55. s. a sorcerer, a wizard, a magician, a necromancer; see אוניט איניט אוניט איניט איני

المارة dâtôkar, Dk. 145, r. s. an administrator of justice, a magistrate. Pers. كُان .

براون yâtûkîh, AV. 35, 5. 76, s. 81, 7. GF. 4, 10. s. sorcery, witchcraft, magic. برادی yâtûk + abst. suf. برادی -îh; Pers. جادی.

אונטט shatrô, AV. 1, 4, 9, 10, 12. 2, 15. 3, 6. 67, 7. GF. 1, 2, 3, 7-9. Dk. 150, 7, 8. s. a city, a town, a country, a realm; pl. שעקלים shatrôihâ, Dk. 150, 9. Sas. 22 (22, or 2) (22, shatrî, Z. שעקלים, Sans. kshetra, 'a field', Pers. شهر.

ງຄອນ dâḍanŏ, v. I.) to give, to grant, to bestow, to present; past part. ເວນ dâḍ, AV. 15, 3. 24, 7. 55, 6. GF. 2, 46. 4, 26. see ຂອງປຸງ ປຸດ yasharûbŏ-dâḍ; pret. ເວນ dâḍ, AV. 4, 23. 26, 5. Hn. 2, 5, 10. ເວນ dâḍ, AV. 31, 7. H.) to create, to make, to form, to produce; past part. ເວນ dâḍ, see ເປັ້າ ປຸດ Aûharmazḍ-dâḍ, ເວນ dâḍo, see ພຸຊົມພຸພຸ Aûharmazḍ-dâḍo, ເວນ dâḍo, see ພຸຊົມພຸພຸ Aûharmazḍ-dâḍo. Pers. ປາດ give', anc. P. Z. dâ, Sans. dâ and dhâ; Huz. syn. ທຸຊຸທຸລຸ ychabûntanŏ.

yaran, descended from Shaharyar. ງລາດ, escended from Shaharyar. Shatrô-îyâr (for ງວັນທຸງຊາຍ Shatrô-îyâr (for ງວັນທຸງຊາຍ Shatrô-yâr) + patron. suf. ງພຸງ -ânŏ.

Juningen Shatrô-aîyyâr, GF, 6, 5. pr. n. see Jengen Shatrô-yâr, the Huz. Junin aîyyâr being substituted for the Pâz. Jen yâr.

ηφηρειο yâtûntanŏ (trad. jâtûnatan) v. to come, to arrive, to

happen, to arise; past part. pyww yâtûnd, AV. 3, 6. 4, 10, 4. 11, 8, 9. 41, s. (used as a s.) AV. 4, 4. coming, العند لله barâ - yâtûnd, Iln. 2, 36. come forth, مرود \_ lakhvar \_ yatund, AV. 17, 1. come back, returned, posses y yîn yâtûntê, Dk. 150, 5. come unto, continued, remained; pret. pygo yâtûnd, AV. 1, 1, 13. 3, 8. 10, 2, 6. 53, 69, 4. 61, 2, 3. 73, 78, 3. GF. 1, 14. 3, 77. Hn. 2, 20. 3, 19. 101189 yatanto, Dk. 149, 5., p) barâ yâtûnd, AV. 1, 15. 17, 11. 19, 86, 2. Hn. 2, 57. came forth, issued, مبرسلا والمجارة lakhvâr yâtûnd, AV. 3,2. GF. 3, s1. came back, returned; pres. 1st sing. Invo yâtânam, GF. 1, 18.; pres. 3d sing. Respect yataned, AV. 17, to. GF. 3, 66. 4,7., Respect - 17 barâ yâtûnêd, AV. 4, 17. comes forth, issues; fut. 34 sing. — الاسـ PHEN bará — yátánéd, GF. 4.19.; imper. 24 sing. 1980 — 11 barâ yâtân, AV. 5, 7, 10, 12, GF, 1, 23, 3, 47, 67, 4, 8, come on, come along, come again, 1980 — whe fråz -- yâtûn, GF. 1,12. come up. Heb. אְתְה, Chald. אָרָאָה Syr. בּוֹן, Ar. בֹּדֹּן; Pâz. syn. אָרָה âmuḍanŏ, or 1106 madanö.

שה shatrôstân, GF. 6, 6. s. a city. Pers. شهرستان.

לייטונט Shatrô-yâr, GF. 6, 5. pr. n. friend of the country', a common man's name among Parsis both ancient and modern; also written שארישונים. Pers. شهريار.

nouncing the law, arbitrating, mediating; pl. used as a s. yayyou dâtô-gâbân, AV. 15, 18. arbitrators, umpires, mediators, interceders. 1800 dâtô (= 800 dâd, 'law') + y gâb (erd. of 1904) gâftanô).

shatvêrö, or Shatvaîrö, GF. 6, 1. pr. n. the ameshåspend, or archangel, who is said to have special charge of metals, and is styled hard share, 'the more active', as he supplies abundance of wealth for all (II6 extra fol. 10-11); his name is applied to the sixth month and fourth day of each month in the Parsi year. Z. inst. . فهريون ; Pers. شهريون.

yûzdahûm, GF. 2, 55. num. eleventh; sometimes expressed by the ciphers ورزي .

كُولُ dâr, AV. 88, 2. s. wood, timber, a tree, a gibbet, a gallows. Pers. المراجي , Sans. dâru.

Ju dâr, crd. of ngou dâshtanë.

مدلس Dârâi, or Dârâk, Dk. 150, 1. pr. n. Darius, a king of the Achæmenian dynasty. Anc. P. nom. Dârayavush, Pers. المارة.

Dârâyân, or Dârâkân, Dk. 150, 1. patron. adj. the Dârâyan, descended from Dârâî. عبر Dârâî + patron. suf. به -ân.

יש לניסון dekhlûntano (trad. dâlûnatan, or dârrûnatan) v. to fear, to dread, to apprehend; past part. ליסול dekhlûnd, AV. 53, 5.; imper. 2d sing. אָל dekhlûn, AV. 53, 9. GF. 3, 78. Chald. אָל לוֹסָן, Syr. בּרֵני; Pâz. syn. אַל מּפָּאָן מּרִנּיּיָלָן נוֹמּיִיל tarsîdano. The אָל is an old form of אָל וֹמּיִ

dârishn, AV. 68, 24. s. having, keeping, possession, hold,

retention, custody. Τό dâr (crd. of 1980 το dâshtano) + abst. suf. μο -ishn; Pers نارش; Huz. syn. μογιστού yakhsenunishn.

אל שי sharm, AV. 68, 21. s. shame, disgrace, confusion, bashfulness, modesty. Pers. המת, Z. שישור אור אינים.

மி dârêd, pres. 3d sing, of நமைல் dâshtanë.

په کو مورو  $d\hat{a}rin$ , AV. 69, 2. 99, 3. ان مورو  $d\hat{a}rin\ddot{o}$ , AV. 92, 1. adj. wooden. مورو  $d\hat{a}r$  + adj. suf.  $\mathbf{p} - in$ .

من dâs, AV. 65, 3. من من dâs, AV. 67, 3. s. a siekle, a reapinghook, a bill-hook, a seythe. Pers. ماسان.

time, a period, a season. II.) N. 77, 5. 126, 2. one of the five watches' or divisions, of the day and night (in the winter, four); see Mkh. glos. p. 88. Pers. 315; probably connected with the following word. In GF. 2, 45. N. 78, 9. it may be doubted whether 'time', or 'place', be the correct meaning.

יש פניעועל yūsānbār, GF. 2, 72. s. a season festival (Z. פאעשנלנגעב.) of which six are held during the course of the year, on the 45th, 105th, 180th, 210th, 290th, and 365th, days of the Parsi year; see Mkh. glos. p. 81-82. Pers. بابنار کی بابنا

שר פאין ש gâsânîk, AV. 1,10. 17,6. שבעעש gâsânîk, Hn. 3,1. adj. belonging to the gâthas, or sacred hymns, metrical, rhythmical, in verse. gâsân (pl. of ישנים gâs 'a hymn') + adj. suf. שר בנוען

நூஞ்சு Shaspiyânë, AV. 1, is. pr. n. see மூல்கும் Shapîkân.

1) yakhsenuntanö, (trad. jâsûnatan) v. to have, to possess, to keep, to preserve, to maintain, to hold, to consider, to regard, to fancy, to think; pres. 1st sing. Fig. yakhsenunam, GF. 4, 16.; pres. 3d sing. γορου yakhsenunēd, AV. 54, s. 61, 10. GF. 2, 61, 67. 3, 34. 4, 20. Hn. 2, 39., γορου λακhsenunēd, GF. 2, 26. holds back, keeps away, γορου — ρε madam yakhsenunēd, AV. 54, s. has upon, possesses, contains; pres. 1st pl. ρησου yakhsenunēm, AV. 80, 3.; pres. 2d pl. γορου yakhsenunēd, AV. 101, 23, 24. GF. 1, 17.; pres. 3d pl. 3μου yakhsenund, AV. 13, 1. GF. 3, 41, 51.; imper. 2d pl. γορου yakhsenunēd, AV. 6, s. 101, 19. Chald. μπ; Pāz. syn. μγου δ dāshtanö which is generally used for the p. p. and pret. in Pahl.

ngeo-v dâshtanö, Dk. 150, 3, 9. நூல் பி dâshtanö, GF. 3, 21. v. to have, to possess, to keep, to preserve, to maintain, to hold, to consider; நில் மீ madam dâshtanö, GF. 4, 21, 28. to hold up, to withdraw, to carry away; past part. இல் dâsht, AV. 2, 33. 15, 2. 17, 21. 27, 53, 5. 34, 73, 7. 40, 44, 3. 67, 3, 7, 9. 69, 72, 8. 75, 80, 8. GF. 1, 15. Hn. 2, 30.

AV. 89, s., مرافعة المرافعة ا

שבטים dahishn, Hn. 3, 20. אבטים dahishnö, Hn. 2, 21. Dk. 151, 6. s. creation, formation, production, origin; (also) a gift, a donation; see dahishn. אינ dah (crd. of אַנאָט dâḍânō) ליב באינ 'a gift'; Huz. syn. אינ yehabânishn.

אניענענענע Dahishn-aiyyâr, GF. 6, 2. pr. n. friend of the creation', a Parsi priest who lived in the twelfth century  $\Lambda$ . D. אינענע aiyyâr.

-யு dahishnîh, see ுயூ-ம் தூர் râbâk-dahishnîh.

אונים אוניאני shikastanö, v. to break, to shatter, to demolish, to destroy, to ruin; past part. אונים טיבפישט barâ shikast. AV. 75, 2. broken up, fractured, dislocated. Pers. شكستن, Z. schid, Sans. chhid; Huz. syn.

shukûh, AV. 14, 9. s. pomp, grandeur, magnificence, dignity.

Pers. هبکش

مدوروه shikûft, AV. 14, 9. 101, 10. p. p. used as adj. astonished, amazed, admired, wonderful, surprising, admirable. Pers. شُكُفتىن, or شِكِفتين, 'to wonder'.

ງຕອງຈຸນ shikûftak, see the preceding; in ງຕອງຈຸນ ອງວຸລຸມ harvîsp-shikûftak, AV. 15, 21. all-admired.

shikûftich, GF. 3, 53, 70. p. p. used as s. with conj. what is rough also, a difficulty too, a perplexity even, a dilemma indeed. وهوايع shikûft (Pers. شكف 'crooked, uneven') + و-ich.

n. the last king of the Sasanian dynasty, who reigned A.D. 632-651, and from the beginning of whose reign, 16th June 632, the Parsi era A.Y. 1 is counted; some colophons, however, appear to be dated from his 20th year; three of his predecessors bore the same name about two centuries previously. Pers. 2052, Sas. 2013352 Yazdakarti. The initial 353 has become 4, probably through the intermediate forms and 36.

שנפוסע Yazdakardík, GF. 6, 1. in K 20, adj. of the era of Yazdakard, A.Y. — שנפוס Yazdakard + adj. suf. ש -ik.

عند المال shekônû, GF. 2, 3, 18, 21, 24, 28, 33, 35, 36, 38, 43, 50, 53, 56, 63, 66. 3, 2, 13, 18, 28, 37, 42, 65, 87, 90, 93, 96. s. misery, wretchedness, privation, destitution, penury. Comp. Heb. Chald. מَسْكَنَةُ 'poverty', Syr. اِكُومْدُوهُ وَمُوْسُونُ وَمُؤْسُونُ وَالْمُونُ وَمُؤْسُونُ وَمُؤْسُونُ وَمُؤْسُونُ وَالْمُونُ وَالْمُوسُونُ وَالْمُونُ وَالْمُونُ وَالْمُونُ وَالْمُؤْسُونُ وَالْمُونُ وَالْمُؤْسُونُ وَالْمُونُ وَالْمُونُ وَالْمُعُلِّسُ وَالْمُؤْسُلُونُ وَالْمُعُلِسُ وَالْمُونُ وَالْمُعُلِسُ وَالْمُعُلِسُ وَالْمُؤْسُلُونُ وَالْمُعُلِسُ وَالْمُعُلِسُ وَالْمُونُ وَالْمُعُلِسُ وَالْمُعُلِسُ وَالْمُونُ وَالْمُونُ وَالْمُونُ وَالْمُعُلِسُ وَالْمُونُ وَالْمُونُ وَالْمُونُ وَالْمُعُولُ وَالْمُونُ وَالْمُعُلِسُ وَالْمُونُ وَالْمُونُ وَالْمُونُ وَالْمُونُ وَالْمُونُ وَالِ

المورع shikênjak, AV. 31, 2. s. the rack, a block, an apparatus for torture. Pers. مشكنجة

shem, AV. 1, 0, 34, 35. 2, 19. GF. 1, 7, 9. Hn. 2, 0. s. a name, an appellation, a title, renown, fame. Heb. בי, Chald. בי, ביל, Ar. בּ, בּ, בּ, בּ, בּ, אָם, אָם, As. shumu; Pâz. syn. (rare in Pahl.) אבר, חמה.

ين yûm, AV. 2, 24. 4, 7. 7-10, 1. 17, 27, 28. GF. 2, 20, 22. IIn. 2, 33, 34. 3, 33. s. a footstep, a step, a stride, a pace. Pers. كلم Z. عسوند.

بين jâm, AV. 2, 29, 30. s. a cup, a goblet, a flagon, a drinking-vessel, a bowl. Pers. جام; comp. Z. سوسهي 'glass' in the compound عمري 'from a glass-manufacterer', Vend. 8, 85.; Huz. syn. ما مسوسهم.

Jâmâsp, AV. المربق الم

Z. yahmâi, AV. 4, 11. rel. dat. sing. to whom, to which.

10011 το yâmtûntanŏ (trad. jâmtûnatan) v. to arrive, to reach, to attain, to come; to happen, to occur, to befall; pres. 2d sing. yâmtûnîh, GF. 2, 6.; pres. 3d sing. yâmtûnêd, AV. 1, 26, 27, 40. 16, 12. 17, 8. 54, 3. 78, 4. 87, 9. GF. 2, 5, 31. 3, 85. Hn. 1, 10., where frâz yâmtûnêdŏ, N. 76, 3. 77, 6. 126, 2. reaches forth, extends; fut. 5d sing. yâmtûnêdŏ, N. 76, 3. 77, 6. 126, 2. reaches forth, extends; fut. 5d sing. yêmtûnêdō, N. 76, 3. 77, 6. 126, 2. reaches forth, extends; fut. 5d sing. yêmtûnêdō, N. 76, 3. 77, 6. 126, 2. reaches forth, extends; fut. 5d sing. yêmtûnêdō, N. 76, 3. 77, 6. 126, 2. reaches forth, extends; fut. 5d sing. yêmtûnêdō, N. 76, 3. 77, 6. 126, 2. reaches forth, extends; fut. 5d sing. yêmtûnêdō, N. 76, 3. 77, 6. 126, 2. reaches forth, extends; fut. 5d sing. yêmtûnêdō, N. 76, 3. 77, 6. 126, 2. reaches forth, extends; fut. 5d sing. yêmtûnêdō, N. 76, 3. 77, 6. 126, 2. reaches forth, extends; fut. 5d sing. yêmtûnêdō, N. 76, 3. 77, 6. 126, 2. reaches forth, extends; fut. 5d sing. yêmtûnêdō, N. 76, 3. 77, 6. 126, 2. reaches forth, extends; fut. 5d sing. yêmtûnêdō, N. 76, 3. 77, 6. 126, 2. reaches forth, extends; fut. 5d sing. yêmtûnêdō, N. 76, 3. 77, 6. 126, 2. reaches forth, extends; fut. 5d sing. yêmtûnêdō, N. 76, 3. 77, 6. 126, 2. reaches forth, extends; fut. 5d sing. yêmtûnêdō, N. 76, 3. 77, 6. 126, 2. reaches forth, extends; fut. 5d sing. yêmtûnêdō, N. 76, 3. 77, 6. 126, 2. reaches forth, extends; fut. 5d sing. yêmtûnêdō, N. 76, 3. 77, 6. 126, 2. reaches forth, extends; fut. 5d sing. yêmtûnêdō, N. 76, 3. 77, 6. 126, 2. reaches forth, extends; fut. 5d sing. yêmtûnêdō, N. 76, 3. 77, 6. 126, 2. reaches forth, extends; fut. 5d sing. yêmtûnêdō, N. 76, 3. 77, 6. 126, 2. reaches forth, extends; fut. 5d sing. yêmtûnêdō, N. 76, 3. 77, 6. 126, 2. reaches forth, extends; fut. 5d sing. yêmtûnêdō, N. 76, 3. 77, 6. 126, 2. reaches forth, extends; fut. 5d sing. yêmtûnêdō, N. 76, 3. 77, 6. 126, 2. reaches forth, extends; fut. 5d sing. yêmtûnêdō, N. 76, 3. 77, 6. 126, 2. reaches forth, extends; fut. 5d

jâmak, AV. 15, 6. GF. 1, 21, 23. s. a dress, a garment, clothes, covering; see אונשעה avî-jâmak. Pers. جامع, Huz. syn. אונשעה tôpâ.

ي jân, AV. 4, 10. 17, 5. 68, 16. Hn. 2, 4. s. life, vitality, animation. Pers. جادي khayâ.

אות אות shnâyîdanŏ, v. to esteem, to respect, to honor, to heed; pres. 1st sing. שענטן shnâyêm, AV. 101, s. Z. khshnu. In this particular instance it may have the meaning of Pers. شناييدن 'to hear'.

אריטאפא shnâyînishn, AV. 13, 6, 7. s. praise, propitiation, commendation, applause, eulogy, honor, homage. אריטא shnâyîn (erd. of shnâyînîdanŏ) + abst. suf. אין -ishn.

אווינטקפאן shnâyînídanö, v. to pay attention, to propitiate, to honor, to praise, to culogize; past part. פאענטקפאן shnâyînîd, AV. 4, 27 אווינען Shnâyîdanö.

אָשָעה dânâk, AV. 3, 22. adj. knowing, intelligent, sagacious, wise, learned; pl. used as a s. אָטָאָשָה dânâkân, AV. 1, 2. אָטָאָשָה dânâkân, AV. 101, 9. the wise, sages. אָה dân (crd. of אַרָּפָּאָאָה dânistanĕ) +- adj. suf. שּׁשׁ -âk; Pers. לוֹטֹּה.

ي dânâkîh, Dk. 149, 2. s. knowledge, wisdom, experience, learning. دانائی dânâk + abst. suf. به -ih; Pers. دانائی.

שרשה shanayâ, or shanâk, AV. 29, 2. s. a tongue. Probably contracted from lishanâk; Heb. לְשׁוֹן, Chald. לְשׁוֹן, Syr. לִבּבֿר, בּבֿר, אַבָּעָּא, לִשָּׁן, As. lishanu; Pâz. syn. שׁלִשׁע hûzvân.

איני אוועפאישען shnâyadârîh, IIn. 1, 9. s. propitiation, reverence, honor, homage, eulogy. און אוועפאישען shnâyadâr (either for און shnâyînidâr from און shnâyînidâr from אוועפאישן shnâyînidanö) + abst. suf. אוועפאישן shnâyînidanö

shanat, or shnat, (trad. shût) AV. 1, 2, 18, 54, 11. GF. 1, 4, 9. 2, 51, 5, 3, 4, 6, 1, 4, s. a year; the Pârsî year consists of twelve months (see bidana) of thirty days each (see by yôm), and of five supplementary days (see  $\hat{y}\hat{a}s$ ) following the last month, and which are named after the five gathus, or sacred hymns; these five days are also called collectively fravardikán, 'those of the fravashis', because ceremonies relating to the spirits of the departed should be performed on them. The whole year, therefore, consists of 365 days, and commences now on the 21st of September, according to the reckoning of the great majority of the Indian Parsis, or on the 22d of August (one month, of thirty days, earlier) according to the reckoning of the Persian Parsis, which has been followed by a small minority of those in India since the 17th June A.D. 1745 (see Avîjeh-Dîn by Mullâ Fîroj, p. 12-14); as, however, the Pârsî year does not vary in length, the date of its commencement retrogrades one day in the European year, every time a leap-year occurs, and it has so retrograded from the 16th of June

A.D. 632, in A.Y. 1, to the 22d of August A.D. 1872, in A.Y. 1242; while the later new-year's day, of the 21st of September, is said to have been occasioned by the ancestors of the Indian Parsis introducing an intercalary month into one of the years after they parted from their Persian brethren, which it had been customary to do once in every 120 years in order to rectify the calendar. Heb. שָׁנָה, Chald. שְׁנָה, אַנָה, אָנָה, אָנָה, אָנָה, אַנָה, אָנָה, אָנְ

shanatak, or shnatak, substituted for مهم shanat in GF.1,4. by K 20, adj. (appended to num.) years old, years of age. بالمان shanat + adj. suf. عدم علم علم sâlak.

אומים אוּמּכּרוּים אוּמּבּרים אוּמּבּים אוּמּבּים אוּמּבּים אוּמּבּים אוּמּבּים אוּמּביים אוּמּביים אוּמּביים אוּמּביים אוּמּביים אוּמיים אוּיים אוּמיים אוּמייים אוּמיים אוּמיים אוּמיים אוּייים אוּמייים אוּמייים אוּמייים אוּמייים אוּמייים אוּמייים אוּמיי

a repetition; has dânar (trad. jâvar) s. a time, an occasion, an opportunity, a repetition; has dânar dânar, AV.81, s. at various times, from time to time. Z. this possible that the word has dâr (trad. jâr) which explains this word in the Pahl.-Pâr. Glos. 18, s., is merely a miswriting of has var = has bar.

ארניארט dânistanö, v. to know, to understand, to comprehend, to be aware of; past part. אוניים dânist, GF. 4, 25. Pers. פּנְיִשׁידִים, anc. P. dân, Z. zan, Sans. jnâ; Huz. syn. אוניים kharîtûnastanö.

אַנטאָן dânishnö, GF. 3, 94. אַנטאָן dânishnö, Dk. 151, 3. s. know-ledge, learning, science. אַר dân (crd. of אַרניאָרוּן) dânistanö) + abst. suf. אַני -ishnö; Pers. פוני

א shlam (trad. shûm) GF. 5, 5. IIn. 3, 40. s. health, welfare, prosperity, peace, salutation. Heb. שֶלוֹם, Chald. שֵׁלָשׁ, Syr. בּבּב, Ar.

بَسُلام; Paz. syn. مَكُمُ drûd. This word might also be read shnom, and be traced to Z. مَا اللهُ وَاللهُ 'contentment, joy'.

جَمِعُ dahûm, GF. 2, 52. num. tenth; sometimes expressed by the cipher 612. — 3 dah (Pers. 33) + ord. suf. 6 -ûm; Pers. دفع.

وَانْدِ jânûk, s. a knee; see وابن وابن إلى frâz-jânûk. Pers. زانر, انر, Sans. jânu.

אראָניש shnûmanö, N. 77, 3. s. propitiation, conciliation, satisfaction; the sentence is incompletely extracted, and in the MS. it runs thus: va shnûmanö-i apām vîspaêshām. Z. dat. ישיט אראָטער אַניער אַנער אַניער אַניער אַניער אַניער אַניער אַנער אַער אַנער אַנע

י yehevûntanő (trad. jânûnatan) AV. 5, 11. 18, 1. 61, 7. GF. 3, 45, 52. v. to be, to become, to exist; (contracted into) yehevand, AV. 46, 7. Past part. copper yehevand, AV. 1, 2, 14, 18-20, 29. 2, 2, 29. 3, 47, 5. 4, 28-30, 32. 7, 9. 9, 56, 4. 13, 9, 11. 16, 3. 17, 21-23. 61, 6, 7. 68, 9, 13. 75, 2. 78, 8. 99, 9, 10. GF. 2, 8, 12. 3, 62, 63, 83. 1, 25. Hn. 2, 25, 30. المرازي ا ychevûntô, Dk. 149, 3., μομιμο μη barâ ychevûnd, GF. 3, 83. become thoroughly, been quite. Pret. gylps yehevûnd, AV. 1, 12, 22. 2, 57, 1. 4, 4, 14, 6, 60, 70, 78, 7, 7, 36, 3, 9, 82, 4, 12, 23, 79, 8, 13, 10, 18, 11, 32, 62,101, 5. 33, 38, 63, 81, 85, c. 68, 15-17, 23. 95, 2. GF. 1, 6, 7. 3, 15, 49, 74, 80. 5, 4. IIn. 2, 5, 37. 3, 37. إراس وبرازام yehevûntô, Dk. 151, 8. N. 78, 9., والس وبرازام barâ yehevûnd, GF. 2, 7. became thoroughly, was quite; שועל lakhvâr yehevûnd, AV. 5, 1. became again; թյյա — բայ - -shân -- yehevund, AV. 1, 13. 77, 6. there was for them, they had; -- wf--mán — yehevûnd, AV. 68, 4. there was for us, we had; (used as an aux. to form a pluperfeet) yehevûnd, AV. 68, 24. 89, 8. had, (to form a pas. pret.) yehevûnd, AV. 89, 6. 19119 yehevûntô, Dk. 149, 2. was, were. Pres. 3d sing. yehevûnéd, AV. 53, 9. 54, 10. 101, 20. GF. 1, 4, 18, 27. 2, 32, 36, 40. 3, 71. 4, 19. 5, 2-4. Hn. 1, 2. 2, 3, 36. Dk. 151, 2. N. 78, 8; (used as an aux. to form a pas. pres.)

אינוטאן yehevûnishnö, Dk. 151, s. s. being, existence. און yehevûn (crd. of און אין yehevûntanŏ) + abst. suf. און -ishnö; Pâz. syn. און שנואר bûyishn.

ວິງຄົວ ລຸກາວ shâi mônd, AV. 60, 6. adj. having a husband, married, wedded. ລຸກາວ shâi + pos. saf. ລົງຄົ mônd (= ວິຄົ mand).

ာပုဇ္ဇာတ် Dâitîh, see မပုဇ္ဇာတ် ၁၉၁၅၄ Chakât-i Dâîtîh.

maintenance. ທຸລໍາເນີກາ່າ, AV. 68, 17. s. income, support, sustenance, maintenance. ທຸລໍາເນີກ (crd. of ທຸລາເພັນ yaituntanŏ = ທຸລາເພັນ yaituntanŏ, or ທຸລາເພັນ yaituntanŏ, sce Pahl.-Paz. Glos. p. 16, 2, 6.) + abst. suf. ພຸວ -ishn.

သက္မမ္းပို့ Dâitik, see သက္မမ္မွာ ၁၉၁၅၄ Chakât-i Dâitik.

າກາງຄວາມ yaityûntano (trad. jaitayûntan) GF. 1, 21, 28. 3, 9. Dk. 151, 9. v. to bring, to fetch, to conduct, to lead; past part. ອາງຄວາມ

אינוער אייער אינוער אייער אינוער איינער אינוער אינוער אינוער אינוער אינוער אינוער אינוער אינוער איי

שבלען shîrîn, שבלען shîrînö, adj. sweet, luscious, delicious, palatable, pleasant, agreeable, fresh (water); comp. אינען shîrînö-tar, GF. 3, 24, 31. Pers. شيرين.

בּרְּפָשְׁ duhishn, s. I.) AV. 17, 19. a gift, a grant, a donation, a gratuity, a present. II.) GF. 3, 94. creation, production, formation; see طرف duhishn; pl. المناف على المناف duhishn (crd. of المناف duhishn; pl. عرف duhishn (crd. of المناف duhishn) + abst. suf. حوس - ishn; Pers. دوس yehabûnishn.

-այս-ա dahíshníh, sec որս-անգլ ûzdahíshníh.

4-00 dahîk, AV. 1, i. s. ravage, havoc, devastation. Comp. Pers.

so 'annoyance', وهيده 'combat', ". وسوسوس, Sans. das 'to sting', das 'to injure'.

11019-00 shedkûntanö (trad. shîkûnatan) v. to leave, to forsake, to cease, to release, to let go, to let fall, to drop, to hang; past part.
119-00 shedkûnd, AV. 19, s. 24, 46, ε. 88, ε., 119-00 ff madam shedkûnd, AV. 15, ε. let go on, allowed. Pret. 119-00 shedkûnd, AV. 59, ε. 95, ε., 119-00 shedkûnd, AV. 2, ε. left off, discontinued. Pres. 3d sing. 119-00 shedkûnêd, GF. 3, το.; pres. 3d pl. 3119-00 shedkûnêd, GF. 3, το.; pres. 3d pl. 3119-00 shedkûnêd, AV. 16, τ. they let fall, shed, 3119-00 ff madam shedkûnd, AV. 54, 11. they let go on, release. Fut. 3d sing. 119-00 shedkûnêd, GF. 3, ε.; fut. 3d pl. 3119-00 shedkûnêd, AV. 18, 11. Conj. 3d pl. 3119-00 shedkûnând, Dk. 151, 1. 34119-00 shedkûnând, Dk. 152, ε. they should allow. Chald. 119-00 shedkûnând. The original form was 110119-00 shedkûntanŏ. The original form was 110119-00 shedkûntanŏ, through the intermediate form 110119-00 shedkûntanŏ, through the intermediate form

sovereign, a king; pl. μφεμχυ dahyûpatân, GF. 2, 13, 59, 60. γρωμχυ dahyûpatân, GF. 2, 13, 59, 60. γρωμχυ dahyûpatânŏ, AV. 14, 7. GF. 2, 68. Z. γρωμα (Gâth. γρωμα, an c. P. nom. dahyûush) + γρωμα; Pâz. dahevad.

ປາດຄົນ dahyûpatih, AV. 7, 9, s. s. rulership, government, sovereignty. ຈະມານ dahyûpat, + abst. suf. -າງ -îh.

of the human race; see المعربين Gâyêhê-mard. Z. nom. . كيمود والمعربين بالمعربين بالم

פאאן shîvan, AV. 16, 7, 9, 11. 57, 4. s. lamentation, wailing, mourning. Pers. شيون.

## 9 gh.

q gh is the tenth letter of the Pahlavi alphabet, and occurs in very few words; in qu aigh it corresponds to Sas. q k; in q ghal, to Ch. Pahl. p and Chald. p, p; in q pagh, p pagh, p pagh, and pagh pagh

ye ghal, IIn. 1, 2. 2, 35. 3, 20. pron. that, that one, he, she, it, him, her; (also prep.) to, unto, for, (usually before verbs, like Z. ..., or ..., or ...).

It is a harsher pronunciation of  $\frac{1}{2}$ , val, 'to', which is also often used for  $\frac{1}{2}$ , val, valman, 'that'; in Ch. Pahl. kal stands for Sas.  $\frac{1}{2}$  val, 'to'; Pâz. syn. (hardly used as a pron. in Pahl.)  $\hat{u}$  and  $\hat{v}$ . See  $\frac{1}{2}$ , val and  $\frac{1}{2}$ , val, valman.

## 9 k, 9 10.

-gân, -gar, -gî, -gûn (= -gîn and -gin), etc. When  $\mathbf{a}$  k is joined by a preceding letter it remains unaltered, except after  $\mathbf{a}$   $\mathbf{a}$  and  $\mathbf{a}$   $\mathbf{b}$   $\mathbf{b}$   $\mathbf{b}$   $\mathbf{b}$   $\mathbf{c}$  and  $\mathbf{a}$   $\mathbf{b}$   $\mathbf{c}$   $\mathbf{c}$  and  $\mathbf{c}$   $\mathbf{c}$   $\mathbf{c}$   $\mathbf{c}$  and  $\mathbf{c}$   $\mathbf{c}$   $\mathbf{c}$   $\mathbf{c}$  and  $\mathbf{c}$   $\mathbf{c}$ 

(see 9-www) barâzishak, gen bar-hamak, gen pâyînak, gen sta-hamak, gen sâlak, gen salak, gen salak,

A, or 10, AV. 73, 2. GF. 2, 65, 76. 3, 64. Hn. 1, 11. num. ciph. ten; it is generally circumflexed, and often written like Z. \_\_\_\_\_\_, from which it is probably derived, being the initial of Z. نوسوس 'ten'; when prefixed to the ciphers بر من , or \_\_\_\_\_, it sometimes joins them, as in the forms بر XIII and بر XIII. Pâz. syn. (rare in Pahl.) بر dah.

פע XII, or 12, GF. 2, 51. num. ciph. twelve; sometimes written

N + y II; Pâz. syn. שُون dvâzdah.

کار kâr, GF. 3, 73, 82. s. ploughing, tillage, cultivation. Pers. کار (crd. of کِشتن, Z. karsh, Sans. kṛish).

پر الم الم kârd, AV. 64, 5, 12. 74, 2. GF. 2, 27, 29, 30. 3, 23, 30. 4, 27. s. a knife. Pers. کاری , Z. سازه الم

وسلاسوس kârvânîk, adj. a variant of the following; pl. وسلاسوس kârvânîkân, AV. 67, 10. in K20.

בעלששע kârûvânîk, adj. belonging to a caravan, or company of travelling merchants; pl. used as a s. בעלששע kârûvânîkân, AV. 67, 68, 10. 93, 5. travelling traders, travellers. בעלשש kârûvân (Pers. לערוט, or אורוט) + adj. suf. ש -ik.

ארנות kârizâr, Dk. 149, 1. s. a battle, a conflict, a contest, a war. Pers. אונות.

وسروجو kâstak, AV. 80, 6. p. p. used as adj. diminished, lessened, deficient, short in quantity. Pers.

Z. kahmâichid, AV. 4, 11. pron. dat. sing. to whomever, to overyone.

אַרָּטָּהָ Kâm-dînô, GF. 6, 5. pr. n. a Parsi man's name in the 14th century A.D. אָל kâm, 'a wish' (Pers. אֹל, anc. P. Z. Sans. kâma) + אָה מֿוֹנוּ

kâmak, AV. 4, 25. 17, 15, 18. 55; 63, 87, 95, 7. 100, 4. GF. 2, 41, 47. 3, 75. 6, 8, 6. Hn. 2, 5, 10, 26-28. s. a wish, a liking, a desire, a will, an intention. Pers. کامک کامک , anc. P. Sans. kâma.

مُورِهُ اللهِ اللهِ kâmak-hômand, adj. wishful, willing, desirous, coveting,

intending; see 3 for akâmak-hômand. — 4 kâmak + pos. suf. 3 for hômand.

ingly, voluntarily, intentionally. 3, wy 3 kâmak-hômand + adv. suf. -yîsh.

ענעעע XVIII, or 18, GF. 6, 1. num. ciph. eighteen; sometimes written שניארטיב. X+ שני IV+ שני IV; Pâz. syn. שניארטיב hashtdah.

- αμμο δια kabed-anákíh, AV. 10, 4. adj. very evil, very mischievous, much distressed. δια kabed + ωμμο anákíh.

ງມາຍ ວິງ kabed-pahnâk, AV. 4, 7. adj. very wide, very broad. ວິງ kabed + ງມນຍ pahnâk.

ing, excruciating. 39 kabed + \$\delta^2\$ dard.

. گُوْد or گورد , كبود , كبود , كبود , مارد , مارد

bushel, less than half a Bombay phara; see وواع kôfiz. Pers. کفیز, or کفیز; Huz. syn. ان vas.

الم kadâr, Hn. 1, 2, 11, 16, 21, 26, 31, 36. 3, 4. interrog. pron. which? what? Z. الماليس Sans. katara.

אפרי אורים ketrûntanö, v. to remain, to stay, to abide, to continue; also written אורים ketrûntanö; past part. אורים ketrûntô, Dk. 50, s. פון אים בין barâ ketrûnd, AV. 101, וויים remained, stood still; pret. אורים אורים ketrûnd, AV. 89, וויים אורים או

katas, AV. 15,12. s. a conduit, a channel, an aqueduct. Comp. Pers. کنی, 'a subterraneous canal'.

به به kaduk, s. a house, a dwelling, a habitation; see the following. Pers. کله, or کلی, comp. Z. وسیس.

шручня kaḍak-khūḍâ, or шручня kaḍak-khūḍâî, s. a master of a house, a householder; pl. журучня kaḍak-khūḍâân, ЛV. 1,10. ლეчня эрн kaḍak-khūḍâyân, ЛV. 15,10. — эрн kaḍak — шруч khūḍâ (= шруч khūḍâi); Pers. ပြင်းပင်း

אפן און אין אין kadak-bânûkîh, GF. 3,44,51,57. s. the duties of the mistress of a house, housewifery. און bânûk (Pers. + abst. suf. ש -îh.

און אין ketrûntanö, v. see אוף אין ketrûntanö; fut. 3d sing. און barâ ketrûnêd, GF. 4, 18.

19, or 10, -kar, adj. suf. affixed to substantives, and sometimes to adjectives, to form adjectives implying action (as in 19-1900 afsôskar, 1995) bazak-kar, 1995 bazakar, 1996 pîrûzkar, 1996 vazak-kar, 1996 yazishnkar, etc.); and sometimes the adjective has become a substantive (as in 1990 dâtôkar), which it does always when the plural suffix is added. Comp. Pers. , anc. P. Z. Sans.-kara.

ول م kerp, AV. 4, 18, 20, 22. Hn. 2, 23, 24. s. a body, a shape, a figure, a form. Z. inst. يوالوب ع .

سواع kerpîh, sec المولي المار والمار المارة المارة

\$\delta\_kirm, AV. 33, 45, 81, 2. 69, 4. 71, 73, s. s. a worm, a maggot, a caterpillar, insects. Pers. كرم, Sans. krimi.

المحالي karîtâ, or kirîtâ, s. a fortress, a citadel, a city; المحالي المحالي karîtâ-nipist, AV. 1, 7. the fortress of writings, or the city writ-

ings, the archives. Heb. קְרָיָת const. קּרְיָת, Chald. קּרָיָא emph. קּרְיָת, Syr. אֹבּׁבּ, Ar. בَّرِيَةٌ

אורטים איים אורטים אורטים אורטים איים אורטים אורטים אורטים אורטים אורטים אורטים אורטים אייטים אורטי

لوم kas, AV. 67, 9. 80, 6. adj. small, little, less, deficient, inferior. Pers. من جريم , Z. عيم ; Huz. syn. 34 kad.

א נים אל kasp, IIn. 1, 11, 21, 31. אין kasp, IIn. 1, 30. s. value, worth, price. Comp. Heb. בְּחֶבֶּ 'silver, money', Chald. קבָּם, אַבְּחָבַ, Syr. בּחַבּ, 'Pâz. syn. שׁ arj.

פענה כנה XV, or I5, Hn. 2, 23. num. ciph. fifteen; a rare form of בעע X+ ביא II; Pâz. syn. פעעע  $p\hat{a}njdah$ .

kaşh, AV. 1, 37. 2, 21. 67, 3. s. the armpit, the side, the flank, the loin, (sometimes) the breast. Pers. مويس كر, Z. مويس , Sans. kaksha.

לפט kash, crd. v. used as adj. drawing, pulling, dragging, hauling, bearing; (or perhaps used as a s.) one who is pulling, a dragger; pl. used as a s. אנים אוא kashân, AV. 58,2. the pulling ones, the draggers. Crd. of אנים אוא אנים אוא

ومارد (بارد من المناف المناف

haul, to extend, to stretch, to carry, to bear, to support; past part. ما المعافق الم

جود kakû, AV. 35, 2. GF. 2, 23. 8. a tooth, the teeth. Chald. الموات المعربية عند عند syn. بمؤس dandân.

see هن kêm. Pers. جم , anc. P. kamana, Z. وسائه الله .

الم kamûr, AV. 21, 2. Hn. 3, 3. s. a head, or skull (of evil beings), a pate. Z. عبر ; comp. Pers. كمر 'a cupola', Sans. kum, 'a head'.

אַן -kun, adj. suf. a variant of אָן -kûn and אָן -gûn (see אַן -gûn (see אַר אַר היינוּ).

والع kôf, AV. 18,12. 40, 78, 2, 3. 44, 50, 2. 49, 4. 87, 3, 8. 95, 1. GF. 3, 4, 22, 29. s. a hill, a mountain. Pers. کوپ, or کوپ, anc. P. kaufa, Z. وسال س

الاهام kūstano, v. to strike, to beat, to smite, to thrash, to pound, to bruise, to trample; pret. وواع smote; pres. 3d pl. كفتى kūstand, AV. 41, 3. Pers. كفتى, or كفتى.

hirfak, AV. 6, 7-9. 7, 9. 8, 6. 13, 10. 14, 5. 101, 21. GF. 2, 5, 64. 4, 6, 13. 5, 2. Hn. 1, 35a, 38a. s. a meritorious action as enjoined by the Mazdayasnian religion, a good action, good works (as distinguished from مرفع kâr, 'an ordinary action, or duty'). Sas. 4/2 kirf, Pers. كرفع, Pâz. kerba.

vely kôfiz, AV. 96, 2. s. a variant of vely kafiz.

ມພາງ kardâr, s. a doer, an actor, a maker, a performer, a causer; see ງມພາງ ງມພ anâk-kardâr. Pl. κατdârân, AV. 11, 15. From 1993 kardanŏ.

جِرְדִם karḍâm, AV. 41, 3. 52, 2. s. an axe, a hatchet. Heb. وَرِبِةِ دُوْمَ , كَرْزِيهُ , كُرْزِيهُ , كَرْزِيهُ , كُرْزِيهُ , كَرْزِيهُ , كَرْزِيهُ , كَرْزِيهُ , كَرْزِيهُ , كَرْزِيهُ , كُرْزِيهُ , كَرْزِيهُ , كَرْزِيهُ , كُرْزِيهُ , كُرُونِهُ مُنْ كُونِهُ مُنْ كُلِيْرُونُ أَنْهُ إِنْرِيهُ أِنْرُونُ أِنْرُونُ أَنْر

4019 kūdak, AV. 44, 6. 59, 5. 64, 9, 10, 12. 78, 8, 4, 9. 87, 7-9. 94, 5, 6. 95, 5. s. a child, an infant. Pers. 326.

واه و اهم kūtak, GF. 2, 27, 29, 30. adj. short, small. Pers. کوتاه, or کوتاه;

عرف kirdak, GF. 4, 20. s. an enigma. Pers. كردك

11019 kardano, AV. 1, s. 3, 17. 13, 10. 67, 8. GF. 2, 37, 39. 4, 14.

Dk. 145, 1. 150, 10. 152, 1. N. 77, 2. v. to do, to make, to perform, to offer (prayer, or praise), to practice, to use, to exercise, to accomplish, to execute, to provide, to fulfil, to commit, to cause, to effect, to construct, to form, to act; to set, or put, (in, on, or to, anything); past part. 1, 6, 29. 2, 3, 5, 16. 4, 28-30, 32. 7, 7, 8. 8, 28-30, 35, 45, 51, 67, 73, 84, 97, 5. 9, 49, 8. 12, 19, 24, 47, 71, 81, 89, 96, 99, 7. 13, 22, 27, 31, 36, 44, 53, 62, 65, 66, 69, 70, 87, 6. 14, 3, 15. 16, 9, 10. 17, 21-23. 25, 5, 6. 55, 57, 76, 80, 4. 60, 2. 63, 6, 8. 64, 78, 9. 68, 18, 20. 77, 4, 7. 79, 6, 9. 88, 6, 7. GF. 2, 12, 44-46. 3, 62. Hn. 2, 28-30, 32. 1909 kartô, AV. 7, 13, 63, 7. Hn. 2, 26. Dk. 149, 6.; مراه barâ kard, AV. 1, 17. GF. 4, 27. Hn. 2, 31. quite made, accomplished, set on; see 19 em khûp-kard, 199 pl zarîn-kard, and 1999 110 Dinô-kartô. Pret. 199 kard, AV. 1, 37. 2, 29. 15, 10, 11. 17, 16, 17, 19, 20. 19, 26, 48, 49, 78, 5. 20, 21, 25, 27, 29, 30, 33, 34, 38, 45, 46, 51, 58, 59, 62, 66, 84, 86, 93, 95, 96, 3. 22, 24, 36, 40, 41, 44, 60, 63, 81, 85, 87-89, 4. 23, 2, 4, 7. 28, 3, 6. 31, 4, 7. 32, 52, 3, 5. 43, 2, 4. 50, 3, 4.55, 72, 82, 83, 90, 92, 97, 98, 100, 2. 64, 6. 67, 8. 68, 10. 71, 5, 9. 91, 2, 4. 94, 3, 5. إوابع kartô, AV. 101, 18.; واجم barâ kard, AV. 1, 1. quite made; 719 — yin — kard, AV. 42, 5. (probably) begat in, (and GF. 2, 45. perhaps contains a similar idea). Fut. part. part. kûnishnö, N. 77, 7. اوس والعبور barâ kûnishnö, N. 78, 4. to be quite done, to be completed. Pers. کردن; Sas. p. p. (27, or المر), kart and 2 (23, or 2013, karti; anc. P. Z. kar, Sans. kri; Huz. syn. 11911 vadûntano, which is generally used for the present, while year kardano is mostly used for the past tenses, in Pahlavi.

kūstik, AV. 68, 3. s. the sacred thread of 72 woollen strands, or yarns, which is passed three times round the waist by Parsis of both sexes, and is tied with four knots. Pers. کُستی; at first, probably,

an adj. meaning 'belonging to the waist', comp. Pers. کُشت کُشت (loins, waist'.

אוניסאן kûshtanŏ, substituted for אוניסאן neksûnḍ in AV. 1, s. by B. N., v. to kill, to slay, to slaughter. Pers. צייה אילי, Z. kush; Huz. syn. איליה ופטוואון neksûntanŏ.

119 kevan, AV. 19, 23, 55, 9. 39, 6. 40, 42, 7. 68, 5, 21. 77, 10. 87, 8, 9. 89, 10, 11. 99, 11. GF. 3, 47, 62, 63. 4, 2. Dk. 149, 4. 152, 5. adv. now, at present, yet, still. Chald. [2]: Pâz. syn. 111 nûn.

see One kevanich. Dk. 151, 3. adv. with conj. now also, now even; see One kevanich. — ne kevan + g -ich.

6114 kûn-marz, AV. 19, 71, 7. s. unnatural carnal intercourse,

sodomy, pæderastism. 119 kûn + de marz (Pers. ), ord. of 1180de marzîdanő).

now indeed; see any kevanich. — 119 kevan + v-ich.

319 kaved, AV. 58, 82, 5. in K20, a variant of 319 kabed.

319 kand, p. p. of pig kandan.

past part. Phone karitûntanë, v. a variant of police), karitûntanë; past part. Phone karitûnd, AV. 32, 1.

ه الله kanîk, AV. 4,18,21,22. IIn. 2,23. s. a maiden, a damsel, a girl, a maid, a virgin. Z. وسدادوس , Sans. kanyika, comp. Pers. کنیز and کنیز

root out; past part. 3) kand, AV. 81, 1. Pers. کندن, anc. P.Z. kan, Sans. khan; Huz. syn. μοξη κλεστάπταπο.

ودرسـ kadbā, I.) AV. 49, 7. 51, 5. 79, 9. 91, 4. GF. 3, 46, 55. ودرسـ kadbā, GF. 3, 54, 68. adj. false, lying, fallacious, deceitful, unjust. II.) AV. 33, 5. 90, 97, 4. ودرسـ kadbā, GF. 3, 48. s. a lie, a falsehood. Heb. جَرْدُ a lie', Chald. کُرُو , Ar. کُنِدُ بُرُ , Ar. کُنِدُ وَرِدِي Pâz. syn. کُنْدُ وَرِدِي اللهُ اللهُ عَلَى اللهُ عَلَى اللهُ اللهُ عَلَى اللهُ اللهُ عَلَى اللهُ الله

وه الأولد. . بَكُف r و الأولد بي kêf, AV. 23,3. s. foam, froth. Pers. وه الأولد بي , Sans. kapha.

ود اوس kîrûkîh, Dk. 151, 7. s. a memorial, a memorandum, a record. کیرو kîrûk (Pers. کیرو 'memory') + abst. suf. ودارو -îh.

אָפָנָש kêsh, AV. 1,15. אָפָט kêsh, AV. 47, 7. s. a religion, a form of worship, a creed, a sect; comp. שולאַמאָפָנְשָּר שי pôryô-dkêshîh. Pl.

ويون kêshân, AV. 1, 17. Pers. كيش, Z. يوسي يوس, Sans. dîkshâ.

אלינות א

בישור kêshvarîk, adj. belonging to the kêshvars, or regions of the earth, terrestrial, worldly, earthly; pl. used as a s. א ביטיול kêshvarîkânö, Dk. 151,13. the earthly, the inhabitants of the world. ביטיול kêshvar + adj. suf. ש -îk.

L3 kêm, adj. little, less, few; see 63 kem. Comp. 18, 12. lesser, smaller.

وم  $k\hat{\imath}n$ , or  $k\hat{e}n$ , AV. 1, 10. s. hatred, enmity, malice. Pers. کین, Sas. {۶۲ (?)  $k\hat{e}n$ , Z. وسماله.

- μμη kirâ (trad. kinâ) AV. 15, 1. 74, 5. s. a sheep, a goat, one of a flock, or herd, a domestic animal. Comp. Heb. ς 'a lamb, or sheep'; Pâz. syn. διαμβ, or διαμβ, gôspend.

ארנישטעשש Kaî-Vishtâsp, AV. 11, 3. ארנישטעשש Kaî-Vishtâsp, AV. 11, 16. pr. n. the fifth of the Kayânian kings, in whose reign the Mazdayasnian religion was faught by Zarathushtra; he should not be confounded with the later Vishtâspa who was father of Darius. Z. בَى ثُشتاسب, Pers. وسرس. وأدريه مهسويه.

## f m.

F-am, pron. suf. of 1st pers. sing. me, my; of (to, for, by, or through) me; it is usually affixed to an adv., or conj., at the beginning of a clause in the sentence (see for afam, from adinam, from amatam, from anafam, per amatam, from anafam, per amatam, and from anam, or to a prep. in the middle of a clause; it also occurs occasionally unattached in the forms for am, or from the am, or from the other pron. suf. re-at and re-ash. Pers. in anc. P. gen. dat. -maiy, abl. -ma.

-am, suf. of pres. 1st sing. of verbs (see fire khefrûnam, finger hankhetûnam, finger hankhetûnam, finger hômanam, finger khavîtûnam, finger patûnam, finger pêtûnam, finger pêtûnam, finger sâtûnam, finger yetûnam, etc.); in Pâz. verbs the suf. is often fi -ôm (see free) nadêshôm, figher pædmûjôm, finger tûbûnôm, finger rasîyêm, etc.) and occasionally for -êm (see forje) pûrsêm). Pers. for, anc. P. Z. Sans. -mi.

of each Parsi month. Pers. على and من يوس على المناه المن

שני mâh, GF. 2, 49. (and 2, 51. in most MSS.) s. a month; (for the names of the twelve months in the Pârsî year, see bidanâ). Pers. slo, anc. P. mâha, Z. אואַניש, Sans. mâs and mâsa; Huz. syn. bidanâ.

אינער IIn. 2, 35. probably a contraction of שער mâyâ, or mâyah, s. cohabitation, sexual intercourse; see אינער mâyûd. Comp. Pers. عايد explains Z. שענער.

արեւու ացրագացի ացրագացի հայուն ու հու 5, 33. s. see հուրա ացրագացի ացրագացի անաանական անաանական անաանական անաա

انمجي سنه سنې miyânjikîh, AV. 67, 7. s. mediation, interposition, interference, arbitration, administration. عرب شه miyânjîk (comp. Pers. ميانىجى) + abst. suf. به -îh.

adj. pl. used as a s. a narrative, an account, a description, an explanation, a history, a tale (a term applied to nearly all the Nasks); also written purces.

مار már, AV. 19, 28, 81, 86, 2. 36, 2, 3. 37, 50, 71, 3. 60, s. 69, 4. (4F. 5, 2. s. a snake, a serpent; pl. سائي شهر márán, AV. 19, 3. 56, 90, 1. 71, 2. مار máránŏ, AV. 66, 2. N. 77, 2. Pers. مار .

worship of Ahura-mazda, or to the religion of the Parsis, Zoroastrian; also written γενους. Pl. used as a s. μητοοδομή Μάzdayasnán, AV. 2, 17, 21. 3, 10. 5, 3. 10, 7. 12, 8. 101, 28. μητοοδομή Μάzdayasnán, AV. 1, 42. 2, 8, 36. 3, 5, 6, 13. 13, 9. 101, 14. μητορόδομή Μάzdayasnán, AV. 1, 39. 68, 9. μητορόδομή Μάzdayasnánö, AV. 2, 6. μητορόδομή Μάzdayasnánö, AV. 101, 5. the Mazdayasnians, the worshipers of Ahuramazda. Sas. [773] Το Μαzdayasn, Ζ. μητοροβομή and η μουροβομή.

שענלני mâsrabar, adj. scripture-bearing, knowing the scriptures by heart, able to recite all the religious formulas; also written שענלני mânsrabar. Pl. used as a s. שענלני mâsrabarân, AV. 14, 1. those who know the scriptures by heart. שענל mâsra (צ. שעליני, Sans. mantra) + שענלני bar (erd. of אַשְּלֵּאוֹן bârdanŏ).

مِهِ اللهِ mahmânîh, AV. 7-9,1. s. hospitality, lodging and entertainment, board and lodging; see مِهِ الذي mâhmânîh. Pers.

μως mân, AV. 2,21. s. an abode, a dwelling, a residence, a house; (also) a family, see μυς αθαμάνται. Pers. مان, Ζ. مان, Ζ. مان, Ζ. مان, Ζ. مان, Ζ. مان

for, by, or through) us; it is usually affixed to an adv., or conj., at the beginning of a clause in the sentence (see puter afmân, puter amatmân, puter aîghmân, puter zyamân, puter mûnmân, and putên vadmân), or to a prep. in the middle of a clause; it may also perhaps be occasionally found unattached, like the sing. pron. suf. & -am, \(\phi -at, and \(\pu -ash.\) Pers. \(\phi -am + \phi \). suf. \(\psi -am + \phi \). suf. \(\psi -an.

ասյան mânpân, s. a housekeeper, a householder, the head of a family; pl. μυμυμό mânpânân, AV. 48, τ. — με mân + μυ pân (Pers. بان, or بان).

ກວົງພຸລຸພຸ *Mârspendân*, AV. 1, 16. patron. adj. the Mârspendan; the son, or descendant, of Mârspend. ວົງພຸລຸພຸ *Mârspend* + patron. suf. ພຸ -ân.

أرد المعالق على المعالق المعا

المردال mânsrabar, adj. a variant of المعدال mâsrabar; pl. سودال سؤالي mânsrabarân, AV. 14,1. in K20.

mânishn, אַענאָען mânishnö, s. an abode, a dwelling, a residence, a habitation; see אַרעטער אַרער Mûjrâyîk-mânishnö. -- אָרער mân (crd. of אָרער mândan, Pers. אונגט.) + abst. suf. אָר -ishn.

האנטע של mânishn-hômand, Hu. 2, 3, 35. adj. having dwellings, provided with habitations. אינטע mânishn + pos. suf. ביינטע hômand.

- լյալայիս Mârôspendânö, Dk. 104, թ. լյալայիս Mârôspendânö, Dk. 144, թatron. adj. variants of անյալայան Mârspendân.

אָסָוּמָטּעּרָ makhîtûntunö (trad. mâîtûnatan) v. to strike, to beat, to smite, to flog, to drive (a nail, or peg), to vanquish, to destroy; past part. פּוּמְפּערָ makhîtûnd, AV. 57, 1. 60, s. 74, 75, 2. 79, 5. 92, 1. 98, 6. GF. 5, 6. Hn. 2, 2s.; pret. פּוּמְפּערָ makhîtûnd, AV. 31, 50, 3.; pres. 3⁴ pl. בּבּער makhîtûnd, AV. 28, 58, 2. Heb. אַקְיִבְ, וֹקְיִבָּ, Chald. אַקְיִבָּ, Syr. בּענּים, Ar. בּבּעׁ 'to destroy'; Pâz. syn. אָסָל zadanö.

adj. a variant of μος δως Mazdayash, Dk. 149, 2. 151, 3, 11. adj. a variant of μος δως Mazdayash. Either ως = "Ζ. μος ως (αs in μος μος Λάharmazd) and γους yash (χ. μονυμος) is substi-

tuted for yes yasn (Z. —yeigher); or  $u \in \mathbb{Z}$ . Sug (comp. here  $\mathbb{Z}$ . Let  $\mathbb{Z}$  be yeigher),  $\mathfrak{Z} = \mathbb{Z}$ , and yeigher  $\mathbb{Z}$  was originally a mere mal-formation of yes (the change of yeigher) into yes, and vice versa, being not uncommon in MSS.). The word yeigher is also sometimes mahist, 'greatest' (see Bund. 43, 18. 14, 8. 22, 1. 43, 3, 4. etc.), and P. mathishta,  $\mathbb{Z}$ . —yeigher, Sans. mahishtha.

איני mâyûd, IIn. 1, 10. s. sexual intercourse, copulation, conception. Comp. Pers. שלים: it explains Z. שלים. Perhaps a better reading would be mâyavad, 'what has generative effect'.

\$\$\text{3,50} פּוּשְלֵּל mâyûvad-hômand, Hn. 3,35. \$\$\text{5,00} אַטְעָרָל mâyûvatô-hômand, Hn. 2,35. adj. having what procreates, provided with breeding creatures. אַעָר mâyû (= עַעָּר, or עַטָּר, mâyû) + פּיִּנְעָּע (מַעַּע מַעָּר) + pos. suf. \$\$\text{5,00}\$ hômand; \( \text{8. בענענענענע.} \)

באים matâ, AV. 15, 10. s. a province, a district, a town, a village. Chald. אָהָה, Syr. אָבָה, As. mat; Pâz. syn. אָ dib.

past part. For mad, AV. 2, 4, 4, 12; 8, 6, 49, 8, 68, 24, 89, 8. GF. 2, 45, 3, 76.; (used as adj.) AV. 15, 3, appointed, proper; For my barâ mad, AV. 10, 3. Iln. 2, 35, 3, 34. come out, come forth; For mad, Dk. 150, 9. come up, advanced, come up to, arrived at. Pret. For mad, GF. 1, 4. 3, 53. Iln. 2, 29.; For my barâ mad, AV. 4, 2, came out, came forth; For mad, AV. 4, 21. came up, arrived; For madam mado, Dk. 150, 13. came on, advanced. Pers. A. 2. Sans. gam; Iluz. syn. 19011900 yâtântano and 19011900 yâtântano.

not Mitro (trad. Matûn) AV. 5, s. pr. n. the yazad, or angel, of the sun's light, whose name is given to the 16th day of each Parsi month. Z. nom. Dec, anc. P. Mithra, Saus. mitra, 'the sun', Pers.

ment, a covenant, a contract, an engagement. Z. nom. 2) 636; comp. Sans. mitra, 'a friend', Pers.

שיי Mitrô-âpân, GF. 6, 2, 5. pr. n. 'honoring Mithra' (?), a Pârsî man's name, still in use in the form Meharvânji. אָרָ Mitrô + âpân (= crd. of Pers. آبانيدن 'to praise', Z. Sans. van); Pers. مِهربان.

નુમાં માર્જ Mitrô-panáhk, GF. 6, 2. pr. n. a Pársî man's name in the  $13^{th}$  century  $\Lambda$ .D. 11% Mitrô, or mitrô, + 9-પાશ panâhk (== માર્પાશ panâh).

a breach of promise. Mos mitro + abs drûj (erd. of Man) drûkhtanö); Z. ace. 6829. Dosc.

ing, a denial of an agreement. The preceding + abst. suf. 4, 20. s. promise-break-

مر mar, AV. 1, 20. s. a number, a total, a sum, an account, a calculation; کو مح min zak mar may mean either 'out of that number', or 'on that account' (comp. Mkh. 10, 1.). Pers. مح.

אר mar, GF. 1, 24. 2, 3, 18, 21, 21, 28, 33, 38, 13, 50, 53, 56, 63, 66. 3, 2, 13, 18-21, 28, 37, 42, 53, 95, 70, 76, 82, 87, 90, 93, 96. s. a destroyer, a malefactor, a criminal, a felon. Z. שוב (deadly).

part. A murdano, v. to die; a variant of mA mûrdano; past part. A murd, substituted for A mûrd in AV. 55, 1. by K 20.

אפשע Marzpân, GF. 6, 2. pr. n. a Pârsî man's name. Pers. העניים. שיש העניים של marzishn, s. sexual intercourse, cohabitation; see the following. אר marz (crd. of אים הארבות marzidano) + abst. suf. שים -ishn.

שרים ארים אירים ביארים אירים ביארים אירים אירים

ngo f marzidano, v. to have sexual intercourse, to cohabit; pret. go f marzid, AV. 88, 2.; erd. of marz, see fing kûn-marz and of marzid dashtûn-marz. Comp. Pers. of 'coition', Z. marez, 'to sweep', Sans. mrij, 'to cleanse'.

שלים marg-arjân, AV. 55, 4. adj. death-deserving, worthy of death, capital (crime), mortal (sin); also written של marg-arjân. خالت marg + של arjân.

it may perhaps be here (and occasionally elsewhere) an adj., 'numerous', from he mar; but it is usually a s.

 مرواريد marvârîd, GF. 2, 13. s. a pearl. Pers. مرواريد.

າມເບບເປີ້ marenchînîdâr (trad. marôchînîdâr) s. a destroyer, a devastator, a ravager, a murderer; see ໃນຄຸນຊຸນີ້ ພູບຸລັ gêhân-marenchînîdâr. From the following.

to devastate, to ravage, to murder; past part. Repet marcuchinid, AV. 47, 6. Z. marcuch; comp. Sans. mrî.

شون margîh, AV. 21, 2. s. death. عن سونان margîh, AV. 21, 2. s. death. عن شونان سونان سون

35 شور mozd, AV. 93, 6. s. hire, wages, pay, a salary, remuneration, a reward, a price; see 35 شور môzd. Pers. مرجد, لا. مرجد, see Pahl.-Pâz. Glos. p. 156.

تَحْجَ مَعْجِ, AV. 46, 80, 81, 2. 91, 1. s. the brain, brains, marrow. Pers. مغن, Z. سكى د., Sans. majjû, 'marrow'.

אושן בין (trad.) mazdântanö, v. to sell, to dispose of; past part. אושן בין העוש בי

mas, AV. 4, 25. 12, 18. 14, 1, 17. 15, 6, 13. Hn. 1, 11, 16, 21, 26, 31, 36. 2, 26, 27, 31. adj. great, grand, superior, (often used for the comp.)

greater, (and sometimes for the sup.) greatest; pl. used as a s. masân, AV. 1,10. the great, the grandees, the nobles. Pers. xo, anc. P. math (in mathishta, 'greatest'), Z. wc and Suc, Sans. mahat, mahâ.

ترارق mastôry, AV. 46, 2. s. a skull. Z. المورا إلى يارك comp. Sans. mastaka.

mas + abst. suf. 4 -ih; Pers.

ين mikh, AV. 67, 71, 4, 69, 2, 79, 5, 92, 1, 99, 3, s, a nail, a spike, a pin, a peg, a stake. Pers. مين

mayâ, I.) AV. 3, 19. 4, 26. 10, 13. 13, 20, 38, 58, 72, 98, 5. 14, 15. 15, 3, 13. 17, 17. 23, 6, 8. 27, 75, 6. 37, 6, 7. 41, 7. GF. 2, 70. 3, 19-21. Hn. 1, 6. N. 77, 1. s. water, a liquid (in AV. 1, 7.); mayâich, Hn. 2, 29. the water also. II.) GF. 3, 38, 39. pr. n. the female yazad, or angel, of water, the Ardvî-sûra Anâhita of the Âbân Yasht, whose name Anâhita is applied to the planet Venus; here the Huz. In mayâ has been substituted for the Pâz. In âv which would be her more correct appellation. Heb. 112, 112, 112, Chald. 112, 113, Syr. 112, Ar. 216, As. mic; Pâz. syn. In âv.

35 uf myazd, AV. 3, 20. in K20, a variant of 3526 myazd.

אים אים איני mishgâ (trad. mashyá) AV. 84, 5. s. oil, clarified butter, liquor, essence, extract, or infusion. Chald. אָרָשָׁרָה, Syr. בּישׁרָה, Pâz. syn. אָרָל rôghan.

ousness, liquor, essence. wy f mishgât + abst. suf. -7h.

μος miyûn, AV. 11,2. 15,10. also 25,2. in H<sub>17</sub>, s. the middle, mediation; see μος mîyûn.

وج magh, GF. 3, 69. s. stones in regular succession at certain intervales used as a seat during the ceremony of purification. Z. عيه د.

عرب مکس makas, AV. کاری ( sans. makshika. AV. کاری مکس , Z. مگس Sans. makshika.

maman, I.) AV. 19, 48, 49, 67, 71, 73, 78, 5. 20, 21, 25, 27-30, 32-31, 38, 45, 46, 51, 52, 58, 59, 62, 66, 84, 86, 93-96, 3. 22-24, 31, 36, 40, 41, 43, 44, 50, 60, 63, 76, 77, 80, 81, 85, 87-89, 4. 55, 72, 82, 83, 90-92, 97, 98, 2. 64, 65, 69, 79, 6. 99, 7. GF. 2, 17, 20, 23, 32, 37, 55, 65. 3, 1, 12, 17, 22-25, 61, 89. N. 76, 3. 77, 6. 126, 3. interrog. pron. which? what?; III.) AV. 6, 3. 68, 18. 100, 3. for what? wherefore? why?; for min maman, GF. 3, 41. from what? whence? II.) GF. 3, 19. rel. which, (perhaps a miswriting for 16 mûn); for 19, kolâ maman, AV. 3, 24. Dk. 150, 5. all which, everything which, whatsoever. III.) AV. 2, 6, 53, 9. 4, 26. 10, 5. 16, 12. 52, 7. 68, 6. 101, 7, 23. GF. 1, 24. 2, 4, 11, 19, 22, 25, 29, 30, 34, 39, 40, 44, 51, 54, 57, 64, 67. 3, 3, 5, 14, 19, 20, 23, 39, 43, 66, 68, 71, 78, 79, 82, 88, 91, 94, 97. 4, 9, 15, 22. IIn. 1, 7. 2, 3, 37. Dk. 151, 3. adv. or conj. for, as, since, because; GF. 3, 36, 45, 54, 55. Dk. 150, 7. even, too, yet, also,

moreover, besides, however. Sas.  $\alpha \delta$  maman; see Pahl.-Pâz. Glos. p. 154; Pâz. syn. chi, and sometimes  $\alpha$  -ich is substituted for maman and vice versa.

mamanash, IIn. 2, 3, 38. adv. or conj. with suf. for (as, since, or because) of (to, for, by, or through) him (her, or it); for (as, since, or because) his, her, its, him, or it. maman |- pron. suf. -ash of 3ª pers. sing.; Pâz. syn. chish.

from mamanam, AV. 101, 11. adv. or conj. with suf. for (as, since, or because) of (to, for, by, or through) me; for (as, since, or because) maman + pron. suf. from of 1st pers. sing.; Pâz. syn. chim.

אַטיער אָ פּעטאָר Mûjrûyîk-mûnishnö, AV. 1, 4, s. adj. of Egyptian residence, residing in Egypt. של Mûjrûi (anc. P. Mudrûya, Heb. בְּיִצְרֵיִב) + adj. suf. ש -îk + אַטְעָרָיָב mûnishnö.

مور inôr, AV. 60, s. 69, 4. s. an ant. Pers. مور; comp. Sans. vamrâ, vamrî.

wicked); see μηθε murdanö; past part. Ας κου frôd mûrd, AV. 55, 1. died away, expired; pret. Ας κου frôd mûrd, AV. 17, 5. expired. Pers. Ας, anc. P. Z. mar, Sans. mri; Huz. syn. nonget yemîtûntanö.

مُرخ mûrûk, GF. 2,25. s. a bird, a fowl. Pers. مُرخ, Z. عيواليود. على مُرخ عيد بالمؤلفة على المؤلفة ع

אַב מוֹנְינִי môzdôbar, adj. used as s. one who carries away wages, one who works for hire, an employee, a workman, an artizan, a laborer; pl. אַנייני môzdobarân, AV. 39, s. — אָב אָרָ môzdo (= 35 אָר môzd) bar (crd. of אַנייני, bârdanŏ); Pers. אַנייניר.

שיטענע môg-gabrâ, GF. 2, 11. s. a Magian man, one of the Magi; see איטענער magôî-gabrâ.

mûst, GF. 3, s, 11, 14, 16. s. the palm of the hand, the grasp, the fist. Pers. مُشت, Z. عرب وج كري وج كري

س - ih; Pers. مُشتى. a handful. مُشتى mûst + abst. suf.

שני milayû (trad. môdû) AV. 1, 22. 40, 6. GF. 2, 7. Hn. 1, 33. s. a word, a saying, a speech, a discourse, tidings. Heb. Chald. מָלַיָּה, emph. pl. אָלָהָ, Syr. אָבֹרָה; Pâz. syn. מען sakhun, or מָּלַהָּ, sakhûn.

by, or through) him (her, or it); therefrom, thereby, therewith. I min + pron. suf. — ash of 3d pers. sing.; Pâz. syn. — asah.

անք minishn, or mainishn, s. a variant of արթե minishn, or mainishn; see արեր հմ-minishn.

مُوق (borrowed from Pers.); comp. Z. موق (shod), Sans. pratimukta, 'clothed'.

1, 29, 32. 4, 11, 14, 27. 5, 5. 6, 2. 10, 9. 12, 2, 5. 15, 13. 16, 5. 17, 9, 16, 19. 23, 24, 2. etc. who, that; AV. 2, 12. 17, 19. 54, 10. Hn. 1, 4. etc. one who, he (she, or they) who, whoever; AV. 5, 8. 10, 12, 14. 12, 8. 53, 5. GF. 2, 17, 20, 22, 36, 39, 64, 67. etc. which, that; 27, 38, 41, 52, 58, 71, 2. whom, to whom; AV. 6, 11. 19, 5. 20, 21, 3. 22-24, 4. etc. whose, of whom; AV. 64, 11. GF. 3, 17, 19. of one who, of those who, of what; AV. 19, 2. 54, 3. of which; 16 (10) att mûn, AV. 1, 35. there is (or are) who, some; 16 (10) kolâ mûn, GF. 1, 6. 2, 5. all who, everyone who; 16 mûn — azash, AV. 15, 22. that from (with, by, or through) it, with which; 16 (10) mûn — aûbash, AV. 67, 7. that to him (her, or it), to whom (or which); 16 mûn padash, AV. 1, 16. that on

him, on whom; who — If man - fraz, AV. 18, 7. upon which; If fraz fraz

for, by, or through) thee; who (which, or that) thy, or thee. If mûn + pron. suf. ~ -at of 2<sup>d</sup> pers. sing.; Pâz. syn. ket.

that) also (even, or too). If  $m\hat{u}n + q$ -ich.

-4916 minash, AV. 4, 20. 6, 9, 10. 18, 8. 19, 71, 78, 7. 20, 21, 35. 45, 2, 5. 22, 40, 2, 6. 23, 24, 31, 36, 43, 44, 50, 63, 81, 85, 87, 88, 6. 26, 2. 27, 29, 30, 33, 34, 38, 39, 46, 51, 62, 81, 96, 5. 28, 1, 5. 48, 2, 7. 79, 2, 8. 82, 83, 1. IIn. 2, 25, 37. rel. with suf. who (which, or that) of (to, for, by, or through) him (her, or it); who (which, or that) his (her, its, him, or it); whose, whom; of (or by) whom (or which). If min + pron. suf-ash of 3<sup>d</sup> pers. sing.; Pâz. syn. kesh.

műnshân, AV. 6, 7. 7, 49, 73, 2, 7. 8, 42, 5. 9, 4, 8. 12, 7, 15. 13, 74, 75, 1, 5. 14, 3, 4, 11, 19. 15, 1, 7, 10, 19. 16, 9, 10. 17, 68, 2. 25, 47, 61, 2, 5. 37, 2, 6. 55-57, 72, 92, 1, 4. 65, 69, 2, 8. 66, 80, 89, 6. 70, 76, 77, 1, 6.

90, 93, 94, 1. 97, 98, 4. 99, 7, 9. GF. 2, 12. proje můnshâně, AV. 12, 18. 14, 7. 80, 1. 99, 3. rel. with suf. who (which, or that) of (to, for, by, or through) them; who (which, or that) their, or them; whose, whom; of (by, or to) whom. There appears to be no sufficient reason for supposing that wind mûnshûn is ever used merely as a pl. of In mûn, although some sentences might readily be mistranslated in accordance with that view. When the verb is understood, or is used in the pret. or p. p., work mûnshûn clearly means either 'that their, whose', or 'that by them, by whom'; the phrase אונאאן ופונצען ופונצען mûnshân nikûnsâr, AV. 37, 2, 70, 74, 80, 93, 1. means that their head downwards, or whose head downwards'; when the verb is pl., it agrees either with the antecedent of man, or with a nom. understood, as in 13,1. that consider their husbands', in 15, 7. 'that walk among those of them who are brilliant', in 15, to. 'that they have seated them on it', in 55, t. 'that suffer their torment', in 68, 2. 'that they drag them', in 75, 1. 'that have been thrown under the feet of their cattle', and in 99, 9. 'that have been disobedient unto their rulers'. A mûn + pron. suf. ww -shûn of 3d pers. pl.; Paz. syn. keshă.

Fife minam, AV. 4, 22. 11, 18, 4. 17, 13. 68, 20. Hu. 2, 21. 3, 20. rel. with suf. who (which, or that) of (to, for, by, or through) me; who (which, or that) my, or me. If min + pron. suf. G -am of 1st pers. sing.; Pâz. syn. kem.

(to, for, by, or through) us; who (which, or that) of to, for, by, or through) us; who (which, or that) our, or us. If mûn + pron. suf. pc -mân of 1st pers. pl.; Pâz. syn. kemã.

عَهِرِهُ عَهِرِهُ بَارِهُ -mond, pos. suf. a variant of عَهِ mand; see عَهِرِهُ عَهِرِهُ عَهِرِهُ اللهِ shûf-

many, AV. 1, 38. 2, 22, 29, 31. s. a narcotic, henbane (hyoscyamus), 'the seed of which, imported from Cabul, or Persia, is sold in Bombay as Khurâsânî ajwân' (see Dalzell and Gibson's Supplement to the Bombay Flora, 1861, p. 62). Pers.

مَرِ اللَّهُ اللَّهُولِ الللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الل

36 mûd, AV. 73, 7. s. hair; see 6 mû and 36 mûî.

أهر -mand, pos. suf. affixed to substantives to form adjectives implying possession of the thing expressed by the substantive; see عرب المعرب khvahishnmand. Pers. المعرب , Z. عرب , Sans. -mat; Huz. syn. غرب hômand.

mûyak, AV. 16, 7, 9, 11. 57, 4. s. weeping, crying, wailing, lamentation, (perhaps) tearing the hair. Pers. عربيه.

whilst standing, which is forbidden on account of its causing the pollution of more ground than is necessary, and risking the pollution of more ground than is necessary, and risking the pollution of the feet. Of mes (crd. of message message message) has a more substitute for the abst. suf. we -ih, added to the compound adj. mose for the pavan-ragelman-messishn).

adj. phrase he pavan-mizaktar, GF. 2, 62, 64. with more taste, more in flavor, more relishable, more savory. Pers. 8,6.

موك mivak, AV. 71, 2. s. a sting, a fang. Comp. Pers. موك.

ngeof mêzidună, v. to taste, to sip, to suck; past part. بريدن mêzid, AV. 73, 2. Pers. مزيدن, or مزيدن.

אפטר mêzidanö, v. to make water, to void urine; crd. פר mêz, see אוליב, mêz, see אוליב, mêz, or אוליב, Z. miz, Sans. mih.

שלטיעט mîrishnîh, see אלטיעט קאל אלטיעט frôd-mîrishnîh.

אבטה mêsh, GF. 3, 25, 32. s. a sheep, a ram. Pers. מגאה, Z. אינאן, Sans. mesha; Huz. syn. אוטא טייטער arrûn.

2, 16, 19. 14, 57, 71, 4. 19, 8. 34, 91, 5, 6. 40, 3, 6. 44, 76, 3. 52, 7. 64, 3, 11. 68, 15. 72, 6. 92, 94, 1. GF. 1, 23, 24, 26, 29. 2, 9, 10. 3, 4, 56, 69. 4, 19. Hn. 1, 4. 2, 6, 16, 18. 3, 5. on, upon, up, above, over, about, into, along with, with, unto, at; — μημ με madam âkâs, AV. 101, 20. acquainted about, aware of; 1 με madam val, AV. 1, 36. 10, 4, 9, 12, 14. 54, 4. Hn. 2, 3, 36. on to, upon, up to, unto, into. II.) used adverbially with v. AV. 1, 18, 8. 3, 3. 4, 16. 15, 5. 31, 93, 2. 42, 6. 54, 5, 11. 98, 1. GF. 1, 21, 28. 4, 23. Hn. 2, 19, 37. 3, 18, 37. see hrey we khâstanö, hrey hankhetûnâdanö, hrey padîraftanö, hrey yakhsenuntanö, hrey dâshtanö, hrey yakhsenuntanö, hrey dâshtanö, hrey vazlûntanö, hrey yakhsenuntanö, hrey vâyîdanö, and hrey vazlûntanö. Sas. D3D madam (?); but its etymology is uncertain, as it is not satisfactory to compare it with Heb. Chald. [202] 'away from'; Pâz. syn. (rare in Pahl.) wavar.

nren, to be like, to seem, to appear, to be like, to

like, to be of opinion, to deem, to consider; pret. 500, \$\int \chi\$ medammânast, AV. 4, 16. 12, 6, 10, 13, 17, 19. 13, 12. 14, 2, 6, 10, 13, 18, 21. 15, 8, 15, 17. 17, 64, 11. 54, 2.; pres. 3\d sing. \$\int \text{Concommunical}\$, AV. 1, 88. 4, 25. 17, 15. GF. 2, 42, 48. Hn. 2, 18, 19, 21, 22, 26, 27. 3, 17, 18, 20.; pres. 2\d pl. \$\int \text{medammânêd}\$, GF. 2, 15. Probably contracted from the part. of a piel form, such as Heb. \$\frac{12}{3}\$, Chald. \$\frac{12}{3}\$, Syr. \$\frac{1}{2}\$; Pâz. syn. \$\frac{1}{3}\$ such astanŏ (Z. sad).

repf mayôpat, GF. 6, 5. s. a Pârsî priest who is chiefly engaged in the performance of ceremonies, a môbad; pl. ארפּטָּר mayôpatân, AV. 1, 3. 2, 36. Sas. ( ביל ארבים הארבים) mayôpat; ארך mayô ( על. המה באונה). Sans. pati, Pers. מיבים, מיבים, מיבים).

אפטין minishn, or mainishn, AV. 1,50. 4,24. GF. 3,5,70. אינייני (GF. 3,75. Hn. 1,4. s. thinking, a thought, an idea, the mind, the disposition; also written אינייני (שוני שוני שוני) אינייני (שוני שוני) אינייני (פול שוני) אינייני (פול

անույթիւնի, or mainishnih, see այրերածա հան-ravákh-

արարի անումերդիներ, or mainishnyish, see արարի արև Yadadân-minishnyish.

שְׁמְשְׁעָ mînishnîk, Hn. 1, 4. adj. thinking, thoughtful, mental, natural. אַנָּהָאָרָ mînishn + adj. suf. בּיִה .

s. the discerning of spirits, beholding the spiritual world, heavenly visions. באיל mînavad + עושר vênishn (Pers. יאַבּיִּה, anc. P. vain, עומית, to which compound adj. is added the abst. suf. ש -îh.

minidano, or mainidano, v. to think, to mind, to heed, to attend to, to regard, to care for, to like, to respect; past part. Av. 68, s.; pret. Av. 100, 4V. 26, 62, 5. thought contemptuously of, scorned, despised; pres. 3d sing. Av. 18, 10.; pres. 2d pl. Av. 100, 4. Anc. P. Z. Sans. man.

1 n, v, û, ô, r, or l, is the thirteenth letter of the Pahlavî alphabet, and the usual equivalent of Sas. [, 2, Pers. ., , Z. ], b, », », , , , , , , , , , and Chald. :, 1, y; it also sometimes corresponds to a medial Sas. \, Pers. , J, , , &, Z. ), and Chald.  $\neg$ , b. When initial, it stands almost always for n, or v; and when used as an apparently unnecessary final, it is represented by  $\delta$ . When it is a vowel, it is read  $\hat{u}$  unless the Z., or Chald., equivalent indicates some other vowel, in which case it is read  $\hat{o}$ . Its form remains unaltered, in all situations, as it does not join a succeeding letter; but when joined by a preceding letter, the junction is always made at the top, which tends either to reduce the size of the 1, or to force it below the line, as in most of the compounds: www, w, w, ነውን , ተው , ነውን ነውን , ነውና , <sub>ማ</sub>ፍ , <sub>ማ</sub>ፍ , <sub>ም</sub>ፍ , <sub>ም</sub> In hasty writing, the , is occasionally turned at the bottom and joined to the succeeding letter, being converted into  $\hat{i}$ ,  $\hat{c}$ , or  $\hat{j}$  d; owing to this irregularity (which is analogous to the frequent junction of ,, ,, and s, with a succeeding letter in Persian MSS.) we find دد المريك المرابع ال Srôsh-yasharibo occurring thrice in II of for אבלפאאיב Srôsh-yasharûbŏ (see note to AV. 3, 10.), and persem-chînŏ in K20 for שיפריט barcsôm-chíno, (see note to GF. 4, 27.); and several instances in which be has probably become v and then been changed into 3 d by this irregular junction, will be found mentioned in the remarks on the letter 1.

ya, conj. (nearly always attached to the word which follows it, in MSS.) and, also; (it connects phrases and sentences, as in) AV. 1, 2, 3, 6-15, 17-19, etc. (as well as words, as in) AV. 1, 6, 7, 10, 12, 17, 19, etc.

(and is repeated before each word, or phrase, when several are connected together, as in) AV. 1, 4, 9, 13, 15, 26. etc. (It is sometimes omitted, as between substantives repeated to give them a distributive meaning) see tasht, how dânar, and yi gûnak, (and in other cases where it might be expected, as in) AV. 2, 26. 3, 17. 4, 27. 16, 7, 11. 17, 19. 21, 2. 50, 3. 59, 5. 60, 8. 64, 2. 101, 21. GF. 1, 28. 2, 30. etc. (these omissions may sometimes be accidental, but it seems to be a general rule that when only two phrases, or words, are coupled together, it is optional to omit the conj. Occasionally this conj. has a disjunctive meaning, as in) AV. 8, 6. 48, 4. 54, 7. 68, 10. 91, 6. 100, 4. etc. but, yet. Sas. 2 va, Pers. 2, Heb. Chald. 1, 1, Syr. o, Ar. 5, As. va.

nihâdanö, v. to put, to place, to set, to deposit, to lay, to put out, to protrude; past part. ريهان nihâd, AV.66, 2. Pers. ينهان , Z. p. p. سريها، Sans. ni + dhâ; Huz. syn. الإصلام hankhe-tûnâdanö.

יט אויט vâkhtanŏ, v. to ornament, to beautify, to enamel, to paint, to rouge; past part. יוב (râkht, AV. 73, 7. Comp. Pers. יוב , יוב (decorated', יוב יוב 'plaster', Z. שעל ישעש 'embroidered'.

ອບາງ nîyâz, s. sec ອບວງ nîyâz.

water, a desert, a wilderness, a barren waste. Pers. בויילוט, Z. and edsert, a wilderness. عليه and فايساهس.

กร์งส่วนิกา์กร์สุลกัง, v. to make desirous, to instigate, to

tempt, to mislead, to seduce; pret. Represent nîyâzânînid, AV. 1, 4. 71, 9. Denom. from ween nîyâzân.

الاستراب Vâhrâm, AV. 5, 3. pr. n. a ÿazad, or angel, who is said to be a promoter of successful war, and is a personification of victory; his name is given to the planet Mars, and also to the 20th day of each Pârsî month; it was likewise assumed by several kings of the Sasanian dynasty, and is still common among the Pârsîs in the form Behrâmji; it is also written السام المعالم ا

المنظمين Vâhrāmān, AV. 55, 5. patron. adj. Vâhrām's; of, belonging to, or descended from, Vâhrām; an epithet of the most sacred fire, which is also often written without the suffix. بريد نسب Vâhrām بريد نسب -ân.

الا) vahâk, AV. 27, 6. s. a price, a charge, cost, value, worth.

Pers. دیما

אין nihân, adj. hidden, concealed; see אין nîhân.

ינאָץ nihânyîsh, AV. 63, s. adv. secretly, clandestinely, privately. nihân + adv. suf. אָאָ -yîsh.

الابعور nâkhûn, AV. 50, 2. a finger-nail, a claw. Pers. ناخون, or ناخون, Sans. nakhu.

עטבפט nishiv, AV. 49, s. s. a descent, lowliness, humiliation, degradation. Pers. شيب, نِشير, نِشيب, or it may be merely a corruption of יָנָמָּג, 'want', as assumed in the text.

יטארנאשנן niyâyishnö, Hn. 3, 4. s. praise, thanksgiving, benediction; often written יבָבוֹבָה niyâyishn. Pers. בַּבוֹבָה.

vâd, AV. 4, 17. 17, 10-12. 18, 8. 93, 2. GF. 2, 31. Hn. 2, 19, 21, 22.

3, 18, 20. s. a wind, a breeze, a gale, air; it is personified as a yazad, or angel, whose name is given to the 22d day of each Parsi month.

Pl. بان vâdân, Iln. 2, 20. 3, 19. Pers. بان , or راد , or

رس کرتی, AV. 54, 3. 's. an arm, the fore-arm, an arm's length, a cubit, (perhaps) a fathom. Pers. بازو, باز, باز, باز, باز, باز, کار, Z. کستی, Sans.  $b\hat{a}hu$ , or  $b\hat{a}ha$ .

שין vâchak, N. 78, s. s. a word, a saying. Z. nom. לעשן, Sans. vachas and vâchaka.

رسلام vârân, AV. 55, ۱. رسلام vârânŏ, GF. 3, 32. s. rain. Pers. جاران, Z. جاران, Sans. vâr, vâri, 'water', varsha, 'rain'; Huz. syn. ماست به سناته.

ו**עלטק** nâlân, AV. 75, 2. pr. p. groaning, moaning, lamenting, wailing. Pers. نالان, pr. p. of نالادن.

אור יוער פאון vâridanŏ, v. to rain, to pour down, to fall (as rain); pret. باريدن, Z. vâr.

ער עון vâlînö, AV. 17, 5. in H18, K20, a variant of עלען bâlînö.

וענייז (עניין vâstryôsh, s. a cultivator, an agriculturist, a husbandman, a farmer, an individual of the third class, or caste, of the Maz-

dayasnian community; pl. איניאָנע vástryôshán, AV. 14, 14. Z. nom. באַרינאָנע . באַרינאָנע ,

vâyêd, Hn. 2, 21. 3, 20. reym for madam vâyêd, Hn. 2, 19. 3, 18. blows over, on, or up. Z. vâ.

ין אונט אין vakhsishnö, Dk. 151, 6. for אונט אין vakhshishnö, s. growth, increase, enlargement, development, augmentation. אונט vakhs (= ענט vakhsh, crd. of אונט vakhshidanö) + abst. suf. אונט יונארט vakhsh, crd. of אונט יונארט אונט אין vakhshidanö).

ໂຄວດາງ Nikhshâpûr, AV. 1,35. pr. n. a city in Khurâsân; (also) the name, or title, of a commentator on the Avesta who is quoted in the Pahl. translation of Vend. 5,112. 8,61. Sp. and very often in N.; likewise written ໂຄວາດວາງ Nikhshâpûr, ໂຄວາດວາງ Nikhshâpûr, ໂຄວາດວາງ Nikhshâpûhar, ໂຄງຄວາວວາງ Nishâpûhar, and ໂຄງຄວາວວາງ Nishâpûhar. Pers.

الاس vahisht, AV. 3, 11. 5, 7, 10, 12. 6, 9. 61, 7. 68, 2, 5, 22, 24. GF. 2, 4, 6, 14, 15. الاس vahishtô, GF. 2, 2. s. the best existence, paradise, heaven. Pers. بيشت , Sas. 2(22282 vahishti, Z. nom. sing. m. ولمان المناس ال

אין vahishtik, IIn. 1,380. adj. of, or belonging to, paradise; heavenly, destined for heaven. אוני vahisht + adj. suf. ב -ik.

ייש vakhshidanö, v. to grow, to increase, to enlarge, to develop, to augment; past part. or pret. עשיר vakhshid, AV. 7, 2. 12, 15, 14, 12. 15, 19. Z. vakhsh, Sans. vaksh, 'to accumulate'.

البون námíh, GF. 2, 74. s. fame, reputation, renown, celebrity; (or) a writing, a history, a narrative, a legend. بنام nâm (Pers. نام مام nâma, Z. nom. acc. المجادئ, Sans. nâman) + abst. suf. بنام مام دائم or Pers. نامی.

עשָע vâmîk, AV. 15, 21. in K26, a variant of שָעָע bâmîk. It can also be read nâmîk, 'famous'.

ורטין nihûftanö, v. to hide, to conceal, to cover; past part. אורטין nihûftô, GF. 3, 56.; (used as an adj.) אורטין nihûftakö, Dk. 145, 3. hidden, occult, obscure. Pers. נָאָשׁבֹּינ.

العربي nakhûst, AV. 4, 9. 7, 1. 17, 2. GF. 2, 1. adj. earliest, first; (used as adv.) AV. 3, 16. 5, 4. at first, in the first place. Pers. نخستين, or نخز, نخستين.

Z. والعام vohû, Hn. 1,11,18. adj. nom. acc. sing. n. good; (used as a s.) a good, a benefit; the second word of the sacred ashem-vohû formula of the Pârsîs. Sans. vasu.

אין vohûk = Z. פלשם vohû, see אין ashem-vohûk.

ruhûm, GF. 2,49. num. ninth; sometimes expressed by the ciphers (نع سرسور) + ord. suf. (Pers. نُع بُهُمُ

Vohûman, AV. 11, 1, 5. GF. 6, 4. pr. n. the ameshâspend, or archangel. who is said to have special charge of cattle and sheep, and is styled châpûktar, 'the more active, or ingenious', as he supplies wisdom (H6 extra fol. 10-11); his name is applied to the eleventh month and second day of each month in the Pârsî year. Z. nom. كالمان . Pers. بهمن .

אפר אין Vohûman-mînishn, AV. 3,4. adj. thinking of Vohûman, thinking good thoughts, inspired with good ideas. און Vohûman + איטן די mînishn.

nahichak, AV. 1, 39, 40, 42, 43. s. a lot, a chance; see the remarks on  $\int_{1}^{1} var$ . The reading wants confirmation, but possibly the word may refer to some mode of drawing lots by means of reeds (Pers. منايع , نايع , ناي

بر المولاد بين nâirîk, Hn. 2, 39. s. a woman; pl. المولاد بين nâirîkân, AV. 13, 1, 8. Z. إسدادوس, Sans. nârî.

אינונגל, סר אינונאן, על אינונגל, סר אינונאן, על אינונגל, אינונאן, אינונאן, אינונאן, אינונאן, אינונאן, על אינונאן, אינונאן,

(in GF. 2, 6. it seems to be used for the p.p.) שוֹלָין vâdûnêd, GF. 3,82.; אָבוֹן שׁוֹן barâ vâdûnêd, GF. 2,8. quite performs, accomplishes, completes; pres. 2ª pl. ישׁלָן vâdûnêd, AV. 100, 3. 101, 23. ישׁלָּטְלָּחָ אָלְיִי vâdûnêd, AV. 100, 3. 101, 23. ישׁלְּטְלַחְ AV. 101, 25.; pres. 3ª pl. אָבְיי vâdûnêd, AV. 5,8. 10, 21, 2. 15, 14. 16, 7. 42, 2, 7. 80, 3.; אַבְּי vâdûnêd, AV. 85, 2. they make up, construct; אַבְּי יִשְׁיִ שְׁיִ שְׁיִּ שְׁיִ שְׁיִי שְׁיִּי שְׁיִּי שְׁיִּי שְׁיִי שְׁיִּי שְׁיִּשְׁיִּי שְׁיִי שְׁיִי שְׁיִּי שְׁיִּי שְׁיִּי שְׁיִי שְׁיִּי שְׁיִּי שְׁיִּי שְׁיִּי שְׁיִי שְׁיִּי שְׁיִּי שְׁיִּי שְׁיִּי שְׁיִי שְׁיִּי שְׁיִּי שְׁיִי שְׁיִי שְׁיִי שְׁיִּי שְׁיִּי שְׁיִי שְׁיִּי שְׁיִּי שְׁיִּי שְׁיִּי שְׁיִּישְׁי שְׁיִּי שְׁיִי שְׁיִי שְׁיִּי שְׁיִּי שְׁיִּי שְׁיִּי שְׁיִּי שְׁיִי שְׁיִּי שְׁיִּי שְׁי שְׁי שְׁי שְׁיִּי שְׁיְי שְׁיִּי שְׁיִי שְׁיִּישְׁי שְׁישְׁיְּשְׁישְׁישְׁישְׁיְּשְׁיִּישְׁישְׁעְּישְׁיְּעְּישְׁישְׁיְּשְׁישְׁישְׁישְ

v. to take, to seize, to catch, to hold, to retain; past part. ອາງຕາ vakhdând, AV. 50, 6. Hn. 2,21.; ອາງຕາ ອາຍຸ frâz vakhdând, AV. 11, 2. ອາຍຸ ອາງຕາ frâz vakhdând, AV. 11, 2. ອາຍຸ ອາງຕາ frâz vakhdând, GF. 1, 6. 2, 16. taken hold of, laid hold on; blakhvâr vakhdând, AV. 39, 5. held back, retained, withheld; ອາງຕາ ໄລ່ມ ໄລ່ໄລ້ vakhdând, Hn. 2,21. 3,20. taken up (in the nose), snuffed up. Pret. ອາງຕາ vakhdând, AV. 81, 3. GF. 3,85. ອາງຕາ vakhdând, Dk. 151,12.; ອາງຕາ vakhdând, AV. 81, 3. GF. 3,85. ລຸ ຄວ. seized anger, became angry; ອາງຕາ ອາຍຸ frâz vakhdând, AV. 5,6. 53, 1. GF. 3, 16. ອາງຕາ ອາຍຸ frâz vakhdând, AV. 4, 6. 11, 13. 16, 18, 101, 1. GF. 3, 11. took hold of, took up; ອາງຕາ ອາຍຸ vâj vakhdând, AV. 3,20. took possession of a grace, or short prayer, by muttering the first portion before eating, or acting; muttered grace. Pres. 1st sing. ອາງຕາ vakhdânam, GF. 3,8. ອາງຕາ vakhdânam, AV. 17,7.; pres. 3a pl. 3) ເປັງ

vakhdûnd, AV. 14, 17. Imper. 2d pl. עוני vakhdûnêd, AV. 101, 16. Heb. אָחַד, Chald. אָחַד, Syr. אָחַד, Ar. אָהַדֿ; Pâz. śyn. אָחָד gereftanŏ.

اول vafar, AV. 40, 3. 55, 1. GF. 3, 4. s. snow. 7. مادل بالله بال

ושל naparto, or niperelo, AV. 1, 4. p. p. used as s. what has destroyed, war, a battle, a fight, a conflict. Pers. יאָרָט, Z. ni + peret.

אורטן) פון הפונית הפונית הואלים ווייטן אינים אורטן) אינים אווייטן הער הייטן אינים אורטן אינים אינים אורטן אינים א

ושלע פוסון nafrin, AV. 26, 5. s. a curse, an imprecation, a malediction, an execration; opp. of שון afrin; ושלע פוסון nafrin kardanô, to curse, to imprecate. Pers. نفرين.

תשטון nipist, AV. 1, 7. for מינים nipisht, ווייטטון nipishtô, Dk. 150, 8. און nipishtakö, Dk. 150, 7. p. p. used as s. what is written, a writing, a document, a record. Past part. of און nipishtanö, Pers. יינים, or יינים, or יינים.

nafshman, AV. 1, so. 13, s. 15, 26, 58, 82, 95, 97, 5. 22, 67, s. 24, 43, 6. 35, 62, 2. 44, 2, 6. 59, 2, 5. 63, 8, 6, 8. 64, 5, 12. 71, 9. 72, 76, 83, 91, 1. 78, 7. 87, 2, 7. 89, 11. 94, 1, 5. 100, 4. GF. 3, 9, 45, 52. Hn. 1, 2. 2, 5, 10, 22, 25, 28. N. 78, 9. adj. belonging to one's self, personal, one's own,

nipîk, GF. 6, 2, 5. s. a writing, a book; pl. with conj. منبى ، ونبى ، منبى ، نبيى ، or نبيى ، or نبيى ، or

արությ ութնունիոնի, see الدلس الهام الولوس lálá-nipímishníh.

אים vadârdanŏ, or vidârdanŏ, v. to pass, to proceed, to move away; past part. אים אים איז yîn vadârd, AV. 18, 14. passed in, entered; pret. אים vadârd, AV. 101, 27. Pers. צֿבּוֹרֶטָם; nearly the same as איז vadardanŏ, but sometimes more causal, as if derived from Z. vi + caus. of tar.

or s. passed away, departed, deceased, dead; departure, decease; pl. vadardakân, AV. 4, 9. 16, 7, 12. 1997 vadardakânö, AV.

10, 2. the departed, the deceased (specially applied to the righteous, as contrasted with murdak applied to the wicked). Past part of the following.

υρθο vadardík, or vidardík, adj. a variant of μορ vadardak; pl. used as a s. ναμαναθικάπ, ΛΥ. 4, ε. in K 20, the departed, the deceased.

بي vadak, AV. 17, 15. adj. bad, evil, vile. Pers. بي

away, to depart; see mo vadardano; pres. 3d sing. rejusting barâ vadîrêd, Hn. 2, 2. passes away, departs, dies; fut. 3d sing. rejusting barâ vadîrêd, GF. 2, 3d. A variant of mo vadardano.

שני ואלטינט vadirishnih, see און שלטינט barâ-vadirishnih.

ا موسر nizâr, AV. 94, 5. adj. thin, lean, meagre, emaciated, slender; also written المحالة, nizâr. Pers. فيزار.

າມຊາ vajār, crd. of ທາງ ມຊາ vajārdano, see າມຊານ gû-vajār; pl. ພາມຊາ vajārān, see າມຊາ ທຸນາຍ frashnô-vajār.

to separate, to solve, to interpret, to explain, to arrange, to dress (hair), to perform, to accomplish, to spend (time), to remain; past part. Aug. vajārā, AV. 34, 5. GF. 4,1.; pret. Aug. vajārā, AV. 25, 2.; pres.

1st sing. אומר ישנון vajārôm, GF. 4, 3.; pres. 3d sing. אומרים vajārêd, Hn. 2, 2, 7, 12. 3, 2.; pres. 3d pl. אומרים vajārênd, AV. 30, 2., אומרים ישנון vajārênd, AV. 30, 2., אומרים ישנון vajārênd, AV. 30, 2., אומרים ישנון vajārênd, AV. 30, 2., אומרים vajārênd, Hn. 2, 35. they earry on, perform, practice; fut. 3d sing. ושרים barā vajārêd, GF. 1, 10. Hn. 1, 10.; imper. 2d sing. אומרים ישנון barā vajār, GF. 1, 23. 3, 50, 67. 4, 8. Pers. אורים אומרים אומרים

vijārish, AV. 89, 1. s. weakness, feebleness, debility, leanness, thinness. Pers. رجارش; comp. اگران ، nizārih.

الرف المالية vajarûk, adv. separating, scattering, diffusing; see المالية bôi-vajarûk. علوا vajar (= علوا vajûr, erd. of المالية vajûrdanő) + adj. suf. علم -âk; comp. Pers. كُذُرارا 'passing', المالية 'passing', المالية 'passing'.

vazūrg; pl. used as a s. yolg vazurgân, AV. 12, 18. the great, nobles.

שטי באינטיי שטיי מער ûzdahîshnîh, Hn. 2, 18. 800 אניי אין שטיי פאנטיי barâûzdahîshnîh.

المجاور vazak-kar, adj. a variant of المجاور bazak-kar; pl. used as a s. المجاور vazak-karân, AV. 5, s. sinners.

اهران vazūrg, AV. 10, 13. 15, 7. 16, 2. 58, 5. GF. 3, 41, 44, 45, 51, 52, 57. adj. great, large, big, grand, noble; see عران vazūrgtūm, AV. 15, 16. Pers. رُزُرُك, anc. P. vazarka; Huz. syn. السالة rabū.

שרשותן vajûstûr, or vajôstûr, s. an inquirer, an examiner, a searcher, an investigator; pl. vajûstûrûn, AV. 15, 16. From the following.

nscongi vajūstano, or vajostano, v. to inquire, to examine, to

search, to investigate; crd. 12  $vaj\hat{u}$ , see the following. Pers. Émission. Perhaps Z. ava + jasta (p. p. of jad, 'to beg', anc. P. jad, Sans. gad, 'to speak').

אַן vajûîshnö, or vajûîshnö, Dk. 152, 5. 153, 2. s. inquiry, examination, search, investigation. אַן vajû (crd. of. אַרָּנָאָנוּן) + abst. suf. אַרָּנָאָרָן -îshnö.

prefer; past part. وسر barâ vajid, AV. 1,34. chosen out, selected; pret. والم vajid, AV. 2,24.; imper. 2d pl. والم barâ vajinêd, AV. 1,32. choose ye out, select. Pers. غريدن, Z. Sans. vi + chi.

אבן vajîr, or vichîr, s. I.) AV. 91, 4. a decree, a decision, a judgment, a mandate, an order, a command. II.) Dk. 145, 1. a judge, a magistrate. Pers. , وجر, C. , بحر, 'deciding'.

հայար հայ vajir-khvâstâr, adj. applying for a decree, seeking justice; pl. used as a s. ահայարա հայ vajir-khvâstârân, AV. 91, 4. applicants for justice. հայ vajir + հայարա khvâstâr.

ام vajirkar, or vichirkar, AV. 91, 1. adj. making decrees, issuing orders, awarding, adjudicating, sentencing. عم vajir + adj. suf. مرجزير, or بهرتار, 'a judge'.

الم var, AV. 1, 16. 48, 4. 62, 65, 2. 67, 3. Dk. 144, 9. 145, 2, 10. 8. the bosom, the breast, the chest. Pers. بر or بر, or بر, Z. بالمالية, comp. Sans. urus. Perhaps ا var in Dk. 144, 9. 145, 2, 10. may mean 'choice, selection, preference' (Z. var, Sans. vri, vri, 'to choose'), and var nirang would then be 'the ceremony of selection, trial, or ordeal'. It is also possible that the phrase با المالة الما

) var, AV. 10, 12, 13. s. a pond, a tank, a lake, an enclosed piece

of water. Z. ولدداد. It also means: 'an enclosure, a domain, a park, a district, a valley', Z. ولداد ; comp. Sans. vara, 'surrounding'.

ال ver, or vair, see المراك Ahû-ver.

2, val, GF. 1, 10. 4, 27. Hn. 3, 37. pron. that one, he, him, she, her, it, they, them; (used as an adj.) AV. 3, s. that, the. See 3 valman.

ر بروس ) varázishak, adj. a variant of وسوب ) barázishak; sup.

الدلس Verchrâm, pr. n. a variant of الدلس Vâhrâm, substituted for الدلس Vâhrâmân in AV. 55, 5. by K20; but الدلس Verchrân is a more usual form.

النوب Valkhash, Dk. 150, 1. pr. n. of several Persian kings of the Ashkânian, or Arsacidan, dynasty.

ולאנטאון vardânidano, AV. 68,24. v. to make turn, to change, to alter, to convert. Pers. לנוגנט.

المان vardishn, AV. 6,12. Hn. 1,33. s. a turn, a whirl, a revolution, a change, a transition. الحريث vard (crd. of المحالف vardidano) + abst. suf. بنادة المحالف -ishn; Pers. ترويث

ער ולאטאנט vardishnih, see וער שאן barâ-vardishnih.

אוניבונים אונים א

alter, to modify, to convert, to avert. Caus, of preselvardidano.

varz, AV. 15, 12. GF. 3, 73, 79, 82. s. agriculture, cultivation, tillage, husbandry, farming, labor, work, a practice, a habit, a custom.

Pers. کامل کی کرید, کار کرید, کار کرید (practice)

varzāk, AV. 32, 6. 75, 5. GF. 4, 5, 12. adj. cultivating, tilling, ploughing; the phrase in GF. should be translated: 'how much is the ploughing value of one ox?' γ varz (crd. of ης γ varzīdanŏ) + adj. suf. 4μ -āk.

varz-kardih, Dk. 144, 2. s. a customary habit, an hab-

itual practice. I varz + c/3 kard (p. p. of 1) kardano) + abst. suf. -ih.

varzīdano, v. to till, to cultivate, to labor, to practise, to accustom, to use, to employ, to contract (a marriage); past part. وفي varzīd, AV. 8, 5. 13, 8. 15, 1. 68, 7, 12.; pret. وفي varzīd, AV. 4, 33. 17, 18, 25. IIn. 2, 32.; pres. 2d pl. varzīd, AV. 100, 4., imper. 2d pl. barā varzīd, AV. 101, 17. practise ye fully. Pers. ورزيدن, Z. verez.

جُمْ narm, AV. 2, 3. adj. soft, mild, gentle, easy; المجارة المعارة ا

ראַט אושמי, pron. IIn. 1, 7. that one; AV. 2, 9. 4, 11. 89, 10. IIn. 1, 13, 38. 2, 5, 24. he; AV. 2, 14. 17, 8, 14. 32, 2. 60, 3. 63, 7. 85, 6, 7. etc. him; AV. 4, 11. IIn. 2, 2, 5, 7, 12, 19. 3, 2, 18, 38. his; IIn. 2, 25. she; AV. 24, 3. GF. 3, 48. her; GF. 3, 64. IIn. 2, 22. it; IIn. 2, 35. 3, 34. they; (used as an adj.) AV. 1, 36. 2, 1, 10, 21, 25, 34. 3, 1, 15. 4, 15. 17, 11, 13. 19, 7. 20, 21, 5. etc. that; AV. 1, 5, 8. 17, 5. 54, 7. the; AV. 92, 4. those; walman-I, Dk. 144, 8. 150, 11. that one; see 19 ghal. Pl. word valmanshân, AV. 2, 20. 6, 13, 61, 3. 16, 9. 56, 57, 90, 2. 70, 77, 4. they, those; AV. 2, 21. 14, 3. 42, 99, 5. 56, 74, 89, 90, 92, 94, 1. 66, 6. 93, 1, 5. GF. 2, 14. N. 78, 6. them, those; (used as an adj.) AV. 1, 33, 42. 2, 2, 12, 17, 24, 29, 32, 34, 36. etc. proof) valmanshânō, AV. 14, 11. 61, 1. 99, 9. those. Sas. Allu; Pâz. syn. (hardly used in Pahl.) ôi, pl. ôshā and ēshā, whose pl. term. -shā is adopted by its Huz. equivalent.

أَمْ varen, AV. 95, 7. أَكُم varenô (trad. varûn) s. desire, lust, (often personified as a demoness). Z. في العراب 'a wish'; comp. Pers. ورنج 'greedy'.

ילונט varenôîh (trad. varûnî) AV. 55, 7. lustfulness, lasciviousness. און varenô + abst. suf. ילוו -îh.

a liking for lewdness, lasciviousness. 19 varenô + 349 kâmak + abst. suf. 49 -îh.

איניען (בּטָשְעין איניען) varôishn, AV. 1, 15. s. belief, a creed, faith, trust, reliance; pl. איניען varôishnân, see איניען אייען איניען אייען אייען איניען אייען איניען אייען איייען איייען אייען אייען אייען אייען אייען אייען איייען

varijan, AV. 63, 3. in K20, a variant of jed barijan.

المسلوب بالمتعادية با

1101) S, vazlântano (trad. vazrânatan) v. to go, to proceed, to pass on, to depart, to become, to ensue; past part. vazland, AV. 2, 41, 6. 16, 1. 18, 2, 5. 53, 11. 77, 9. GF. 3, 49, 63.; 7) frôd - vazlûnd, AV. 99, 4. gone down. Pret. 61551 vazlûnd, AV. 3, روس رک (وم ج. 53, ۱۵، 64, ۱۰، 64, ۱۰، 68, ۱۰۰، 68, ۱۰۰، 65, ۱۰، 65, ۱۰، 65, ۱۰، 65, ۱۰، 65, ۱۰، 65, ۱۰، 65, ۱۰ barâ vazlûnd, AV. 17, 5. 60, 6. GF. 3, 60. went out; went forth; לעלע dam vazlûntô, AV. 4, 16. went into, passed over; yih sy yîn vazlûnd, AV. 19, 2. 41, 8. 69, 4. 70, 3. GF. 1, 15. went in, entered. Pres. 1st sing. 6,55, vazlûnam, AV. 1,40. 17,7. Hn. 3,4.; pres. 3d sing. لوال كراج الكراج الكراج الكراج الكراج barâ vazlûnêd, Hu. 2,4. שלים, bírûno vazlûnêd, GF. 4, 15. goes out, departs; שלפים frôd vazlûnêd, GF. 3,17,10,20. goes down, sinks, abates; السول الالمان المرادي lakhvâr vazlûnêd, GF. 2,41,47. goes back, becomes again; wiss, madam vazlūnėd, AV. 18, s. goes into, passes over; pres. 2ª pl. اگراهی vazlûnêd, GF. 2, 15. Fut. 1st sing. — روب קאל און barâ — vazlûnam, GF. 3, 47. Imper. 2d sing. אל vazlûn, GF. 3, 67. 4, 8, 20. אל vazlûnŏ, AV. 101, 5, 22. Sas. pret. [2] 2 vazlûnt, Heb. אַוַל, Chald. אַוַל, Syr. אוֹן; Pâz. syn. אוֹיָל shûḍanŏ.

**3م)** vazand, AV. 33, 6. Dk. 150, 5. s. damage, injury, ruin, calamity, misfortune. Pers. بزن

תבלוג, המבלוג, AV. 4, 27. GF. 4, 8. אול מבל המבלוג, המבלוג, AV. 17, 19. adj. near, nigh, neighbouring, adjacent, contiguous; (used as a s.) חמבלוג און המבלוג, במבלוג, במבלוג, Sans. antika, sup. nedishtha.

ين المحكى nazdíkíh, IIn. 3, 3, 5. s. nearness, vicinity, neighbourhood, proximity. عنوديكى مائن مناه المحكوم بالمحافظة على المحافظة المحا

און N. 78, 3. perhaps for אין véh, as it seems to stand for Z.

a common way of writing العطاء nêshman.

vastar, AV. 2, 27. s. clothing, dress, bedding, covering, a carpet. Pers. بستر and بستر, Z. ولدهم (لد. , Sans. vastra.

3) vastarg, AV. 2, 26, 31, 34. 9, 3. 15, 9. 69, 10. 89, 6. 101, 27. GF. 1, 15, 17, 21. s. see yes vastar, of which it may perhaps be an adj. form (ending in 3 -ak, comp. 3) c 'rainy', Vend. 21, 5.) used as a s.

وي visp, اوس vispô, Dk. 149, 2. adj. all, every; see والعال visp. Z. nom. m. أولي anc. P. vispa, Sans. viśva.

nask, AV. 2,33. s. a writing, a book, scripture; one of the 21 sections into which the Avesta and Zand, constituting the complete Zoroastrian literature, were formerly divided; see Pahl.-Pâz. Glos. p. 165; sometimes معروب nôsk in modern MSS. Pers. فسك, Z. بنسك.

العمل (trad.) nasadman, AV. 5, 4. 10, 8. 17, 16. العمل nasadman, AV. 4, 8. 8. an obeisance, a bow, reverence, homage, worship, prayer nasadman yedrûntanö, to offer reverence, homage, or worship. The etymology is uncertain, and consequently the reading is doubtful, but comp. Ar. فَشَدُ and وَشَدُكُ اللهِ اللهُ اللهِ اللهِ

יט עלה, AV. 4, 26. 5, 3. 17, 17. and substituted for איני shapir, in GF. 2, 14. by H6, K26, and in Hn. 1, 26. by H6, adj. good, excellent; (used as comp. without suf.) better. Pers. א and הא, Z. פענעטר, ved. Sans. vasu.

ان vish, IIn. 3, 38. s. poison, venom. ". عادوسيس and عادي , . Sans. visha.

www vihâd, see www Jeyn Asti-vihâd.

vashâdanŏ, v. to open, to uncover, to display, to bare, to free; past part. see the following. Pers. צ'شادט, or אُشادט; Huz. syn. אישרטן sharîtûntanŏ.

vashâd-dâbârishník, AV. 25, 6. adj. used as a s. running about uncovered, or without a shirt and sacred thread, which

is a sin among Parsis. אונעלטאנע (p. p. of אונעלטאנט vashāḍanŏ) + אונעלטאנע dûbārishnīk.

וטאָן nîhân, AV. 83, 4. GF. 2, 37. אווי nîhânö, GF. 2, 39. adj. hidden, concealed, secret, clandostine; also written און nihân. Pers. نهان.

we vasht, substituted for gasht in AV. 4, 15. by H<sub>17</sub>, p. p. and pret. of years vashtanö.

Z. سومس ushtâ, AV. 4, 11. s. nom. sing. f. health, prosperity, a benefit, a blessing, hail!

אונטארעטן Vishtâsp, AV. 101,18. אונטארעטן Vishtâspô, Dk. 449,1.
pr. n. the fifth of the Kayanian kings; sec אינטארעטן Kaî-Vishtâsp.
Z. nom. פֿויטארארעטן, anc. P. Vishtâspa, Pers. בֿמֹדוֹשׁשָּ

ישאַ ענאָפּען Vishtâspânŏ, AV. 2, 29. patron. adj. of, or belonging to, Vishtâsp; Vishtâspan. און Vishtâsp + patron. suf. און -ânŏ.

າເຄົ້າຮັບບາ vashtamûntanö, AV. 27, 38, 41, 2. 84, 6. N. 78, 9. v. to devour, to swallow, to consume, to eat, to drink, to feed upon, to taste; past part. ອາຊົດບາ vashtamûnd, AV. 23, 3, 6. 35, 2. 72, 1. 83, 4. GF. 2, 44.; ອາຊົດບາ ພາງ barâ vashtamûnd, AV. 2, 31. drunk off, swallowed; pret. ອາຊົດບາ vashtamûnd, AV. 2, 28. 3, 20. 22, 3. 31, 7. 39, 59, 76, 81, 2. 83, 91, 1.; ອາຊົດບາ ພາງ barâ vashtamûnd, AV. 98, 1. ate up. Pres. 1st sing. Graver vashtamûnam, AV. 2, 22. GF. 3, 97.; pres. 3d sing. ອາຊົດບາ vashtamûnêd, AV. 46, 2. 90, 1. GF. 2, 64. Hn. 1, 18, 18.; pres. 2d pl. ອາຊົດບາ vashtamûnêd, AV. 100, 3.; pres. 3d pl. 31ຊົດບາ vashtamûnd, AV. 48, 3, 4. Fut. 3d sing. ອາຊົດບາ ພາງ barâ vashtamûnêd, Hn. 1, 10. Imper. 2d sing. ທຸງຄົດບາ ພາງ barâ vashtamûnêd, Hn. 1, 10. Imper. 2d sing. ທຸງຄົດບາ ພາງ barâ vashtamûnêd, Hn. 1, 10. Imper. 2d sing. ທຸງຄົດບາ ພາງ barâ vashtamûnêd, Hn. 1, 10. Imper. 2d sing. ທຸງຄົດບາ ພາງ barâ vashtamûnêd, AV. 40, 5. From the shaphel form of a Semitic root like Heb. ロຸນຸຕຸ, Chald. ロຸນຸຕຸ, Syr. ພົ້ວ, Ar. ຂ້ອວ, As. tacma; Pâz. syn. ທຸງຄົດ barûnêd.

אוויט vashtanŏ, v. to turn, to change, to become; see אוויט gashtanŏ; pret. עוב נטפאן barâ vasht, AV. 4, 15. in II 17, turned away, departed. Pers. לشتن.

ווארט חוֹאר, אור אווינין nishastano, v. to sit, to sit down, to alight, to rest, to remain, to stay, to abstain; past part. ואר מוֹא nishast, AV. 17, 24.; pret. ואר חוֹאר nishast, AV. 68, 24.; אוויניאר barâ nishast, GF. 3, 69. sat down. Pers. בישוניאר, anc. P. impf. 1st sing. niyashâdayam, Z. nish + had, p.p. אנשעוניארן, Sans. ni + shad; Huz. syn. אוויניארן yetibûnastano.

vêhîh, AV. 12, 15. s. goodness, good, excellence. بون vêh + abst. suf. بهي -îh; Pers. بهي.

אורים vashammûntanŏ, v. to hear, to hearken, to listen, to attend to; past part. מבל vashammûnd, AV. 18,4. 101,11.; pret. מבל vashammûnd, AV. 101,26. From the pael form of a Semitic root like Heb. אורים, Chald. אורים, Ar. אורים, As. pael 3d sing. yushamma; Pâz. syn. אורים ashnûdanŏ.

اله العالم المعرفة المعالمة المعالم

ان ق الله الله الله nîhîp, or nîhîv, AV. 50, 3. s. fear, dread, terror; الله الله الله nîhîp kardanŏ, to frighten, to alarm. Pers. نِهِيرِ, or نِهِيرِ.

poo nishim, AV. 19, 2. s. a resting-place, a seat, the fundament. Pers. نشيم

עם  $v\hat{c}h$ - $d\hat{o}st$ , AV. 15,18. well-befriending, friendly, benc-volent, kind. עם  $v\hat{c}h$  אוטר  $v\hat{c}h$  לינטי  $v\hat{c}h$  לי

ພາວງ vaghdân, Hn. 2, 4. s. a head (of good beings); also written ກ່ວງ vaghdân and ກ່ວງ vakdân. Z. ພາມຢູ່ ເພີ່ອ.

وب vak, AV. 60, s. 69, 4. s. a frog. Pers. في, or في.

און הפלטש nikirishn, AV. 4, 20. s. observation; see אוני nikirishn.

וריסון neksûntanö, v. to kill, to slay, to slaughter; past part. ריסון neksûnd, AV. 60, s. 74, s.; pret. וניסון barâ neksûnd, AV. 1, s. slew outright. Chald. יְבָבֵּם; Syr. יַבְבַּם; Pâz. syn. אַנְּטַשְׁאָןן kûshtanö.

1991 nikûn, AV. 69, 3. adj. inverted, upside down. Pers. ذِكُون.

nikūnsār, AV. 37, 2. 70, 74, 80, 93, 1. 88, 2. 99, 4. adj. head downwards, overturned, upside down, inverted, topsy-turvy. Pers. يَكُون سار, or يَكُوسار, بِنْكُوسار.

ופועסקוו nikûînîdanö, v. to disregard, to slight, to neglect, to despise, to scorn; past part. וְנָוּעָסָא nikûînîd, AV. 68, s, 11. Comp. Pers. בֹאָפּאֵגוּה.

nikêzishn, Dk. 151, 2. s. an intention, a purpose, an acceptation, an approval, an interpretation, an opinion, a doctrine. Comp. Pers. انگيز 'purpose, intention'.

nikîrâî, AV. 56, 4. adj. embezzling, peculating, defrauding; (or s.) a defrauder... Perhaps Z. ni + garew.

past part. وطرع nikîrîdanö, v. to behold, to look upon, to see, to view; past part. وطرع nikîrîd, AV. 72, 6. 91, 5.; pres. 3d pl. عربي nikî-rênd, Dk. 145, 9. Pers. نگريدن

I am. Pers. or ; Huz. syn. fin hômanam.

4) -ôm, suf. of pres. 1st sing. of most Pâz. verbs; see 4 -am.

their ordinals; see the chahârûm, figu panchûm, etc. Pers.

numudar, Dk. 145, 2. s. a shower, an exhibiter, a displayer, an indicator. From the following.

السن، vanâs, AV. 6, 7, 9, 10. 13, 11. 19, 48, 49, 67, 71, 73, 78, 5. 20, 21, 25, 27–30, 32–34, 38, 45, 46, 51, 52, 58, 59, 62, 66, 84, 86, 93–96, s. 22, 4, 7. 23, 24, 31, 36, 40, 41, 43, 44, 50, 60, 63, 76, 77, 80, 81, 85, 87–89, 4. 55, 2, 4. 64, 65, 69, 79, 6. 72, 82, 83, 90–92, 97, 98, 2. 99, 7. GF. 5, 4. Hn. 1, 85a, 88a. s. a sin, an offence, a fault, a crime; see بالمالية منائب معراسية عنائب معراسية

יונט פערטן vanáskáríh, AV. 23, 7. 98, 4. s. sinfulness, iniquity, criminality, wickedness. ישווע vanás + שין kár + abst. suf. שין -ih;
Pers. خُناهِكَارى.

אושמפאון vinâsiḍanŏ, v. to hurt, to destroy, to annihilate, to violate; pret. עושמאטן vinâsiḍ, AV. 86, 5. Z. vi + nas (Sans. nas').

אַנע vûrzishnîk, AV. 12, 19. 13, 12. in K 20, adj. a variant of bûrzishnîk; comp. אול טוענע bûrzishnîk; comp. vûrzishnîktar, AV. 12, 10. in He.

برهو nôsk, Dk. 152, 4. s. a variant of عن nask, especially in modern MSS.

ارو navak, AV. 2, 25, 26. GF. 1, 21, 28, 29. adj. new, fresh, novel. Pers. کنو , or بنکو , کنو , Sans. nava.

3, vad, I.) prep. AV. 1, 2, 16. 6, 6, 11. 64, 13. 87, 9. till, until; AV. 2, 22. 31, 2. 54, 5. GF. 3, 47. Hn. 2, 10, 11, 15, 17. 3, 20. to, unto, as far as; AV. 87, 8. GF. 4, 23. into; AV. 2, 18. in the course of, in, after; 119 3, vad kevan, GF. 3, 62, 63. until now, hitherto; 23, vadich, N. 78, 7. 3, 100 vad maman, Dk. 150, 7. even to, moreover unto; 26 3, vad madam, AV. 34, 5. into and on, over. II.) adv. AV. 1, 39. 49, 4. GF. 3, 58, 70. till, until; AV. 5, 7. 10, 12. 68, 21. GF. 1, 12. 4, 3. so that, that, so; AV. 4, 14. whilst, while, during. Heb. Chald. 79, Syr. 27, As. adi; Pâz. syn. 20, andâ, or 3, 20, andâk.

31 -and, or -end, suf. of 3d pers. pl. pres. and fut. of Paz. verbs,

affixed to the crd. verb; in some cases this suf. is written  $3p - \ell nd$ ; in Huz. verbs the suf. is 3 - d. Pers. \_\_\_\_\_\_, anc. P. -antiy, Z. -enti, Sans. -anti. A similar suf. is occasionally used to form a present participle.

وم nîz, AV. 11,12. conj. also, likewise, even, too, moreover; see the remarks on عدر الله على علام على على على على على على على الله على ا

vachêst. Z. Σαμμαμμως. The meaning of this word is proved by a passage in the Pahlavi Rivayat, which states that the five Gâthas, together with the Yasna Haptanhaiti, contain 278 vachêst, 'stanzas', 1016 γενος gâs, 'lines', 5567 γενι vachak, 'words', 9999 γενος mârîk, and 16,554 γενος καταλοκό.

روو nêzak, AV. 5, 1. s. a short spear, a lance, a javelin, a pike.

Pers. نيزك, or نيزك.

كار vîr, Hn. 1, 31. s. a man, a hero, a warrior. Z. فايوالد, Sans. vîra, Lat. vir. It also means 'reason, intellect, the mind', Pers. وير

الكون Virâf, AV. 1, 34, 36, 43. 2, 1, 2, 18, 21, 25, 30, 34. 3, 1, 3, 5-8, 13, 15, 20, 24. pr. n. the priest who is said to have been sent by the Mazdayasnian community to ascertain the condition of departed souls in the spiritual world, and whether the religious ceremonies they performed in this world, were of any avail; he appears to have lived after the time of Shâpûr II. (A.D. 309-379); المحالة الم

עניפאר, עניפאר, AV. 1, ז. p. p. used as adj. prepared, arranged, controlled, orderly; comp. און עניפאראן vîrâstaktar, AV. 1, so. Past

part. of بولانووورو virâstanŏ (Z. vi + râd, Sans. râdh); comp. Pers. مراسته and ييراسته.

עלענטיעט víráyishníh, see שוט פוט fráz-víráyishníh.

مَرُورُدُ بَرُورُدُ اللّٰهِ الْمُورُدُ . AV. 1, 26. GF. 5, 2. Dk. 145, 10. اور رور المرابع ال

وروب visp, adj. all, every; see بادوب visp and the following. Z. مايدوس, anc. P. vispa, Sans. visva.

ענים שׁלְּטָּאָ vîsp-râmishn, AV. 15, 21. adj. all-pleasurable, all-delightful. פנים vîsp + ענים râmishn.

າງຄຸນ ຫຼວງ vîsp-shâḍih, AV. 15, 21. adj. all-joyful, all-happy. ຫຼວງ vîsp + -ບຄຸນ shâḍîh.

vêsh, AV. 6, 9, 10. Hn. 1, 38a. Dk. 149, 152, 6. adv. much, many, more, most, greater, exceedingly. Pers. بيش.

اوس المارور مارور Nishapûr, GF. 6, 2. pr. n. a city in Khurâsân; sec المارور Nikhshâpûr. Pers. نيسابور, or نيسابور.

اد المنان níshán, GF. 2, 5, 6. 3, 6, 15. ادبه níshánő, GF. 3, 89. 8. 8 sign, a mark, an indication, a token. Pers. نیشان, or نیشان.

ادي مين ا nîyâz, AV. 59, 5. s. want, need, necessity, destitution, privation; see باين nîyâz. Pers. نياز

רבטאון nêshmanîh, AV. 2,10. s. womanhood, womankind, wifehood. רבין nêshman + abst. suf. אין -îh.

form an adjective with the meaning of a present participle, see sivandak. This suf. is probably a compound of the pr. p. suf. 31 -and (Pâz. -ind) + adj. suf. 3 -ak; analogous to the suf. 30 -tak, or -dak (= p. p. suf. 60 -t, or -d, + adj. suf. 30 -ak).

برسان vîmârîh, AV. 5, s. s. sickness, disease, illness, infirmity.

Pers. بيمارى

for, by, or through) us; till (or so that) our, or us. 31 vad + pron. suf.  $\mu G$  -mân of 1st pers. pl.

الها الها nim- $p\hat{u}r$ , or  $n\hat{e}m$ - $p\hat{u}r$ , GF. 2, 32, 35. adj. half-full. والمورد (Pers. نيم, or خيم, Z. بالمورد) + الها  $p\hat{u}r$ .

אָרָט némak, AV. 4, 17. 17, 11. Hn. 2, 19. 3, 18. 8. a part, a portion, a division, a district, a quarter, a direction; pl. אָנָאָט nêmakân, Hn. 2, 19. Z. שנאַאַן, Sans. nema.

الم او vimônd, AV. 50, s. s. a boundary, a border, a frontier. ٪.

וְשְׁרָן vimgûn, AV. 55, 1. in K26, and 99, 2. in K20, a variant of bimgûn.

ארשטייטן nyôkhshîḍanŏ, v. to hear, to listen, to attend to; past part. ניבע מון איינעטייטן nyôkhshîḍ, AV. 67,10. Pers. ניבע מון, Z. ni + gush. ערטיעטיייטן vênishnîh, see אוויעטעטיייין mînavad-vênishnîh.

عبر nadûk, AV. 4, 11, 18, 29. 11, 16. 12, 32, 5. GF. 2, 6. 3, 62, 88. Hn. 2, 5, 23, 25-27, 80. عبر nadûk, GF. 3, 84. Hn. 2, 23, 36. adj. good, well, excellent, virtuous, happy, handsome, graceful; comp. الموجه nadûktar, AV. 4, 29. 11, 4. GF. 3, 35, 36, 38, 86, 84. Hn. 1, 21, 26, 31, 36. الموجه nadûktar, IIn. 2, 30.; sup. الموجه nadûktûm, Hn. 1, 11. 2, 5, 24. الموجه nadûktûm, Hn. 1, 11. 2, 5, 24. الموجه ا

الروس nadûkîh, AV. 4, 12. 5, 10. 61, 7. 68, 92, 4. مربوب nadûkîh, AV. 2, 14. 4, 11. Hn. 2, 5. 3, 4. الروب nadûkîh, AV. 15, 6. مربوب nadûkîh, AV. 3, 11. 4, 11, 13. Hn. 2, 5. s. goodness, good, excellence, virtue, happiness, benefit. هنگي nadûk + abst. suf. بنيكي -îh; Pers. نيكي.

الإواوم nadûkûk, adj. handsome, elegant, beautiful; comp. الإواوم nadûkûktar, AV. 4, 22. GF. 3, 35, 36, 38. Pers.

ין vayô, GF. 2, ss. s. air, breath. Z. פֿנגנ, or לענענע, or אַנגנ, Sans. vâyu.

vinîk, AV. 4, 16. 18, 8. 70, 88, 3. 80, 2. GF. 3, 64. برند vinîk, AV. 69, 4. Hn. 3, 20. s. the nose. Pers. بيننې; Huz. syp. tâlman.

## 3, 3, y, $\hat{i}$ , $\hat{e}$ , d, g, or j, and I, or I.

3, 3, y,  $\hat{i}$ ,  $\hat{c}$ , d, g, or j, is the fourteenth, and last, letter of the Pahlavî alphabet, and the usual equivalent of Sas. 2, 3, >, Pers. دد, ی (not being final after a vowel), گر, ج. Z. سر, کر, یی, ع, ع, بو, بو, و, و (following ع), and Chald. ١, ٦, ١. When initial, it is almost always a consonant. In other situations it is often a vowel, and is then read i unless the Z., or Chald., equivalent indicates some other vowel, in which case it is read  $\hat{c}$ . It always joins the succeeding letter, and enlarges before u, v, g, or s, as in the compounds 4 (see under sh), 10, and 4 (see under s); before the other letters it is very little altered, as in the compounds ע, ש, עב. כבב, א, etc. The diacritical marks which are often used with this letter and its compounds, are: a circumflex above it, to indicate d, as in  $\hat{\beta}$ ,  $\hat{\gamma}\hat{0}$ ,  $\hat{\omega}\hat{0}$ ,  $\hat{\gamma}\hat{0}$ ,  $\hat{\gamma}\hat$  $\hat{p}$ ,  $\hat{p}$ , etc.; two dots below it, to indicate y,  $\hat{i}$ ,  $\hat{e}$ , as in  $\hat{z}$ ,  $\hat{q}$ , עָ, אָ, etc.; two dots above it, to indicate g, as in 3, ה"ס, ב"ס, etc.; and one dot below it, to indicate j, as in 🛶, etc. The numeral cipher \( \cdot I,\) which is represented by the Pers. idhafat of unity , is classed with this letter; and so is the peculiar compound yîn, or yên.

pron., or phrase, with a succeeding phrase, in which the verb is expressed, as in AV. 1, 1, 4, 25, 26. 4, 38. 9, 2. 10, 14. etc. who, which, that; -3 - i - azash, AV. 7, 70, 2. that from it, from which; or the verb may be understood, as in AV. 1, 16, 28. 3, 6, 13. 4, 7, 19. 5, 10, 18. 12, s. etc. who (which, or that) is (art, or are); see also 335 zak-i and 356 denman-i: b) for connecting a s., or pron., with its following

adj., in which case the v. 'to be' is always to be understood, forming a phrase like 'a man who is good', as in AV. 1, 3, 7, 13, 16, 21. 2, 24-27, 29, 32. etc. who (which, or that) is (or are); when there are several consecutive adjectives, i is either repeated before each, as in AV. 4, 4, 8. 3, 23. 4, 24. 12, 9. 13, 1. 14, 8. etc., or the adjectives are connected by the conj. 1 va, as in AV. 3, 19, 22, 12, 4, 13, 2, etc. c) for connecting a s., or pron., with a following one in the genitive, in which case also the v. 'to be' is always to be understood, forming a phrase like 'a man who is of wealth' (though the rel. and v. are unnecessary in English), as in AV. 1, 3, 14, 19, 27, 28, 40. 2, 6, 15, 34. etc. 4, 22, 24, 25. 5, 6. etc. who (which, or that) is (or are) of; sometimes the gen. is compounded with other words, as in AV. 1, 2, 9, 10, 12. 2, 24, 34. 3, 1. etc. d) for connecting a s., or pron., with a following s., or phrase, in the same case שים או Aûharmazd-i khûdâi, לב בענישים באר ב בענישים אלב בענישים אלב בענישים או אויים אויים אלב בענישים אויים אויי  $t\hat{a}r$ , etc. where a means 'who is, that is'. e) sometimes for connecting a prep. with the s. following it, as in AV, 2, 21, 3, 7, 12, 3, 5, 53, 2, 3, etc. The rel. i is sometimes understood, as in AV. 1, 18. 3, 21. 4, 7. etc. and in some phrases of frequent occurrence, as 1890 Atarô yêdatô and similar appellations of other yazads, wor witharmazd khûdâi, العراب كاد كا يدكر الله على Srôsh yasharûbö, etc.; some of these omissions may be accidental, but they are so numerous that it is evidently considered optional to omit the rel. > i in such common phrases; in consequence of this fact it would perhaps be advisable to express the idhafat by i whenever the Pahl. s is written, and by i whenever it is understood. Regarding the etymology, see Haug's Essay on Pahlavî, p. 89-91. In the Sas. ins. it is either understood, or expressed by 75 zi (see 35 zy-).

3 -d, suf. of 3d pers. pl. pres. and fut. of all Huz. verbs, affixed to the crd. verb; in Pâz. verbs the suf. is 3p -and, -end or 3p -ênd, but this form is hardly ever used with Huz. verbs, except occasionally

) I, or I, num. ciph. one, an, a, (nearly always suffixed to a s., as in) AV. 2,11,24. 4,14. 6, 12, 20, 22-24, 26-31, 33-35, 38, 39, 41, 43, 45, 46, 48, 51, 52, 58, 59, 62, 64, 66, 68, 71, 74, 81-85, 87, 91, 95-98, 1. 10, 6, 13. 16, 53, 2. 17, 9, 10. 19, 36, 40, 50, 63, 86, 88, 1, 2. 21, 1, 5. 32, 1, 2, 6. 44, 60, 67, 1-3. 49, 4. 54, 3, 5. 69, 3. 78, 79, 1, 3. GF. 1, 7, 9. 2, 8. 3, 6, 79, 82. 4, 5, 6, 12. 5, 1, 2, 4. IIn. 1, 11, 23, 28, 33, 35a, 38a.; يون khadîh-I, AV. AV. 1, 32, 34. only one, a single one, one only; valman-I, Dk. 144, s. 150, 11. that one; 319 \_\_ I-chand (suffixed to a s.) AV. 25, 37, 49, 1. many a one, some, several, see 3,000 aechand; (occasionally المال I precedes the s., as in) المال الم tôrâ-i I dvâd, or tôrâk I dvâd) GF. 3, 82. a couple of bullocks, (and probably in) אָני אַ zamîk I dast, GF. 4, 4. a cubit of land. The word  $-\omega$   $a\ell$ , or khud, is often substituted for the cipher  $\int I$ , and the cipher  $\int I$  is also occasionally substituted for the similar word - aê, or hi, 'this', see Bund. 3,19. in K20; in modern MSS. 3, or 3, is often substituted for ). Pers. idhafat of unity &.

II, or 2, see the next word to عن -ih.

y giyâh (trad. gabâh, or gabhâ) AV. 15, 3. 32, 6. s. grass, hay. It seems to be merely an old way of writing خياه giyâh, Pers. خياه

אנים AV. 3, 3. supposed to be a variant of אויס khelmû; as it stands it may be read אויס וו, ciph. for  $d\hat{o}$ , + f man, or  $m\hat{u}$ , and be compared with Heb. דוֹכְּוֹה 'stillness'.

وروب gabrā, AV. 1, 29, 33. 2, 19. 4, 14, 27, 34. 17, 69, 9. 19, 1, 7, 8. 21, 27-30, 33, 38, 39, 45, 46, 51, 52, 58, 1, 5. 22, 23, 31, 36, 40, 43, 50, 60, 88, 1, 6.

24, 95, 7. 25, 32, 41, 49, 66, 91, 1. 48, 1, 8, 4. 62, 6. 64, 8. 67, 71, 1, 7. 68, 1-8, 6, 14, 22, 24. 76, 7, 9. 79, 1, 6, 8. 85, 6, 7. 96, 1, 3, 5. 97, 98, 1, 4. GF. 1, 7, 9. 2, 8, 10. 3, 5, 14, 73, 79, 82. Hn. 1, 13, 18, 23, 28, 83. 2, 18, 21, 24, 32-34. 3, 17, 20, 83. 8. a man, a male human being, a husband (in AV. 24, 7. 62, 6. 64, 8.); gabrāch, Hn. 2, 29. a man also; see עונעשן gabrāch, AV. 99, 1. Heb. בונעשן, Chald. אֹבָיִל, Syr. אַבָּרָי, Ar.

קשנים gabraûm, substituted for קולה mardûm, in GF. 2, 45. by K 20, 8. man, mankind. In this hyb. the Huz. כונעם gabra is substituted for the Paz. מונעם mard in בונעום

Hûm, see the next word to hôm.

ped dapîr, (trad. dapgûn) AV. 3, 23. الماء أوامور dapîrō, AV. 3, 22. 8. a writer, a secretary, a scribe. Sas. 273 dabîr, Pers. دبير.

الله -idō, suf. of past part. and pret. of verbs whose inf. suf. is الله -idanō. Pers. p. p. عميد, pret. ميد.

of imper.  $2^d$  pl., of all verbs, being suffixed to the crd. verb. Pers.  $3^d$  sing.  $3^{-}$ ,  $3^d$  pl.  $3^d$ .

yat-ahûk-vêryôk, or yat-ahûk-vaîryôk, GF. 5, 1. yat-ahû-vaîryôk in K20, s. a sacred formula which is often recited by the Pârsîs; it is so called from its first three words, and is as follows:

Yathû ahû vairyô, athû ratush, ashûd chîd hachû, vanhēush dazdû mananhô, shiyaothnanām anhēush mazdûi, khshathremchû ahurûi û, yim dregubyô dadad vûstûrem.

This formula may be translated \* thus:

<sup>\*</sup> See Haug's Ahuna-vairya Formel in the Sitzungsberichte der phil. und hist. Classe der K. bay. Akad. der Wiss. 1872.

As a heavenly lord is to be chosen, so is a spiritual guide, for the sake of righteousness,

(to be) the giver of good thoughts, of the actions of life, towards Mazda,

and the dominion is for Ahura (the lord) whom he (Mazda) has given as a protector for the poor.

The 21 words of this formula are applied, respectively, to the 21 nasks, or books, into which the whole Zoroastrian literature of importance was anciently divided. Z. לאנטלשה. עשטה.

wild beast, ar animal. Pers. 800, 600, or 00.

الم -idano, inf. suf. of all Pâz. verbs whose Pers. equivalent ends in ميثن.

upon, a seat, a resting-place. Past part. of the following; Pâz. syn. nishast.

אינו אינוער שרנולים אונים אונ

المون dadigar, AV. 1,43. GF. 2, 6. Hn. 2, 33. كان dadigar, AV. 2, 80. 8,1. كان مون dadigar, AV. 4, 7. 17, 27. Hn. 2, 7. 3, 6. adj. second, another, other; المون عبون المون ا

e -îch, conj. suf. also, likewise, even, too, yet, else; a variant of a -ich; see else akharîch, else tanidîch, else; a variant of a -ich; see else akharîch, else; a variant of a -ich; see else akharîch, else; a variant of a -ich; see else akharîch, else; a variant of a -ich; see else akharîch, else; a variant of a -ich; see else akharîch, else; a variant of a -ich; see else akharîch, else; a variant of a -ich; see else akharîch, else; a variant of a -ich; see else akharîch, else; a variant of a -ich; see else akharîch, else; a variant of a -ich; see else akharîch, else; a variant of a -ich; see else akharîch, else; a variant of a -ich; see else akharîch, else; a variant of a -ich; see else akharîch, else; a variant of a -ich; see else akharîch, else; a -ich; see else akharîch, else; a -ich; a -

אונטואלוט yezbemûnastanö (trad. dazbamûnastan) v. to wish, to desire, to will, to intend; past part. אונטואלט yezbemûnast, AV. 11, ז. וויטואלט yezbemûnastö, AV. 101, ג.; pres. 3d pl. בול yezbemûnad, GF. 2, איבור Chald. אַבָּר, Syr. בַּבֶּ, Pâz. syn. ווינטואל kâmistanö, or ווינטואל kâmistanö, whose term. ווינט -stanö is adopted

ຍ yaz, crd. of ງງວນ yashtanö. Also dez, 'a fort', see ງ dező.

as adj. accursed, execrated, detestable; see gajestakö, AV. 1, s. p. p. used as adj. accursed, execrated, detestable; see gajestak. Z. vi + jasta (p. p. of jad); comp. — www.

by its Huz. equivalent.

yazishnö, AV. 101, 25. Hn. 2, 32. N. 76, 3. 77, 6. s. consecrating with prayers and ceremonies, especially the preparation, offering, and drinking of the fine hôm juice; ceremonial prayer, worship; (also) the portion of the Avesta and Zand containing such prayers, the Yasna. yaz (crd. of 1980) yashtanö) + abst. suf. yo -ishn; Huz. syn. yozbekhûnishn.

you gazishn, s. cursing, execration, imprecation, malediction.

• gaz (crd. of 1900 gazûdanŏ) + abst. suf. yo -ishn.

-טאָט yazishnîh, sec אָב בי dêr-yazishnîh.

പ്യപ്പല gazishnîh, see പ്യപ്പല ച്ഛ3 dêr-gazishnîh.

אבינים yazishnkar, adj. performing the yazishn ceremony, worshiping; pl. used as a s. אבינים yazishnkarân, AV. 14, 1. those who perform yazishn, worshipers. אביני yazishn + adj. suf. אבינים אוויים אוויים

சூர் yazakîh, see சூர்சுல்லு shêdayyâ-yazakîh.

אפן gazūdano, v. to curse, to imprecate, to execrate, to anathematize, to denounce; pres. 3<sup>d</sup> pl. gazavand, AV. 17, 26. Z. vi + zu (p. p. אבערט, pres. 3<sup>d</sup> pl. אבערט,; comp. Pers. خيدل to wound with the tongue.

nges gazidano, v. to bite, to sting, to puncture, to wound, to cut off; pret. ges gazid, AV. 56, 1.71, 2.; pres. 3d sing. ges gazid, AV. 90, 1.; pres. 3d pl. 3g gazand, AV. 81, 2. Pers. گزیدن.

ງຄາວຍ gajestak, GF. 4,11,14. p.p. used as adj. accursed; see

gazdum, AV. 37, 3. s. a scorpion; see 🏚 S gazdum. Pers.

كُمْ dar, AV. 12, 12. GF. 2, 60. s. a door, a gate, a residence, a palace; (sometimes) a chapter, a subject. Pers. ى, anc. P. duvarâ, Z. ورسالس, Sans. dvâr, dvâra; Huz. syn.

dar, substituted for y yîn in AV. 36, 2, 7. 37, 2. by H<sub>17</sub>., prep. in, within, into. Pers. مرد و see عن andarg; Huz. syn. yyîn.

לעשאון drukhtanö, v. to lie; to break, or violate, (a promise); see מישאון drukhtanö; pret. אושא מרישאון drukht, AV. 52, 6.

לעניאָן drâyîdanŏ, v. to shout, to vociferate, to clamor, to exclaim; see אוניאָן drâyîd, AV. 2, 6.; pret. בעניאָן drâyîd, GF. 4, 11.; pr. p. בעניאָן drâyân, AV. 23, 6. Pers.

girân, AV. 1, 16, 43, 44, 63, 88, 4. 19, 48, 71, 73, 78, 5. 21, 72, 90-92, 2. 23, 9. 27, 39, 64, 65, 69, 6. 31, 62, 86, 93, 94, 3. 40, 7. 49, 5, 9. 55, 2, 9. 77, 3, 7, 10. 89, 99, 11. علي girân, AV. 41, 89, 4. 59, 96, 3. 97, 2. 99, 7. قالس girânō, AV. 19, 9. 98, 2. adj. heavy, burdensome, severe, grievous, cruel, oppressive, weighty, important, serious, grave, great, dear, or high (in price); comp. علامة قالس girântâm, AV. 2, 4. Pers. غران

gar-hômandîh, AV. 64, 11. s. powerfulness, vehemence, determination, impetuousness. عن 'strength, purpose') + pos. suf. عن hômand + abst. suf. عن -îh.

الروم الم drâidanŏ, or drâyidanŏ, v. to shout; see الروم drâyídanŏ; past part. المروم drâid, GF. 1,3.; pret. الرب drâid, AV. 100, 5. GF. 4,14., والمناه المالية barâ — drâid, AV. 91,6. shouted out. Pers. دراييدن.

שני אל darvan, s. a doorkeeper, a porter; pl. שנישל darvanan, substituted for שנאפאש dahyapatan in GF. 2, 60. by K20. Pers. دربان, or دربان.

a pang, suffering, anguish; see مورة علم kabed-dard. Pers. دره.

يُرو gird, AV. 31, 6. s. a collection, a gathering, a hoard. Pers. يُجْرِو

קשנאס gardanastano, v. to turn about, to whirl round, to toss over; past part. באשנאס gardanast, AV. 94, 2. Pers. לנטונטט, , or לעטונגטט.

dard + adj. suf. 4 -ak.

gardano, AV. 25, 2. إلى gardano, AV. 26, 2. GF. 4, 20. s. the neck. Pers. تُردن

تا المورق garzishn, AV. 42, 7. 53, 4, 5. 67, 10. s. groaning, wailing, lamentation, murmuring, complaint. تا garz (crd. of garzidano, 'to complain', Z. gerez, Sans. grij and garj) + abst. suf. ما المعادلة المع

vering, shaking, shuddering, tremulous; comp. أوْمَوْرِوْنَ عُنْ مُعْرِوْنَ مُوْرِوْنَ عُنْ مُعْرِدُهُمْ مُوْرِدُ مُعْرِدُهُمْ مُوْرِدُهُمْ مُوْرِدُهُمْ مُعْرِدُهُمْ مُوْرِدُهُمْ مُعْرِدُهُمْ مُعْرِدُهُمُ مُعْمِعُمُ مُعْرِدُهُمُ مُعْمِعُمُ مُعْرِدُهُمُ مُعْرِدُهُمُ مُعْرِدُهُمُ مُعْرِدُهُمُ مُعْرِدُهُمُ مُعْمِعُمُ مُعْمُ مُعْمُونُ مُعْرِدُهُمُ مُعْمِعُمُ مُعْمُونُ مُعْمِعُمُ مُعْمُونُ مُعْمِعُمُ مُعْمِعُمُ مُعْمِعُمُ مُعْمِعُمُ مُعْمِعُمُ مُعْمِعُمُ مُعْمِعُمُ مُعْمُونُ مُعْمِعُمُ مُعْمِعُمُ مُعْمِعُمُ مُعْمِعُمُ مُعْمِعُمُ مُعْمُعُمُ مُعْمُعُمُ مُعْمُعُمُ مُعْمُونُهُمُ مُعْمُونُهُمُ مُعْمِعُمُ مُعْمُونُهُمُ مُعْمُعُمُ مُعْمُونُهُمُ مُعْمُونُهُمُ مُعْمُمُ مُعْمُعُمُ مُعْمُمُ مُعُمْمُ مُعْمُعُمُ مُعْمُعُمُ مُعْمُعُمُ مُعْمُمُ مُعْمُمُ مُعْمُعُمُ مُعُمُمُ مُعْمُمُ مُعْمُمُ مُعْمُمُ مُعُمُمُ مُعْمُعُمُ مُعُمُ مُعْمُعُمُونُ مُعْمُعُمُ مُعُمُمُ مُعُمُمُ مُعُمُمُ مُعْمُعُمُ مُعُمُمُ مُعُمُونُ مُعْمُمُ مُعْمُعُمُ مُعْمُعُمُمُ مُعْمُعُمُمُ مُعْمُعُمُمُ مُعْمُعُمُمُ مُعْمُعُمُ مُعْمُعُمُ مُعُمُعُمُ مُعُمُمُ مُعُمُمُ مُعُمُمُ مُعُمُمُ مُعُمُمُ مُعُمُمُ مُعُمُمُ مُ

She C, or 100, (trad  $\hat{e}$ -raz) IIn. 1, 10, 16. num. eiph. one hundred; see Sh C. If or 1,  $\times$  Sh C, or 100.

giryînand, AV. 42, 2. Caus. of girîstanö.

giristano. פֿלפע giryan, pr. p. of פּלפּניפאן giristano.

one thousand; see 2. 5 for I, or 1, × 2 M, or 1000.

3 garm, AV. 63, 2. 64, 4, 11. 76, 85, 3. 94, 1. adj. hot, warm, heated;

comp. معدان garmtar, GF. 3,12,14. Pers. گرم, Z. عدان , Sans. gharmma, 'heat'; comp. the anc. P. month Garmapada.

darim, a variant of all darim, see the notes to AV. 17, 12.

على قات  $garm \hat{a}vak$ , AV. 41, 6. adj. used as s. what has hot water, a warm bath. خرماره  $\hat{a}v + \hat{a}v + \text{adj. suf. } garm + e$  ثرماری, or خرماره.

and substituted for مع garmak, AV. 15, 4. and substituted for مع garmak in AV. 55, 1. by K<sub>20</sub>, معنو garmak, AV. 89, 2, 9. and substituted for على damak in AV. 18, 3. by H<sub>17</sub>, s. heat, warmth, sultriness. Pers. عرباً

مرمان darmân, AV. 77, 9. s. a medicine, a remedy, physic. Pers.

غوب ق garmîh, AV. 6, 12. 75, 6. 93, 2. s. heat, warmth, sultriness. څرمي garm + abst. suf. ب -îh; Pers. څرمي.

אָבָּלְּבֶׁ garmîk, AV. 55, 1. s. see the preceding. אָב garm + adj. suf. ש -îk (used here for the abst. suf. ש -îh).

(a promise); see ງາວ drukhtanö; past part. ຊຸນາງ drukhtanö; past part. ຊຸນາງ drukhtanö; past part. ຊຸນາງ drukhtanö; past part. ຊຸນາງ drukhtanö, p.p. durukta; Z. druj (Sans. druh), p.p. drukhta.

health, welfare, prosperity, salutation, a blessing. Pers. عربی , Z. acc. ورس به این , Huz. syn. به بازی shlam.

ترمان . Garôdmân, AV. 10, 1. المهمون . Garôdmânô, GF. 2, 58. 3, 61. pr. n. the highest heaven, and abode of Aûharmazd and the ameshâspends. %. بالمهان (Gâth. المهان ), Pers. گرزمان ), Pers. گرزمان

طرع drûj, GF. 4, 27. s. a demoness, a she-devil; usually the

personification of an evil habit, or besetting sin; pl. pc drūjan, AV. 70, 3. GF. 4, 15. 5, 6. pc drūjan, AV. 53, 4. Z.

جُمْ drûj, crd. of الموسكية drûkhtanö.

-ပရာသိ drûjîh, see -ပရာသိ ၂၈۴ mitrô-drûjîh.

אבל מוֹם בּלֹים מוֹם בּלֹים מוֹם בּלֹים מוֹם בּלֹים מוֹם בּלִים מוֹם בּלֹים מוֹם בּלִים בּלים ב

a variant of the preceding; pl. used as a s. plant drôgh-zanan, AV. 96, 7. in K20, drôgh-zanan, AV. 79, s.

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3) 3 darvand, or drevand, AV. 1, 3, 8. 17, 5, 13. 19, 48, 67, 78, 7. 20, 21, 26-28, 30, 33-35, 38, 39, 45, 46, 51, 52, 58, 59, 62, 84, 86, 95, 96, 5. 22-24, 31, 36, 40, 43, 44, 50, 60, 63, 81, 85, 87, 88, 6. 41, 6, 8. 64, 79, 8. 71, 7. 82, 83, 97, 98, 4. GF. 1, 24. 2, 3, 18, 21, 24, 28, 33, 36, 38, 50, 53, 56, 63, 66. 3, 2, 5, 6, 13, 18-21, 28, 87, 42, 54, 55, 63, 65, 70, 76, 82, 87, 90, 93, 96. IIn. 3; 17, 20, 33, 34, 39. 31, 30 darvand, AV. 55, 4. GF. 3, 53. IIn. 3, 2. 3) 3 darvand, GF. 2, 43. adj. wieked, impious, irreligious, ungodly, infidel, unbelieving (nowadays applied to everyone who is not a Zoroastrian [Dest.]); comp. 3 darvandar, GF. 3, 63.; pl. used as a s. 36, 36, 37, 37, 38, 47, 40.

5, 25, 74, 75, 5. 11, 12. 17, 2, 27. 18, 18. 49, 73, 7. 52, 6, 7. 53, 56, 4. 54, 76, 77, 80, 89, 6. 55, 61, 1. 65, 69, 8. 99, 1, 9. 100, 2, 5. GF. 4, 22. عمر المام عمل المام المام

בּלְכּטָשְ spiravîshn, AV. 47, ז. s. belief, a creed, faith, trust, reliance. בּלְכָּטָשׁ spirav (crd. of אַלָּכָנָטָט spiravidano, 'to believe', Pers. בֿלָרָנָטָט , Z. var) + abst. suf. בניש -ishn; see אָלְבָּטָשְּ varôishn.

girîstanö, AV. 16, 7, 9, 11. v. to weep, to cry, to bewail; pret. قادروم girîst, AV. 59, 2.; pr. p. قادروم giryan, AV. 59, 5. 64, 2. Pers. بُرِيستن وَ , or بُرِيستن.

scale; see \$\frac{1}{2} a\darim\$, AV. 17, 12. s. (probably) a spot, a speck, a stain, a scale; see \$\frac{1}{2} a\darim\$ akanârak-darîm and \$\frac{1}{2} akanârak\$ darim. Z. see Vend. 7, 4. 8, 228. Sp.

مُرْويد ويد daregûshîh, AV. 49, s. s. poverty, indigence, beggary. درويشي dargûsh + abst. suf. ويد -îh; Pers. درويشي.

yezbekhûntanö, v. to consecrate with ceremonies and prayers, to observe rites and ceremonies, to offer up prayers, to worship, to solemnize, to repeat, recite, or recapitulate (prayers, or some religious

אפנטאן אינטאן אינען אינטאן אינען אייען אינען אינען אייען אינען אינען אינען אינען אייען אינען אינען אייען אינען אינען אייען אינע

אָפּגעפרייתונית v. to lead, to convey, to drive, to drag; pres. 3d pl. אול אַבּגעפרייתול אָנע אַנער אַער אַנער אַ

پُونَ gazdum, AV. 60, s. 69, 4. پُونَ gazdum, AV. 81, 2. s. a scorpion; see پُونِ gazdum and چَوْنَ gazdum. Pers. كَرْدُم.

gazdûm, AV. 60, s. in K20, a variant of عَرَاثُ gazdum.

دن. LX, or 60, (trad. ês) GF. 6, 4. num. ciph. sixty; see the remarks on ن XL. Pâz. syn. وي shast.

ىن das, see ئى khvêtûk-das.

ארני לפנים dast, GF. 4, 4, 11. s. a hand, including the fore-arm, a cubit; (also) power, authority, see ארנים dastô. Pers. פענים, anc. P. dasta, Z. שניים אוני, Sans. hasta; Huz. syn. אונים yadman.

stadak. AV. 58, 5. p. p. used as adj. established, fixed, standing, stationary, stagnant. Pers. וيستاده, or sumi, anc. P. Z. sta, 'to stand', Sans. shihû; Huz. syn. yekavîmûnûdak.

a handle, a handful, a bundle, a complete set (of anything), a suit (of clothes), a quire (of four, or more, sheets of paper). معنا طعف على على على على على على المعالى المعالى المعالى على المعالى ا

ງງອງລີ dastô, AV. 15, 10. s. power, authority; se. ງອງລີ dast. %.

אנפארענים Isadvästar, AV. 11, s. pr. n. the son of Zaratühasht, by his principal wife; being the head of the priestly class, he was mobad of the mobads, or chief highpriest, and died in the hundredth year of the religion (Bund. 79, 15.—80, 5.). 7. שעמט . פעשט .

adj. 'authorized', used as s. one who bears authority, a Pârsî highpriest; see AV. p. 143, note 1.; pl. ماريون ألماريون ألماريون

permission, privilege, custom, the office and duties of a highpriest.

1 dastôbar + abst. suf. -îh.

נה, or 2, a rare form of the cipher א in נה, XV, Hn. 2, 28. It must not be confounded with 60.

בענאן gêhân, בענאן gêhânŏ, see after the words beginning with שי

yesht, or yasht, AV. 7, 7. GF. 2, 8, 44. 5, 2. Yesht, AV. 2, 8, 8, 5. 12, 23, 7. p. p. used as s. what is offered up, prayer, worship; a form of invocation and praise addressed to one of the ameshaspends and yazads whose names are applied to the days of the Parsi month; sometimes it means the Yasna, or general ritual of ceremonial prayers, including the Gathas [Dest.]; 19814 Yesht kardano, to offer up

the prescribed prayers. Past part. of yashtano, or Z. אפענענענענע, Pers. באנטענענענענע.

שרים לים dashtan, AV. 20, 5. 22, 2. 72, 1, 4, 7. 76, 6. Hn. 2, 85. 8. menstruation, the menstrual discharge. Pers. دیستانع, and دیستانع, and دیستانع, and دیستانع.

a menstruous woman. were dashtân + de marz (crd. of marzídano).

י gashtano, v. to turn, to change, to become; see אפט vashtano; pret. עניי בטיטן bara gasht, AV. 4, 15. turned away, departed. Pers. ג'ייניטל.

בּטָשְ -ishn, or -yishn, וואס -ishnö, abst. suf. a variant of the abst. suf. שָּ -ishn, often used when the crude verb ends in שׁ h, or וּ װָ, ô, and sometimes in other eases, (see אַעבטּשׁ khrahishn, ווּבּטּען bûyishn, שׁ בּטַשׁן parastishn, שִׁ בּטָשׁן dahishn, ווּבְטַשְּן vajûishnö, שִׁ ישׁרְ נְיָשׁן עֹרְנָטִשְּן carôishn, בלכטּשׁן cishn, etc.).

בּטְשְל dashin, AV. 32, 2, 6. 60, s. איי dashinô, AV. 60, s. adj. the right, the right-hand side. Z. פעשיר (עב, Sans. dakshina.

 sometimes interchanges with the abst. suf. 40 ih; and it also forms the term. of several substantives. Pers. 5-.

ענשר dakyâ, AV. 101, 25. בישה â dakyâ, AV. 2, 26, 27. adj. clean, clear, purc. Heb. דַּרָיָא, Chald. דַּרָיָא, Syr. בּיִּר, נְבִּי, Pâz. syn. מָשׁנּיף pâk.

ערש ועשאון yekavîmûnâdanö (trad. jaknîmûnatan) v. to stand, to stay, to remain, to stop, to abide, to rest; past part. ענוש yekavîmûnâḍ, AV. 89, s. Hn. 2, so. see also שְענוּעַ וּשׁ ham-yekavîmûnâḍ; אושב עבוש ועש barâ yekavîmûnâḍ, AV. 2, ז. stood up; (used as an aux. to form a pas. perf.) ענא yekavimûnâd, AV. 17, 21. 74, 75, 1. Pret. ענוש yekavîmûnâd, AV. 1, 36. 4, 18. 14, 5. 17, 6. 60, 76, 3. Hn. ريد توابي ابن barâ yekavîmûnâd, AV. 36, 2. GF. 4, 26. stood up, rested upon; מלים בון ועס lâlâ yekavîmûnâd, AV. 11, 1. stood up, arose; אין אויא lakhvâr yckavîmûnûd, AV. 70, 7. stayed away; ע עון ועס levîn yekavîmûnâd, AV. 14, 15. stood before; (used as an aux. to form a pluperfect) ענאן ועא yckavîmûnâd, GF. 2, 8, 12. 3, 83. Hn. 2, 25. Dk. 150, 9. ענין ועסףן yèkavîmûnâdŏ, Dk. 150, 5, 8. had, (to form a pas. pret.) עון שאַ yekavîmûnâd, AV. 1, ז. 2, 3, 11. 17, 2, 12. 18, 32, 6. 24, 26, 31, 37, 65, 66, 69, 70, 74, 77, 84, 88, 2. 67, 2, 4, 7. 68, 79, 99, s. 71, 4. 80, 92, 94, 96, 97, 1. 93, 1, 2. GF. 2, 12, 46. yewimûnâdö, AV. 70, 2. Dk. 144, 11. was, were; pret. 3d pl. (used as an aux. to form a pas. pret.) שני yekavîmûnând, AV. 70,1. were. Pres. 34 sing. Pres. 34 sing. Pres. 34 sing. Pres. 36 sing. Pres. 36 sing. Pres. 36 sing. Pres. 36 sing. yekavîmûnêd, AV. 18,12. stands up; كروايم الما المالات دوايم الما المالات الم mûnêd, Hn. 1, 28. stands up, arises; முயு மு yîn yekavîmûnêd, GF. 3, 7. stays in, resides; (used as an aux. to form a perf.) שושופא yekavîmûnêd, AV. 4,12. GF. 2,44-16. 3,70. has, (to form a pas. pres.) ען אָנטּץ yekavîmûnêd, AV. 7, 8. 60, 2. GF. 2, 64. 3, 17, 19. Hn. 1, 2.

டி -êm, suf. of pres. 1st pl. of verbs (see டி) மல்ல avaspārēm, டிக் hômanêm, டிர்க் yáityûnêm, டிக் numâyêm, etc.). It is also occasionally used for the suf. டு -am, or டு -ôm, of the pres. 1st sing. in Pâz. verbs (see டு மற்ற மீர்க்ஸ்). Pers. டு........, Z. opt. -aêmā.

who damân, AV. 4, 4. μμ damân, AV. 1, 35. and substituted by K<sub>20</sub> for μμ samân in Hn. 2, 32., and for μμ samân in Hn. 2, 36. μμ damân δ, Dk. 151, 5. and substituted for μμ samân δ in GF. 4, 21. by K<sub>20</sub>, s. time, season, a period, an occasion, duration. Pers. εσως see με samân.

yemalelûntanö (trad. jamrûnatan) a variant of الإمهال yemalelûntanö, which is very common in K20, see the note to AV.

17,4.; pres. 3<sup>a</sup> sing. بالأرابع yemalelûnêd, AV. 3<sup>2</sup>,4.

ארפיטש dimastân, אוייניט dimastân אוייניט dimastân אוייניט dimastân אוייניט dimastân אוייניט אוייניט לייניט dimastân אוייניט dimastân אוייניט לייניט לייניט אוייניט לייניט אוייניט בייניט אוייניט לייניט לייניט אוייניט לייניט לייניט אוייניט אוייניט לייניט אוייניט אייניט אוייניט אייניט א

كُونَةُ damak, AV. 18, s. s. heat. Comp. Pers. من 'hot', Ar. عَمْدُ 'scorching heat of sands'. So taken in the text; but it may probably

mean 'snow and wind, driving sleet', Pers. ممد, which is adopted in Ar. in the form دَمَقُ.

ע ע ש gamlâ (trad. jamnâ) GF. 2,49,51. s. a camel. Heb. אָבָיִל, Chald. אָבָיִל, Syr. אַבּיִל, Ar. בָּיִבְיל, Pâz. syn. מעטפא aûshtar.

men p yemaleluntano (trad. jamnunatan) v. a variant of the following, and is more frequent in modern than in ancient MSS.; pres. 3d sing. Some yemalelunêd, AV. 6, 8, 20, 47, 84, 4. 9, 17, 49, 6. 23, 24, 41, 5.; pres. 3d pl. 3mp yemalelund, AV. 1, 1, 35. 2, 8. 14, 16. 3mp barâ yemalelund, AV. 2, 32. they speak out, recite; fut. 3d sing. Some barâ yemalelunêd, GF. 5, 1.

110111, pemalelûntano (trad. jamnûnatan), or perhaps 1170111, p yemalelûnîdanő, v. to say, to speak, to tell, to relate; past part. (probably) rem yemalelûnîd, Hn. 2, 3, 35. Dk. 145, 9.; pret. (in most places where it has been taken as the pres. 3d sing., it can perhaps be better read yemulelûnîd as the pret.). Pres. 1st sing. Fin yemulelûnam, GF. 3, 54, 55.; pres. 3d sing. Willy yemalelûnêd, AV. 10, 18, 11. 16, 19, 48, 67, 71, 73, 78, 6. 17, 4, 13, 14. 21, 25-30, 33-35, 38, 39, 42, 45, 46, 51, 52, 58, 59, 61, 62, 74, 75, 86, 93-96, 4. 22, 31, 36, 37, 40, 43, 44, 50, 60, 63, 66, 70, 76, 77, 80, 81, 85, 87-89, 5. 55-57, 72, 82, 83, 90-92, 97, 98, s. ورس 64, 65, 69, 79, 7. 99, 8. GF. 3, 48. Hn. 1, 18, 33. 2, 5, 21, 24, 25, 37. 3, 20., الاست ving bará yemalclûnêd, Hn. 1, 18, 28, 38. 2, 5. speaks out, utters, recites, proclaims; pres. 2ª pl. will yemalclûnêd, AV. 101, s. GF. 1,13. 3, 46, 68. 4, 9.; pres. 3ª pl. 3m & yemaleland, AV. 10, 3. GF. 1, 2. Hn. 2, 35. 3, 34. Fut. 1st sing. جايل barâ yemalelûnam, GF. 4, 16.; fut. 3ª sing. Will & barâ yemalclûnêd, Hn. 1, 25a, 38a. Imper. 2ª sing. III & yemalelûn, AV. 3, 14. 101, 6. III barâ yemalelûn, AV. 6, 8. 16, 11. 101, 8, 14. speak out, proclaim. Pas. pres. 3d sing. will ອະບາກ ເ fráz ycmalelûnî-aît, IIn. 1, 7. is spoken forth, (lit.) there is deceased, defunct; pl. used as a s. proper yemîtûntakûn, GF. 2, 3, 18, 21, 24, 28, 33, 38, 43, 50, 53, 56, 63, 66. 3, 2, 13, 18, 28, 37, 42, 65, 87, 90, 93, 96. the dead (specially applied to the wicked). Past part of proper yemîtûntanŏ, with adj. suf. 3 -ak; Pâz. syn. 3 f mûrdak.

nemet yemîtûntanŏ (trad. jamîtûntan) v. to die, to expire (specially applied to the wicked, as contrasted with men) vabrûntanŏ, applied to the righteous); past part. enget end frôd yemîtûnd, Hn. 3,34. died away, expired; pret. enget yemîtûnd, AV. 89,10., end enget frôd yemîtûnd, Hn. 3,34. died away, expired; pres. 3d sing. enget yemîtûnêd, GF. 2,41,47,48. 3,20.; fut. 1st sing. Enget un barâ yemîtûnam, AV. 23,2.; fut. 3d sing. enget un barâ yemîtûnêd, GF. 2,35,36,42. 3,17,19. Hn. 3,2. Heb. The, The, Chald. The, The, Syr. Ar. ... As. miti; Pâz. syn. Me mûrdanŏ.

عبر damik, AV. 13, 5. GF. 2, 70. IIn. 1, 36. and substituted for عبر zamik in AV. 41, 7. 76, 9. GF. 4, 4, 11. by K20, عبث damik, AV. 14, 12. 96, 7. Hn. 1, 6, 36. 3, 4. and similarly substituted in AV. 72, 5. by K20, 8. the ground, land, the earth; pl. عبر damikiha, Dk. 451, 8. See عبر zamik; Pers. دميك.

p -dan, inf. suf. of a few Pâz. verbs, see 31g chind.

אירות אין -în, אין -înŏ, adj. suf. affixed to substantives to form adjectives, implying 'made of', 'relating to', (see אַנְאָשׁ asîmîn, אָנּאָשׁ asînîn, אַנּאָשׁ Fravardînŏ, אָרָשׁשׁ pûlâvdînŏ, עונאַ zahabâîn, אַנּ zarîn, srûbîn, אַנּ dârîn, etc.). Pers. בּרְעָשׁ , Z. Sans. -ina.

p -gun, suf. a variant of 1p -gun; see pp angun.

برست gûh, AV. 41, 2. پول gûh, AV. 49, 2. s. human fæces, excrement, ordure, night-soil; see ويد guh. Pers. څخ or منځ.

روخت , or مرخت , or مرخت

مُري dvâd, GF. 3, 73, 82. وبه dvâd, GF. 3, 79. s. a pair, a couple, a brace (of birds), a yoke (of oxen).

עשאון dûyîḍanŏ, or dvâḍanŏ, v. to shout, to vociferate, to exclaim, to speak (as an evil spirit); comp. drâyîḍanŏ; pret. dvâḍ, Hn. 3, 37. Z. du, impf. 3ª sing. davata.

advantage. موسه gûâftîh, AV. 94, 6. s. acquisition, gain, favor, privilege, advantage. مرب gûâft (Z. vi + ap, Sans. vyâpta, 'obtained'; comp. Z. ما ما علم -ih.

by the ciphers ج في . Pers. موازدهم.

אינול שענק gôhar, s. I.) GF. 3, ss. Dk. 151, s. s. disposition, nature, essence, substance, origin, race, lineage, a pedigree. II.) a gem, a jewel; קענ שמיט gôhar-afzud, AV. 14, s. studded with jewels; קענ שמיט gôhar-pêsîd, AV. 13, 2. set with jewels. Pers. לאר אין אינונא.

gavarano, Hn. 3, 27. (11) dvarano, in K 20) some depreciatory adj., but both the reading and meaning are uncertain.

לשונט Davânôs, AV. 32, 1, 5. pr. n. a governor of thirty-three districts who neglected his religious duties; also written שישים. The reading is uncertain.

wander, (used only in describing the movements of evil beings and the wicked); pret. All dibârast, AV. 1, 11. 17, 5, 28. 29, 6. 36, 7. GF. 4, 10. Prophy of madam dûbârast, GF. 4, 23. rushed up; pres. 3d sing. Im ham dûbârêd, IIn. 3, 3. runs together, hovers about, wanders. Z. dvar; comp. Sans. dru and drû.

wickedly); see ມາຄົ້ມເກົາ ຈຸດການ khadû-mûk-dûbûrishnîk and ຄາວວາງ khadû-mûk-dûbûrishnîk and ຄາວວາງ vashûd-dûbûrishnîk. — ມາກົ dûbûr (crd. of ກາງກົນ dû-bûrastanŏ) + abst. suf. ງາວ -ishn + adj. suf. ນ -ik (which may, however, be merely substituted for the abst. suf. ບ -ih).

ענייני gûbâkîh, or góbâkîh, Dk. 151, ז. s. a statement, an assertion, a narrative, an account, evidence, testimony. אָ gûb, or gôb, (crd. of אָנייני gûftanő) + adj. suf. ש -âk + abst. suf. ש -îh; Pers. خالفي and خالفي

gûbishnö, or gôbishn, AV. 1,30. 3,15. 4,10,24. 17,6. μουρ gûbishnö, or gôbishnö, GF. 3,48. Hn. 1,2,7. 3,4. Dk. 152,1,3. 8. speaking, speech, utterance, a saying, words, talk, discourse; see μουρρ μουρροφού dûsh-gûbishn. Pl. μουρροφού gûbishnûn, see μουρροφού anâst-gûbishnûn and μουρροφού râst-gûbishnûn; μουρροφού gûbishnûnö, Hn. 1,2. — μο gûb, or gób, (crd. of ηρομοφού tanŏ) + abst. suf. μο -ishn; Pâz. gaveshn.

אנטיעט gûbishnîh, or gobishnîh, sec אופיעט star-gûbishnîh. אויטיעט star-gûbishnîh. אויטיעט gûftanŏ, or gôftanŏ, v. to say, to speak, to tell, to relate; past part. אויטיעט gûft, AV. 3, 40, 55, 96, 6. 7, 12, 33, 5. 10, 7, 8. 11, 78, s.

φρ dûd, AV. 93, 2. s. smoke. Pers. 3,3.

wy dôd, substituted by H<sub>17</sub> in AV. 25, 2. for 3,0 tanid, of which it is a Pâz, misrcading; written did in Mkh.

a race of people. Pers. دودمان.

y jaldanö (trad. jūdan) v. to gnaw, to devour; past part. وبه jald, AV. 23, 6. 32, 49, 2. 98, 4.; pret. وبه jald, AV. 25, 29, 32-34, 45, 66, 71, 2. 37, 81, 3. 56, 1. Comp. Pers. جليد، or جليد، 'to gnaw'; and Sans. gal, 'to eat'.

پوپ dûzd, AV. 15, 2. s. a thief, a robber. Pers. عرف ; Huz. syn. يان ganabâ (often corrupted into السلام zanabâ).

ງາຍຕອນ dûzdîdanő, v. to steal, to pilfer, to rob, to plunder; past part. ກາຊາ dûzdîd, AV. 27, 7. 46, 5. 63, 8. Pers. ວ່າ.

يوب ganjō, Dk. 150, s. 151, 10. s. a treasury, a store-house. Pers.

تْرُوبِ gûrbah, GF. 2, 49. يَالُونِ gûrbak, GF. 2, 51. 8. a cat. Pers. خُرِدِية ; Huz. syn. المُعارِية shûmârman.

שלא gûrd, s. a valiant man, a hero, a warrior, see אָנֶי gûrd; pl. אָלָרָט gûrdân, AV. 14, s. Pers. צֹרָט.

φ jûrdûk, AV. 27, ε. s. grain, corn.

پر نو پو $\hat{gursak}$ , AV. 75, 6. 89, 8.  $\hat{gursak}$ , AV. 95, 2, 6. adj. hungry; pl. used as a s. تر نو پر  $\hat{gursak}$   $\hat{gursak}$   $\hat{av}$ , AV. 3, 16. the hungry.  $\hat{zv}$   $\hat{zv}$  + adj. suf.  $\hat{zv}$  - ak; comp. Pers.  $\hat{zv}$ .

پر (موں تو بار موں تو بار تو ب

مُولُو dâlak, AV. 27, 5. مُولُو dâlak, AV. 27, 2. s. a cup, a goblet, (or) a pitcher, a bucket; a measure of capacity whose amount is uncertain, perhaps a gallon, a pint, or an Indian sîr. Pers. دوله نام دوله, 'a bucket'.

تر الله عنه الله gûrg, AV. 15, 2. s. a wolf. Pers. تُرَى , Z. عنه وسد , Sans. vrika; Huz. syn. مرسد dêbû.

ing; (generally used as a s.) a friend; see روب بن vêh-dôst. Comp. روب کروبی dôsttar, GF. 4, 16. Pers. درستر (comp. درستر), anc. P. daushtâ, Z. p. p. گروبوس Sans. jushṭa.

ຈຶ່ງຄານ gôspend, AV. 13, 5. GF. 2, 49, 51. Hn. 1, 6. ລົງຄານ gôspend, AV. 72, 7. s. a sheep; see ລົງຄານ ຫຼື gôspend.

غَرُونِ عَرْضَا وَالْ عَلَى اللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَمُوالِكُ عَلَى اللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّا اللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّالِمُ اللَّا لَا اللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّا لَا اللَّالِمُ اللَّالِمُ اللَّالِمُ اللَّالِمُ اللَّالِمُ اللَّالِمُ اللّالِمُ اللَّالِمُ اللَّا لَا اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّالَّا لَا اللَّا اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّالِمُ اللَّالَّالِمُ اللَّالِمُ اللَّا اللَّا اللَّهُ اللَّا اللَّهُ اللَّالَّا لَلْمُلَّا لَلْمُلَّا لَا

وي ي gôsh, AV. 54, 5. 69, 4. GF. 3, 64. بريد gôsh, AV. 88, 3. s. an ear. Pers. څوش; Huz. syn. هرويد ي Huz. syn. عيد ميرويد. It is also the name of the 14th day of each Pârsî month.

see compounds in alphabetical order. Pers. \_ ئن , Z. \_ على , ولاياء , Sans. dur-, Gr. δυς-.

ະພາກາງຄະນາຄົ້ dûsh-ham-pûrsakih, AV. 17, 26. s. evil conversation, evil communion. ພຸກົ dûsh- + ພາກາງຄະພາ hâm-pûrsakih.

used as s. a variant of ອຸເມານທີ່ dûsh-hûmat; in AV. 17, 27. it is used as the name of the first place, or highest grade in hell. — ປຸທີ່ dûsh-hûmat; comp. Z. — ພຸດພຣູພຸງ,

עניטין dûsh-âmûkht, IIn. 3, 39. adj. ill-taught, ill-informed,

ill-instructed. ஆர் dûsh- + சூர் âmûkht (p. p. of புரை âmûkh-tanő).

# dûshahû, AV. 1,11. 5,7,8,10,13. 6,10. 16,24,37,58,67,2. 17,28. 18,29,6. 36,2,7. 46,61,7. 53,3,11. 54,4,9-11. 68,2,5,22. 79,3. 89,93,1. 99,2,4. GF. 2,3,18,21,24,28,33,38,43,50,53,56. 3,2,13,18,28,37,42,65,87,90,96. 4,10,22,23. μυγ dûshahû, AV. 54,80,1. 68,23. 100,2. GF. 2,63,66. 3,93. s. the evil existence, hell; the abode of Akharman and the demons, where the souls of the wicked are punished until the final resurrection. Sas. 228 2223 dûshahûî, or 228 223 dûsahûî; μγ dûsh- + μ -ahû (= μν ahû).

as s. what is ill-said, evil speech, evil discourse, evil words; in AV. 17, 25. 68, 12. IIn. 1, 15, 20, 38. adj. used as s. what is ill-said, evil speech, evil discourse, evil words; in AV. 17, 27. it is also used as the name of the second place, or grade, in hell; see for  $f(\hat{a} - d\hat{a}sh - h\hat{a}kht) = f(\hat{a}sh - h\hat{a}kht) + f(\hat{a}sh - h\hat{$ 

י אינטיעישלעיב dûsh-khvârîh, s. I.) GF. 3, 58. uneasiness, discomfort, disquietude. [I.] אינטיעישלעיב dûsh-khvârîh, AV. 5, 8. ingloriousness, obscurity. אינייבירונט khvârîh; Pers. אינייבירונט.

thought, an evil thought, wrong thinking; see κτυον dish-humat and κτον dishmat. — Ψον dish- + κτω hûmat; lit. of evil good thoughts, or whose good thoughts even are evil; comp. Z.

אָטאַעְכּף dûshahûîk, IIn. 1, אוי adj. belonging to hell, hell-destined, hellish. אין מאַאָּן dûshahû + adj. suf. ש -îk.

φωρ dûsh-khîm, AV. 85, 7. adj. evil-natured, ill-disposed, bad-tempered. - ψ dûsh- + μ khim.

-முவலும் மீர் dûsh-pâdakhshâhîh, AV. 28, 5. s. evil sovercignty, misgovernment, maladministration. அழி dûsh- + முவலும் மூர் pâdakhshâhîh.

تون gûsht, AV. 51, 2. s. flesh, meat. Pers. گوشت ; Huz. syn. bisrayû.

ງແບງ  $g\hat{u}sht\hat{i}n$ , GF. 2, 23. adj. fleshy. ພຸ  $g\hat{u}sht$  + adj. suf. y - $\hat{i}n$ .

ຊາງອອນທີ່ dûsh-chashm, adj. evil-eyed, unfriendly, malicious; pl. used as a s. ພຸຊາງອອນທີ່ dûsh-chashmûn, AV. 92, 4. the malicious. ຜ່ານຄວາມ chashm.

ליט ליט מייל dûsh-ramîh, GF. 3, 58. s. unpleasantness, uneasiness, discomfort, unhappiness. אין dûsh- + אין ram (for אייל râm, Pers. אין, Z. Sans. ram) + abst. suf. אין -îh.

אָטָבּטּאָף dûsh-dinô, or dûsh-dênô, AV. 17, 14. 100, 1. IIn. 3, 38. adj. of evil religion, misbelieving, irreligious, ungodly. אָטָבּ dûsh- + אַרָּטּ dinô; Z. בּנשׁפְּענּטִלְעּב.

אַטָּרָטּרָעּנּ yôshdâsar, AV. 101, 25. s. purification, the Bareshnom ceremony of purification which lasts for nine nights. Z. שנו בעלים.

עטרטע עלטע yôshdâsarîh, AV. 1, 26. s. the ceremonial of purification. אין איינער על yôshdâsar + abst. suf. אין -îh.

وي ـ والوسو $\hat{\rho}$  dûsh-kûnishn, AV. 17,14. Hn. 3,38. adj. of evil deeds, evil-doing. وبناء  $\hat{\rho}$  dûsh-  $\hat{\rho}$  dûsh-  $\hat{\rho}$  dûsh-  $\hat{\rho}$  dûsh-  $\hat{\rho}$  dûsh-  $\hat{\rho}$  dûsh-

adj. used as s. what is ill-thought, an evil thought, wrong thinking, sinful ideas; see ແມ່ງກົງ frâ-dûshmat, ແມ່ນທີ່ dûsh-humat and ຕ້ອງເທົ່າ dûsh-hûmat. Z. ພາຍາຍເພື່ອ.

אפשע yûdân (trad. jûdân) Hn. 2, 25. adj. young, youthful; (used as a s.) AV. 4, 24. 17, 14. Hn. 2, 25, 27, 38. 3, 38. a young person, a youth. Probably corrupted (through the intermediate form אַטע yûvân) from אָטע yûbân, Z. acc. ( אַעערערערן), Sans. yuvan, Pers. جوان.

ي فندان. dandân, AV. 76, 1. 81, 3. s. a tooth, the teeth. Pers. دندان. Z. nom. pl. كوسيرمسائي, Sans. danta; Huz. syn. جوسيرمسائي, kakâ.

שנאש gûshan, AV. 15, 5. adj. and s. male (applied to animals), a male animal, a he-animal; שנאש מאף asp-i gûshan, GF. 3, 88. a male horse, a stallion. Pers. בעלשון אל, Z. אל איני and gen. אוניין, Sans. vrishan, or vrisha, 'a bull', vrishni, 'a ram'.

ליטיעש dûshnâm, AV. 26, 5. adj. used as s. evil-naming, abuse, a taunt, an invective, a reproach; איט שייט dûshnâm dâdanŏ, to abuse, to vilify. Pers. בُشناء.

אָטאַנטּעְ dûsh-gûbishn, AV. 17, 14. אָטאַנטּעָר dûsh-gûbishnö, IIn. 3, 38. adj. of evil words, evil-speaking. אָנָטָע dûsh- + עָנָטָע gûbishn.

אָטָאָןנּ dûsh-gônd, AV. 17, 15. adj. foul-smelling; a variant of dûsh-yand. — אָטָל dûsh- ż קֿטָאָל gônd.

אָטָטָעְוָכּנּטָּג dûsh-gôndakîh, AV. 55, 1. s. foul stench, an offensive smell. קוֹע dûsh- + אָן קוֹע gôndak + abst. suf. ש -îh.

ລັບບຸກີ dûsh-gand, Hn. 3, 19. adj. ill-smelling, foul-smelling, stinking; comp. ໄດ້ dûsh-gandtar, Hn. 3, 20.; sup. ອາງເຄັ້ນ dûsh-gandtûm, Hn. 3, 19. — ຈຸກີ dûsh- + ລື gand; Z. ຂອງພວງ ເຂົ້າ

արգագր, or արգագր, gûkâsîh, or gôkâsîh, s. testimony, evidence;

وس gûkâî, or gôkâî, Dk. 144, 2. s. testimony, evidence. Pers.

مَنْ dûm, GF. 3, 64. in K 20, 8. a tail; a variant of المَنْ dûmbô.

Pers. مُنْ , Z. وَوَاسِد .

gûmânîh, AV. 1,15. s. doubtfulness, uncertainty. پنه و gûmân + abst. suf. عن -îh.

عَلَى مَا مُولِي اللَّهُ وَالْمُولِ اللَّهُ وَالْمُولِ اللَّهُ وَالْمُولِ اللَّهُ وَالْمُولِ اللَّهُ وَالْمُولِ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ وَالْمُولِ اللَّهُ اللَّا اللَّهُ اللَّا اللَّالِمُ اللَّا اللَّالِي اللَّا اللَّالِي اللَّالِيَّ اللَّالِي اللَّالِي اللَّا اللَّا اللَّالِي اللَّا اللَّا اللَّا اللَّالِي اللَّا اللَّا اللَّا اللْمُعَالِمُ اللْمُعَالِمُ الللْمُعِلَى اللَّالِي اللْمُعَالِمُ اللْمُعَالِمُ اللَّالِي ال

ງພຢ-ບ ຽງ yôm-shapân, or yôm-shavân, AV. 2, 35. ງພຢ-ບ ຽງ yôm-shapânŏ, AV. 2, 32. GF. 3, 84. s. pl. days and nights, natural days of twenty-four hours; in AV. 3, 2. ງພຢາບ ຽງ yôm-shapânŏ, is used for the sing. 'day'. See ຽງ yôm and ຢາວ shap.

المِينِ gūmīkhtanŏ, v. to mix, to mingle, to blend; past part. يَعْنِ gūmīkht, AV. 27, هـ; pres. 3d sing. كِنْ gūmējēd, AV. 101,21. Comp. Pers. خُنِيةٌ and مَنْ عَنْ أَمْ

לא denman (trad. gôman) pron. (used absolutely) sing. AV. 1, 22. 3, 15. 9, 5, 7. 10, 14. 11, 22-24, 6. 16, 20, 21, 26-30, 5. 17, 3. 19, 7. etc. this, this one; בלף denmanich, Dk. 145, 8. 152, 4. this also, this too; של denman-i, AV. 10, 4. IIn. 1-3, 36. this which is; see בלף le-denman; pl. AV. 8, 13, 25, 5. 10, 3. 37, 6. 42, 47, 3, 5. 49, 7. 55-57, 4. etc. these; (used adjectively) sing. AV. 1, 3, 7, 18, 25, 32, 41. 2, 8, 13, 15, 19. 3, 6. 6, 5. 7, 4, 6. 8, 3, 5. etc. this; בלף denmanich, Dk. 151, 1. also this; pl. AV. 1, 26. 4, 33. 6, 6, 11. 7, 37, 4. 16, 49, 5. 25, 3. 55, 2. etc. these; (used adverbially) âpu be denman and, AV. 16, 12. thus much, so much. Sas. The same and the same

these even; see Afr denmanich. for denman + e -îch.

လူမှော် gûmêjêd, pres. 3ª sing. of ညလေနာ် gûmîkhtanŏ.

אין -gûn, s. used as suf. affixed to pronouns; a kind, a sort, a mode, a manner, (see אין מוען angûn and chîgûn); sometimes written p -gun, or אין -kun. Sas. (2> -gûn (in \( \) 2>>2\( \) chîgûn), Pers. לנט,

گرفته, Z. هدارد, Sans. guna. It ought to be read  $-g\hat{o}n$ , if it be traceable to Z. هدارد.

rêshgûn, μρυω sâhmgûn, μμω sahmgûn, and μόδω sazdgûn). This must not be confounded with the preceding, as it seems traceable to 119 kûn (crd. of 11914 kardanö).

γ - inŏ, adj. suf. see γ -in.

אנאָשׁע gû-vajûr, or gô-vijûr, AV. 3, 21. adj. and adv. speech-explaining, verbatim, explicit. א gû (Pers. ב' a word') + אבן va-jûr (crd. of אַבּער vajûrdano).

ארטווי drûst, AV. 3, 13. 10, 7. 101, 8. ארטווי drûst, AV. 3, 21. 101, 5, 22. adj. and adv. perfect, whole, sound, well; proper, fit, right, correct; אווי מונים שווי drûst yûtûnd, AV. 3, 6. 4, 4. 11, 8. welcome; see ארטווי וויף tunû-drûst. Pers. צ'ישים; comp. anc. P. durusa, Z. ביישים.

לונפסן drûstyîsh, AV. 1, 41. adv. perfectly, properly, rightly, correctly. אונפסן drûst + adv. suf. אונפסן -yish.

קוף gûnak, or gônak, s. I.) AV. 47, 2. color, hue, tint, complexion. II.) a species, a sort, a kind, a mode, a manner; אוֹי אַוּטְ אַוּטְ קּמָּה מּמּר, AV. 5, 8, 13. 54, 9. 55, 1. 99, 2. GF. 3, 44, 51, 57. sorts and sorts, various kinds; see אַרָע ham-gûnak. Sas. 23 (2> gûnakî (in 23 (2>5) ham-gûnakî), Pers. كوند, Z. هداله والمسابقة والمسابقة

read gônak, but the Sans. being better known than the Z., hás probably led the Pâz. writers to adopt gûna.

پَوْت gūrd, AV. 99, 10. s. a valiant man, a champion, a hero, a warrior, troops; see پُون gūrd. Pers. خُرد.

\$ gund, GF. 3,64. s. a testicle. Pers. گند. The traditional meaning is 'mouth'.

אור gônd, s. stench, a variant of אָטָאוּף gand; see אוֹני dûsh-gônd. שוֹני drûst, Dk. 151, 10. adj. a variant of אווי drûst.

gôndak, AV. 17, 10. وَرُوهِ وَمُلَ gôndak, AV. 54, 1. adj. stinking, fetid, foul-smelling; a variant of تُوهِ وَمُوهِ gandak; comp. أَوْدُوهِ وَمُ يُوكُ gôndaktar, AV. 17, 13.; sup. وَرُدُوهِ وَمُلَ يَعْرُدُوهِ وَمُلَّالًا يَعْرُدُوهِ وَمُلِّلًا يَعْرُدُوهِ وَمُلِّلًا يَعْرُدُوهِ وَمُعْلِمُ وَمُوعِ وَمُعْلِمُ وَمُعِلِمُ وَمُعْلِمُ وَمُعُمُومُ وَمُعْلِمُ وَمُعُمُومُ وَمُعْلِمُ وَمُعْلِمُ وَمُعْلِمُ وَمُعُمُومُ وَمُعُمُومُ وَمُعُمُومُ وَمُعُمُومُ وَمُعُمُومُ وَمُعُمُومُ وَمُعُمُومُ وَمُعُمُومُ وَمُعُمُومُ وَمُعُمُ وَمُعُمُومُ وَمُعُمُومُ وَمُعُمُومُ وَمُعُمُومُ وَمُعُمُ وَمُعُمُومُ وَمُعُ

غَنِّ gand, Hn. 3, 17. s. stench, a stink, a foul smell; often written عُرِينَ gônd; see عَرِينَ dûsh-gand. Pers. کند, Z. عديوره, Sans. gandha, 'a smell'.

gep javîd, I.) AV. 1,17. γερ javîdő, Dk. 152, s. N. 78, s. adj. different, distinct, separate; comp. javîtar, N. 78, τ. II.) Hn. 1, s1. adv. apart, distinct, exempt, except, free. Z. Δορφ.

javidák, AV. 1, 29. 57, 1. 71, 9. adj. separate, apart, distinct, divided, parted. Pers. اگذا

tion, different fashions. برسته javid-rastakih, AV. 1, 15. s. diversification, variation, different fashions. برسته javid + برسته rastak (Pers. رسته), to which compound adj. is added the abst. suf. بود. -îh.

dissension, non-conformity. The javid + wrenge dâdistân, to which compound adj. is added the abst. suf. 40 îh.

ງຄອງ ງ ງແນ້ງ ງແນ້ງ javido-ristak, or javido-rajistak; see ງຄອງ ristak.

שְׁנֵע gandak, Hn. 3, 20. adj. stinking, fetid, foul-smelling; often written קנע gôndak; comp. קענס gandaktar, Hn. 3, 38. — אָ gand + adj. suf. 9 -ak; Pers. לונט ב

تردوب gandakîh, AV. 38, 2. in H6, H17, K26, s. stench, fetidness; often written تراه gôndakîh. — پر gandak + abst. suf. خند نود. -îh; Pers. خندتی.

قوسط gêhân, AV. 1, 1. 47, 7. 54, 4. 101, 18. GF. 2, 67. Hn. 2, 1. ويسط gêhân, AV. 1, 15. 5, 8. Hn. 1, 1. 2, 35. يوان gêhânŏ, GF. 3, 21, 64. يهان gêhânŏ, Dk. 145, 7. s. the world, the earth. Pers. رُجِهان, or ركيهان.

ազարգին այս gêhân-marenchînîdâr, ΛV. 100, 1. adj. world-destroying. μυν gêhân + հագրգին marenchînîdâr.

مُنِي díd, AV. 4, 20. p. p. used as s. what is seen, a sight, an appearance. Past part. of ميد dídano; Pers. ديد

by K<sub>20</sub>, K<sub>26</sub>, v. to see, to behold, to perceive, to observe, to look; past part. 25 díd, AV. 5, 5, 11, 16, 57, 60, 93, 1. 101, 6, 11. Hn. 2, 11.

الاوج dídő, substituted for الاوج khadítûnd in Hn. 2, 6. by H 6. Pers. ميدن, anc. P. Z. dî; Huz. syn. الاوج المجالة khadítûntanő.

בּל dîl, AV. 4, 19. צֹבֶל dîl, AV. 74, 2. s. a heart, the heart, the mind; often written של which may be mistaken for sar. Pers. פעל, or ל. Z. שניאל, Sans. hridaya; Huz. syn. לעלים עננעם dîl, AV. 74, 2. s. a heart, the heart, the mind; often written של bibbemman.

غيلكي غير منه dêr-zamânyîsh, AV. 10, 5. adv. for a long time, lastingly, durably, eternally. غيث dêr + سيح zamân + adv. suf. عن به عنه عنه به المنابعة عنه المنابعة المنابعة

אנים אורים אורים

ມຸລີ dêr-yazishnîh, AV. 4, 35. ກຸນຄອ ໄຊລີ dêr-yazishnîh, Hn. 2, 32. s. long-continued ceremonial prayers, long worship, or ritualistic observances. ໄຊລີ dêr + ນາຍ yazishn + abst. suf. ພ -îh.

ມຸລີ dêr-gazishnîh, AV. 17, 26. s. long-continued cursing, lasting execration. ໄລລີ dêr + ພາຍ gazishn + abst. suf. ພາ -îh.

בכלפעער dîliryîsh, see אב בכלפעער tag-dîlîryîsh.

yîn (trad. dayen, or din) prep. (before s. and pron. not signifying persons) AV. 1,1,2,7,15,18,25. 2,6,24. 3,2. 4,9,12,15. 12,11,16,18. 14,1,9,12. 15,7,16,20. etc. in, within, inside, into; (before s. and pron. signifying persons) AV. 63,6. 70,6. 99,9,10. unto, towards; AV. 43,2. at; AV. 65,3. among; (used as a s.) 10 pavan yîn, AV. 5,12,18. in the inside of, in the midst of; (used adverbially) AV. 2,11. 18,14. 19, 80,2. 34,7. 41,8. 43,3. 54,6. 67, 69,4. 70,2,3. GF. 1,15,18. 3,7. Hn. 2,35. see harmon vadûntanö, harkhetûnûdanö, harkhetûn

This word is often written in accordance with the traditional pronunciation, and the Pahl.-Pâz. Glos. preserves another form of this Huz. prep. in של in some copies); it is obvious that אָשׁ bâɛ̂n (trad. bakhin) may be compared with Heb. Chald. 'בُשׁ 'between, among', Syr. 'جَمَلُّت, Ar. 'جَمَلُّت, it is also evident that the Huz. writers found no difficulty in changing b into 3 d (see the remarks on b), so that it is quite possible that the huz corruption of אָשׁ or אָשׁ, and may be read dɛ̂n, if the meaning 'between, among' be considered sufficiently near to that of the Pâz. and ar.

پون -yên, suf. of opt. 3d pers. pl. affixed to the crude verb, (see yedrûnyên). Z. opt. 3d pl. act. -ayen, or -yen.

ديڭ díg, AV. 60, 2, 3. s. a pot, a kettle, a caldron. Pers. ديڭ

# Alphabetical Index

## to the transliterations adopted in this glossary.

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# Zand words.

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#### Appendix.

#### Notes on Pahlavî grammar.

I. Examples of the various phonetic powers of the Pahlavi letters and their compounds.

ມ, or ມ, 1) a (initial) in ຄວາມ asp, ພວມ Airân, ກາວມ actûn.
2) â (initial) in ພວງອງບຸນ âshtîh, ຄຸງພຸນ âshûp; (medial) in ໂມຊ mâr, ໂມກອງມານ sâstâr. 3) h, ha, he, hi, hu, in ອນ hich, ຮຸວມານ sahêd, ຮຸບຸນ hasht, ພາມ S zahabâ, ຮຸບຸນ hesam, ຮຸບຸບຸນ vahisht, ພາວຊົນ hurâdishn. 4) kh, kha, khe, khi, in ພາລິມ khrûs, ພຸນາລຸ kakhsh, ພາມ khayâ, ພາລາງ Valkhash, ຮຸງຮຸນ khelmând, ຮູງນ khirad. 5) zda in ຮຸງນາມ ເພື່ອນ Mazdayast. 6) 2 in S ໃນ 200, ຊົນ 2000.

יו (final) in אל zareh, און hômanih. 2) kh (final) in אלים אלים hômanih. 2) kh (final) in אלים אלים hômanâe. 4) db, or ap, (for און אין, or w) in און khvâb, or khrâp. 5) the cipher 2. 6) see all compounds of b + b.

 البريوس Stákhar. 4) há in عمر hásar, عمري vahák, مربوب mívak,há. 5) khá in عمر khák. 6) ái-i, áyî, in مربوب pái-i, عمريك aperenáyik. 7) ish, ĉsha, yash, yasha, in وعبري nishiv, مربوب stísh, عبرين snĉshar, مرب عبري yasharûbö. 8) iyá in عمريك patiyârak. 9) yîh in مربوب hômanyîh. 10) gîh in مربوب sangîh. And other compounds of ع + مود.

my a final form of my, as in my hômanyîh.

may be a variant of the last in some cases, but is more probably a final form of ...

လုပ္ပတ္ 1) hákht in လုပ္မတ္ေ farhákht. 2) hísht in လုပ္မတ္ hísht.

- אינטשן 1) âhân in אינטשן sipâhân. 2) hîshn in אינטשן khvahîshn. 3) îshân, yashân, in אינטשן nîshân, אינטשן 5 zyashân. 4) gêhân in אינטשן gêhânö. And other compounds of בעשר אינטשן.
- akhta, in pow akhta, in frew akhtman, how akhtar. 2) akht, akhta, in pow vadakht, how apakhtar. 3) hâta, hâd, hâda, in how hâtar, pensew hâdôkht, now nihâdanõ. 4) hakht in the hakht. 5) yasht, yashta, in the yasht, now yashtanõ. And other compounds of 3 + to.
  - ew 1) iydz in responsely, niydzdninid. 2) iydv in result viagavan. And other compounds of z + ew.
  - μω 1) âhm in 1μμω sâhmgûn. 2) âkhm, âkham, in μωγμων κάποιο. 4) khâma in 1μω khâmak. 5) any compound of 2 + μω.
  - ည္ဟု 1) âkhmô in ၅) ညဟု Tâkhmôrap. 2) for ညဟု êshman in ညဟု nêshman.

μυ 1) ahû, ahô, ahv, in μυ ahû, μυμυ ahôsh, μυμυ ahvân.

2) akhû, akhv, in βχυρμυ akhûrsand, λημυ akhvêshkâr. 3) âân in μυρυμυ anshûtâân. 4) âhû, âhô, in γμυ âhûk, ρεμυν frâhûmat, εμυν parâhôm. 5) âhn, âhan, in μυμυ pâhnâî, γμυ âhank, μυν ρεγάμαπ. 6) âkhû in μυμι nâkhûn. 7) hâv, hâva, hâvi, in μυμι hâvân, μυμι hâvan, κυμυμι hâvân, μυμι hâvan, κυμυμι hâvân, μυμι hâvan, κυμυμι hâvân, μυμι hâvan, κυμμι hâvân, μυμι hâvan, κυμμι hâvân. 8) hân, hâna, in μυμι hâvân, μυμι hâvân, μυμι hâvân, κhâna, in μυμι khânîk, γμυμι khânîk, θημι hânak. 10) zdân in μυμεμι Aûharmazdân. 11) êshva in λυμι kêshvar. 12) îshn in μυμεμι λûharmazdân. 11) êshva in λυμι kêshvar. 12) îshn in μυμεμι γατοîshn. 13) dashin in μυμι dashinô. 14) îyâv in βρυμενω ράdîyâvand. 15) îyân in μυμε mîψαn. 16) îkân, or îgân, in μυμεμε mâdîkân. And other compounds of μιμι ταμει πασάπ. 18) yêhô in βρυμλ rayêhômand. And other compounds of μιμι μυμε με μικού μικο

-UV âhî in 9-UV mâhîk.

too âhêm in toom khvâhêm.

איטטן âhên in איטטן khvâhênd.

in \_\_\_\_\_, aba in \_\_\_\_, aba in \_\_\_\_, abidar, \_\_\_\_, abar. 2) ab in \_\_\_\_\_, ab. 3) hab in \_\_\_\_, zahaba. 4) see all compounds of \_\_\_\_ + \_\_\_\_, (= 2).

1) at, ata, in purpose atôjishn, prôpose ataft-dâd.
2) ât, âta, in ruse âtâsh, seus pâlô, sseu âtarô, seus bâtar.
3) âd, âda, in seus vâd, sseuf mâdak. 4) hat, hata, hati, in purse hattân, rev hatat, grev hatich. 5) kht, khta, khet, in seus hakht, sseus pôkhtaně, rojev khetyâ. 6) any compound of 5 + pe.

w 1) az, aza, in bw azîr, ww azash. 2) ap, apa, ape, in.

Revuw apâkhtar, βλυγων apatîyârak, βνυβν aperenâyîk. 3) af, afa, in ww afrâ, ww afash. 4) av, ava, avi, in reysuw avâyast, βλυβων avaspârd, βνηγων avistâk. 5) âcha in βνη vâchak.
6) âj in whu kharâj. 7) âz, âza, âzi, in hw âzvar, who namâz, bw âzard, βνυβλ barâzishak. 8) âp, âpa, in hreyw âpûstanŏ, βνηγων châpûk, μηνω Pâpakân. 9) âf in hyw âfrînô, wy Kâf.
10) âv, âva, in μω âvân, κρων tâvêd, βνω âvard, γωθ garmâvak. 11) hach in who Brôhach. 12) haz in huw hazâr. 13) haf in κω haft. 14) khef in κηνω khefrûnd. 15) any compound of σ + υ.

אין אויאס (ז איז אוי aîyyâr. 2) khayê in אין איז khayêbêt.

யூ 1) am, ama, ame, in நிழழ் amavand, நிழ amarg, நிலும்மு ameshospend. 2) âm, âma, âmu, in குழுத் kâmêd, மூ nâm, நிலுமுத் kâmastanŏ, திழம் anâmurz. 3) hm, ham, hama, hami, hum, in நிழ்ம் sahmgûn, தமு hamâk, திழுலை stahambak, குழு hamich, தமழ்மு humânâk. 4) khm, kham, in மூடு tôkhm, முகுல pêtkham.

кр 1) amat, amata, amati, in колкр amatshân, ккр amatat, скр amatich. 2) hamta, humat, in горогокр ham-tap-tishnîh, кр humat.

et hamch in ter ham-chim.

sahmkún, Atha grehmak, hamak. 2) hmk, hmak, hamak, in 11955 bar-hamak. 3) khmak in His tôkhmak.

பு 1) amû in கூடி amûkht, இயும் anâmûrz. 2) amer in கூடி Amerôdad. 3) hamô, hamv, in 19 டி hamô-kun, பிய மு hamvâr. 4) khamû in அரும் khamûtyû. 5) khamr in அமு khamrû.

μ 1) aû, aô, av, ava, in το τρω aûmêd, τορω aôsh, τορω avlâ.

συημο avanâs. 2) an, ana, in γθρω andarûn, λορω Ληαίτ. 3) ar

in Ιτρουμτρω Λητακhshatar. 4) âv, âva, in γρη πάνο, το βγρω amâvandîh. 5) ân, âna, âni, in γρω ângûn, βρη vâng, μηγο tanûân, γρω pânak, αρω ânich. 6) âr in τορω avârîk. 7) hû, hô, in

το τρω hûmat, τρω nuhûm, τρω hôm. 8) hn, han, hin, in γρω pahnâk, ταμ hanjaman, μογρω Hindûkân. 9) hra, har, hor, in
βροτρωμ amahraspend, το τρωμ Λύλατπατα, το γρω Horvadad. 10)

κλû, κλο, κλο, κλοα, κλαν, in γρω κλûn, το γρω πακλûst, μοτο μα
sukhô, το τρω κλυδελ, λομολ lakhvâr, μοτομω κλυαλίδη, το γρωμ κλυαλίδης, το γρωμ κλυαλίδης, το γρωμ κλυαλίδης, το γρωμ κλυαλίδης, μοτομ κλανίτûnast. 11) khan, κλυπ, in γδρω khandak, το γρωμ κλυπία, μοτο κακλυπ. 12) khel in τρω khelmû.

τε, or 3ε, ād (= 3μ ánd) in τεης-το shedkûnând.

س (final form of w) 1) aî, aê, in س aî, aê. 2) âî, âê, in الأرسد, nasâi, الأرسد, hômanâê. 3) âk, or ây, in الأرسد Frôbâk.
4) hi in س hî. 5) khad in س khad. 6) îh in بركاس hômanîh, سواكي farpîh.

المويلاس 1) aî, aê, in س aî, aê. 2) dî, âê, (final) in بويلاس أنه nikirâi, سركيس hômanâê. 3) hí in س hî. 4) khad in س khad.

5) îh in سركيس hômanîh. 6) the cipher 3. 7) see all compounds of u + 1.

a final form of w in Ne pai, Nh hômanaê.

գա aîgh, aîgha, in բանգա aîghmân, սրգա aîghash.

မှာ 1) adm in မှာလူမှာ Admîtân. 2) âgm (for âkm) in ဒီဂျာမှုမှာမှာ spênâk-mînavad: 3) khîm in မှုမှာ hû-khîm.

ng aêmat in ng aêmat.

Ky 1) aîman in rôky aîmandên. 2) hêmnu in reys ky hêmnunast.

ກາ, or ກົ່າ, 10) âdû in ແກງກົ່າ frû-dûshmat. 11) khdû, khadû, in ເຄົ້າ vakhdûnd, ກາງກົ່າ khadûk-bûr. μ, β, or μ, âdû in τομυ vâdûnêd. μ 4 in S) μ 400, δμ 4000.

the cipher 4.

سرس the cipher 5, usually written سرس.

ال bbc, bab, in من libbemman, الله babâ.

து 1) baj in அது bajînak. 2) baza, beza, in அது bazak, -மு-மது bezashkîh.

barchin (for ku) barchin) in www barchinid.

en 1) bûj, bûji, in ஒது bûjêd, மூறு bûjishn. 2) bûz, bôza, in பிது bûzûrg, அளு bôzashk.

gy bûnich, in gyy ham-bûnich.

- ຍ 1) p, pa, pe, pi, in ງມຍ pâk, ນຍາ nipîk, ຍຸພ khûp, ມ)ຍ parîk, ຂຸນຍຸພ aûpast, ຕາງລຸນຍ peskûnd, ລຳຍຸລະ gôspend, ຂຸນບາ nipisht. 2) f, fa, fi, in ເປັນປ້ອ frârûn, ຕອງປ້ອ frîft, ອາງ kôf, ລັນບາປອ farhâng, ປ້ອງ vafar, ຂຸນປ້ອ firîkht. 3) v, va, in ງປ້ອງ bavrak, ອຸປຸລິ garôv, ງຄຸນບອ vashâdak, ປ້ອຍ azvar.
- மு 1) t, ta, te, ti, tu, to, in நிறியும் târtûm, மூற்றம் patkûft, பூரை tapâh, அமை shanatak, ஹநிம் tebrûnast, முற்றை zektelûnd, மூரம் tishgâ, மூரம் tukhshêḍ, அம் torunak. 2) ḍ, ḍa, in மூரை dkêshîh, மூர்ம் paḍash.

q, or e, 1) ch, cha, chi, in word chipâ, wafe kamchâ, and panch, ând chand, angel rochanâk, fa chim. 2) j, ja, ji, ju, in war tajîd, and aspanj, nafwe padmûjan, a-van vanjishk, ânvig jundînand. 3) z, za, zu, in war dûzd, aloe pîrûz, navâ drôghzan, 3) a vazurg.

မ an occasional form of ထု, as in မြောမာက âtâshich. ကျား၏ chîgûn, ကျော်မ၍ vajârêd.

1 1) r, ra, re, ri, ru, ro, in רושו râst, ארשון brâdar, פון brâdar, פון brâdar, פון raft, אר marak, פון רואט rehatûnêd, אר arezûr, און ארע ארט, וואס מונים אולאס מונים אולים אולאס מונים אולים אולים אולים אולים אולים אולים

كاردد (occasional Huz. final) 1) r in كان akhar, كا على على akhar, كا الله على على akhar. 2) الله على al, كا val.

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சி 1) rt, rat, in அப்ப artâ, நிறிய fratûm, நிய ûrat. 2) rd, rda, rdi, rad, red, in அப்ப Ardâ, நி sard, நிரி mûrdak, அப்பி vardishn, அம்பி rad-khûdâ, நிரை stared. 3) lat, lata, in அநிர telatâk, நிரி latamman.

ລ 1) rch in ມາວິນຕຸງ kadûrchâî. 2) rj, rju, raja, in ມາວິຍ farjâm, ວິນ arj, ມາວິວຍຸນ safarjalyâ, ຕຸຍວິຍ frajaft. 3) rz, rza, rzi, raz, in μοδί βarzák, δη varz, ηδω arzan, μοδί garzishn, εδ razm, δη akaraz. 4) raf in δίσης drafshník. 5) laja in ηδ lajan.

א בעלקושין בין ווא arrûn. 2) lelû in אולקונשים khalelûnast, עלקונשין yemalelûnêd. 3) lû (for און in אולן dekhlûn.

a 1) rm, rma, ram, rama, rem, rim, in we'v farmûn, en narm, 3) en pûr-mary, rouged ramîtûnd, ew khûram, ged ramak, we'd zaremâyê, es darim. 2) lm in es Salm.

yasharmôk, 15d3e pîramûn, 315d3 baramvand. 2) rman in 18d4y Akharman. 3) lmû in 315d4 khelmûnd. 4) lman in 181 valman.

1) rû, rô, rv, rva, rvi, rav, rava, reva, in my) rûbûn,

phu avârûn, my) rôshan, my), varôishn, mhy) marvârîd,

phy) parvard, ywh harvisp, mosho giravîshn, phy) fravard,

mu) wy âtarevakhsh. 2) ran, ren, runa, in ch ranj, yhu afrank,

sh varenô, yhu torunak. 3) lû, lô, lev, leva, in ywh lûtak, wyh s vazlûnd, wyh lôit, yh levîn, foh levatman. 4) lan in fih lanman,

sh bûland.

bûzûrg-mînishn.

rîman in rîmanîh.

S z, za, ze, in few S zâd, 35 f môzd, 51 raz, wy 55 zab-zabâ, op S zednund.

 ၌ zm, zam, zem, zima, in မှာပောမှာ azmáyishn, မှာ၌ zamán, ၌ zem, မှာလျှ၌ zimastán.

S zmû in p Sp aûzmûd.

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1) s (final) in vanâs, vanâs, 2) any compound of a+b and a+b. 3) the cipher 40 and in 50.

bar, sey hast, Irey star, 3) rey vastarg, wrey stih, murey astishn, 3) rey sturg, Andrew austurdak, Insey hustovar, 1rey sato,

rasat. 2) sad in Lugen sadigar, sen basad. 3) yîd, yêd, in sen vâyîd, sen numâyêd. 4) dít, did, dîda, in sensum khadîtûnd, sen randîd, 115en dîdanö. 5) gêt in uşen gêtîk. And other compounds of 3 + 69.

- en 1) sija in அறை pasijak. 2) saz in குற sazīd, அறை asazāk. 3) sp, spa, spe, sip, sipa, in நிற spôr, அப்பறை avaspārishn, ஐய asp, 35ஐ spazg, பூபியை asparās, குடுந்ற Spendarmad, நிறையு ameshôspend, ஆன் sipāh, பூறைய ansipās, கிற siparam. 4) suf in கூற suft.
- மு 1) sm, sam, som, (usually ஹ) in அரும் âsmân, மூல் hêsam, baresom. 2) yêm in மூம்டு numâyêm.
- in மு 1) sman, smin, in மி kresman, மு மி yasmin. 2) yêmû in மு yadman in மு yadman. 4) gadman in மு gadman.
- 1) sû, sô, sva, sav, in ph sûd, from tasûm, guçro sôjâk, who afsôs, show khûrsvand, guro Savâk. 2) sn, sna, san, senu, sin, in luyro snêshar, who sî lug Mâzdayasnân, luprou âsnatûr, sho sang; lug lug lug Alaksandar, who i yakhsenunêd, prou asinîn.
  3) sar in lugro sardâr. 4) yîn, yîna, in rou âyîn, remul râyînîd, shodî giryînand. 5) îgû in wêrow avî-gûmân, hog chîgûn.
  6) jîn in guro jînâk.
- γυ, or γῦ, 7) dêv, dêva, in lu το dêval, μητη dêvayasnân.

  8) din, dîni, dên, in μγο dînâ, μιμ adîn, αχυμ adînich, δηγο rôdênd.

  9) dyû, or dkû, in 17ο Su sazdyûn.

າວ, or ເບັ, 10) gin in ຄອນ ເພື່ອ marginid. 11) gdô in ກວຍ pagdôn.

נטן is often written ננץ.

بول. or بول. 6) dâ in جوب ئ dâsht, كين sardâr, بول sardâr, عن والم fardâ.
7) dah, dahi, in مندوسو dahîshn, بول dahishn. 8) dakh, dekh, in ئدوسو dakhshak, مورك كول والم

بول. or بان. 9) gâ in برق يوڤ, موليد مان angârd, باند ئوليد. tîshgâ. 10) guh in باند ويلاد.

بود, or بود, 11) jâ in بود jâi. 12) jeh in بود jeh.

 $\bullet$  a final form of  $\bullet$ , see  $\bullet$  s+  $\bullet$ .

a final form of w, as in which chiganash, with neshmanih.

an occasional form of 1 in compounds.

אני שורטי אומין shâ in און shâ in און shâyast, אינישואט tûkhshâk. 2) shah, shaha, in אינישואט shahar. 3) shaha in אינישואט resh-kharish. 4) gâh in אינישואט tâkht-gâh.

5) íhá in איניארטן pôstíhá. 6) dahá in איניארטן Dahák. ר gihá, or kihá, in איניארטן khadúínakihá. 8) yísh in איניארטיל dâdyísh. 9) síh (for איניטרטי) in איניארטיא âkásíh.

າງວັນ 1) shâh in ພວກເຫລາຊະບອ pâdakhshâhîh. 2) shyasha in ມຸງວັນເທງວັນ Srôsh-yasharâbă. 3) shêdâ in ລາແທ shêdâ. 4) yâ-hâ in ລາແທ ຮາກຂໍ້ຄື.

મામાં shêdayyû, or shûêdû, in મામામાં shêdayyûîh.

ຍບບບ shedâyâza in -ບາຍບບບ shedâ-yâzakîh.

www shêdâân in wûwww shêdâân-dâd.

evo shâhp in Jujevo Shâhpûhar.

towo gâyêhêma in Atowo Gâyêhê-mard (?).

ອຸບຸບ 1) shâd, shâda, in ພຸດອຸບຸບ shâdih, ງອຸບຸບ) vashâdak.
2) dâkht, dâkhta, in ອຸບຸບ) pardâkht, ງອຸບຸບຸນ andâkhtak. 3) îhâd in ອຸບຸບຸນ Astî-vîhâd. 4) yîshta in ອຸບຸບຸນ âsânyîshtar.

ອນບ 1) sház, sházi, in ຕາຍນວງ bêsházînid, ພວຍບວງ bêsházishn. 2) sháp in ໂຄບບາງ Nikhshápûr. 3) sháva in ປ້ອນບາງ srôshávarz. 4) îyáv in ພວຍບຽນອ pádiyávíh.

சூல 1) shâm in அரிமுற் bîshâmrûtô. 2) shham in சூரும் அறுவு dûsh-ham-pûrsakîh. 3) dâhm in அதும் dâhmân.

RHOO shhumat in RHOOP dûsh-humat.

HUU shâmû in HUUP dûsh-âmûkht.

μυυ 1) shấva in λημυνομ khvêshâvand. 2) shân, shâna, in μυνης mûnshân, γυμυ shânak. 3) shhû, shhô, shahû, in χυγυνος dûsh-hûkht, λημυνομορικό dûsh-hûkht, λημυνομορικό dûshahû. 4) shkhv, shkhva,

in שאינטי dûshkhvâr, אינטיפי patash-khvar. 5) yâân in אינטיפי patash-khvar. 5) yâân in אינטיפי patash-khvar. 5) yâân in אינטיפי gêhân. 7) dahân in אינטי dahân. 8) gahân in אינטי ashgahân. 9) yadadân, or yaz-dân, in אינטיפיי.

too shkhîm in toop dûsh-khîm.

row shahîn in roow aûshahîn.

איניענים 1) sheb, shib, in טעעע shibâ. 2) yehab in איניעני yehabûnd. 3) yekhab in יעענון yekhabkhûn. 4) jêh in יענון פֿראָ

from shatman, where shatakih, were shita. 2) shed in ringer shedûnd. 3) yat in high yatûk, ringer yatûnd. 4) yad in grow fryâd. 5) îhta in here yatûk, ringer yatûnd. 4) yad in grow avîkht, ngerê rîkhtanö. 7) yêdat in here yêdatê. 8) gâd, gâda, in gerê gâd, ngerê gâdanö.

eu, or eu, 9) dat in Jueu dâtôbar. 10) dâd, dâda, dâdi, in Jueu dâdâr, gevê dâdak, prenevê dâdistân. 11) dakht in evêp andakht.

ອນ 1) shch, shcha, in ໂປປອນງານ Mânôshchîha, ຊຸບອນຸລີ dûshchashm, 2) shav in ໂປປອນ shavshîr. 3) yûz in ຽາເວັ້ອນ yûzdahûm, ອນອ piyûz. 4) yûf in ອອນມ ayûft. 5) yûv in ອຸບຸລຸມ âsyûv.

**ဗာ**, or **ဗာ**့်, 6) daz, dazi, in ရှာဗာ့ပ်မှာ andazêd, မှာဗာပ်မှာ andazêd, မှာဗာပ်မှာ andazêd,

ອບ, or evö, 7) gâva in ປາງອາວັ gâvars. ງອບ dâzak in ງອບງາ andâzak.

**ஆ**டு, or **டி**டு, 5) dâm in அடிடு dâmân, **டிடு**ம andâm. 6) dahm in அடிடு dahman. 7) dakhma in ஆடிடு dakhmak.

кую 1) shmat in күрү dûshmat. 2) yâmt in юнку yâmtûnêd.

அம் 1) shmû, shmô, shemvo, in தி.மும் hôshmûrd, ஆமும் ashmôk, அம்.மும் ashem-vohûk. 2) shman in முருவ nafshman.

μο 1) shû, shô, shva, shava, in ϶μο shûî, ξμομο shashûm, ορίοςμο shôchrûnd, δημομομ ameshôspend, λμορη kêshvar, ημο shavak, ενωμομ Ashavahisht. 2) shn, shna, shana, in κημο shnûman, ορμομ khûshnûd, μορη kûnishn, ημορο tîshnak, ομο shanat.
3) shl in την shlam. 4) yûn in μομομ khûdûyûn. 5) îhû, êhô, yehev, in τορημομ bavîhûnast, δτημο raê-hômand, τημο yehevûnd.
6) îkhû in μηνωμομ Καῖ-Κhûsrôbô. 7) yan, or kûn, yûna, in μομηυ âfrînayûn, μομερω Arûmûkûn, ημορ bîyûnak. 8) jûv in μορμο jûvîdûn. 9) jûn in ημορ jûnûk.

ელე, or yeo, 10) dân, dâna, dâni, in კააული dânâk, yeogy dandân, ელი dânar, კოვული dânishn. 11) dahû in ნული sêzdahûm.

-w 1) shed in 1990 shedkûnd. 2) dâya in wyg-w dâya-kânîh. 3) dahî in 3-w dahîk. 4) gês in -w gês.

too shim in -oppose pashimanih, too nishim.

1) shív, shíva, shyô, in which shívônid, hou shívan, shous Peshyótanû. 2) shín, shína, shên, in hand vashinidar, shous kashinand, shous kashend. 3) shgû, shgô, in hous réshgûn, shoup dûsh-gônd. 4) shgan in shoup dûsh-gand. 5) gâyô in the Gâyômard. 6) dahyû in rome dahyûpat. 7) êhin in barêhinid.

2 gh, gha, in 1919 ghôzal, weet vaghdân, et 3 drôgh, 12 ghal, 191 rôghan.

y, or \_\_\_, the cipher 10 (usually circumflexed).
y, 1, see 1.

F m, ma, me, mi, mu, mo, in 35 w myazd, Iso kamar, fro daham, fro f mardam, so namak, mishga, sweet kemist, of murd, 35 f mozd.

איטר און) mâh, mâha, in איטר mâh, איטרער mâhakân. 2) mekhâ n איטר mekhâr. 3) magsh in איטר (for איטר makhsh). 4) mêyah, or mâyak, in איטר (= Z. mâya).

anth. And other compounds of  $\mathcal{C} + \psi$ .

wf 1) mán, máni, in welpof mánpán, gupofp húmánák, pofer

afman, manishn. 2) mar in 318206 Marspend. And other compounds of  $f + \mu$ .

ef mch in pefy) baresôm-chînö.

- mamana, in refo tamman, work mamanshân, wre mamanash.
- ர 1) mû, mô, in நீ mûn, ஒடி numûd, நீ môr. 2) man, mana, min, mina, mini, in கீடி mang, கீடிய hômand, டி lauman, நிலம் akhtmanar, மூழ்டு minshân, ஆடு minash, மூடி minishn. 3) mar, mara, in நூழ்டு marshtô, ஆடி maranâ. 4) mila in ஆடி milayâ.

με, or με, madam in μρε madamân.

- عروب عن المراج و بالمراج و بالمراج
- عروب عروب على على الله على على الله على على الله على الل
  - 3, or 3, 3) g, ga, ge, gi, gu, in bis gil, wegim angêzêd, in

tang, di garm, la ugar, de ragelman, di gird, yeas angupino.

- 4) ja, ji, in gens jast, last jigar, last jigar, last last
- a form of a used for the idhâfat i and in the compounds  $\mu$ ,  $\mu$ ,  $\nu$ .

the cipher 1; it also forms part of the compound ciphers 2, y 3, y 4, y 5.

ה a variant of j in הי 2, ces 3.

e, or e, 1) ît, îta, êt, yat, yet, in en aît, fen aîtam, σευ bêtâ, γρήγορε yat-ahûk-vairyôk, ες S zyat, μγε yetîbûn.
2) îd, îda, êd, yad, in ερυμε pûrsîd, μερε chidanŏ, γυρε pêdâk, ερμυ yehevûnêd, ερυμι shâyad.

dada, in June dadigar, rom Horvadad, spe dadak. 5) gt, gta, in there tagtûm, spent tangtar. 6) kte in film S zektelûnam.

က an occasional form of က ်ပံ့, င်ပံ့, yad, as in ကုဒ် díd, ၅။ကျာ pêdák, ကုသမှာ khúrshéd, ကျော်မှာ vádúnéd, ကုသမှာ shûyad.

e, or e, 1) ich, êcha, in wen hichih, pew avi-chim, e,

lakích, ŝien aêchand. 2) îja, êj, in jed barijan, ednye páhrêj.

3) îz, îza, êz, êza, êzi, yaz, yaza, yazi, yez, in duedny kârîzâr, eeg kafîz, geig kanîzak, zej mangêzêd, gew avêzak, meef mêzishn, ee yazêd, when yazishn, ŝifje yezbemûnd. 4) êf in eg kêf. 5) îv in gief mîvûk, en sîv.

e 6) dich in e) havandich. 7) dez in je dező. 8) gach in pe yachín. 9) gaj, gaje, in நூல் gajêstak, நூல் gajestak. 10) gaz, gaza, gazi, in ஒல் gazíd, நில் agazand, நூல் gazishn.

ம், or ப், 1) îr, îri, êr, yar, yer, in ப், vîr, மூப்து nikîrishn, மூப்ப வச்சுவர், ப்பியூ frâyar, பும்பிய விற்று விற்று விற்று விற்றுவர். 2) îl, êl, in பியூர்டி, பூப்பி பிழுவ்.

ம், or 13, 3) dr, dra, dar, dare, dira, in நூய் drâyîd, ஆம் drafsh, ப்பட் dargâs, ப்பட் daregûsh, மூட் dirakht.

الله من الله عليه grehmak, من الله عليه grehmak, من الله عليه grehmak, من الله عليه agereft, الله عليه giryân. 5) gil in ين gilîn.

**b** 6) a numeral cipher in **5h** 100, **d** 1000.

333 = 3 + 33, or 3 + 3 + 3; see 33 + 3.

μος, μος, μος, φυος, μους, κους, ετς, της, μος, μος, κους, ετς, are sometimes used for μας, μας, μας, κουας, κουα

אין עם אונג אווי אין אין און און און און אווי אין אין אוויאן און אוויאן אוויאן

\$ 1) îm, êm, êma, yam, yem, yema, yim, in pou asîm, po kêm,

Hin. 2) gum in Hy gumbad, pyw angumîn.

မှ, or မို, 3) dam, dama, dem, dima, dum, in မာမို daman, ၅မို damak, မှ dem, မာလာမှု dimastân, မို့စ gazdum.

Re îmta, êmta, in λαμως basîmtar, λαμη kêmtar.

dammû in what medammûnast.

. p, or p, 5) dman in p, nasadman.

p, or μ, 1) yû, yô, îv, îva, îvi, êva, in μορ yûdân, τορυ payûsh, ξρ yôm, τορθ χώνες, χορς Σίνες, τομρο ανί-vanâs,
μομς Σίνες πίνανας. 2) în, îna, îni, ên, êni, yan, in ρρω α
asînîn, δηρς mînavad, μορς mînishn, δρω rêjênd, μορη vênishn,
δηρωρ yansegûnd. 3) îr in τρο κίτα, ρωδ dapîr.

p, or  $\ddot{p}$ , 7)  $g\hat{u}$ ,  $g\hat{o}$ , in pho  $\ddot{p}$   $g\hat{u}m\hat{u}n$ , IPP  $\hat{u}$   $ang\hat{u}n$ , IPP  $\hat{u}$   $g\hat{o}har$ , very  $\hat{u}$  magôpat. 8)  $\hat{g}$  ang a

p 9) jû, jav, in 3p jûî, gep javîd. 10) jan in pp jûjan. 11) jal in pp jald.

ψ yîn, yên, in ψ yîn (often written ψ dên), ψ λ33 yedrûnyên.

## II. Declension of Substantives.

Pahlavi substantives admit of no variation except the addition of a plural suffix. The usual suffix is po -ân, as in public mardûmân, pupper anshûtâûn, pupper anshûtâûn, pupper tanûân, pupper khû-dâyân. When the singular ends in 3 -k, this letter often combines with the plural suffix to form the syllable po -gân, in conformity with in modern Persian, but this is more probably a change in writing than in pronunciation, as the regular plural termination po -kân is more usual in old MSS.; in some cases the termination po -gân (see the glossary) is added to the 3 -k. The suffix and -îhâ (see the glossary) is sometimes used to form the plural of a few words, but more commonly in the later writings. It should be observed that a plural suffix is rarely used when the substantive is preceded by a numeral, or adjective, which indicates clearly its plural nature.

The relative meanings indicated by case terminations in other languages, are expressed in Pahlavi either by the position of the substantive, or by the use of certain particles.

When one substantive precedes another and is not the nominative to the verb, and the two substantives are neither coupled together, nor in apposition, then the former substantive corresponds to a genitive, and defines the meaning of the latter, as in representative, and defines the meaning of the latter, as in representative, the ruler of Iran', what hand had, the door of a house'; sometimes a word, or phrase, intervenes between the two substantives, as in the case of the genitives which in AV. 2, 2. and representative, in AV. 53, 4. The genitive also very often follows the other substantive, in which case they must be connected by the relative particle si, 'that', as in raban-i anshata, 'the soul of man' (lit. 'the soul that is of man').

All the remaining cases, except the nominative and accusative, are expressed by the use of the Huz. prepositions 3, val (for the dative), f min (for the ablative), 3, vad, f madam, for levatman, see levatman, see levatman, see levatman, see yin, (see the glossary), or more rarely by their Pâz. syn. Im avo, wax, y-3m² andâk, waxar, ywu avak, pa², 3m andar; also by the Pâz. postposition where

The accusative usually follows the nominative, but is rarely distinguished by any particle; occasionally it is followed by the postposition as in AV. 1, v. GF. 3, v, 54, 60. 4, 27. and this is more frequently the case in later writings, in accordance with the use of the corresponding 1, in modern Persian.

# III. Adjectives.

Pahlavî adjectives often take the plural suffix pu -ân when they are used as substantives, that is, independently (the word 'people', or 'things', being understood) as yasharûbân, 'the rightcous', yasharûbân, 'the rightcous', Lishnakân, 'the thirsty'. But when used as adjectives, in connection with plural substantives, they do not take the plural suffix, except in a few rare instances in the translations of the Avesta, as yasharûböânö (= Z. ashavabyô) in Vend. 3,57. 5,143, 144. and yasharûböânö (= Z. vahishtaĉibyô) in Vend. 2,45.

The only trace of variation in a Pahlavi adjective on account of gender, occurs in a feminine form of yasharûbö, 'righteous', which is occasionally used in the translations of the Avesta, and is variously written yasharûbö, 'I'w in Vend. 19, 62. Yas. 6, 14. Visp. 3, 20.,

<sup>1</sup> These Paz. forms are also very rare in Pahlayi.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> This Pâz. preposition has not been found in Pahlavi.

ישרלקועע in Vond. 22, 9. Yas. 2, 49., שארלקועע in Yas. 13, 28., איר אוויע in Yas. 2, 22., שארלקועע in Yas. 19, 127., and שארלקועע in Yas. 2, 49.

The comparative is formed with the suffix by -tar, as logged S zîshttar, 'uglier', logde shamgûntar, 'more frightful', logde sardtar, 'colder', logde sarîtar 'worse'. When the comparison is definite, the comparative is construed either with the preposition form, 'from, than', or the conjunction generally aîgh, 'that, than', as logded alogded alogded affective with the preposition form, 'from, than', or the conjunction generally aîgh, 'that, than', as logded alogded alogded affective with the preposition formin, 'from, than', or the conjunction generally aîgh, 'that, than', as logded alogded alogded affective without the suffix.

The superlative is formed with the suffix fix -tûm, as fixed sahmgûntûm, 'most frightful', fixed barûzishaktûm, 'most embellished', fixed saryûtûm, 'worst'. It is construed with the preposition f min, 'from, of', as fixed white f min mînavadûn afzûnîktûm, 'the most munificent of spirits'.

The adjective, like the genitive, can either precede, or follow, its substantive, but in the latter case it also requires the relative particle i, 'that', to connect it with the substantive; thus we find from a shapir dinô, 'the good religion', and per dinô, 'the good religion', and per dinô, 'the good religion', and per dinô dinô-i basim, 'a pleasant scent' (lit. 'a scent that is pleasant'), dinô-i shapîr, 'the good religion' (lit 'the religion that is good'). When several adjectives follow a substantive, they are connected together either by the conjunction properties before each adjective after the first, or by a similar repetition of the relative particle i.

Many adjectives can be used adverbially without change, but most Pâz. adjectives are converted into adverbs by adding the suffix שני -yish, equivalent to -ly in English, as in יוואל nihânyish, 'secretly', יוואל מוניטי מייניטי מייניטי מייניטי מייניטי tag-dilîryish, 'courageously'.

### IV. Numerals.

Pahlavî numerals are usually expressed by ciphers; but when words are used, the numerals 1, 2, 3, 10 are generally written in Huz., 5, 6, 7, 8 in Pâz., and 4, 9 in either. Numerals above 10 have no Huz. form in ordinary use.

Pahlavi ciphers consist chiefly of three elements: first, the unit which is sometimes written 3, and is reduced in size to 3 when joined to other units; second, the ten 3 which is also often reduced to 3 when joined with units; third, the score 3 which is always reduced to 3, or 3, when more scores than one are written together. All numerals below 100 are expressed by a combination of these three elements, and 100 and 1000 are represented by the score cipher with special additions.

The whole series of numerals and ciphers, with their variants, is contained in the following list, in which the Huz. form (of the first ten numerals only) is given first, then the Pâz., and finally the various forms of cipher.

1. 9 khadûk, w ' khad, or aê; 9 2 ak; 3 3.

<sup>1</sup> Always follows it substantive, sometimes written, and may be either Huz., or Paz.

<sup>2</sup> Only in compounds, as which akbrid, plan akvîn.

<sup>\*</sup> These ciphers follow their substantives.

- 2: الله trên, الله عام الله عام 2: بالله عام الله عام الله عام الله عام 12: الله عام الله عام 14: الله عام 1
- 3. upo telata, 20 si; w, w, 20.2.
- 4. سال عبيد , عدد , السر , arbâ, المربع chahâr ء بسر , عدد , معدد , معد
- 5. سر بر بر په khômshyâ, جاي panch; سرکوب په په په يې دي.
- 7. ஆஸ் shibâ, pev haft; ஆஸ் க வக வக் கண் கண் கண்.
- 8. سرسر tômanyâ, بريس hasht: سرسر, دود دود دود بسرسر.

- 11. yûvy yûzdah; ) 19 5.
- 12. שַנְּשׁיִי dvázdah 6; אָשַ יּ, אָשָ יָּ, אָשָ יִּ, אַפָּי, אָפָיּ, אָפָיּ, אַפָּיּ, אַפָּיּ, אַפָּיּ, אַפָּיּ,
- 13. ചറ്റിലാ sîsdah; \_\_\_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.
- 14. عيد دم , دس , وسر , دسور , دسور
- 15. איניה ניה אינית איני, אינית איניה איניה איניה אינית אינית אינית איניה אינית אונית אינית אונית אינית אונית אונית אינית אונית אינית אונית אינית אונית אינית אונית אונ
- 16. ـ نون ه sházdah ; سرم , سرم , سرم ددم ددم ددم الله عنه عنه الله عنه الله عنه الله عنه ال
- 17. عۇرىس haftdah; سىسى, مىرىس شەن، مەن،

<sup>1</sup> These and similar ciphers have their tails sometimes reversed, as in u for u.

<sup>2</sup> to tasû also occurs in the compound to too tasûbrîd.

<sup>3</sup> Either cipher may be placed first, but this position is the most usual.

<sup>4</sup> Or pai navo, but this Paz. numeral and all the following, as far as 19, are rarely used, except with the ordinal suffix.

o Generally circumflexed here and elsewhere.

<sup>6</sup> Also ஆம்ஸ்டு dabazdah, or ஆம்பி dubazdah.

<sup>7</sup> Also Danchdah.

<sup>\*</sup> Also 465400.

- 18. موددم تعديم , دُسريس , وسريس , hashtdah وينهي أ
- 19. ஆவா naûzdah; முயம் , மூய் விழ்க்க விழக்க விழக்க விழக்க விழக்க விழக்க விழக்க விழக்க விழக்கள் விழக்க விழக்கள் விழக்கள் விழக்கள் விழக்க விழக்கள் விழக்க விழக்க விழக்கள் விழக்க விழக்கள் விழக்கள் விழக்க விழக்கள் விழக்
- 20. reys, vist, 1.
- 30. **30** si; **3**.
- 40. Ing chihal, or Ing chahal; ...
- 50. அழுவு panjah; அ.ம., அம்.
- 60. pen y shast; 400, 200.
- 70. முடிய haftâd; தபூ , து.
- 80. முழுமுய hashtåd; முற, ஹற, மும, மும
- 90. PJ navad; Aun, Ann, Ann, Ann,
- 100. reg sad, or new satô; 51, 51.
- 1000. Jun hazar; 2, 2.
- 10,000. Jy bêvar; 2 .

The ciphers for the hundreds and thousands are  $Sl_n$ , or  $Sl_n$ , and  $Sl_n$ , and

The ordinal numbers are Huz. wald, 'first', Paz. Fige fratum, 'foremost, first', rearest, are huz. avla, 'first', Paz. Fige

<sup>1</sup> Probably for one score', which would be read 21 if the were not reduced in size.

first'; Huz. In tanid', 'second, another', Pâz. In dadigar, 'second'; sadîgar, 'third'; flug chahârûm, 'fourth', fourth', fourth'; and all other ordinals are formed by adding the suffix fourth to the numerals; and the same suffix is also added to the numeral ciphers for the same purpose, as flug 2<sup>d</sup>, flug 3<sup>d</sup>, etc.

### V. Pronouns.

Pahlavî pronouns admit of no variation, except that the personal pronouns and one, or two, others have a plural form. All distinctions of case are indicated by the position of the pronoun, or by the use of particles, as with substantives; and adjective pronouns are treated as adjectives, but generally precede their substantives.

a) The personal pronouns are of two classes: independent and suffixed. The independent personal pronouns are Huz. It, 'I, me, my', pl. A lanman, 'we, us, our'; A lak, 'thou, thee, thy', pl. 10, lekâm, 'you, your'; and their Pâz. equivalents, which are very rare in Pahlavî, are f man, pl. w amâ; pe tû, pl. who shûmâ. In some cases the verb fow hômanam, 'I am', or its variant pow, or fow, is used for the first personal pronoun (see glossary, p. 55, note). The third person is expressed by the demonstrative pronouns Huz. It valman, 'that one, he, she, it', etc. pl. walmanshân, 'those, they, them, their'; Pâz. (rare in Pahl.) pw avö; and the Huz. I val, or ghal, which is sometimes substituted for 'to valman.

The suffixed personal pronouns are used only for oblique cases of the pronouns, and include the meaning of any preposition (such as 'of, to, for, by, through', etc.) necessary to complete the sense; these suffixes are  $\mathbf{\xi}$  - $\alpha m$ , 'me',  $\mathbf{v}$  - $\alpha t$ , 'thee',  $\mathbf{v}$  - $\alpha sh$ , 'him, her, it', with their

Used more as a pronoun than as a numeral.

plurals po -man, 'us', po -tan, 'you', po -shan, 'them'. They are suffixed either to certain adverbs, conjunctions, and relatives, which usually begin a clause in the sentence (see Ry hat, w af-, row adin, Ry amat, 2m aigh, 1809 chigin, 35 2y-, of maman, 16 min, 31 vad, in the glossary), or to certain prepositions in the midst of the sentence (see w az, yw anb-, re pad-, f min, in the glossary); also occasionally to other adverbs and conjunctions, as in 4540 akharich-ash in Vend. 5, 48., well ayûf-ash in Vend. 3, 188, 189. 5, 41.; and even to verbs, substantives, and adjectives, beginning a clause in the sentence, as in well guft-ash in Vend. 1,1., from aut-am, figur aitő-am, figo lőítő-am in Vend. 4, 2., wof maya-ash in Vend. 5, 26., -USINO fratûm-ash in Vend. 5, 150. These pronominal suffixes are also found unattached, at the beginning of a clause, when there is no adverb, or particle, to which they can be suffixed, but in this case they generally take the forms of fu am, we at, we ash, who amân, who atân, who ashân.

- b) The demonstrative pronouns, which are used either substantively, or adjectively, are Huz. 181 valman, 'that', (for which \$\frac{1}{2}\) val, or \$\frac{1}{2}\) ghal, is sometimes substituted) pl. valmanshan, 'those', Pâz. (rare in Pahl.) propositively avo, 'that'; Huz. \$\frac{1}{2}\) zak, 'that, those', Pâz. (rare) und \$\frac{1}{2}\) avo, 'that, those'; Huz. whana, 'this, these', Pâz. who are, or \$\frac{1}{2}\), aê, 'this, these', (sometimes written ac, or \$\frac{1}{2}\); Huz. for denman, 'this, these', (occasionally for le-denman), Pâz. (very rare in Pahl.) un, 'this, these'.
- c) The relatives if min, 25 zy, 2-i, that, who, which, are rather conjunctions than pronouns, for when used with a preposition,

<sup>1</sup> Rarely written w, except by modern writers.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> These words are more commonly prepositions meaning 'to, for, at'.

the latter does not precede the relative, but is either combined with a pronominal suffix in the midst of the sentence, as produced if mûn padash rîkht, 'on whom was poured' (lit. 'that on him was poured'); or it is used with another pronoun, or substantive, as produced with another pronoun, or substantive, as produced, 'in which river were many souls' (lit. 'that many souls were in that river'); or it may be used adverbially with the verb, as we have proposition with the frasp yîn hankhetûnâd, 'in which seven lintels were fixed' (lit. 'that seven lintels were fixed in'); or the preposition may be understood in a pronominal suffix attached to the relative itself, as with mûnash vanâs, 'whose sin' (lit. 'that the sin of him'). Sometimes the conjunction wigh, 'that', is used as a relative (see AV. 86, 3. GF. 1, 4.).

- d) The interrogative pronouns are if mûn, 'who? which? what?', which? what?' (all applied to either persons, or things), and of maman, 'which? what?' (applied only to things); these are real pronouns, as they are used with prepositions in the same manner as substantives. The other interrogatives are adverbs, as an aigh, 'where?', and aêmat, 'when?', income chigûn, 'how?', income chigûn, 'how?', income chigûn, 'why?'.
- c) Other pronouns are שש hân, or איי האני הישף hânö, 'other', של hâr, 'whoever', מומר, 'whoever', של מידי מידי מידי או הער הישף או הישף או הער הישף או הישף או הער הישף או הי

'another', and chânch, 'whatever', was chish, 'something', '31a chand, 'some', was chânch, 'whatsoever' (also written sak-aê, 'other' (also written sak-aê, was sak-aê, 'other' (also written sak-âe, was sak-aê, was sak-aê, 'other' (also written sak-âe, was sak-aê, was sak-aê, 'other' (also written sak-âe, was sa

#### VI. Verbs.

- 2. The infinitive mood is formed by adding the suffix 116 -tano, (anc. Pers. tanaiy, mod. Pers. 5) to all Huz. crude verbs, excepting-some which adopt the infinitive terminations 1150 -astano and 1160 -adano from their Pâz. equivalents. The Pâz. infinitive suffix is generally 1160 -idano, or 1160 -tano, -dano, and sometimes 11600 -astano; but the final of the crude Pâz. verb is generally altered before the suffix 1160 -tano, -dano; thus the finals we -ah, he -ar, we -ay, -b (or e) -v), a (or e) -j or -z, 3, -and, p -in, usually become sub-as, we -ash, 1 -û, e) -f, w -kh (sometimes wo -sh), we -as, x -i,

respectively, as in Mry whoastano from whoah, Mry & khoah, Mry & dashtano from Ja dar, 11061 numudano from sugi numay, 11004 gūftano from y gūb, nowo tāftano from wo tāv, nowo rīkhtano from of rêj, nev p âmûkhtano from q p âmûz, nevs yashtano from e yaz, newy bastano from 311 band, neva chidano from pa chin. Other more exceptional changes of the crude form (or rather that of the present tense) occur in 117691 ulu arastano from עלעב arây, אוניסין rôstano from בא rôd, וופט zadano from ב zan, אונים אוני shûdanö from שיל dah, אונים shûstanö from אינים shûy, אונים shûy, אונים kardano from 119 kûn, 1110 f mûrdano from be mîr, 11100 wi nishastano from ເປັນ nishîn, ງາວຢູ່ ງ gereftano from ໄລ້ gîr, etc. The crude forms μος tûbân, μος είν, ως sah, μος dân, μος kâm, δη varê, ியும் dûbâr, take the infinitive suffix அரமு -astano, -istano, or -stano. The infinitives new madano and new didano have no crude (presential) forms extant, and the crude form  $p_1$   $v \in n$  has no infinitive in usc. When a final | n remains in the crude form of Paz. verbs, the infinitive suffix 110 -dano is usually changed into 10 -dano, or of -dan, as in pîja kandanö, pîpe mândanö, pîjaj nakandanö, and often in າງາວບອ afshândanö, ເວົ້າອ afgandanö, ເວົ້າພຸພ khvândanö; this rule does not, however, apply to Huz. verbs. The infinitive is generally used merely as an abstract substantive, unless it be connected with another verb. When connected with the verbs משבנואון avayastano, אונים sazîdană, and אינים shâyastană (which are generally used impersonally) the infinitive is occasionally contracted into the same form as the past participle.

3. The past participle is formed by adding the suffix e - d, or  $e - t\hat{o}$ , to all Huz. crude verbs, excepting some which adopt the suffixes e - ast,  $e - ast\hat{o}$ ,  $e - ast\hat{o}$ , from the past participles

of their Paz. equivalents. The past participles of Paz. verbs end in -id (or -id), -id, -id), -id, -id, -id) and -id (or -id), -id) and -id (or -id) and -id) and -id (or -id) precisely in the same manner as their infinitives end in -id and -id anotation -id and -id and -id and -id and -id and -id a

- 4. The preterr is identical with the past participle, and is used without change for all persons and numbers.

<sup>1</sup> The verb yekaviminand in AV. 70, 1. seems an exception to this rule, but it may probably be taken as the conjunctive 3d pl.

- 7. The imperative 1st sing. and pl. are formed by the suffix 2m -ani, or 2m -êni; the 2d sing. is the same as the crude form, and the 2d pl. takes the suffix 9 -êd. In Huz. verbs the imperative 2d sing. sometimes takes the suffix 19, or 24.
- 8. The present tense is formed by the following suffixes: 1st sing. \$\mathcal{C}\cdot -am\), (\$\mathcal{C}\cdot\) -ôm in most Pâz. verbs, and occasionally \$\mathcal{L}\cdot\) -êm; 2d sing. \$\mathcal{L}\cdot\), or \$\mathcal{L}\cdot\), -ih (occasionally \$\mathcal{L}\cdot\) -îh, or \$\mathcal{L}\cdot\)-ih, or \$\mathcal{L}\cdot\)-2ih, or \$\mathcal{L}\cdot\), in a few Pâz. verbs after \$\mathcal{L}\cdot\), \$\mathcal{L}\cdot\), or \$\mathcal{L}\cdot\), \$\mathcal{L}\cdot\) and \$\dazed\$, \$\mathcal{L}\cdot\) and \$\dazed\$, \$\mathcal{L}\cdot\) raved), pl. \$\mathcal{L}\cdot\)-d in Huz. verbs and \$\mathcal{L}\cdot\)-cnd, or \$\mathcal{L}\cdot\)-ênd, in Pâz. verbs.
- 9. A FUTURE signification is given to the present tense by prefixing the particle barâ (see the glossary), though the object, especially if it be in the dative, often intervenes between it and the verb. As this particle is likewise often used with all forms of certain verbs, to intensify their meaning, its presence before a present tense does not always indicate the future.
- 10. A continuative meaning is given not only to the present tense, but also to the preterit, past participle, and perfect tense, by prefixing the adverb war hamaî, 'ever'.
- 11. A POTENTIAL, OF CONDITIONAL meaning sometimes attaches to the present tense after certain adverbs, as in AV. 1, 24. 5, 7. 10, 12. GF. 1, 12. after 3, vad, in GF. 2, 41, 47. after we aigh, and in GF. 3, 21. after pow adin.
- 12. Conjunctive suffixes are: 3d sing. Rev -âd, as in Review khû-râd, Rever tajâd, Review Si vazlûrâd, Reviii y yemalelûnâd, Review yedrûnâd; 3d pl. 3m -ând, or at âñd, as in 3moe patând, 3moe rôdând, 3millew yâtûnând, atijo-w shedkûnând, 3millew ketrûnând, 3millew vakhshând, 3millew varzând.

- 13. Optative suffixes are: 2d sing. איז יין, or אין, -êsh, as in טין, or אין, -êsh, as in טין, optative suffixes are: 2d sing. איז יין, optative suffixes are: 2d sing. איז יין, optative suffixes are: 2d sing. יין, optative suffixes are: 2d sing. איז יין op
- 14. Compound tenses are formed by the addition of the Auxilianv Huz. verbs או hôman, און שנואסון yehevûntanö, 'to be', ye-kavîmûnâdanö, 'to remain', and occasionally by their Pâz. equivalents; these verbs occur in the following forms:

Present tense: 1st sing. For hômanam, For hômanôm, I am', pl. yr hômanôm; 2d sing. why, yr homanih, why, yr homanih, why, yr homanih, hômanôh, ruffy hômanyîh, ruffy hômanôh, pl. grafy hômanôh; 3d sing. Yr hômand, pl. 3f hômand, 3f homananon hômanend. Conjunctive 3d sing. Yr hômanâd, pl. 3r hômananon hômanend. Conditional for all persons and numbers why, yr hômanâc, when, hômanâc, ruffy hômanyâc. Regarding the optative 2d sing. The hômanôsh, ruffy hômanash, it may be doubted if it can be distinguished from the pres. 2d sing., or the conditional. All these forms are used as independent verbs, as well as auxiliaries, especially the pres. 3d sing. which is very rarely used as an auxiliary. Their Pâz. equivalents are rarely used, being sometimes suffixed to substantives as independent verbs, and more rarely to verbs as auxiliaries; they are: Present 1st sing. wam, f-am, f)-ôm, pl. p-êm; 2d sing.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> There is some doubt about this suffix which is generally written in the old MS. L<sub>4</sub>.

The reading and uses of this suffix require further investigation; it appears to occur only in some Huz. verbs, and it is found sometimes also in their imperatives, past participles, and present tenses; in some cases it is probably a miswriting for . The Paz. verb wife in Z.-Pahl. Glos. 3, 5, 6. is written by tiped in both the old MSS. H 6 and K 20.

Infinitive pehevûnd. Imperative 2<sup>d</sup> sing. July yehevûndsh 1, pl. Sing. yehevûnd. Present 1<sup>st</sup> sing. Ing. yehevûnam, pl. yehevûnêm; 2<sup>d</sup> sing. yehevûnêm, etc. pl. sing. yehevûnêd; 3<sup>d</sup> sing. yehevûnêd; yehevûnêd; pl. 31190 yehevûnd. Conjunctive 3<sup>d</sup> sing. sing. yehevûnêd, pl. 31190 yehevûnâd. Their Pâz. equivalents, which are rarely used, are: Infinitive 11011 bûdanŏ, past participle and preterit sing. bûd. Imperative 2<sup>d</sup> sing. yehêd, pl. 311 bêd. Present 1<sup>st</sup> pl. yehêm; 2<sup>d</sup> pl. yehêd; 3<sup>d</sup> sing. yehêd, pl. 311 bênd, 321 bênd. Conjunctive 3<sup>d</sup> sing. yehêd, pl. 311 bend, 321 bênd. Conjunctive 3<sup>d</sup> sing. yehêd, pl. 311 bend, 321 bênd.

Infinitive Mey we yekavîmûnâdanő, 'to remain'; past participle and preterit replace yekavîmûnâd. Imperative 2ª sing. I plu yekavîmûnîd, nam, pl. replace yekavîmûnêd. Present 1st sing. Fi plu yekavîmûnam, nam, pl. replace yekavîmûnêm; 2ª sing. replace yekavîmûnîh, etc. pl. replace yekavîmûnêd; 3ª sing. replace yekavîmûnêd, pl. Îş plu yekavîmûnêd, pl. Îş plu yekavîmûnâd, pl. Îş plu yekavîmûnând. Their Pâz. equivalents, which are rarely used, are: Infinitive Meyreya îstâdanő, or Meyreya astâdanő; past participle replace îstâd. Imperative 2ª sing. replace îstêd, pl. replace îstêd. Present 1st sing. Prepa îstêd; 3ª sing. replace îstêd, pl. Îş replace îstênd. Conjunctive 3ª sing. replace îstâd, Împeya îstând.

<sup>1</sup> This exceptional form of the imperative 2d sing, is derived from the Paz. of this particular Huz, verb.

- 15. These auxiliaries are also used very frequently as independent verbs, and אפרים yehevûntanö, און שנו yekavîmûnâdanö, and their Pâz. syn. form compound tenses with the various forms of או hôman, and with each other, in the same manner as other verbs.

- 18. Pluperfect tenses are formed by adding the preterit of any of the auxiliaries (except for hôman and its Pâz. syn.) to the participle of the verb, as formed yehevûnd, 'had come', for had yehevûnd, 'had come', for had yehevûnd, 'had performed'.
- 19. Passive preterits are formed in the same manner as שנושל pardakht yehevûnd, 'were consumed', ענל ווא ענין ועש yedrûnd yekavîmûnûd, 'was carried'.
- 21. Passive pluperfect tense may perhaps be formed by adding the pluperfect tenses of the same auxiliaries to the past participle of the verb, similarly to will be a mad yekavíműnád yehevűnd, in AV. 89, s. which however, can hardly have a passive meaning.
  - 22. Conjunctive perfect tenses are formed by adding the conjunc-

- 23. Passive conjunctives are formed in the same manner, as פּרלונים, ישנים של vakhshûl hômanûd, 'may it be increased', שואל ישנים ישנים של vakhshûl hômanûd, 'may it be increased', שיש של yedrûnyên yûd, 'shall be borne', פּרונים אורס של makhîtund yehevûnûd, 'may he be destroyed', פּרונים אוף kard yekavîmûnûd, 'may be done'.
- 24. A conditional present tense is formed by adding the auxiliary conditional יש, ש, -âc, ש, ש, -âc, ע, יש, -âc, to the present tense of the verb, as יש, vâdûnêm-âc, 'we shall make', יש ycdrûnêm-âc, 'we shall carry'.
- 25. Conditional preterits are formed by adding any of the auxiliary conditionals why, why, hômanâc, why, who, hômanâc, why, hômanâc, whi, hômanâc, whi, hômanâc, whi, hômanâc, whi, hômanâc, would have caused, why yehabûnd hômanâc, whi yeh cull hômanâc, whi yehabûnd hômanâc, whi yehabûnd hômanâc, whi yehabûnd hômanâc, would have been', would have slaughtered', would have been', would have slaughtered', would have slaughtered', would have slaughtered', are used for all persons without change. And it is probable that similar forms may sometimes be used in a passive conditional sense.
  - 26. A verbal form with the meaning of the passive present 3d

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> This form seems to be used here (Vend. 15, 93, 101.) for the past participle. In Vend. 15, 55, 62, 69. the passive present is used in the same connection, instead of the passive conjunctive, and in Vend. 55, 77, 83, 85, 109, 114 some MSS, use one form and some the other.

sing., is constructed by adding we att, "it is" (or its Paz. syn. probable hast) to an abstract substantive consisting of the crude verb with an abstract suffix a -i, as re-unity yemalclûni-aît, "it is said" (lit. "there is a saying"), rejî-aît, "is borne", rejî-aît, "is poured", rejî-aît, "is deceived". Similar forms are constructed from abstract substantives consisting of an adjective with the abstract suffix a -i, as re-unity pêdâkî-aît, "is manifested", reji-ast, "is coveted".

- 27. A form with the meaning of a passive infinitive (but always used as an abstract substantive) is similarly constructed by using the termination אונטיש hastanö, instead of שנא aît, or אונטיש hast, as in hastanö, 'to be seen', אונטיש pêḍâkî-hastanö, 'to be manifested'.
- 28. Causal verbs have their crude forms constructed by adding the syllable y in to the crude form of the primitive verb and they always take the infinitive suffix the idano, even when the primitive verb is Huz., as the infinitive suffix the idano, even when the primitive verb is Huz., as the infinitive suffix the idano, even when the primitive verb is Huz., as the infinitive suffix the idano, to make go', to make go', to make go', to make exalt', they are softinidano, to make burn'.
- 29. Denominative verbs are formed by adding the same syllable. p-in to substantives, or adjectives, to make a crude verb which likewise takes always the suffix 1160 -ûdanö for its infinitive, as 1160440 pêmînîdanö, 'to give milk, suckle, foster', from pu pêm, 'milk'; 11604400 sûdinîdanö, 'to cause profit', from pro sûd, 'profit'; 11604400 pêdâkinîdanö, 'to manifest', from pupul pêdâk, 'evident'; 11604400 rûbâkinîdanö, 'to circulate', from profit' rûbâk, 'current'.
- 30. All the regular verbal forms, detailed above, are here collected in the conjugation of the Paz. verb pursidano, 'to ask'; and

examples of the special Huz. forms are added, from the Huz. verb vadantano, 'to do'; but it will be necessary to refer to the above notes for all irregular forms.

The regular Pazand verb men parsidano, 'to ask'.

Crude verb: one purs (used as a final in compound adjectives).

Infinitive: אונששווט pûrsîdanö (used as an abstract substantive).

Past participle, or preterit: pursid.

Future participle: pûrsishn (used as an abstract substantive).

Present participle: pûrsân, or 3 pûrsand.

Imperative: sing. 1st אוניביינים pûrsânî, or אוניביינים pûrsênî, 2d אוניביינים pûrs. Pl. 2d pûrsêd.

Present: sing. 1st fully pûrsam, fruully pûrsôm, or fully pûrsêm; 2d uully, or juully, pûrsih, mully, mully, or juully pûrsêh; 3d gually pûrsêd. Pl. 1st fully pûrsêm; 2d gually pûrsêd; 3d ûnly pûrsand, or ûpully pûrsênd.

Future: barâ + present.

Conjunctive: sing. 3d pille pûrsâd; pl. 3d pûrsând.

Optative: sing. 24 parsch.

Perfect, or passive present: sing. 1st few walls pursid homanam,

of the pile pursid of the could pursid yekevûnam, walls

of the pursid yekavîmûnam, or from walls pûrsîd îstôm;

and similarly with the other persons.

Pluperfect, or passive preterit: all persons come pûrsîd yehevûnd, com come pûrsîd bûd, com pun pûrsîd yekavîmûnâd, or puncu pûrsîd îstâd.

Passive perfect: sing. 1st fife ring pung pûrsîd yehevûnd hômanam, fife ring pung pûrsîd bûd hômanam, resile rêkavîmûnûd hômanam, etc.

Passive pluperfect: all persons rully unit pursid yche vand yckavimanad.

Conjunctive perfect, or passive conjunctive: sing. 3d Puffu Pull pûrsîd hômanâd, Pullu Pulle pûrsîd yehevûnâd, Pullu Pulle pûrsîd yehevûnâd, Pullu Pulle pûrsîd yehevûnând, Pullu pûrsîd yehevûnând,

Conditional present: sing 1st ມາຊານາງຄຸ pûrsôm-âc, 2d ພາລາງຄຸ pû sih-âe, 3d ມາຊານາງຄຸ pûrsêḍ-âe; pl. 1st ມາຊານາງຄຸ pûrsêm-c 2d ມາຊານາງຄຸ pûrsêḍ-âe, 3d ມາຊານາງຄຸ pûrsênd-âc.

Conditional preterit, or passive conditional: all persons when pursid hômanâe, when pûrsid hômanâe, pûrsid-âe, or similar forms.

Passive present phrase: passive pûrsî-aît, or passive pûrsî-ha Passive infinitive phrase: אומים pûrsî-hastanŏ (abst. sub.). Causal infinitive: און אינים pûrsînidanŏ.

Denominative infinitive: pilos pûrsâkînîdanö, 'to make inquir

31. The Huzvaresh verb my vâdûntano, 'to do', differs from the regular Pazand verb only in the following forms:

Crude verb: jyy vadûn.

Infinitive: און vâdûntanö.

Past participle, or preterit: vadûnd.

Imperative: sing. 24 yuj vâdûn.

Present: sing. 1st finy vadánam; pl. 3d 3jny vadánd.

Optative: pl. 3d word vadangen 1100140

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